"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers to-day; fair Sunday; moderate winds, mostly west and northwest.
For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,209. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1913.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SEEKS $500,000,000 LOAN FOR CHINA

C. B. Rea in London After Finding That He Could Not Raise the Money Here.

DEPLORES WILSON'S ACTION

Believes President Will Sooner or Later Have to Modify His Policy —T. E. Moore Believes It Wise.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 23.—Holding a power of attorney for Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, George Bronson Rea, formerly a New York journalist, now Secretary of the Chinese National Railway Corporation, is in London to raise a $500,000,000 loan for the purpose of building a 10,000-mile railway in China during the next fifteen years.

Mr. Rea, after a career in Cuba and the Philippines as a reporter for New York papers, went to Peking, established a monthly periodical, The Far Eastern Review, and devoted much time to studying China's railway possibilities.

After Dr. Sun Yat-Sen and Yuan Shih-Kai had finally decided which one was to assume the political and which the commercial leadership in the new China, Dr. Sun brought a scheme to build 60,000 miles of railway in China to Mr. Rea. The latter, after cutting the 60,000 to 10,000 miles, undertook the work of raising funds. To-day he gave to THE NEW YORK TIMES's correspondent an interesting interview outlining his plan for getting the required capital from independent financial groups which, he says, were antagonistic to the Chinese parliamentarians in their struggle for constitutional government. Mr. Rea also referred to the causes and effect of America's withdrawal from the other powers in making the loan issued this week. He said:

"My appointment by Dr. Sun I consider the greatest honor ever conferred on a foreigner by a Chinaman. There were many other competent Europeans, among these some high-class engineers, but I was selected because of my ten years' residence and my special study of railway problems.

"When I received Dr. Sun's written authority I first thought of home and America as the place to get the money. Willard Straight of Mr. Morgan's firm has been there for years and studied the situation with me. I knew that an American group headed by the Morgans could easily swing the entire loan of $500,000,000—of course, taking in other countries after they got things started—being in a position to eliminate those features of loan contracts which are so unwelcome to the Chinese but on which the European powers insist. My desire was to have America supply $125,000,000 during a period of ten years and to divide the remainder among other countries.

"Imagine my chagrin and disappointment when I arrived in America and found that President Wilson had withdrawn the Government's support of the American group. My only recourse then was to come to England, as Americans have declared that they will not enter China unless invited to do so by President Wilson.

"It seems to me that sooner or later he will be compelled to modify his policy and extend the invitation, because with the new tariff conditions America must find an export market, and the expenditure of $125,000,000 by China only as a starter would naturally provide the richest market the world now offers.

"Of course, political conditions are peculiar in China and make it impracticable for Americans to enter the field without Government support, and aside from the Morgan group no others are strong enough to float a loan independently.

"This is primarily due to the fact that there are plenty of good investments at home. Americans prefer to buy something at Coney Island, where they can go to see it occasionally. Europeans are interested in foreign investments. Consequently in London there are half a dozen groups able to swing the loan independent of the Government.

"I have just started the machinery moving and so am unable to give the details. My first duty is to the Chinese, and, with America out of consideration, I now am in the complex position, as an American, of trying to arrange a loan in London keeping out influences antagonistic to China and at the same time keeping the door open for America to enter later.

"The entire desire which seems to pervade Europe is to prevent a representative Government and to continue a strong central Government in China. This is shown in past loans, and the reason why Parliamentarians are so angry with Yuan Shih-Kai over the present loan is that they fear he will seek to override Parliament, of which Dr. Sun Yat-Sen controls 75 per cent., and then assume the rôle of dictator.

"This European view is, of course, based on the European preference for monarchical rule and is directly opposed to the American idea, which would have been predominant but for President Wilson's policy.

"So far as England is concerned the policy of centralization has always

Continued on Page 3.

POPE LOSES BIG BEQUEST.

Broke Tradition in Appeal to Courts, but Heirs Win.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

MILAN, May 23.—For the first time since the downfall of the Popes temporal power, the Vatican has formally essayed a fight in the Italian law courts and has been beaten.

Seven years ago Cardinal Tripepi died in Rome, leaving a huge fortune to "Pontiff Pius X. or his eventual successor." The Cardinal's heirs, defying papal excommunication against those who cite ecclesiastics before civil tribunals, asserted that the terms of the will indicated, not a personal gift to the Pope, but one to the Holy See, which, being in the eye of the Italian law a moral corporation, is obligated to seek royal authorization through the Council of State in order to enjoy any inheritance in Rome.

The court upheld this contention, and thereupon Pius X., while trying to effect a private compromise, lodged a formal appeal, which has just resulted in full confirmation of the decision of the lower court.

Now Cardinal Tripepi's heirs, flushed with victory, have taken advantage of the inability of the Vatican, owing to its claim to civil sovereignty, to invoke the consent of the State, and are insisting on the restitution of the whole fortune, amounting to several million lire.

HORNETS LOOSE IN SUBWAY.

Bees Also, 400 In All, When Mr. Bauer's Box Is Broken.

William C. Bauer hurried from the Hudson Tunnels and boarded a Lenox Avenue express train at the Fulton Street Subway station at 6:30 o'clock last night. He carried a large soap box, divided into two compartments. In one of the compartments were 200 bees and in the other 200 hornets. Mr. Bauer makes a business of collecting bees and hornets on his farm near Overbrook, N. J., he was overheard explaining to an excited crowd of men and women. He said that usually he sold the bees and hornets to merchants in this city. He did not sell these.

Mr. Bauer obtained a seat on the Subway train in the fourth car from the front and deposited the box carefully on the floor. At the Fourteenth Street station a young man who was reading the sporting page of a newspaper pushed his way through the crowd. First he gave the box a kick and then, as he attempted to step over it, stuck his foot through the cover of thin lningless which served to keep the bees and hornets in captivity.

The windows of the car were open, but the top and most of the bees and hornets disappeared in the darkness of the Subway tunnel. Scores of the passengers, however, who left the car at the through train situated at the Grand Central station rubbing their faces and arms. Mr. Bauer emerged unstung. He explained that he used an oil which neither bees nor hornets liked. Then he went away.

THIS GHOST HAD WINGS.

Knocks the Hats from 3 Yonkers Policemen—Boys Solve Mystery.

Sergt. John Stewart of Yonkers went to a police box on Nepperhan Avenue at 2 o'clock last Tuesday morning to report to headquarters. Through the trees was visible the old Copcutt mansion, about which many traditions cling. Through its halls at midnight, according to report, stalks the ghost of the former owner of the house, John B. Copcutt. In the still watches pitchers of water fall from tables and land upright and unbroken on the floor; the doors of clothes closets fly wide open at the stroke of twelve; a dumbwaiter goes mysteriously up and down, while outside the house an old carryall is sometimes seen moving about in the moonlight.

Sergt. Stewart had heard these stories, but was a scoffer. Now, as he stood at the telephone under the big elm, his hat was suddenly knocked to the ground. He looked in all directions, but no one was in sight.

Sergt. Andrew Thompson at 3 o'clock on Wednesday morning went to the box and talked with Police Headquarters. As he did so his hat, too, was knocked off rudely. He looked about, but could see no one.

The hat of Patrolman Charles Foley was brushed off in the same manner on Thursday night.

Two boys who climbed up into the big elm above the police box found yesterday morning the nest of an owl. In leaving its nest the old bird brushed off the hats of both boys with its wings.

'BIG TIM' WANTS TO GO BACK

In Good Health Again, He May Claim His Seat in Congress.

It was said by friends of "Big Tim" Sullivan at the Hotel St. Denis last night that the Congressman was making rapid strides toward the complete recovery of his health. He is still living at the home of his brother, Paddy Sullivan, on Gun Hill Road in Westchester, but it was said that he had been in New York frequently of late, having dined at the Knickerbocker on Thursday night.

According to the same informant he is now thinking seriously of taking his seat in Congress again and considers himself in such a condition that this will soon be possible.

Mr. Sullivan's physician says that his trouble is no longer mental and that he is suffering only from diabetes.

LAW MAY BAR FRIEDMANN.

Inactive Federal Statute Forbids Importation of Foreign Serums.

Federal District Attorney Marshall had his attention called yesterday to the fact that there was a Federal statute forbidding the sale in the District of Columbia or the transportation in interState commerce or the import into this country of any serums which had not been prepared in a laboratory licensed by the Federal authorities. He was asked if this had not been violated by Dr. F. F. Friedmann in connection with his turtle serum.

On looking up the statute Mr. Marshall found that it was enforceable by the Department of Justice, and he wrote yesterday to Washington to call its attention to it. He was doubtful, however, he said, if the statute can be held to, according to its wording, it was not effective till six months after it had been promulgated and a set of regulations had been drawn up, and he could not find in the Federal District Attorney's office any report that this condition had been fulfilled.

URGE PARTY REFORM, WITH BARNES OUT

Conference Favors a Change in Basis of Representation at National Conventions.

BARNES REFUSES TO RESIGN

Storm Said to be Brewing in Republican Club Because of the Dinner.

Prominent Republicans to the number of eighty, representing different parts of the State, dined together at the Republican Club last night. After the dinner they discussed ways and means of strengthening the Republican organization in this State. The one notable absentee was William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee.

It was not necessary for Mr. Barnes to send a letter of regret. He said last night rather wrathfully that he had not been invited to attend the dinner. Some of those who arranged the dinner, however, said that Mr. Barnes would have been welcome to partake of the good cheer and to have his say in the after-dinner discussion if he had been willing to withdraw afterward and leave the other diners free to discuss him without embarrassment.

Whether Mr. Barnes received such a left-handed invitation or not may be a matter of dispute—he admits that he was invited to resign as Chairman of the Republican State Committee.

This invitation was extended to Mr. Barnes a week ago last Sunday. Four Republicans prominent in the party councils, who went to Mr. Barnes on this painful mission, were acting on the authority of a large group of "liberal" Republicans in this State. They were acting also on behalf of Republicans of National prominence in other parts of the United States. Mr. Barnes refused to resign.

Henry L. Stimson, former Secretary of War; Representative William M. Calder of Brooklyn, Harvey D. Hinman of Binghamton, and Frederick C. Stevens of Attica, former State Senators; George A. Smith, who until recently was Treasurer of the Republican State Committee, and ex-Representative Herbert Parsons were the hosts at last night's dinner.

The dinner, and the discussion which followed it, were private, and were held in the dining room on the tenth floor of the Republican Club in West Fortieth Street.

The conference adopted a resolution urging the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee, which has called a meeting of the full committee within thirty days. The full committee is asked to call an extraordinary Republican National convention to meet at a date as early as is feasible for the purpose of amending the party rules so as to make the basis of representation at National Conventions proportionate to the party's vote for President cast at the last preceding election. This would cut down enormously the representation from Southern States.

Word Sent to Hilles.

The text of the resolution was sent to Chairman Charles D. Hilles of the Republican National Committee in a telegram. He was informed in the dispatch that the resolution reflected the sentiment of the Republican Party in this State. The dispatch said that the vote afforded the correct basis of representation, and the change in the basis of representation would be to the best interests of the party. It was also pointed out that the delegation from this State to the Republican National Convention in 1908, when the plan was proposed, voted in favor of it.

The conference also arranged for the appointment of a committee representing all parts of the State, to "make effective the sentiments expressed at the dinner." This committee will be appointed at once. Prominent Republicans said last night that its principal work would be "to put rollers under William Barnes."

The general sentiment expressed at the dinner was that Mr. Barnes was a millstone around the neck of the Republican organization in the State. The reiterated slogan of most of those who attended the dinner was: "Barnes must go." Mr. Barnes had a few friends present who spoke for him.

At 11 o'clock last night Herbert Parsons, emerging from the dining room, said that the informal discussion had been opened by Henry L. Stimson, and that the almost unanimous sentiment had been in favor of getting rid of the present leadership and reorganizing along progressive lines.

Barnes Wouldn't Resign.

Mr. Barnes, who was about the club all the evening, was asked why he had not attended the dinner.

"I never go where I am not welcome," was his reply.

"Have you been asked to resign as State Chairman?" asked THE TIMES reporter.

"I was asked to resign," said Mr. Barnes. "I declined to do so, because those who asked me wanted me to act on a presumption which they and I know to be untrue—that I am a hindrance to the party in this State. I told the gentlemen that if the Republican State Committee wanted me replaced, it was for the committee to take the initiative, not for me. If they want me ousted, that is their affair, not mine. I am their servant. I am holding this job not for my own good, but because the committee unanimously chose me to serve in that capacity for two years."

The friends of Barnes at the club were storming over what was going on upstairs. They said that the whole thing was part of a plan to make Stimson the successor of Root in the Senate, and Herbert Parsons the successor of Mr. Barnes at the head of the State Committee.

Incidentally it was said a storm was brewing in the Republican Club over the dinner. It was said that a large number of the members, including J. Van Vechten Olcott, President of the club, who was invited but did not come, were opposed to the holding of the dinner at the club, and that the matter might be taken up and thrashed out at the next meeting of the club.

Nearly one-half of the counties in this State were represented at the conference said dinner. Many of the most prominent Republicans in the State were on hand. Senator Root, unable to be present, wrote a letter in which he said that he was in the fullest sympathy with the action contemplated by the conference.

Of the forty-three members of the Republican State Committee, thirteen attended the dinner. They were:

Smith Cox of Nassau, Jacob A. Livingston of Kings, Samuel H. Koenig, John S. Rhea, Joseph Levenson, and B. W. R. Brown of New York, Thomas W. Whittle of the Bronx, Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., of Orange, Philip Kiling of Ulster, Samuel S. Smith of Broome, Francis Hendricks of Onondaga, Charles H. Betts of Wayne, and William H. Daniels of Erie.

Leaders in Attendance.

A number of County Chairmen attended, as did both the Republican leaders in the Legislature—Senator [illegible] of Jefferson, and Assemblyman [illegible] of Ontario.

Continued on Page 3.

America's Only Woman Judge.

Miss Mary M. Bartelme is doing a big work in Chicago's Court for Delinquent Girls. Read of it IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

SAYS SULZER NAMED MITCHELL ILLEGALLY

Carmody Gives Opinion Against Appointment of Labor Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—The office of State Commissioner of Labor is held illegally by John Mitchell, formerly President of the United Mine Workers, whose nomination was rejected twice by the Senate, according to an opinion given to-night by Attorney General Carmody. The resignation of the former Labor Commissioner, John Williams, now Deputy by appointment of Mitchell, will leave the reorganized Labor Department without a head, provided the Governor and Mr. Mitchell accept Mr. Carmody's view of the law.

The predicament in which the Governor finds himself is an outgrowth of the disagreement between the Executive and the Tammany Senators over the question of patronage. Ever since the refusal of the Senate to confirm the nomination of Milton S. Gibbs of Rochester, an anti-Tammany man, as State Hospital Commissioner, the Governor and the majority of the Senate have been at swords' points over offices which are filled on the nomination of the Executive with the approval of the Senate.

The Senate not only rejected Gibbs's nomination, but it also refused to approve the nomination of Eugene M. Stroms as Hospital Commissioner, rejected the nomination of John B. Riley of Plattsburg as Superintendent of Prisons, indicated its hostility to the nomination of George S. Weed of Plattsburg for the same position, which led to a withdrawal of his name, and rejected the nomination of John Mitchell on two occasions.

The misunderstanding between the Executive Chamber and the Senate also has left a vacancy in the position of Chairman of the Public Service Commission of the second District, Frank W. Stevens having resigned in the legislative session, and has permitted Curtis N. Douglass, a brother-in-law of ex-Gov. John A. Dix, to hold over as a Public Service Commissioner in that district.

Dr. Eugene H. Porter, a Republican, also is holding over as State Commissioner of Health, although it is understood the Governor may make a change in that office when he pleases in the legislative recess.

When asked to-night what his course would be in view of the opinion of the Attorney General that the Governor had no power to make an appointment to fill the office of Superintendent of State Prisons, an honor which Herman Riddel declined after the confirmation of his nomination and two weeks after the Legislature had adjourned, Gov. Sulzer asked the Attorney General for an opinion as to his right to appoint a Superintendent of Prisons, but did not ask for an opinion concerning Mr. Mitchell's status. Mr. Carmody said he took up the Mitchell case in view of the erroneous publication that the Mitchell appointment had been made on an opinion which he had given.

In the case of the office of Prison Superintendent, Mr. Carmody holds, a vacancy exists under the law which may be filled by the Executive when the Senate is not in session, the term of office continuing until twenty days from the beginning of the next meeting of the Senate. Mr. Carmody's view of the Mitchell case follows:

In a case, however, where a term of office has expired and the incumbent holds over, and no appointment made by the Governor has been confirmed by the Senate, independent power of appointment in the Executive does not exist, because such vacancy occurs by reason of vacancy of term. This condition is not altered by the subsequent resignation of the incumbent, because under the statutes and judicial decisions, the vacancy being caused originally by expiration of term, the act of the incumbent cannot alter or increase the power of the Executive.

Affairs in the Prison Department have been in an unsettled state for two months. The Governor removed Col. Joseph F. Scott from the office of Superintendent. The law provides no deputy and there was no provision for supervision. The Governor, through his assistant counsel, Owen L. Potter, also had dismissed the Chief Clerk of the department, who, under the law, would have performed some of the duties of Superintendent. The Attorney General held that pending the appointment of a new Superintendent the responsibility for the management of the prisons must fall on the Governor as the chief executive officer. The rolls and all orders issued from the Prison Department since the removal of Col. Scott have been signed by the Governor.

The only name mentioned to-night in connection with the position of Prison Superintendent is that of George W. Blake of New York, who has been making an investigation of conditions in the prisons under the Governor's commission. It is thought that as soon as the Governor makes an appointment of Prison Superintendent, Charles W. Rattigan of Auburn will be made Warden of Auburn Prison. The refusal of Col. Scott to appoint Mr. Rattigan to succeed George W. Benham, a Republican, as Warden is said to have led to the removal of the Superintendent.

ALLEN ONLY CORDIAL HOST.

Senators Say He Gave No Hint of Seeking Diplomatic Post.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The alleged campaign of Frederick Hobbs Allen of New York for a diplomatic appointment does not seem to have made much impression upon the Senators who were fellow-guests with Mr. Allen on board Vincent Astor's yacht Noma, on the trip to West Point. Such Senators of the party as could be found to-day agreed that nothing on the trip suggested to their minds that Mr. Allen was a suitor for their good-will except as a courteous host, when he entertained them after the cruise.

The Senators invited for the cruise were all members of the Military Committee, which will have nothing to do with diplomatic nominations. According to the reports Mr. Allen, under the guidance of a man named Buford Lynch, who is well known in Washington, sought acquaintances that would assist his candidacy, and the trip to West Point was part of the campaign.

Senator Vardaman of Mississippi said to-day that he did not recall the least suggestion that Mr. Allen was bidding for special favor. Senator Brady of Idaho laughed heartily when the subject was mentioned. He said the one impression he had received was that of pleasant hospitality.

[illegible] Court of Claims—Colony Island Sanitarium Co. vs. Pier Ltd. S. A. Wait 139 St., May 24, 10:30.

SUIT FOR $6,000,000 OVER D. & H. COAL

Mine Owners Say the Railroad Uses Apparatus to Dodge a Royalty on Its Output.

A suit for $6,000,000 was begun before Supreme Court Justice Gerard in this city yesterday against the Delaware & Hudson Company by ten owners of a coal mine under the city of Scranton, Penn., which was leased to the Delaware & Hudson Company under an agreement entered into on July 10, 1861, to cover the entire life of the mine.

According to the complaint in the action, the contract of 1861 mentioned only such coal as was too large to pass through a one-inch square mesh, the lessees agreeing to weigh this output at the mouth of the mine and pay 12 cents a ton for all coal of the specified size. The smaller pieces of coal were considered worthless at that time.

In 1872, according to the complaint, the small coal became more valuable than the larger sizes, and to meet this condition the coal company installed in the mine apparatus which would reduce all the material to such a size as was not covered in the contract of 1861. At the same time the company, it was alleged, stopped weighing the coal at the mouth of the mine, as the agreement specified, and paid to the owners only the minimum contract price for the lease of the mine, $17,450 a year.

The owners of the mine now hold that the leasing company has broken the contract and must, therefore, pay for the output of the mine as though there had been no contract. The $6,000,000 demanded is their estimate of the market price of all the coal which has been mined in the last forty years. The owners of the mine say that the present yield of coal can be maintained for at least forty years more, and that if the system now used at the mine continues they will lose another $6,000,000.

The Delaware & Hudson Company, through its counsel, Joseph P. Cotton, Jr., applied yesterday to have the plaintiffs directed to make their complaint more specific and to enter their causes of action separately. This was opposed by the attorney for the plaintiffs, Charles A. Collin. Justice Gerard reserved decision.

The plaintiffs in the suit, the heirs of Henry J. Gilbert, to whom the mine was assigned in 1845, when its value was unknown, are Catherine Saltonstall Wells, Catherine F. Sherwood, Helen Ecob, Frances A. Denny, Caroline L. Gilbert, Catherine G. Francke, Henry L. Gilbert, Gilbert Butler, Elizabeth Cox, Elizabeth G. Colt, and Catherine G. Riggs.

DIES INVESTIGATING DEATH.

Lineman Tracing Current Which Killed Rinker Falls After a Shock.

Street Commissioner Rinker of Bayonne was killed by an electric shock on Thursday night in his store, and the accident puzzled the officials of the Public Service Company. Yesterday Albert Miller, a lineman, was assigned with others to find out how the Commissioner was killed.

Miller was on a pole at First Street and First Avenue yesterday afternoon when he suffered a shock which threw him to the ground twenty-five feet below. His skull was fractured and he died in an ambulance on the way to the Bayonne Hospital. Miller lived at 810 Broadway, Bayonne. His death makes the second violent one that has occurred in his family in a year. He moved from Brooklyn two months ago, and while in Brooklyn his 2-year-old son was burned to death while playing near a bonfire.

BANKER'S WIDOW VERY ILL.

Funeral of B. Saunders Walker, Who Poined Himself by Mistake.

Special to The New York Times.

MACON, Ga., May 23.—Mrs. B. Sanders Walker is prostrated. She was unable to attend the funeral of her husband to-day. She is under the care of physicians and her condition to-night was reported as critical.

The funeral of the banker was the largest ever held in Monroe. The First Baptist Church, where the service was held, was not big enough to hold the throng that were present.

The body was taken first to the home of the banker's parents. B. S. Walker, the victim's father, is President of the Bank of Monroe and the Monroe Cotton Mills. Hundreds of boyhood friends of the younger banker viewed the body there, and followed it to the church and the cemetery. The burial was in a lot that had been given the day before by a former Governor of Georgia, H. D. McDaniel.

The Rev. Dr. E. C. Dargan and the Rev. D. W. Kay, pastor of the church, conducted the service. Dr. Dargan, who is President of the Southern Baptist Convention, uttered a stinging rebuke to newspaper men who had entered the Walker home in its hour of grief and had sent out false reports.

HANDSOMER THAN CANNON.

So the Ex-Speaker Was Told, Bluffing a Would-Be Acquaintance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Joseph G. Cannon, ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, was standing on the sidewalk in Pennsylvania Avenue today talking with a friend, when an elderly, quick-speaking man approached.

"Excuse me," said the elderly man, "but I've been watching you and wondering if I'd ever seen you before."

Mr. Cannon smiled in answer.

"Don you know," continued the elderly man, "I thought at first you were Uncle Joe Cannon."

"They say that Uncle Joe and Uncle Shelby Cullom both look like me," responded the ex-Speaker.

"Well, Uncle Joe's homely," said the elderly man, "but I say this for you—you're a damn sight better looking than [illegible]."

GAINS $2,000,000 BY CHANGE OF NAME

Henry F. Shoemaker's Grandson Restored as Promised Heir by Annulment of His Adoption.

HIS MOTHER MARRIED TWICE

Divorced H. W. Shoemaker, Her First Husband, and Legally Gave Boy Her Second Husband's Name.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, May 23.—The name of Henry Barclay Perry, the 5-year-old adopted son of Dr. and Mrs. Richard W. Perry of Seattle, was changed by decree of Superior Judge Walter J. French late to-day to Henry Francis Shoemaker. He is the son of Henry W. Shoemaker of Altoona, Penn., and grandson and namesake of Henry Francis Shoemaker, retired banker of New York, and was made the promised heir to $2,000,000 from his paternal grandfather, who is reported here to be on his deathbed.

Under the court's decision the child retains his home with his mother, Mrs. Beatrice Barclay Shoemaker-Perry, wife of Dr. Perry and former wife of Henry W. Shoemaker.

Judge French said it was only on account of a flagrant error in the adoption proceedings, when Henry W. Shoemaker was not notified of the hearing, that the decree of adoption was set aside.

"It is best for the child," said Judge French, "that he retain his present home with Dr. and Mrs. Perry, where he is supplied with all that a boy should need."

The petition of the father for annulment of the adoption decree contained a clause that he was unmarried and not likely to marry again, and that the boy was the only scion of his stock to perpetuate his name. During the hearing to-day it was brought out that Mr. Shoemaker had remarried and was now in Europe on his honeymoon.

Recently Henry W. Shoemaker, father of the boy and son of the banker, made the discovery that his divorced wife, who is now living in Seattle, Wash., and married to Dr. Richard Perry, had obtained an order from the courts permitting her and her second husband to adopt the boy and change his name to Henry Barclay Perry. Henry W. Shoemaker, his father, at once began an action in the Superior Court at Seattle for the annulment of this order of adoption on the ground that it would mean "a lifetime of injustice" to the boy, because it would deprive him of the love and protection of his paternal relatives and of his rightful inheritance.

Henry W. Shoemaker, who graduated from Columbia University in 1901, where he managed several of the athletic teams, and who was Third Secretary of the United States Embassy at Berlin in 1904 and later Secretary of the Legation at Lisbon, met Beatrice Barclay one Summer when he and one of his sisters were in the Pennsylvania mountains. Miss Barclay was the daughter of George B. Barclay, a wealthy lumberman, and she and Shoemaker were married in 1907. Their friends were surprised when, a year or so later, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Shoemaker separated after the birth of their son.

Both Married Again.

Taking her infant with her, Mrs. Shoemaker went to the home of her father, who had moved to Seattle. Their differences appeared to be irreconcilable, and in 1910 she sued in the Seattle courts and obtained a decree of divorce on the ground of abandonment. The custody of her son was given to her with the provision that his father be permitted to see him at all suitable times.

Both parents have since married again. On May 10 Henry W. Shoemaker married Miss Mabelle Ord, daughter of Mrs. Robert Brent Ord and niece of the late Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord. They went abroad May 17 on their honeymoon. In addition to his own business interests, including the ownership of The Morning Tribune, an Altoona, Penn., newspaper, Henry W. Shoemaker is interested with his father in some of his large enterprises. A friend of the young man said last night:

"He never sought possession of the boy because of his age when he and his wife were separated. The child was only a year or so old, and, of course, the proper place for him was with his mother. But he did intend to provide for Henry's maintenance and education, and ultimately intended to ask the court for his guardianship. He loved the little fellow and was waiting for him to get older before asserting any natural right to companionship."

While little Henry was unconscious of the heartburns his change of his name has caused his father, grandfather, and grandmother, and knew nothing of the fortune at stake, or the reasons for his new name, his mother had announced that he would be amply provided for under his new name.

Elder Shoemaker Ill.

The town house of the Shoemakers, at 26 West Fifty-third Street, is closed for the Summer. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Francis Shoemaker were found at their country home at Greenwich, Conn. Mr. Shoemaker, who is 67 years old, is ill and unable to see any one. Mrs. Shoemaker requested that a statement of the case be obtained from the attorney and friend of the family, Frank R. Lawrence, 594 Madison Avenue.

"The facts are simply these," said he. "Mrs. Shoemaker very soon married again after the divorce in 1910. Henry W. Shoemaker, father of little Henry, had a very long and almost fatal illness a year or more ago, and on his recovery he learned that, without any notice to him, the child's mother and her second husband had had the boy's name changed to Henry Barclay Perry and Dr. Perry had legally adopted him as their son.

"Mr. Shoemaker had made suitable provision for the maintenance of his son, and took a warm interest in his welfare. He felt that there was no just reason for changing the boy's name or legal relation, and, after repeated efforts to get his former wife and her present husband to understand what they had done, he caused proceedings to be commenced to set aside the adoption and change of name as being contrary to the interests of the child.

"Under his natural name the child will inherit a large fortune, it is said.

"Mr. Shoemaker felt that the differences between the parents ought not to be visited upon the child, and he therefore asked the courts to remedy the injustice which he said had been done to the boy."

Henry F. Shoemaker is a director and stockholder in these institutions and corporations: Chatham & Phenix National Bank, Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company's Corporation Trust Company, Empire Investment Company, Fifth Avenue Estates, The Harriman National Bank, Lands Purchase Company, Lenox Safe Deposit Company, New River Coal & Coke Company, Southwestern Construction Company and the Trust Company of America.

DRAGGED BY AUTO; UNHURT.

Boy Doubles Himself Up Into a Ball and So Escapes Injury.

Although knocked down and dragged fifteen feet by an automobile at Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street late yesterday afternoon, Edward Murray, 15 years old, who lives at St. Philip's Villa, 218th Street and Broadway, was unhurt. After he was pulled from under the auto the boy brushed himself and went on his way.

Murray fell under the front of the automobile, which was owned and operated by Jacob Racich of 511 West Fifty-fifth Street, and his foot caught on the axle of the front wheels. He said after the accident that when he realized he was caught he doubled himself up into a ball, and thus protected himself from injury.

PNEUMONIA KILLS IN HOUR

Mrs. John McAteer Stricken While Packing to Go to Summer Home.

After returning from Sullivan County, New York, where she and her husband had put their Summer home in readiness for occupancy, Mrs. John McAteer, 35 years old, of 17 South Fourth Street, Harrison, N. J., wife of one of the department heads of the General Electric Company at Harrison, was supervising the packing of some provisions to be shipped yesterday afternoon, when she suddenly became ill and died within an hour.

Physicians who attended her said that the cause of her death was pneumonia, and that the disease had evidently developed unknown to Mrs. McAteer. Her husband, with their five children, was in Sullivan County, and was notified of her death.

COURT CLEARS CALENDAR.

Justice Van Siclen Makes a Sweep of 2,000 Old Cases.

Supreme Court Justice Van Siclen in Long Island City yesterday ordered the calendar for September to be cleared of 2,000 cases that have been pending and which the lawyers were slow to advance. Many of the cases had not been moved by attorneys for several years and in other cases some of the interested parties were dead.

A new calendar will be prepared for the September term and only those for which new issuances are made will be restored. A few years ago Justice Garretson ordered 200 cases stricken from the calendar, but yesterday's order by Justice Van Siclen is a record.

NEW HAVEN INQUIRY SOON.

Department of Justice Will Look Into Boston & Maine Deal.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Thomas W. Gregory, recently appointed by Attorney General McReynolds a special assistant to investigate the New Haven road under the Sherman Anti-Trust law, conferred to-day with the Attorney General about the inquiry, which will be begun at once. The scope of the investigation will be unlimited. It therefore will include the New Haven's absorption of the Boston & Maine several years ago.

Representatives of Maine, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island, studying the problems from the viewpoint of the States, have been in Washington to present their views to Mr. McReynolds.

TAFT DENOUNCES RECALL.

Would Aid Bosses and Muckrakers, He Tells Yale Students.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 23.—The recall of judicial decisions and of Judges was denounced by Prof. William H. Taft in a lecture at Yale to-day as "hair trigger to the bottom" and as an "instrumentality giving great power to bosses and the muckraking press."

The recall of Judges, the former President said, would be inimical to justice because "under this legalized terrorism independent action of the judiciary would be impossible."

Mr. Taft advocated increases ranging from $4,000 to $5,000 in the salaries of the Justices of the Supreme Court, and the fixing of the age of retirement at 70 years.

STUDIES TO SUE HUSBAND.

Mrs. Hammond Will Be Admitted to the Bar to Bring Divorce Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 23.—Papers were filed in the Westchester County Clerk's office here to-day in a suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Isabella Avallne Franchi Hammond of New York City against her husband, Dr. F. Eugene Hammond. The case is attracting interest among lawyers because of the report that Mrs. Hammond has been studying law solely for the purpose of conducting her suit against her husband. It is said that she will take an examination for admission to the New York bar in a few days. She has a license now to practice medicine.

Another point of interest in the case rests upon the assertion that Dr. Hammond died some time ago. Mrs. Hammond has said that she does not believe she is suing a dead man. The reason for bringing the action in Westchester County does not appear.

The complaint in the case sets forth that the Hammonds were married on Dec. 27, 1897, and that the husband was guilty of misconduct between June, 1909, and the present time.

"TRANSFERRED," SAYS WIFE

Woman Tells Court That Husband Gave Her to Another.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 23.—Mrs. Elizabeth Bloomfield of Perth Amboy was sentenced this morning by Recorder Pickers ill to nine months in prison for disorderly conduct. She had been arrested for deserting her husband in favor of William McFarland, who also received a jail sentance from the Recorder.

Just after she was sentenced, Mrs. Bloomfield arose and said that the court had no right to object to her conduct with McFarland because her husband had transferred all his rights to McFarland, and she had the papers to prove it. They had it all done legally before a Perth Amboy Justice she said, so that there would never be any trouble, and now she was going to get a lawyer and have herself freed from jail.

The paper which she believes makes her transfer from her husband to McFarland perfectly regular has not yet been produced.

[illegible] GARDEN STREET [illegible] 14 Pure Light, Delicate, and Odorless

STILWELL TRAPPED ON WITNESS STAND

State Punctures Accused Senator's Explanation of His Interest in Kendall Bill.

CASE GOES TO JURY TO-DAY

Telephone Records Contradict Stilwell's Testimony on Long-Distance Talks Here.

Stephen J. Stilwell, State Senator from the Bronx, will see the twelve jurors in his case file out of court this afternoon to deliberate on his guilt or innocence of the charge of bribery. Robert M. Moore will sum up his defense when Justice Seabury goes on the bench in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court at 10 o'clock this morning. Assistant District Attorney Charles C. Nott will then present the argument for the State and, according to the time allowance of an hour and a half for each argument, this part of the trial will be over at 1 o'clock. The Judge's charge will probably be delivered after the noon recess, and by 3 o'clock or half-past the fate of Senator Stilwell should be in the hands of the jury.

As the last and most interesting impression of the testimony, the jurors will take with them for their deliberations the memory of the long, wracking cross-examination to which Mr. Nott subjected the accused Senator. When the inquiry was held before the Senate at Albany, Stilwell was not forced to endure an extended cross-examination. When Mr. Moore finished with him yesterday afternoon, and said, in a tone that seemed almost reluctant, "Your witness, Mr. Nott," the prosecutor stepped forward, and for the next two hours raked the Senator and his past without mercy. He dragged out for inspection of the deeply interested jury memory after memory of Stilwell's history as a practicing lawyer, both here and in Westchester County. Several times Stilwell would no sooner answer in a fairly positive negative to a question than Mr. Nott would fish from his table some confusing document or affidavit and brandish it in triumph. Stilwell's voice is always nasal and often rasping. Under the goad of Mr. Nott's baiting it seemed more than once to fall to a whine, as he repeated again and again:

"I don't sure, Mr. Nott. I ain't sure."

"Fifteen" in the Telegram.

Stilwell is accused of having received $3,300 from President George B. Kendall of the New York Bank Note Company to smooth the way out of the Codes Committee for the Kendall Exchange bill so dear to the New York Governor's heart. The telegram which he sent Kendall bearing the message "Fifteen is the correct number" is interpreted by the prosecution as meaning that $1,500 was the amount needed to win favor for the bill in the Assembly Committee, and this it hopes to cut out by what purports to be the long-hand record of a telephone conversation held on March 26 between Stilwell in Albany and Kendall in New York, with Vice President Fields of the Kendall company listening, pencil in hand, at a telephone extension. On the stand yesterday the Senator insisted that in that telegram he had simply been supplying Kendall with the promised information as to the numerical membership of the Assembly Codes Committee.

In his argument to-day Mr. Moore will ask the jurors if they can possibly believe that a shrewd and experienced man like Stilwell would actually send a bribe telegram from the floor of the Senate and urge the Senate to go to the Senate, and whether they can believe that Mr. Fields was actually able to take, with only negligible subsequent emendations, a legible 864 word record during the thirteen minutes of the telephone connection.

In his turn Mr. Nott will ask the jurors if they can possibly believe that Stilwell would wire to Kendall trivial information that Kendall had in his pocket, anyway, which could have been obtained by him from any almanac, and which, had he possessed the information commonly possessed by any legislator of half his experience, he could have told Kendall by word of mouth when the two men met the day before in New York, and when, according to Stilwell, Kendall asked the question as to the number of members of the committee. Then, allowing the jury to assume that Kendall had demanded such information, Mr. Nott will ask it if it can believe that Stilwell would have telegraphed "Fifteen" when the number was really thirteen, the fixed membership of this particular standing committee for many years and, with the exception of the ways and means body, the highest membership numerically of any standing committee in the Assembly for the last twenty years.

Jury to Test F

telephoning, the Court of Appeals has sustained the Bronx County measure past all power or need of the Legislature of the Governor to work for or against it.

Stilwell swore that the famous telephone conversation of March 26 was held from his end in the open of his committee room at his desk extension. And in this he was supported by the stenographer of his committee, Mrs. Eleanor Maider, a slim, dark-haired, exceptionally attractive girl, a relative of the Senator by marriage. In a clear voice she testified that she had overheard that conversation on March 26—she had been obliged to stop her typewriting lest it interfere—and she remembered it in such a wealth of detail that one juror said out loud:

"Is this from memory or did you write it down?"

Her version corresponded exactly with Stilwell's, although she said that she and he had never talked it over together afterward, and it differed markedly from the Fields record of the conversation.

In his argument to-day Mr. Nott will make a great point of the fact that the telephone slip and the testimony of the Albany telephone operator show that that conversation was held not from the committee room telephone, but from a public booth of an entirely different number on another floor in the Capitol.

Delves Into Stilwell's Past.

In delving into Stilwell's legal past Mr. Nott was pitiless. He began by extracting an admission that eighteen years ago Stilwell was suspended from practice for six months after charges had been preferred against him. On redirect examination Mr. Moore started to ask the nature of these charges and further details when Justice Seabury warned him that such questioning would open the way for Mr. Nott to resume the subject. At the hint Mr. Nott began to paw over some old papers, and at that Mr. Moore shifted to another subject.

Mr. Nott asked if in 1898 Stilwell had not, as a referee in a mechanic's lien action, awarded a decision in favor of each party and obtained from each a substantial fee. Had he not later reimbursed both parties and pleaded that he could not be removed as a lawyer for misconduct as a referee? Stilwell admitted that if all this was sworn to by him in the papers Mr. Nott was waving in the air he supposed he must have said as much previously on redirect examination he explained that this had been an unintentional error which he had rectified handsomely and properly. Mr. Nott asked further questions about a suit for an accounting brought against Stilwell by the widow of Daniel W. Decker, formerly of the law firm of Stilwell & Decker, and about a will of an elderly woman client of Stilwell's which he had drawn and which had made him residuary legatee. Had he not surrendered to the contestant $2,800 of the $4,100 bequest? Yes, Stilwell assented, but he said it had been a small matter and his conduct had been above reproach throughout.

And in that case, didn't you swear that the will offered for probate was the last, will and testament, when you knew that two subsequent wills had been drawn by you?"

"I was residuary legatee in all of them," said the witness, patiently, "and I do not remember the dates. It is true that Mrs. Saunders was my client in only one case, but I knew her well, and I drew the will according to her directions. Eighty-seven years old? She may have been, but I think she was only 79."

Stilwell Scores a Point.

In his direct examination Stilwell scored one point by raising the question whether the little White Book Legislative Directory had been issued on Feb. 18, when according to the prosecution, he gave one to Kendall. The prosecution makes much of this little book as showing that Kendall not only had in his pocket the information about the Assembly Codes Committee, but that Stilwell knew he had it. Stilwell said he certainly had never given him one, and Mrs. Maider testified that on the occasion in question she had not seen a book given, although she admitted that such an act might have taken place without her noticing it.

One witness for the defense yesterday was Patrick McGrath, Chairman of the Assembly Codes Committee, for some members of which, Kendall says, Stilwell asked $1,500. The very fact that McGrath would testify for Stilwell made a favorable impression on the jury, it looked like it from his face, it liked his manner of speaking. That was apparent. Unfortunately for the defense, however, the Judge barred a conversation between him and the accused Senator, on March 24, in which conversation, according to the defense, Stilwell told of Kendall having reported a bribery hint from somewhere in the Assembly committee. This was desired by the defense as tending to support its contention that Kendall tried tentatively and mysteriously to bribe Stilwell. On the other hand, Mr. Nott drew from McGrath much information that he wanted. He brought out that McGrath would have needed to consult no book to find the membership of any standing committee and that he could never have assembled into giving the wrong number.

Heard Kendall Coach Miss Allen.

Another witness, the wife of Senator Walters, testified that during the Albany inquiry she had heard Kendall coaching Miss Allen, his company's Treasurer, as to how she might identify the voice of Stilwell, whom she had heard speaking over the telephone. The prosecution will probably use this bit of testimony to emphasize the fact that Kendall had to discard the stenographically accomplished Miss Allen in favor of the long-hand witness, Fields, for Fields knew Stilwell's voice.

The most interesting minor witness of the day was John Popp. After a week spent by the prosecution in a vain search for this plump witness he came in yesterday of his own accord. He was a Stilwell appointee to the clerkship of the Senate Codes Committee and used to live with Stilwell and work in Stilwell's office.

Remembering the long search for Popp, Mr. Nott began by asking where he lived. Then it was that Popp vastly diverted the courtroom by examining a paper in his pocket before answering.

"Why, don't you know where you live?" asked Mr. Nott, incredulously.

"I am not sure of the exact address," said Popp, a little sheepishly. "It's 1,978 Madison Avenue."

Then he was examined about the committee book. It was pointed out to him that although every other bill reported out of the committee during the session was so recorded by ditto marks or otherwise, there was no such record to indicate that the Kendall bill had been reported out, and for none of the bills was there any record to show how the committee members had voted. As to why Popp had forgotten to record the reporting out of the Kendall bill, he was sure he had no idea. Mr. Nott will try to convince the jury that this bill was not reported out by the committee at all, but just shoved out by Stilwell alone, in his fright at Kendall's threat of exposure. The threat, according to Kendall, was made on March 25 and repeated the next day. Out went the bill on the day following.

WANTED NO "SKY PILOTS."

Actor's Will Barred Clergy from His Funeral Services.

The will of Philip Schuyler Staats, an actor and song writer who died in Baltimore on May 11, was filed for probate in the Surrogates' Court yesterday. The estate, estimated at $2,000 personalty, is left to his wife, Mrs. Emilie Benner Staats. In the opening clause of the document is written, "May the curse of God, in whom I believe, follow any one who attempts to break this will."

"I want no passagentry," the will said concerning his funeral, "no discourse from paid 'sky pilots,' and I would be much pleased to have the Lodge of Elks take charge of my last trip."

The will ended with an iteration of the curse upon any one attempting to contest its provisions. In the petition attached to the document there appeared the names of his mother, Katherine Staats, and his brother, John A. Staats, both living in Goshen, N. Y., both asking for the probate of the will.

Major Reville of 69th Retires.

Major Philip E. Reville, commanding the Third Battalion of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, N. G. N. Y., was placed on the retired list yesterday at his own request after twenty years of service. He served during the war with Spain as First Lieutenant in the Sixty-ninth New York Volunteers. He first entered the National Guard as a private in Company D of the Twenty-second Regiment, Aug. 24, 1899.

SISSON PUTS STATE ABOVE ALL TREATIES

No Nation Can Dictate Land Laws to Us, He Tells the National House.

FEARS THE TREATY POWER

Through It Corporations Might Control Land and Alien Labor—Bartholdt Would Curb States' Power.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Representative Robert U. Sisson of Mississippi made his heralded speech on the alien land question in the House of Representatives to-day, but it was no "war speech," and could give no offense to the Japanese nation or embarrass the Federal Administration during the negotiations over the new California law.

At the outset of his speech to-day Mr. Sisson explained that it was simply his purpose to insist upon the right of the people of America to control their own soil. He insisted that it was within the rights of the States to enact legislation regarding land, and that no treaty could override the power of the States to do this.

"If any nations," said Mr. Sisson, "should decide that they will dictate to us how our land laws should be made, then we would be unworthy of national existence if we submitted to such dictation. Does any one claim that this is a declaration of war?

"It is no declaration of war," continued Mr. Sisson, "for the United States Government to decline to override the rights of a sovereign State at the dictation of a foreign power. If the United States Government, with its army and navy and with brute force which it has superior to any one of those States, should take away from the State the right to control its domestic concerns and deliver the State over to the mercies of a flood of aliens from any naion, then, I maintain the Federal Government has prostituted its authority. Is the mere announcement of this principle a declaration of war?"

Nothing has been further from my mind than to embarrass the peaceful solution of whatever differences which may exist between the friendly Government of Japan and our own Government. My judgment is that it only requires patience and cool heads for both countries to arrive at an amicable and just settlement of all differences."

Puts Limit on Treaty's Force.

Mr. Sisson insisted that the constitutional questions involved in the controversy were large. He held that the treaty making power was limited to international questions, and could not invade the reserved powers of the States or regulate our domestic concerns.

"Since the death of the Federalist Party," he exclaimed, "no party has been found to champion the view that the power to make a treaty is absolute and unconditional. A treaty cannot take away essential liberties secured by the Constitution to the people. A treaty cannot bind the United States to do what the Constitution forbids them to do."

"I have no doubt that it would be more convenient for foreign nations, if they had only to deal with the President as with an absolute monarch, and sometimes it would be less trouble, some of the Presidents could close the contract, but human liberty has suffered too much in the past to intrust such power to one man.

"It would be much easier if only the Senate had to be consulted as to all treaties, because they could be, more easily entered into. But Americans are unwilling to be taxed by the President and Senate alone. They are also unwilling to have the Treasury doors open at the behest of the President and the Senate. Our Constitution is a mockery if the unlimited and unrestrained power is vested in a portion of our Federal Government."

The framers of the Constitution, Mr. Sisson asserted, did not foist a mockery nor practice a fraud on their posterity.

Importation of Cheap Labor.

Concerning the question of importation of "cheap alien labor" he said:

"Many of these large employers of labor would be delighted to have the Federal Government, through its treaty-making power, hold down the bars and let in the alien. What would become of the American farmer if the great corporations of the country should enter the land market, buy all of the best lands of the country, and then cultivate them with Mongolian, Chinese, Hindu, Japanese, and other cheap alien labor?

"The rich and the powerful will have their fortunes vastly increased by having all barriers to cheap labor broken down. They know that the quickest and surest route is through the treaty-making power, because they only deal first with one man, the President, and one body, two-thirds of the Senate.

"I do not want this Government to be destroyed through the treaty-making power. So I have taken this position not because the Japanese are involved in this controversy, but I would take this position if England, Germany, France, or any other nation on earth were involved."

Bartholdt Would Curb States.

Representative Richard Bartholdt of Missouri to-day introduced his resolution to submit to the States a constitutional amendment to broaden the treaty-making power of the Federal Government and prevent the repetition of the California incident. The proposed amendment reads:

The Congress shall have the exclusive power to legislate on questions affecting the rights and privileges of citizens of other countries residing in the United States and the relations of the United States with other countries.

In explanation of his resolution Mr. Bartholdt said: "Long before the California trouble was thought of the limitations of the National Government with regard to legislation by independent States affecting the rights and privileges of non-citizens or citizens of other countries was felt to be a serious defect in our scheme of government.

"The controversy with Japan has simply made this defect an acute question. If we are really a Nation with a big 'N' and not merely a federation of States, the power to legislate on such matters should be reserved to the Congress exclusively, and the Constitutional amendment which I propose provides for just that and nothing else."

PERIL TO BRITISH EMPIRE.

Aiding Japan Against America Would Be Fatal, Says The Spectator

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 23.—In an article, discussing the possibility of conflict between the United States and Japan and the view that Great Britain as an ally of Japan would be drawn into the struggle, The Spectator says:

"We admit that the results, which would flow from such an event, are terribly grave to contemplate. Englishmen would be fighting with Asiatics against their kith and kin, and the sympathy of the British dominions, particularly Canada and Australia, would unquestionably be very strongly with the Americans.

"We doubt whether the empire could survive such an outrage to the feelings of a large and important part of its white population.

"No wonder, then, that persons who fear that such a war may come about are plunged in anxiety."

After pointing out that a large part of the anxiety is the result of loose acquaintance with the text of the Anglo-Japanese treaty and expressing the opinion that only the choice of a wholly superfluous line of action by Americans could bring about circumstances, in which Great Britain would be obliged by treaty to take her place beside Japan, The Spectator continues:

"We do not exaggerate, we are sure in saying that opinion in the British Empire would never tolerate taking up arms by Great Britain to help Japan against the United States. We may put it this way: That the United States Government owes it to civilization that such conditions, as would make operative the defensive clauses of the alliance between Great Britain and Japan, shall never be allowed to arise."

LONDON, May 23.—The Saturday Review urges Great Britain to stand by the alliance with Japan "because America is working for supremacy in the Pacific on lines that are unfriendly both to Great Britain and Japan."

JAPAN SEEKING NO TROUBLE.

Fomenter of Discord a Foe of Civilization, Says Baptist Secretary.

DETROIT, May 23.—"The man who, by word or deed, creates bad feeling between the United States and Japan is an enemy of civilization," said James H. Franklin of Boston, foreign secretary of the American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, in an address to-day before the Northern Baptist Convention in session here. Discussing a recent tour he made in Japan, he said that "the Japanese people want no trouble with the United States.

"With all the earnestness which I can command, I say that the Japanese are entitled to the respect and confidence of the world."

Bay State Harbor Bill Advanced.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 23.—By an overwhelming vote, 205 to 43, the House of Representatives passed to-day to be engrossed a resolution providing an appropriation of $5,000,000 for improvement of the rivers and harbors of the Commonwealth outside Boston Harbor. The Senate has yet to pass on the measure. Representative Doyle of New Bedford, a Republican, charged in the debate that certain Republican leaders of the House were opposing the bill because of the fact that the money was to be expended by a Democratic board of Harbor and Land Commissioners.

JAPANESE PROBLEMS PUT BEFORE GUTHRIE

New Ambassador Is Told That Situation Requires Sympathetic Treatment.

DR. MOTT IS OPTIMISTIC

"We Ask Not for Soothing Words, but the Substance of Justice," Says Prof. Iyenaga.

George W. Guthrie, the new Ambassador from the United States to Japan, was the guest of honor yesterday at a luncheon tendered by the Executive Committee of the Japan Society at the society's rooms, in the City Investing Building. Among the speakers at the luncheon were Lloyd C. Griscom, former Ambassador to Japan; Larz Anderson, the retiring Ambassador; Dr. T. Iyenaga, professor at the University of Chicago, and Dr. John R. Mott, who recently was asked to become Minister to China, but declined the office.

All the speakers touched upon the Japanese problem arising out of the adoption of the California Alien Land bill. Dr. Mott, who was introduced as one who had recently discussed affairs of state in great intimacy with President Wilson, said advisedly that the situation facing the new Ambassador was "one of the very greatest significance, indeed of the greatest seriousness." All of the speakers expressed belief that both countries, swayed by historical and commercial friendships of the most intimate nature, would never be drawn apart by any momentary gust of temper.

Lloyd C. Griscom was toastmaster at the luncheon. Among others in attendance were:

Lindsay Russell, President of the Japan Society; Commander George H. Stainton, Isaac N. Seligman, Don de Seitz, James Kaufman, R. Fulton Cutting, Alexander Turnbull, John S. Sheppard, Jr., R. Ichinomiya, Acting Consul General S. Kurusu, John A. Sleicher, August Belmont, William Jay Schieffelin, J. R. Ishizuka, K. Saito, S. Stanwood Menken, the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, Howard Van Sinderen, Eugene C. Worden, Jr., Frederick Tams, F. V. S. Crosby, John R. Rogers, Jr., N. Bethell, John Franklin Fort, Jerome D. Greene, E. T. Colton, R. A. C. Smith, F. W. Lafrentz, Prof. Samuel T. Dutton, K. Saito, Melville W. Stone, Gerald Livingston, Kenaine Winslow, Henry Clews, George A. Plimpton, William C. Muschenheim, Cassilly Cook, and the Rev. George Heber Jones.

Sympathy for Japan.

Mr. Anderson, the first speaker, expressed the sympathy of the American people for the people of Japan because of the serious illness of the Japanese Emperor.

"The first thought that comes to our minds to-day," he said, "is of the illness of his Majesty, the Emperor. Held in such reverence as to be considered semi-divine by his people, he stands a high and solitary figure among world rulers to-day. We can only hope that the reports which have reached us to-day will prove exaggerated, and that the God of us all may grant him a speedy recovery and a long reign.

"As a race, the Japanese possess the highest qualities valued by mankind—loyalty, devotion, and patriotism. Japan is our great and good friend in the Far East, and we should pray that the two great nations may work hand in hand in the great work to be done there. Japan and our own Nation have both their good and their bad points. We should each acknowledge the good in the other, and strive that the best in each of us should bring us together, rather than that the worst in each should drive us apart."

Dr. Mott, after joining in the good wishes for the new Ambassador, said:

"He has been chosen to represent our country at a time of the very greatest significance, and, I may say advisedly, of the very greatest seriousness—not in the sense of impending danger, but in the sense that at present we have opportunity of doing some of the greatest work of constructive statemanship that has ever come to any country in history.

"We, Japan and the United States, are destined to face each other as no other two nations in the Far Eastern world. In the Philippines and Formosa we almost touch each other. Our commercial and historical intimacy must also be taken into account as forever outweighing any momentary gust of temper that may spring up. More of Japan's men come to our universities than to those of any other country in the world, and I look to these men, the present and future leaders in Japan, whose ideals and vision were formed here, as the safest guarantees of continued friendship between the two nations. With ties such as these I look with calmness and confidence to the years that lie before us.

"Yet, reverting to the statement that I consider the present situation of the greatest seriousness, it would be nothing but cant and hypocrisy to deny that we stand facing one of the most difficult problems to-day. I believe we shall turn this corner, and that thereafter we shall busy ourselves whole-heartedly with the question of insuring full justice for the future, with such study and revision of our immigration and naturalization laws as shall be best for the future of this country as well as for that of Japan. I believe that President Wilson is right in recognizing that in these troubles something more than commercial interests are involved, and that it requires also the understanding and sympathetic treatment of the genius of two nations."

Views of a Japanese.

Prof. Iyenaga, the next speaker, said that the California trouble was a local affair of no great importance, which was in danger of being raised to the dignity of a world problem, although the material and economic interests involved were small. The Japanese in California, he said, numbered only 2.32 per cent. of the State's population, and were likely to decrease in numbers. The land owned by them was worth only about $500,000. The real cause of the California legislation, he said, was the race question, the barrier through history which, he said, Christianity and democracy more than any other agencies had sought to level away.

"There is not the least doubt that the procedure of California has deeply stirred the hearts of the Japanese people," he said. "The blow dealt is the more keenly felt by the Japanese as it has come from among the Americans, upon whose friendship and good-will they have implicitly relied.

"Even in the present dispute the American Government and the people at large stood with Japan. Such a love of justice as was displayed by the American people in the present case against what one might call the sentiment of patriotism to side in right or wrong with his own countrymen—this is indeed well worthy of communication.

"Nor can I consider that the attitude of the Federal Government and of the American people at large has undergone any change since the Alien Land act became a law in California. The act is there. The spirit of the law remains at is was when it was objected to; only the phraseology has been changed. If the spirit of the act violated the dictates of justice before its enactment, it would be so even now.

"I cannot imagine for a moment that the Federal Government exerted all its efforts as it did for the simple purpose of modifying the phraseology of the act so as to bring it into harmony with the letter of the existing treaty. What we ask for is not the soothing words, but the substance of justice. I have, therefore, every reason to believe that President Wilson will not cease his labors until an adjustment, satisfactory to the Japanese people is made, until the principle of the American Government as enunciated in his inaugural address—to render justice to all—has been amply exemplified in the present case."

Mr. Guthrie was the last speaker of the afternoon. After thanking the Japan Society for electing him and Dr. Mott members, he expressed the hope that the distinguished men of both nations there whom he was addressing would from time to time send him information and advice, after he took up his new work.

"I believe that this nation under God has a great mission," he said, "a mission of entering on a field of wider commercialism with the world. But when we enter on that field we must remember that we are a Christian nation and must maintain Christian ideals and a high standard of honor in our dealings."

Mr. Guthrie expressed the hope that the health of the Emepror of Japan might soon be restored, and in conclusion proposed a joint toast to the President of the United States and the Emperor of Japan. The was drunk, the diners all standing. It was taken in grape juice, that Bryanite beverage, in tall beakers, being the only beverage served at the luncheon.

AUTO PUSHES BABY CART.

Infant Escapes Unhurt, but Mother Suffers a Broken Leg.

An automobile struck a baby carriage in which Mrs. Eleanor Kreis of Elmhurst, Queens Borough, was wheeling her 10-months-old child along the road between Winfield and Elmhurst yesterday afternoon and drove it at high speed for twenty-five yards. But the carriage did not overturn and the child was not injured.

Mrs. Kreis did not fare so well, for she was knocked down and her left leg was broken. The auto was driven by John Paul Hoffman of 116 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, the owner. He said he did not see Mrs. Kreis and the baby carriage in time to avoid them.

SEEKS $500,000,000 LOAN FOR CHINA

Continued from Page 1.

been regarded with favor, as is shown by the Hongkong British banking group controlling part of the loan. This I am trying now to avoid, and I am led to believe that the British Foreign Office will change its attitude in the near future because public opinion believes that the interests of independent manufacturers should be considered.

"Yuan Shih-Kai is undoubtedly the strongest personality in China. Dr. Sun, in the second place, is probably too idealistic, but if Yuan attempts to override Parliament Dr. Sun will undoutedly re-enter the political field.

"Although his original railway scheme for 60,000 miles would have had us spending money fifty years hence, it must be remembered that this young Americanized Chinese leader brought about a successful revolution which had been considered absolutely impossible.

"Dr. Sun is a striking exemplar of the fact that no great world movement was ever consummated except through ideas originally characterized as dreams."

Thomas Ewing Moore, formerly American Chargé d'Affaires at Peking, has taken a house in London for a year's vacation. He talked with THE NEW YORK TIMES's correspondent and said that while he agreed with Mr. Rea that America must later reenter the Chinese financial field, he believed the present withdrawal to be good. He said:

"I admire President Wilson for revising the policy of the late Administration by withdrawing the Government's support of American bankers. I served eighteen years in the Consular and Diplomatic Service and know and understand the Chinese situation.

"President Wilson has re-established our position in China, which was seriously impaired by the unfortunate policy of President Taft and Secretary Knox. I believe that when the time comes America will take advantage of the situation by making commercial loans to China. The political situation will be so settled that Government backing for bankers will not be so serious a necessity.

"The abortive sextuple agreement sought to interfere directly in the administrative affairs of the Chinese Government. It sought to take advantage of the obvious weakness of the young republic and to enforce conditions repugnant to the Chinese.

"It is to America first that China looks for advice. Far from proving an injury to our Chinese trade President Wilson's act soon justified itself by advancing American trade prestige in China. We have simply entrenched ourselves in a position which all Europe has cause to envy.

"I have great admiration for the Chinese and a knowledge gained on the ground of the magnificent resources of the country. Americans generally, unfortunately, do not understand the Chinese, for the best class never emigrate."

Mr. Moore also referred to the present bill before Congress for the purchase of embassy buildings, and said:

"I greatly sympathize with President Wilson's difficulty in filling diplomatic posts; but I am of the opinion that if the bill passes our representatives can maintain their positions with dignity on the present salaries. There will certainly be no ostentation such as has been the case lately at some posts."

CHINA OPPORTUNITY "LOST."

Ex-Minister Calhoun Attacks Wilson's Attitude Toward Loan.

CHICAGO, May 23.—William J. Calhoun, retiring Minister to China, speaking here to-night, described President Wilson's attitude toward "dollar diplomacy" and the proposed Chinese loan as "a lost opportunity." He said participation on that loan offered a chance for trade expansion in the Far Pacific, "but," he added, "we are now making absolutely no effort for that great trade."

Mr. Calhoun was the guest of the Industrial Club.

"In the latter part of August I was asked to go to a great Prince to discuss a currency question," said Mr. Calhoun. "The Chinese have no standard. They wanted to borrow $50,000,000 from American capitalists. I presented their request to New York bankers, and it was granted, it being the first time American capital had come in contact with that Government's interests.

"I was notified at Peking that securities would not be listed unless the American banks were made equal with the banks of other countries, and this was finally done. The combination was forced by the financial necessity of the situation, but was never carried out because the revolution upset it.

"There is much said about 'dollar diplomacy.' I don't know what that is, but we are forging along into a more economical development of trade. There is no place where the struggle for trade is more pronounced than in China, and we Americans have had no part in this great development.

"What are we building the Panama Canal for? Simply to allow the ships of the world to go and come, while we sit idle and peacefully by?

"England, Germany, and Japan are the active nations in the Orient and if we have no support there, we must withdraw. We had the great opportunity of development and lost that opportunity.

"We talk about an open door, but what's the good of an open door if we do not take advantage of it?

"China is friendly to us, but she is not in a position to be much more. She applied for help. Others gave it; we did not. The others have claims on China. We have none."

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

The Spring time table, with additional service, will take effect Sunday, May 25th.

The special Monday train for New York will be run commencing June 2d, and the special Friday train from New York, commencing June 6th. This train will also be run Thursday, May 29th.—Adv.

URGE PARTY REFORM, WITH BARNES OUT

Continued from Page 1.

semblyman Harold J. Hinman of Albany.

Here is a partial list of those who attended:

Albany—Assemblyman Harold J. Hinman.
Broome—Harvey D. Hinman, Samuel L. Smith, William Clark.
Bronx—Thomas W. Whittle, John J. Knewitz.
Cayuga—Senator Charles J. Hewitt.
Chautauqua—Representative Charles L. Hamilton, Augustus C. Allen.
Chemung—Thomas F. Fennell.
Chenango—James Hill.
Delaware—Henry Gardner.
Erie—W. H. Daniels, James L. Crane, and Leroy Lincoln.
Fulton—Cyrus L. Duryea.
Greene—H. Le Roy Austin.
Herkimer—Senator Seth G. Heacock.
Jefferson—Senator Elon R. Brown.
Kings—Representative William M. Calder, Darwin R. James, Jr., William Berri, F. J. H. Kracke, Jacob A. Livingston, Alexander M. White, Marcus A. Campbell, District Attorney Cropsey, Charles Devoy, Charles Fred Murphy, and A. E. Vass.
Nassau—Frederick C. Hicks, Smith Cox.
New York—Henry L. Stimson, Herbert Parsons, Job E. Hedges, Samuel S. Koenig, Ezra P. Prentice, J. Van Vechten Olcott, Ogden L. Mills, Colin H. Woodward, Lloyd C. Griscom, Fred. C. Tanner, John S. Shea, Philip J. McCook, M. Linn Bruce, Joseph Levenson, and E. W. B. Brown.
Onondaga—Francis Hendricks, ex-Gov. Horace White.
Orange—B. B. Odell, Jr., John B. Rose.
Orleans—Irving L'Hommedieu.
Oswego—Representative Luther W. Mott, Jr.
Otsego—Stephen B. Clark.
Queens—Calvin McKnight.
Richmond Borough—President George Cromwell.
Suffolk—Dr. W. L. Carr.
Sullivan—Judge Thornton.
Ulster—Ex-Judge Fearwarter, W. L. Cunningham, Philip Elting.
Wayne—Charles H. Betts.

James W. Wadsworth, Jr., is on his ranch in Texas and found it impossible to attend the dinner. William L. Ward of Westchester was also invited, but did not attend. John F. O'Brien, the Republican leader in Northern New York, was absent. George W. Aldridge of Monroe, couldn't see his way clear to attend the dinner and conference. Ex-Postmaster Fred Greiner of Buffalo was also compelled to remain away.

Henry L. Stimson acted as toastmaster. The guests sat at ten round tables, eight at each with a member of the Steering Committee at the head.

The dinner and conference had been under consideration ever since Jan. 1. Herbert L. Hadley of Missouri, who is looked upon as leader of the Progressive element in the Republican party, has been a party to some of the preliminary conferences.

OUTLOOK FOR CONCILIATION.

Republican Committee May Reject Progressive Plans for Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—On the eve of the meeting of the Republican Executive Committee in Washington it is apparent that the proposals of the "Committee of Conciliation," appointed by the Progressive Republicans at the recent Chicago conference, will not be adopted—if at all—without considerable discussion. The members of the conciliation group themselves are not quite agreed as to what they want, and though the prevailing opinion among Republican Senators of both factions is that a convention will be called for some date within the next twelve months, it is evident that the purposes for which the convention will be called will occasion a struggle.

The convention which the Chicago conference advocated would be for the purpose of reducing Southern representation so as to minimize the importance in Presidential nominations of the Republican "rotten boroughs" of the South, and to proclaim a National recognition by the party of the primary system. But with these questions coming before it, members of the Executive Committee are pointing out that they are making not as a result of the Chicago conference of a few weeks ago, but in the normal course of events. They minimize the significance of the appearance of the "Committee of Conciliation" by saying that it will be merely one of the incidents of the Executive Committee's meeting. Chairman Charles D. Hilles, who is expected to arrive to-morrow, hopes that the full membership of the Executive Committee, with one exception, will be present.

Already a difference has arisen among the leaders of the convention as to when it should be held. Mr. Simmons comes up for re-election by the primaries next Spring, and he wants the party machinery put in readiness for a vigorous fight before the people at that time. That explains his insistence that the convention meet not later than this Fall, so that he may reap the benefits of the projected party reconstruction. But the older leaders, who assent to the general plan for a convention, think the internal injuries of the party still insufficiently healed for a convention this Summer or Fall to effect harmony. They wish to postpone a convention until next Spring.

It is likely that the Conciliation Committee will unite in pressing for an early date. But the Executive Committee has already let it be known that the issue need not be joined before it, as the most it can do is to call the National Committee together and let the full organization decide. Many politicians dispute the authority of the National Committee to call a convention for any other purpose than the nomination of Presidential candidates, but it is not expected that this quibble will prevent consideration of the Chicago suggestion on its merits.

Chairman Charles D. Hilles of the Republican National Committee left for Washington on the midnight train to attend the meeting of the Republican Executive Committee there.

Mr. Hilles took with him an ample portfolio filled with recommendations which he had received both for and against the progressive plan. Some of the recommendations favoring the proposed extraordinary convention were sent to Mr. Hilles in the form of resolutions by these organizations: The Massachusetts Republican Club, the principal party organization of the Bay State; the Grant Club of Des Moines, Iowa; the Young Men's Republican Club of New Jersey, the New York Young Republican Club, the New York County Republican Committee, and the Republican State Committees of Maine and Michigan.

Mr. Hilles also received many communications from prominent Republicans advising against any National convention before 1916. The opponents of the plan pointed out as a rule that to make the vote, not the number of Congressional districts of the States, the basis of Republican representation at National conventions would inevitably lead to a row, which ought to be avoided in the interest of harmony in the Congressional campaign next year.

It may be assumed that the Republican organizations in nineteen States and five Territories that would have their representation cut down—the Territories would be left without any representation whatever—would not sit idly by and see their chief political stock in trade taken away from them. Together these States and Territories have twenty-four votes on the National Committee. The majority required to put the change through is twenty-seven.

One difficulty in the way of calling the proposed National convention at this time is presented by the primary laws of eight States—Nebraska, California, Oregon, New York, Washington, the Dakotas, and Illinois—which prescribe the time when delegates to a National Convention are to be elected. These laws would have to be amended before an election of official delegates could be held.

It has been suggested, on the other hand, that an unofficial convention might be just as effective for all party purposes. The leaders who have looked into precedents, however, contend that if an unofficial National Convention should undertake such an important function as to cut in two the representation of half of the States in the party conventions, there would be contests which the courts might sustain, and thus vitiate any action taken by such convention.

"I do not know what the Executive Committee will do," said Mr. Hilles, before leaving. "I am going myself with an open mind and ready to listen to any wise counsel that the meeting elicits before I decide how to vote."

PAGE SURPRISED BY UNION PROTEST

Interviewers at Queenstown Give Ambassador First News of the Attack.

PRINTERS REPUDIATE IT

Allied Printing Trades Council Issues a Statement—Federation of Labor Not Concerned.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

QUEENSTOWN, May 23.—When the Baltic arrived at Queenstown to-day a number of English reporters boarded the vessel to meet Ambassador Page. When he was approached by THE NEW YORK TIMES's correspondent the Ambassador rose from his half-finished meal and proceeded to the ship's lounge, where he chatted freely.

He said that the continuance of the happy relations existing between England and America would be his aim. He did not think that previous Ambassadors to London had been appointed because of their great wealth; many of them had been men of only moderate incomes. He recognized the fact that he was succeeding a long line of illustrious Ambassadors, a fact which made his position all the more difficult because he should try to follow in their footsteps. There would be no change in the administration of affairs at the Embassy, he said, as foreign relations were above party questions.

The English people had always been kind to Ambassadors, and he was glad to know that they welcomed his appointment. He appreciated the courtesy shown him, and looked forward to an enjoyable stay on this side. He was satisfied that all parties working in the cause of international peace were well pleased with the progress made.

Mr. Page declined to express any opinion as to the Japanese imbroglio, but expressed a wish to learn the latest news of it.

He expressed himself as greatly surprised at the action taken by the London Trades Council on the subject of his appointment. He had heard nothing of it until reaching Queenstown, and did not understand it.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, said to-day that no official information had been received at Federation headquarters here concerning the protest made by labor unions against the appointment of Walter H. Page as Ambassador to Great Britain. Mr. Morrison explained that it was not the policy of the Federation to mix in international appointments until the Executive Council had an opportunity, as there would be no meeting of the council until next month.

Mr. Morrison added that James Lynch, President of the International Typographical Union, with headquarters in Indianapolis, would probably be the first to receive such protests from the federated organizations, and that he would forward them to Washington to be considered at the June meeting of the Executive Council.

President Lynch has been prominently mentioned for apointment by President Wilson to the post of Public Printer in Washington.

None of the central organizations of labor whose representatives were to be found yesterday knew anything of the Allied Trades Council of this city, which was alleged to have sent a letter to the London Trades Council, asking the British body to oppose the receiving of Mr. Page as Ambassador. The Allied Printing Trades Council of this city made no protest, and Peter J. Brady, secretary of the council, issued the following explanatory statement yesterday:

In view of the many stories printed in the newspapers of the last few days in reference to an alleged protest from this Allied Printing Trades Council to the London Trades Council asking that body to oppose Mr. Walter Hines Page's being received as Ambassador from this country to England, this council feels that it is necessary to give the public the full facts in the case, which are that at no time has any delegate or officer of this council communicated with the London Trades Council or any other organization in England requesting that such action be taken. We have stated before, and reiterate, that if this council desired to protest the selection of Mr. Page as Ambassador to England, it would have been done at the time Mr. Page's name was receiving consideration by President Wilson.

From our investigation, so far, we find that the letterhead upon which the protest was received by the London Trades Council is that of the Allied Trades Council, and not the Allied Printing Trades Council. We have no knowledge of and have been unable to find just what individuals or organizations compose the Allied Trades Council, but we do know, however, that they are not an organization which is in any way connected with the American Federation of Labor or with any of the central labor bodies of Greater New York. We believe that the protest and charges against Mr. Page emanated from an outlaw organization of bookbinders, who were expelled by their international union some two years ago and excelled from this Allied Printing Trades Council at the same time for violations of trades union principles. If they have used stationery of the Allied Printing Trades Council, they were not entitled to such use.

This council has already written to President Wilson and Ambassador Page stating that a full investigation would be made and the result of such investigation laid before them.

Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, said last evening that his organization had sent President Wilson a protest against the appointment of Mr. Page as an Ambassador on account of his alleged opposition to union labor.

DIFFER ON NAVAL TERMS.

Risky to Drop 'Port' and 'Starboard,' Says Winslow—Board Disagrees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The abolition of the terms, "port" and "starboard" in the navy has aroused further protest. Rear Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow, Commander of the First Division of the Atlantic Fleet, whose flagship is the Florida, regards the change as likely to lead to serious confusion and mishaps in practice, and, inferentially, in battle.

Admiral Winslow even indicates that a battleship or a battle might be lost in consequence of the substitution of the words "right" and "left" which, he says, seem awkward and unnatural to the trained sailor man. He adds that he has found that there is a great similarity in the words "right" and "left," as pronounced in command on shipboard, especially in giving orders to the man at the wheel in a strong breeze, and describes a recent incident on the Florida, where his order for the steersman was misunderstood.

Admiral Winslow's protest was made with so much emphasis that Secretary Daniels at once referred it to Admiral Dewey for consideration by the General Board. The board replied to-day to the Secretary, supporting the original recommendation of the terms "right" and "left," and contending that to use the terms "starboard" and "port," with meanings diametrically opposite from the meaning with which the new commands were to be used, would cause hesitation and error.

Capt. Henry B. Wilson of the battleship North Dakota, on the other hand, has written the department that he had given the new terms a thorough trial, and that at the end of the first week, the men were enthusiastic over the change. Capt. Wilson found that inexperienced men learned to steer the ship much more easily and rapidly with the new designations.

$6,000 FOR DEAD ENGINEER.

Jury Awards Damages to Widow of Driver of Wrecked Federal Express.

The jury under Supreme Court Justice Gavegan, which for the last four days has been hearing evidence in a suit for damages brought by Mrs. Alice M. Curtis against the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad for the death of her husband, Arthur M. Curtis, engineer of the Federal Express which was wrecked with a loss of fifteen lives near Bridgeport, Conn., on July 11, 1911,

90% of Engine Trouble is Due to Carbon Deposits!

PYRO ALCOHOL

Denatured Under U. S. Gov't Supervision

Is not only a *Carbon Remover*, but if used weekly will prevent carbon deposits. Endorsed by auto experts as

Efficient—Harmless—Economical

DIRECTIONS.—When engine is warm, pour one-quarter of a pint of PYRO through lubricator; turn in throttle, closing pet-cocks; in morning turn motor, open throttle wide and carbon will be blown through exhaust.

Write for Booklet

U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co., Mfrs.
27 William Street New York

MIKADO IS BETTER; FEVER ALMOST GONE

After a Favorable Night All Cause of Anxiety Is Past, Say Palace Officials.

CROWDS PRAYED IN STREETS

News of Pneumonia Attack Caused Depression Throughout Empire, Still Mourning Mutsuhito.

TOKIO, Saturday, May 24.—Emperor Yoshihito has passed a favorable night and the Government officials say that his condition this morning is satisfactory and there is no cause for anxiety.

A bulletin issued by the physicians states that the Emperor's temperature this morning was 99.2 degrees. His pulse was 76 and respiration 26.

A Ministerial order issued to day authorizes the re-opening of the theatres and other places of entertainment, which were closed yesterday when the news of his serious condition came out.

All day long yesterday great multitudes of the people were praying near the imperial palace and in the temples and churches throughout the city for the recovery of their ruler from his sudden attack of pneumonia.

The whole empire was depressed by the tidings that one or more of the eight court physicians were in constant attendance on the stricken ruler and that the Empress had kept vigil by his bedside throughout Thursday night. These facts made it appear that his condition was more grave than the public had surmised from the early bulletins.

The imperial patient is at the Aoyama palace, on the immense parade ground of which he contracted a cold while reviewing the troops Sunday. It had been intended to remove him at once to the newer Chiyoda palace, but the sudden serious turn in his case necessitated abandonment of the plan.

As news of his illness spread through the city in extra editions of the newspapers a hush fell on the city, and great crowds assembled silently in front of the royal palace, kneeling and praying fervently for their sovereign.

Several native organizations dispatched special messengers to the imperial shrine to pray for the Emperor's recovery.

An official bulletin issued in the morning said:

His Majesty's temperature has risen to 100.46 Fahrenheit. His pulse is 90 and his respiration 30.

This showed that the high fever of Thursday night, when his temperature ranged from 98.58 to 102.92, was unabated.

Arthur Bailly-Blanchard was among the first of the callers at the Imperial Palace to inquire about His Majesty's condition and express the sympathy of the American Government and people for the Emperor.

A bulletin issued at 4 o'clock in the afternoon said the Emperor's temperature remained at 103.46 degrees.

Later, however, it was stated by the palace officials that he was holding his own, and that the prospects of his recovery were more hopeful.

Court circles are still in official mourning for Emperor Mutsuhito, and the period does not expire until July 30, a year from the day of his death.

Says Recovery Is Certain.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—This cablegram from Tokio was received to-night by the Japanese New World, a newspaper published here:

According to official announcement, the Emperor will recover in from two to three weeks and he will completely regain his health.

Officials of the Department of the Interior, after consultation with the Imperial household minister, announced to-day that it was not necessary for the people to suspend ceremonies and performances.

EMPEROR THANKS WILSON.

Bulletins to Embassy Say He Is Progressing Favorably.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—President Wilson received the following cablegram to-day from Emperor Yoshihito of Japan:

Deeply touched by your kind message inquiring after my indisposition. I express my sincere thanks to yourself, Government, and people of the United States.

"His Majesty is progressing satisfactorily," was the statement contained in a bulletin, received by the Japanese Embassy from Tokio, and timed 4 o'clock this afternoon. The temperature was stated at 39.7 centigrade, (103.46 Fahrenheit,) and his pulse was 90.

The first bulletin received at the embassy from Tokio to-day was timed at 7 A. M. in Tokio and was as follows:

"Temperature, 38.7; pulse, 87; respiration, 30."

MAY WEAR HIS KILTS.

London Wonders if New Peer Will Dress Thus for Parliament.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23. — Considerable curiosity has been excited as to whether the new Lord Ashbourne, if he takes his seat in the House of Lords, will appear in the ancient Irish national garb. He always wears saffron-colored kilts and is hardly likely to surrender them for the sake of conventionality.

His appearance in this garb would cause some commotion in the House. It is recalled that some months ago the officials of the House of Commons refused to admit an Irishman to the strangers' gallery because he was wearing Irish kilts.

CENSORSHIP IN VENEZUELA.

Government Withholds a Telegram to a Press Correspondent.

Venezuelan Government officials yesterday withheld a telegram to the correspondent of The Associated Press at Caracas requesting details of the arrest of many Venezuelans there and of the reasons for the flight of Dr. Leopoldo Baptista, former Secretary General to President Gomez, and of Gen. Juan Pablo Penaloza from the Venezuelan capital.

The exiles arrived at Curaçao in a small sailing boat on Wednesday.

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

M'CULLOCH SALE BRINGS $265,000

Victorian Paintings Go for a Tenth of Former High Prices.

FOREIGN SCHOOLS IN FAVOR

A Landscape by J. Maris Brings $33,000—Passing of the Vogue of Leighton and Millais.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 23.—The sale of the McCulloch collection attracted almost a record crowd to Christie's. It was a case of the Royal Academy being on trial and found guilty. The severe judgment was expressed in prices so low that the Academicians may well tremble in their shoes. Their fall was witnessed by Directors of public galleries from all parts of the kingdom.

The sale began with works of foreign schools. Here Mr. McCulloch showed more discrimination than in his purchases of Royal Academy favorites.

The price he actually paid cannot be ascertained, but he must have made a huge profit on his investment in a beautiful Dutch landscape with windmills, by J. Maris, which was bought by Wallis for $33,000.

"The Potato Gatherers," by Bastien-Lepage, 1878, a peasant woman holding a sack, into which she is emptying potatoes from a basket, and another woman seated on the ground picking up potatoes, failed to reach the high reserve price, $15,500, and was bid in.

"Pauvre Fauvette," by the same artist, 1881, a small peasant girl standing in a pasture near a tree, a gray blanket around her shoulders and a piece of sacking over her head, was bought by the Glasgow Gallery for $7,000.

"Pas Mèche," also by Bastien-Lepage, 1882, a gamin in ragged clothes carrying a whip in his hand and with a trumpet slung over his right shoulder, went for $9,550.

Rosa Bonheur Out of Favor.

Rosa Bonheur was out of favor. "The Lion at Home," painted by her in 1881, with lioness and three cubs near a cactus hedge, fetched only $4,600.

A. W. Bouguereau, once an idol of the public, fared even worse. His "Cupid and Psyche," 1889, sold for only $1,800. It must have cost originally thousands of dollars.

Dagnan-Bouveret's "Dans la Forêt," 1892, a number of peasants at their midday meal in a clearing, in the centre of the group a young man playing a violin, brought $5,000.

"The Madonna and Child," by the same artist, 1888, was knocked down to Knoedler for $5,750, and is probably destined for America.

"Une Soirée d'Automne," by H. Harpignies, 1894, was purchased by Agnew for $9,000. It cost Mr. McCulloch about $2,150.

"Noonday Rest," by L. Lhermite, 1899, a young peasant woman standing conversing with a laborer who is seated upon some sheaves, and behind them another man lying asleep, was bought by Tooth for $6,250.

"The Harvesters," by the same artist, 1903, three peasant girls and an old woman gleaning in the foreground; beyond, on the left, some men leading the horses of a harvest wagon, was obtained by Wallis for $8,500.

"After Dessert," by M. Munkacsy, the interior of a richly decorated apartment, with a table around which are a company of ladies and gentlemen with their children, went for $4,600.

"Boabdil's Farewell to Granada," by Francisco Pradilla, signed by the artist and dated "Ortiz, Granada, 1879; Rome, 1892," and also inscribed "El Suspiro del Moro," brought $2,500.

"A Factory in Norway," by Fritz Thaulow, a river in midwinter, with red buildings on either bank, was bought by the Aberdeen Gallery for $2,100.

Victorian Painters Scorned.

Then came pictures of the British school, bringing veritable disaster for officialdom in art; for Royal Academy pictures that on their first appearance caused a sensation at Burlington House and sold for thousands of pounds, dropped to a fifth and even a tenth of the original prices. Huge historical and anecdotal things, constructed from studio properties and representing Victorian literary art, predominated but failed in these more enlightened days to arouse any degree of enthusiasm. Good prices were given only for pictures possessing genuine pictorial qualities—such qualities of noble decorative design and sumptuous color as distinguish Lord Leighton's masterpiece.

Lord Leighton's "Garden of the Hesperides," the three Hesperides grouped at the foot of the tree which bears the apples and caressing the serpent which assists them to guard the golden fruit, was bought by Gorden Fox for $12,500.

Decline in Leighton's Popularity.

"The Daphnephoria," also by Leighton, a much larger, but vastly inferior painting, went to Sampson for $12,500. Lord Leighton himself sold this, which is a sample of his early work, for $47,600, and at the Stewart sale by Hodgson in 1892 it brought $18,750.

Not many years ago $16,000 was considered a fair price for landscapes of character by Sir J. E. Millais. To-day his "Lingering Autumn," 1860, sold for only $7,250.

There was great surprise at the eager competition for two examples by J. W. Waterhouse. He was one of the few who came out with flying colors. His "Saint Cecelia," 1895, the saintly maiden in a terraced garden reclining on a marble seat, on her knees an open missal, was knocked down to Gorden Fox for $11,500. "Flora and the Zephyrs," the "goddess seated on the edge of a fountain and attended by her four maidens, went to Merton for $8,500.

Such objects as John Collier's "A Glass of Wine with Caesar Borgia," 1893; Frank Dicksee's "The Funeral of a Viking," 1898; landscapes by David and Joseph Farquharson, J. Macwhirter, David Murray, Alfred Parsons, and Teend King, Arthur Hacker's "Vae Victis" and Henrietta Rae's "Psyche Before the Throne of Venus" were sold at prices ranging from $200 to $2,000.

Great interest was manifested in the disposition of the wonderful marble group, "The Kiss," by Auguste Rodin, two female figures, one of them winged, clasped in an embrace. After keen competition it was bought by Hugh Blaker for $14,500.

The day's total was more than $265,000. The next session will be on May 29.

ART SHOW ON A LINER.

Notable Exhibition of French Skill Coming on the France.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—When the liner France sails from Havre to-day it will carry an exhibition which is the concentrated essence of French art. This new idea, it is believed, will set the fashion, and in future similar exhibitions on liners will become frequent. The exhibition was inaugurated at a banquet given yesterday aboard the liner and attended by Ambassador Herrick and other members of the American Embassy, the Marquise de Talleyrand, the Duc and Duchesse de Noailles, and other members of the French aristocracy, as well as financiers, political leaders, and connoisseurs.

The exhibition contains Rodin's mask of Dante and a superb collection of enamels, silks, and valuable bric-a-brac, which are certain to arouse much interest on their arrival in New York.

The hope is expressed that as a result of the exhibition Americans will be attracted toward French decorative art as they have been to French pictures and sculpture. That, in fact, is the principal object of the exhibition.

A PROPHECY FULFILLED.

Vicar Whose Church Burned Had a Hint from a Seer in Advance.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 23.—Speaking at a meeting of the congregation of St. Catharine's Church in Hatcham, which was recently burned down, the vicar, the Rev. Howard Truscott, said that at this time last year he had received a letter from a Paris astrologer. Nothing struck him until he came to the end of the communication, when the writer wrote:

"Allow me, Sir, to give you a test. In 1913 you will lose something particularly dear to you, but you will save something very dear to you.

"On May 22, 1913, you will receive a royal message, and from the 18th to the 24th a prominent politician will communicate something of interest to you."

The Vicar never thought anything about the letter until Thursday, when on the very day that Queen Alexandra and Mr. Balfour sent him a communication, he found in a choirstall, surrounded by débris but unharmed, a book which he treasured very much.

CLEMENCEAU SEES POINCARE

Former Enemy Visits the Elysee at the President's Request.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—The newspapers give prominence to the following semi-official announcement:

"At the wish of the President of the republic, M. Clemenceau paid a visit to the Elysée Palace to-day and conferred with President Poincaré."

Considerable political importance is attached to the reconciliation indicated by this communication. When the National Assembly met in Versailles in January M. Clemenceau worked strenuously to prevent the election of M. Poincaré to the Presidency, and a duel between the President and the former Premier nearly resulted.

Clemenceau carried his hostility to Poincaré so far as to organize a deputation of ex-Premiers which visited Poincaré and requested him to desist from his candidature. Since January the two have not met.

The Eclair says that the situation must be very grave for Poincaré to confer with Clemenceau at the present time.

The Figaro adds that the meeting was particularly cordial and lasted half an hour. "We are able," it says, "to say that the President warmly thanked M. Clemenceau for the support he extended to the Government's new Army bill and his declaration in favor of three years' military service."

Clemenceau, as a matter of fact, is the Government's chief prop in the Chamber on this all-important question.

CARRANZA WARNS EUROPE.

Cables France and England That Huerta Loan May Cause War.

EAGLE PASS, Texas, May 23.—In a statement to-day during a conference of his military advisers Gov. Carranza, the Mexican Constitutional leader, announced he had cabled to the Premiers of Great Britain and France warning them of complications if European capitalists negotiated the Huerta loan and took pledges of customs receipts. He told them that if the Constitutionalist movement succeeded an attempt by England or France to collect this loan might provoke war with Mexico. He asked the Ministers to make his statement public.

In a battle near Sacsamento, in Northeast Mexico, 100 Federals were ambushed and killed by Constitutionalists, according to reports brought here to-day by Constitutionalist leaders, who are gathering across the river for a military conference.

Carvo, a former follower of Orozco, led the Federals at Sacramento. This victory gave the Constitutionalists possession of all towns between Saltillo and Monclova. Huerta's opponents also say that they have captured the cities of Zacatecas, Parras, and San Pedro de Colonias, near Torreon.

KING GEORGE SPEAKS OF WORLD PEACE

"My Fervent Desire," He Says in a Speech to British Residents of Berlin.

A GALA OPERA NIGHT

Brilliant Audience Hears "Lohengrin"—Kaiser's Daughter Weds To-day.

BERLIN, May 23.—King George of England, at present the guest of Emperor William for the marriage to-morrow of Princess Victoria Louise to Prince Ernest August of Cumberland, spoke earnestly to-day on the necessity for the maintenance of peace in the world in replying to an address presented to him by the British residents of Berlin, gathered at the British Embassy.

His Majesty said:

"The preservation of peace is my fervent desire, as it was the chief aim and object of my dear father's life."

This, the first and only political note sounded during the wedding festivities of Emperor William's only daughter, for which three Emperors and many Princes are gathered, seems, according to the opinion expressed in influential circles, to epitomize the chief significance of the royal and imperial visits as a demonstration of the peaceful and friendly relations existing between the three powerful dynasties.

King George and Queen Mary, after the reception at the embassy, were the guests at luncheon of the British Ambassador, the others present including Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and members of the diplomatic circle, among whom were John G. A. Leishman, United States Ambassador to Germany, and Mrs. Leishman.

At the same time Emperor Nicholas of Russia was the guest at luncheon of the Russian Ambassador at the Russian Embassy.

AMERICANS IN GALA OPERA.

Griswold and Berger Carry Off Honors of 'Lohengrin' Performance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 23.—Two American opera singers—Putnam Griswold, the Metropolitan basso, and Rudolf Berger, whom Oscar Saenger of New York converted from a baritone into a tenor—carried off vocal honors in the great performance of the first act of "Lohengrin," which was the gala opera given to-night in honor of the King and Queen of England, the Czar of Russia, and a host of other royalties, who are here for to-morrow's wedding of the Kaiser's daughter.

Mr. Griswold signalized his first reappearance in his old operatic haunts this season with a powerful performance of King Henry, and Mr. Berger was a dashing Lohengrin. Frau Hafgren Waag of Holland was Elsa.

The Kaiser arranged for the occasion an entirely new and surpassingly magnificent setting of the Wagnerian masterpiece.

The audience was brilliant with the gay colors of women's costumes and military uniforms, a bower of real and artificial flowers, pink Malmaison carnations, the favorite of the Princess Victoria Louise, being the chief item in the decorative scheme. Berlin has never seen such an array of jewels and feminine finery, or such a display of glittering decorations and kaleidoscopic uniforms.

Among those present were Ambassador and Mrs. Leishman and Miss Nancy Leishman, Secretary and Mrs. Grew, and Capt. Niblack, the Naval Attaché of the Embassy.

ARREST ALLEGED SWINDLER.

Havre Police Have Keimer, Wanted for Offenses in This Country.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—The police at Havre have arrested George Keimer, who is said to have swindled many people in the United States.

He arrived on the liner Chicago on Thursday, traveling under the name of Dumenil.

GREEK KING TO THE FRONT.

Goes with General Staff to Salonika, Where Bulgars Are Arrested.

ATHENS, May 23.—In consequence of the resumption of hostilities between the Bulgarian and Greek troops King Constantine of Greece, accompanied by Prince Alexander and the general staff of the army, left for Salonika this morning.

SOFIA, May 23.—It is stated that the Greek authorities at Salonika have arrested 200 former Bulgarian revolutionaries in adjacent towns, with the intention of trying them by court-martial on a charge that they have been preparing for a rising in the event of hostilities between Bulgaria and Greece.

VESUVIUS IN ERUPTION.

New Fissure Emits Ashes, and a Slight Earthquake Shock Is Felt.

NAPLES, May 23.—Vesuvius during the night and this morning showed renewed signs of activity, one eruption causing a slight earthquake shock.

A new and large central fissure has opened around the crater, from which ashes are emitted, which, however, have not yet gone beyond the limits of the volcano.

TO END CUBAN COCKFIGHTS.

Bill in Legislature Proposes Abolition on the Ground of Cruelty.

HAVANA, May 23.—A bill to abolish cockfighting was introduced in the House of Representatives to-day. The ground taken in the bill is that the sport is cruel and also tends to the demoralization of the laboring classes, especially in the rural districts.

A bill also is pending in the House for the abolition of the National Lottery.

BOOK STIRS BERLIN SOCIETY

Called 'The Ambassadress,' It Deals with Diplomatic Frivolities.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 23.—Local diplomatic circles are much stirred by a book called "The Ambassadress," just published in London, dealing with Berlin high society.

The author's name is given as "William Wriothesley," but it is believed to be fictitious, and it is thought that the author is a woman who once had access to the most exclusive Berlin diplomatic set.

The book casts an unlovely light on the code of morals and honor prevailing among diplomats accredited to the Kaiser's Court.

The racy affairs which the book discusses are supposed to centre around the British Embassy, but critics in reviewing the work in the local press assert that "The Ambassadress" deals mainly with persons of another nationality, who are easily recognizable by persons now living in Berlin.

The Ambassador and his wife, who, the book relates, are persons who have entered a mutual agreement each to go his and her own way, have a vivacious daughter who figures in sensational incidents at the Berlin Ice Palace and later in an automobile smash-up. The "Ambassadress" herself is portrayed as of an extremely flirtatious and frivolous temperament, whose amours involve not only a handsome young American diplomat stationed at Berlin, but also a German princeling of distinction.

ECUADOR IS SEETHING.

"Extraordinary Measures" to Preserve Order Authorized.

GUAYAQUIL, May 23.—The Ecuadorian Executive was to-day authorized to use extraordinary measures, as the Council of State considered that public order was menaced. Several arrests have been made here and at Quito.

Detachments of mounted police patrol this city at night, but no disturbance has occurred here.

The population is preparing to celebrate to-morrow the anniversary of the battle of Pichincha, fought on May 24, 1822, between the Spaniards and the patriots, the victory of the latter liberating Ecuador from Spanish rule.

Lautaro Aspiazu, the owner of a rich cocoa plantation, has been mentioned as a candidate for the Presidency.

HANSEN BOUND OVER TO KEEP THE PEACE

May Be Unable to Get $10,000 Bonds, and So May Go to Jail.

HIS LAWYER DESERTS HIM

Angered by Impresario's Treatment of a Witness—Representative of the Embassy at Hearing.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 23.—J. Salter Hansen to-day was bound over to keep the peace for a period of twelve months in the sum of $5,000 on his own recognizances and two sureties of $2,500 each. Reports are current to-night that the American impresario will experience difficulty in finding the requisite bonds, and thus may spend some months in an English jail as the outcome of his quarrel with Bourchier over the production of the play "Croesus," which it is an open secret that several other theatrical managers refused to handle.

Hallett Johnson, third Secretary of the American Embassy, attended the hearing at Bow Street Police Court, and after the case was closed, William Penn Cresson, the second Secretary, visited Hansen in the Bow Street lockup. Mr. Cresson said to THE NEW YORK TIMES's correspondent:

"I cannot discuss the situation. I expect a full report from Mr. Johnson to-morrow. I will say, however, that the Embassy will follow each move in the case, to determine the merits of Mr. Hansen's compaint that he is not receiving fair treatment."

Hansen, who quarreled with the lawyer whom he first engaged to protect his interests, to-day took a line of action which resulted in the surrender of his brief by the second barrister engaged for his defense. Hansen insisted upon one of Bourchier's witnesses being asked whether he had ever been in prison, and, on his counsel intimating that he would retire from the conduct of the case, the prisoner himself put the question. The witness, who has been ten years in Bourchier's employ, admitted that he had been in prison twelve years ago, but said that he had been released with the King's pardon. He almost fainted in the witness box, and his evident emotion elicited from Hansen an expression of regret. Counsel for Bourchier suggested that a little consideration before the asking of the irrelevant question would have been better, and the Magistrate concurred, adding to the witness: "You leave the court without a stain on your character." The witness, saying "Thank you, Sir," was assisted from the court.

It is learned on good authority that Hansen's legal advisers, before the case came up for hearing to-day, conferred with Bourchier's lawyers and agreed that if Hansen would undertake not to go to the Garrick Theatre, would do nothing to molest Bourchier and make no communication to the press, Bourchier's complaint would be dropped. Hansen rejected the third condition, and the case will accordingly proceed.

PRESSBURG LIBRARY SAVED.

Although Jewish Seminary Containing It Was Burned.

PRESSBURG, Germany, May 23.—In the fire which occurred here May 17 the Jewish Theological School building was destroyed, but the celebrated and valuable library connected with it was saved. Altogether seventy-nine houses were burned down, and the loss is estimated at $200,000.

"easiest thing in the world" if you go on The ROCKY MOUNTAIN LIMITED to COLORADO

Other splendidly equipped daily trains—including the "Colorado Flyer" from Chicago and St. Louis to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo.

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Rock Island

ITALIANS LOST 1,000 IN TRIPOLI FIGHT

Their Reverse at Sidi Garba Assumes the Proportions of a Disaster.

AMBUSHED BY THE ARABS

Troops, Outnumbered Two to One, Had to Abandon Artillery—Turks Led the Natives.

ROME, May 23.—The reverse suffered by the Italian troops under Gen. Garbetti in the battle with the Arabs at Sidi Garba, Tripoli, on May 16, was worse than at first reported. Early advices said that the Italian losses were 70 officers and men killed and 230 wounded. The first roll-call after the Italians returned to headquarters, however, showed that 1,000 men were absent from the ranks, having either been killed, wounded, or taken prisoners.

The Italian forces numbered 5,000. False reports to the Italian commander were to the effect that the Arabs had 2,000 men, while in reality they aggregated 10,000. They were led by 800 Turkish officers and soldiers and reinforced by cannon.

During the Italian advance the Arabs feigned a retreat, but later they made an attack which took the Italians by surprise. The Italians defended themselves heroically, but heavy losses finally compelled them to retreat, leaving their artillery, ammunition, and provisions in the hands of the enemy.

An extraordinary offering today of

Men's Athletic Union Suits at 68c

The garment par excellence for comfort

¶ We have acquired a special lot of union suits at a special price, and they are the finest value you ever saw at this figure. Made of large plaid Madras cloth, itself as cool as a life on the ocean wave. Made without sleeves and with knee length drawers. White knitted webbing across the back gives freedom to every movement of the body. Closed crotch or regular open front.

¶ You may not be wearing a union garment, but if you start in wearing it now you will wonder why you have waited so long to find out its advantages. A union suit is the only undergarment which cannot shirk its task. It can neither roll northwards nor cruise down south. It is permanent, and it is comfort itself. And for Summer wear particularly it is the coolest, most convenient and tolerable garment a man can step into. All sizes.

MEN'S SAKS-BANISTER SHOES

¶ The fact that we long ago tacked our name on to the famous name of Banister is the best proof we can give you as to what we think of these celebrated shoes. They are the smartest-looking footwear in America to-day, and you can come in any day and prove it. All the new models, in high cut shoes and Oxfords, and in all the wanted leathers. Blucher and straight lace styles.

Saks' Straw Hats for Men

Now that the season of straw is actually here, you should be headed this way!

¶ It takes all sorts of straws to make a Summer—sennits, splits, Milans, Mackinaws, Panamas, Bangkoks, Swiss yeddos and novelty straws. *And we have all of them.*

¶ Novelty braids from Cardin Freres, of Paris. Sennits from Barford's, of Luton, England. French Panamas from Pinay and Leduc, Paris. Panamas that have shipped before the mast; Bangkoks from Siam, and straws that were woven in the shadow of the Alps.

¶ And second to none of these, a complete line from Blum & Koch, America's representative house for fine straws. In this collection alone there is assembled for your inspection and choice nearly a hundred different styles.

¶ *But most important of all are the models,* for what good is a Panama, for instance, no matter how costly, if there be no brains in its crown, and no sense of fitness in its brim?

¶ These Saks straws have all the errancy of Summertime in their lines, and if you want a straw hat that has the individuality of a style that is exclusive and uncommon, Saks' is the one place in town to get it.

Men's Panamas ..... $5 to $20
Men's Bangkoks ..... $5 to $12
Swiss Yeddos ..... $2 & $3
Men's French Panamas $5
Splits, Sennits, Milans, rough braids and Mackinaws, $2 to $5.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

YOUNG MEN'S SHOP, (Store Floor)

Separate Entrance—8 and 10 West 38th Street, Connecting with Fifth Avenue Store.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue

IMPORTANT SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY)

Blue Serge Suits

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 40 CHEST.

New English Summer Models.

Strictly hand-tailored, of fine weave imported English serge, soft roll front, natural shoulders; also new English mixtures in the latest colorings.

18.50 *Regular price* $27.50

Flannel Outing Trousers

SIZES 28 TO 36 WAIST MEASURE

Of white or pencil striped Flannel

Young Men's Outing trousers of imported white or pencil striped flannel, also white hairline striped English serge, with belt straps and cuffs.

3.75 *Regular price* $6.50

Men's Silk Shirts

Of Heavy Habutai Tub Silk

Custom finish, of heavy washable silk in the newest colored stripes; also all white, French cuffs.

2.65 *Regular price* $5.00

Men' Silk Mixture Shirts

Of Custom Finished Corded Silk

Of imported silk mixture fabrics in effective novelty colored stripes; also all white, French cuffs.

1.55 *Regular price* $3.50

Franklin Simon & Co. offer To-day (Saturday) at special prices young men's blue serge Norfolk coats, English flannel blazers, leather belts, silk and lisle hosiery, also ties of Rumchunda silk in Persian colorings and polka dots.

Young Men's Shoes

SIZES 6½ TO 9.

Oxfords or High Shoes of tan or black Russia calf, also patent leather.

Tennis Oxfords of tan Russia calf with heavy red rubber soles and heels.

3.75 *Regular price* $5.00

FIFTH AVE., 37th and 38th Sts.

To-morrow's Sunday

MAGAZINE

of The

New York Times

will contain

PAGE 1—Taft, Professor, Works for Ideals of Taft, President.

He is devoting his life to influencing the youth of the country in favor of the conception of government that he advanced when in the White House. Charmed with the delightful collegiate atmosphere, and popular with "the Boys."

PAGE 3—"Our Suffrage Movement Is Flirtation on a Big Scale."

"It is as perilous to morals as the English movement is to property," says Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.

PAGE 3—New York Will Drink Catskill Water Next Fall.

It is expected that the supply from the enormous Esopus watershed will be available then—Can furnish 250,000,000 gallons a day.

PAGE 4—America's Only Woman Judge Is Doing a Big Work.

Miss Mary M. Bartelme, head of Chicago's Court for Delinquent Girls, proves to those who are brought before her that she is friendly and is accomplishing wonders in handling difficult problems.

PAGE 5—Old St. John's Church Is Marked for Destruction.

After holding its own for over a century, it has received warning that it will have to go to enable the city to widen Varick Street.

PAGE 6—Value of Colloidal Copper in Cancer Cases Confirmed.

Dr. Leo Loeb announces that partial retrogression is caused by its use in many inoperable cases of malignant disease—Cured one case of extensive cancer of the mouth and jaw.

Page 7—Rare Books of Frederick the Great at Columbia.

Valuable exhibition at the University Library includes a volume carried by him during the Seven Years' War, some of his own works, and a book with autograph dedication by Voltaire.

PAGE 8—The Benefits and Evils of the Stock Exchange.

Willard V. King makes a plea for clear, calm thinking on the subject, and for demanding facts and weighing them fairly.

PAGE 9—Spanish Prison Expert Here to Study Our System.

Inspector General Cadalso admires our reformatories, advocates introduction of the electric chair into Europe and deplores overcrowding of many American penal institutions.

PAGE 10—Postal Savings System Practically Self-Sustaining.

With $28,000,000 on deposit, which came chiefly from "stocking banks," its managers seek to amend the law to permit the deposit of more than $500 a year. Money send abroad by foreigners decreased $12,000,000.

PAGE 11—"Railroad Labor Has Managements on the Dead Run."

James O. Fagan, railroader of thirty years' standing, says that, in this age of "knocking" the man higher up, it behooves people to give some attention to the man lower down.

PAGE 12—Monument to Maine Heroes Ready for Unveiling.

Distinguished guests and imposing ceremonies at the dedication on Memorial Day. Fleet of seventeen ships and 5,000 blue jackets will participate.

Fine Points for the Would-Be Expert in Auction Bridge.

PAGE 13—Art at Home and Abroad.

Confederate Reunion to Be Held for the First Time on a Battlefield.

Gathering of Southern veterans this year will be where the battle of Chattanooga was fought.

PAGE 14—Golden Jubilee at Manhattan College.

PAGE 15—General College News.

PAGE 16—Impressions of the Passing Show, by Hy. Mayer.

Order To-morrow's Sunday Times to-day. The Times is always sold out early.

29 TARIFF QUERIES GO TO PRODUCERS

Senate Seeks Information About Their Exports, Plants, and Capitalization.

PLAN TO EXPEDITE BILL

Simmons May Urge Night Sessions —Leeway for Senators Opposing Free Sugar and Wool.

WASHINGTON, May 23. — Senator Simmons made public to-night a list of twenty-nine questions relating to the tariff, prepared by majority members of the committee, to be sent to manufacturers of the country. To avert any clash over this action in the Senate the majority will send with their list the original sixteen questions proposed by Senator La Follette, although most of these are incorporated in the main list.

The committee announced in a statement that if manufacturers or persons who have filed briefs, or have made written or oral protests to the Finance Committee, will send answers before the bill is reported back to the Senate, they will be printed.

"But," the statement added, "neither the report of the bill to the Senate nor final action by the Senate on the bill will be delayed for answers." All interrogatories must be answered under oath.

The preliminary questions relate to the manufacturers' identity, the commodity produced, the raw materials used in production, whether they are produced here or abroad, and, if imported, from whence; cost per unit of raw material, and cost per unit of similar product in foreign countries.

The other questions are as follows:

What part of your production do you export; to what countries, and in what quantities and values and what rates of duty are paid at the several foreign ports?

Are you interested in any other concern exporting this commodity? If so, give name, amount of product exported, and the actual selling price of this product here and abroad.

What were the wholesale prices charged by you and by any concern in which you are interested for this commodity in the domestic market, and what were the prices charged when sold in foreign markets during January, April, July, October, 1912, and in January, 1913?

What was the cost of transportation of your product from your factory to the principal foreign markets, giving the names of markets for the same periods specified?

What country or countries are your chief competitors in the foreign markets to which you export?

Is there a tariff differential for or against you in any of the countries to which you export this commodity? If so, what is the amount of such differentials? What rates of duty have you paid?

How many concmerns are engaged in the manufacture or production of this commodity in this country, and who are the principal producers?

Are any of these producers organized iinto a trust or combination to control the price or output, or for any other purpose, and have you any connection or interest, directly or indirectly, in such trust or combination?

What proportion of the production of this commodity in this country is produced by such trust? What proportion by the independent producers?

Is there any difference in the price charged for this product in the domestic market by the independent producer and the trust producer?

What were your wholesale prices, free on board, factory, of this commodity sold in the United States during January, April, July, and October 1912 and in January 1913?

What were your wholesale prices of this commodity free on board, factory, for export in foreign countries during the same periods?

What was the cost of production in your plant per unit of your product for the fiscal years 1910 and 1912? Give cost of materials, labor, overhead charges, and depreciation charges in separate items and in as much detail as possible? In this connection give capitalization, amount of common stock, preferred stock, and amount of bonds issued; amount of actual cash or its equivalent in property received in consideration of stocks and bonds; rate of dividend paid on preferred stock and common stock and rate of interest borne by bonds for the past ten years; how of your earnings for each of the years 1910, 1911, and 1912 have been creditd to surplus and how much devoted to additions to plant; salaries paid during each of the foregoing years to each of your principal officials; statement of assets and liabilities, 1910, 1911, and 1912; and comparative sheet for these years.

Give value for which the property shown in the above statement of Assets and liabilities was assessed for taxation in 1912, and transcript of your labor roll for January, April, July, October, 1912, and January, 1913.

State amount of wages paid per annum for the years 1910, 1911, and 1912, and total value per annum of your product for the same years and the character, pality, and age of the machinery used in manufacturing your product.

What is total cost of production per unit of the same products as yours in competing countries?

What is the percentage of labor cost to the total cost of a unit of product in competing countries?

Give cost of transportation from your factory to the principal markets in this country, naming the markets.

What is the cost of transportation from the principal points of production in competing countries to the markets of this country?

What part of the duty under the Payne-Aldrich law represents your profit as a manufacturer?

Have you a pecuniary interest in the maintaince of a high tariff on this commodity?

The questions proposed by Senator La Follette omitted from the list relate to the amount of production and the amount of consumption of the commodity in this country; ruling market prices in this and competing countries, and "what part of the existing duty represents the difference in the cost of production between this and competing foreign countries."

PLAN TO EXPEDITE BILL.

Senate May Hold Night Sessions—Leeway for Sugar and Wool Senators.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—It is believed that President Wilson is doing what he can to expedite consideration of the Tariff bill by the Senate. Whether at the President's suggestion or not, Chairman Simmons of the Senate Finance Committee and Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, one of its members, discussed a possible programme to-day for putting the bill through the Senate, and it was said afterward that unusual efforts would be made at once to end the dilatory tactics that have so far impeded the bill.

The plan now is, as soon as the Tariff bill is reported to the Senate, for Mr. Simmons to move that the daily sessions of the Senate last from 10 o'clock in the morning until 6 in the evening. This daily schedule, it is hoped, will take the edge off the first burst of oratory and permit a businesslike consideration of detailed items. If necessary, the Senate will be asked later to sit until 11 o'clock at night.

It is not at all certain, however, that Mr. Simmons will be able to induce the Senate to make so radical a change in its hours. For many years past the adoption of a resolution for the Senate to convene at 10 A. M. has been considered a sure sign that the session would end in two weeks. This is simply saying that Senators will consent to such an early hour only in the hope of a speedy end of the session. And with the parties so evenly divided, it is uncertain that Mr. Simmons will find it possible to keep a quorum present for business, much less a working majority of Democrats.

While the various sub-committees are still at work making important changes in all schedules and many Senators still doubt that free sugar will be sanctioned by the Finance Committee, Senator Ollie James of Kentucky, a member of the committee, said this afternoon that the committee will undoubtedly recommend free sugar, as suggested by the President. He admitted that Democrats of the committee in the past two years had shown great hostility to free sugar, but altered circumstances, he thought, had changed their view. Free wool also, he said, would not be modified by the committee.

In spite of these declarations, however, the Administration's friends on the committee are laying plans for handling the bill that show clearly the desperate straits of the two free-trade items. It is now proposed to smooth the way for Western Senators whose constituents demand a duty on sugar and wool by releasing them from the binding obligations of the caucus soon to be held to the extent that they will be allowed to vote for the amendments they desire.

Such a course, if carried out, would mean that a duty would almost certainly be added to sugar and wool in the Senate. The arrangement now under consideration, however, limits the freedom of these Senators to votes on amendments. Naturally, with the amendments they advocated in the bill, they would vote solidly with their party for the final passage.

The bill would then be sent to conference, where, after the House has refused several times to agree to the Senate amendments, it is believed the Senators will feel justified in permitting their favorite amendments to be dropped.

These plans have taken shape since the open declaration of Senator Walsh of Montana that he cannot support either free wool or free sugar. A single other defection would insure the enactment of amendments imposing levies on both items. It is with that contingency confronting them that the leaders are planning to permit Senators as much leeway as possible in the early stages of the bill's consideration, in the hope of mustering on the last roll call enough votes for the adoption of a conference report embodying the essential points of the President's suggestions.

William Whitman appeared to-day before a sub-committee and argued for higher protection for the woolen industry. Henry T. Oxnard appeared as a witness on the sugar schedule. Thaddeus W. Sharretts, formerly a general appraiser, discussed the administrative clauses. Representatives of many industries have wired the committee urging that hearings be extended beyond next Tuesday, but all have received the answer that the most they can expect is the right to file briefs up to the day the bill is reported to the Senate.

Senator Stone's committee, which is considering the metal schedule, it was reported to-day, has decided to put pig iron and ferro-manganese on the free list. The Underwood bill levies a 10 per cent. duty on pig iron and 15 per cent. on ferro-manganese, used in the manufacture of steel. The Senate subcommittee is said to maintain that both are products of the United States Steel Corporation and raw material for the independent steel manufacturer, and should be on the free list for that reason.

B. A. Levitte of the New York Merchants' Association and E. Christy Mead of the New York Merchants' Exchange appeared before Senator Williams's sub-committee in opposition to the amendment suggested by Assistant Attorney General Dennison and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Curtis, which would give the Secretary of the Treasury power to proclaim general import values. They urged that if such an amendment was accepted the rates should be proclaimed from day to day based upon the conditions of the foreign market.

GARY PUTS IT ALL ON THE LAWMAKERS

Tells Steel Men Bad Business Conditions Are Due to Tinkering by Legislatures.

NOT FITTED FOR THE WORK

Toast is Drunk at Dinner to J. Pierpont Morgan, "Greatest American of the 19th Century."

The American Iron and Steel Institute held its fourth general meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday. More than 500 members attended the morning and afternoon sessions and the dinner in the evening. Easily the most important feature of the entire meeting was the opening address by the President of the institute, Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation. Peculiar interest attached to his speech, in view of the fact that the defense of the United States Steel Corporation in the Government dissolution suit has just been begun, and that Judge Gary probably will be the next witness called.

When he attributed the present business conditions largely to the disposition of legislative bodies to tinker with questions they were not very well prepared to discuss or decide he was roundly applauded.

Judge Gary quoted President Wilson's remark that honest business had nothing to fear from the Democratic Administration, and urged his hearers to accept the President's statement to mean just what it said. He ended with a plea to the steel and iron industry to obey the law, even if some particular law should happen to be a bad one.

"It is most unfortunate," said he "that a man who is elected to office, being an average man, or a little below it in some places, has the impression that there is elected into him by the people considerable knowledge which he did not before possess.

"You gentlemen know by experience that if in the country a farmer or blacksmith is elected Justice of the Peace, the people generally, and particularly the official, are of the opinion that there has been elected into the head of this Justice of the Peace considerable knowledge, and the next day the neighbors all run to him for legal advice. And that is about the situation with reference to a good many of our officials.

"There are pending at the present time in various places questions of legislation which are more or less important, and which may result in temporary injury to our business. I regard as the most dangerous at the present time the disposition of legislative bodies to pass laws which are calculated to produce classes. Class legislation is the most dangerous feature of the present efforts of some of the lawmakers of this country.

"I think, for instance, the proposition to assess the incomes of men who have incomes of more than $4,000 and exempting the incomes of those who receive less is one of the worst things that has ever happened in this country, because it immediately arrays 97 per cent. of the people against 3 per cent. of the people.

"On the other hand, we have at the present time before us the possibility, and, I think, the probability, of action by one department of the Government, the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which is calculated to produce very good results. I believe the railroad companies will secure the right to advance their rates 5 per cent. I cannot help feeling that the railroads are justly entitled to an increase in rates. And when we find a thing is fair and just it seems to me we ought to advocate it.

"The fundamental conditions of this country, to my mind, were never better. It is the richest country in the world. The prospects for crops for the coming year were never better than they are now, and there is every reason why if the country were allowed to prosper it should advance further and faster, day by day, than ever before.

The rest of the morning session was devoted to reading of business papers by Heinrich J. Freyn of the Allis-Chalmers Company, George A. St. Clair of Duluth, William O'Neill Sherman, chief surgeon of the Carnegie Steel Company, and Harry Goulby, President of the Pittsburgh Steamship Company.

Papers were read in the afternoon by Carl A. Meissner, George P. Early, Prof. Albert Sauveur of Harvard University, and Thomas Darlington.

The dinner at the Waldorf in the evening was attended by fully 500, who listened to a paper by Prof. Frederick Crabtree of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, with subsequent discussion.

Judge Gary, who acted as toastmaster, called on Charles M. Schwab, President of the Bethlehem Steel Company; James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation; Joseph G. Butler, Jr., and James H. Hoyt for offhand remarks.

Mr. Schwab, alluding in a humorous vein to his recent ordeal on the witness stand in the Government's dissolution suit, said that before going on he had sought to prepare himself by reading "The Confessions of St. Augustine," but said that he found St. Augustine had confessed only to the usual frailties of the flesh and that nothing was said by him about business, also that he did not find any record of men who had accomplished things for which they had been praised and then were called upon to confess them as wrongdoings.

At the suggestion of Mr. Butler, the diners drank a silent standing toast to the memory of their former honorary member, J. Pierpont Morgan, whom Mr. Butler characterized as perhaps the greatest American of the nineteenth century.

AGAINST FEDERAL ROADS.

Government Operation Would Retard Alaska, Says R. S. Pegan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A. L. Schener of the dissolved firm of Probs, Wetzlar & Co. of New York, denied today before the Senate Committee on Territories that any member of the Controller Bay (Alaska) syndicate was interested in the Alaskan group known as the Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate.

R. S. Pegan told the committee that he was opposed to the Government operation of railroads because it would be neither economic nor advantageous to the immediate development of the territory.

SEEK BANKS' MONEY IDEAS.

Committee Wants Their Views as to Changes from Aldrich Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—In addition to the list of questions submitted by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska to be sent out to bankers under authority of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, the latter expects to use the Aldrich plant, at least as a point of departure, when it comes to drafting a bill of its own. One question to be put to nearly 3,000 bankers will ask them to tell what changes they think should be made from the plan outlined by Mr. Aldrich.

Chairman Owen of the committee has already told a correspondent for THE NEW YORK TIMES that while he favors a bill far different from that of Mr. Aldrich, he also advocates a centralized control. One important point of difference would be that instead of the elaborate machinery through which bankers would control the Aldrich "Central Reserve Association," with Government representation reduced to a minority, Mr. Owen would give the Treasury the absolute right to fix the rate of interest at which the new currency would be issued and to control the distribution of money. The proportionate representation of the bankers would be just reversed from what Mr. Aldrich advocated.

With the exception of the one new questions, the committee will send out a list practically identical with the questions proposed by Mr. Hitchcock, which were published some time ago. Mr. Owen will report finally to his committee on Monday and the questions will then be printed and mailed.

WILSON SHOWS CLEMENCY.

Reduces Five-Year Sentences of Three Bank Criminals.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—President Wilson disposed to-day of twenty-eight appeals for clemency, restoring civil rights in thirteen cases, granting two pardons, commuting the sentences of seven prisoners, and denying the applications of six.

The five-year sentence of Albert Schoenie for embezzling funds of the Central National Bank of St. Louis, Mo., was commuted to a year and a day.

Harry T. Lee, who pleaded guilty to abstracting money from the National Bank of Lawrence County, New Castle, Penn., got a similar commutation of his five-year sentence. The prisoner's father had mortgaged his home and paid the entire $1,805 stolen under the impression that his son would not be prosecuted.

The President commuted to thirteen months the five-year sentence imposed on Silas Rich in Portland, Ore., for falsifying records of the National Bank of Salem, that State. The trial Judge and Prosecuting Attorney said the sentence was excessive.

Congressman Konig Seriously Ill.

BALTIMORE, May 23.—Congressman George Konig of the Third Maryland district is critically ill with pneumonia at his home in this city. His physician said to-day that the Representative's condition was alarming. Mr. Konig was stricken yesterday.

PARKS FOR CAPITAL'S SLUMS

Bill in Congress to Convert Squalid Alleys Into Open Spaces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The plans of the Woman's Welfare Department of the National Civic Federation to improve housing conditions in Washington were stimulated to-day by the introduction of two bills in Congress by Representative Kahn of California for the condemnation of Snow's Court and Goat Alley and their conversion into parks.

This project, originated by Mrs. Archibald Hopkins, President of the Washington section of the Welfare Department, and indorsed by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, who has made a personal inspection of the alleys and courts, is coupled with a movement to extend the work of the Sanitary Housing Association for the demolition of squalid sections.

Mrs. Wilson has placed one of the White House automobiles at Mrs. Hopkins's disposal for visiting the alleys, which she does daily, accompanied by two to four members of Congress and citizens.

Senator Pomerene of Ohio and Senator Owens of Oklahoma will support Representative Kahn's bill when it reaches the Senate.

BRYCE'S LOVE FOR AMERICA.

Ex-Ambassador Writes of His Affection for This Country.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—James Bryce, the former British Ambassador, just before leaving American soil, sent from San Francisco a letter of appreciation and affection to the American people. The letter, made public to-day, was in reply to one from residents of Washington expressing their regret at his leaving. It referred to his interest in the plans to beautify Washington.

"I am glad to think that an Englishman who loves the United States and its people," he wrote, "is not debarred by an official position from taking in all your projects for the artistic development of the National capital an interest as keen as any that your own citizens could take."

Among those who signed the letter of farewell to the Ambassador were Admiral Dewey, Major General Leonard Wood, Gifford Pinchot, and Thomas Nelson Page.

CUTTER OFFICERS REBUKED.

Captain of the Mohawk Also Is Suspended from Duty.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Capt. F. S. Van Boskerck, commander of the revenue cutter Mohawk, was reprimanded and suspended from duty on half pay for three months, and Lieut. Joseph F. Farley of the same vessel was reprimanded by Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury Department to-day as the result of a court martial of the officers on charges of neglect of duty and violations of the regulations. The court martial sentenced Capt. Van Boskerck to a reprimand and suspension from duty for nine months and Lieut. Farley to a reprimand and suspension for two months, but the Secretary reduced the sentences.

The trial grew out of alleged lax methods in keeping accounts on the Mohawk. The Government suffered no loss, and negligence was the only question involved.

TIME

Singularly enough, although time is the cheapest thing in the world and limitless in supply, its industrial value is enhanced by limiting and conserving its use.

It is far cheaper, for instance, to have your building erected and finished by us in twelve months than to have some one else build it in a year and a half.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

LABOR LEADERS' PLEA FAILS

Court Denies Them Enabling Writ to Appeal Contempt Conviction.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The District Court of Appeals refused to-day a writ of error by which attorneys for Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell, and Frank Morrison, the labor leaders, wanted to carry an appeal from their conviction for contempt of court in the Bucks Stove and Range case to the Supreme Court of the United States. Attorneys for the three men will now ask the highest court to order the decision brought up for review.

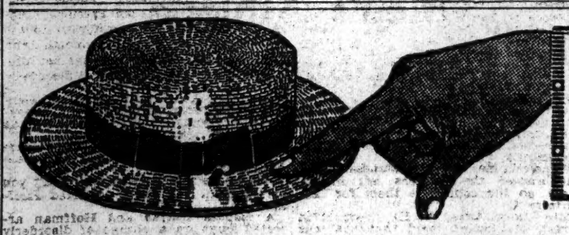
Table Silver

Rich effects in table silverware are always to be had in the famous

1847 ROGERS BROS.
"Silver Plate that Wears"

The Cromwell pattern shown here strikes a harmonious note with any style of furnishing or table appointments. Guaranteed by the world's largest makers of sterling silver and plate.

Sold by Leading Dealers



"STRAWS THAT COOL"

To point out Young superiority is merely to show the hats. Young Straws are so different to the "common run," their style "sticks out." $2, $3 & $4.

A complete assortment of Panamas at Popular Prices.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

Broadway, near Day Street.
Broadway, Cor. Houston Street.
Broadway, near 14th Street.
Broadway, Cor. 26th Street.
Broadway, near 28th Street.
Broadway, near 36th Street.
Broadway, near Beaver Street.
Nassau Street, near Liberty.
Woolworth Building.
Broadway, near Park Place.
Only Brooklyn Store.
371 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall.

Extraordinary Sale of

1165 Fancy Summer Suits

VALUES $25 and $30 FOR $19.50

Buy today. If you don't, you are missing a rare opportunity.

We bought the cloth for these suits at a bargain because we were ready to jump into a wool market agitated by "Schedule K" and the tariff.

Hence the price, $19.50.

Your Opportunity at **$19.50**

Every suit a masterpiece in fit, workmanship and fabric.

A big assortment of two and three button sacks, with or without patch pockets, Norfolks, etc.

Suits of a type sold elsewhere for $25 and $30.

Smith Gray & Co.

NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST.
6TH AVENUE, NEAR 27TH ST.

FOUR STORES

BROOKLYN
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

Brooklyn Stores Open Saturdays Until 9 o'clock

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

MAIN BUILDING

Do You Own a "Ford" Automobile?

If So, Come to The Big Store, Today—

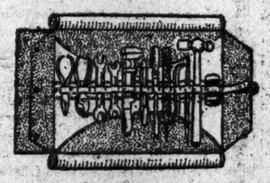
"Ford" Day

It might be well to add that OWNERS OF OTHER MAKES OF CARS WILL LIKEWISE FIND MUCH TO INTEREST THEM WHILE SAVING MONEY ON THEIR PURCHASES:

Some Specimen Quotations:

Ford Robe Rails..... 69c
Metal Tool Boxes—black enamel finish; 13 x 7½ x 9; the right size for "Ford;" at $1.95
Ford Bumpers—complete with fittings; at..... $3.25
E. Z. Way Motor Grease—2-lb. tubes; reg. 50c; at... 29c

Superb Kit of Tools



12 drop-forged tools, consisting of Ballpien hammer; 10-inch wood-handle wrench; 6-inch side-cutting plier; 6½-inch hip-joint steel plier; 4-inch round-handle screwdriver; spool of annealed wire; straight wrench for nuts, ¾- to 7-16-inch; same for nuts, 7-16- to ½-inch; 8-inch flat file; 10-inch round file; cotter pin puller; ¾-inch cold chisel. Complete..... $1.48

"Havoline" Lubricating Oil—reg. 75c; gallon..... 58c
5 gallons..... $2.35
$1.50 "All-in-1" Spark Plugs—the only plug that can be used on a "Ford" Car; for priming; has priming cup and compression cock combined; permits easy detection of the missing cylinder; at..... 69c
$10 Master Vibrator—absolutely necessary on a "Ford" to ensure UNIFORM FIRING in all cylinders; put on in 30 minutes; no tools needed except screw driver and pliers; no muffler explosions, starts on ⅓ turn, at..... $7.15
50c Ford Special License Pad Brackets—at..... 23c
"Mezger's" $25 Automatic Wind-Shield—the "last word" in windshield manufacture. It is a wonderful bargain; at $7.50

Other Sports

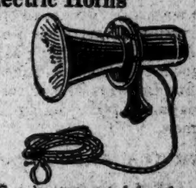
Golf, Tennis, Baseball, Fishing, Motor Boating, Etc., Etc.

Complete stocks of supplies in standard grades at the lowest prices in town.

(Second Floor, MAIN Building.)

Ford Electric Headlight Outfits—fitted with genuine Edison Mazdoc bulbs. Includes bulbs and 2 silver reflectors; very simple to attach; converts your gas headlights into electrics; sizes 8 and 9 inches; at..... $3.95
$5 Jericho Horns—specially made for Ford cars. Cost nothing to maintain; always ready; at..... $3.75

Hippwell Autophone Electric Horns



Can be connected by the merest novice to your 6-volt battery—or you may use a storage battery; highly economical—operated with a minimum amount of energy. Accurate as a watch—all adjustments carefully tested and perfected. Working parts sealed and water-proof; highly polished and handsome in appearance; regularly $15; on sale, to-day, at..... $2.95

Other Specials for Today:—

—MAIN BUILDING—

Men's and Youths' $15 Suits—at..... $9.75
"Senior Brand College" Suits for Young Men—values to $20; at..... $12.75
Bench-Made "Florsheim" High and Low Shoes for Men—$5, $6, and even $7 values; at..... $2.45
Men's $2 to $3 Straw Hats—(a sample line), at..... $1, $1.50 and $2
$1 to $3 Razors; at..... 39c
$20 and $25 Raincoats for Men and Youths at $12.75
Men's Fancy and Washable Vests—$3 value; at..... $1.35
Automobile Dusters—at $1.25, $2, $3 and up to..... $6
Men's Fine 75c Silk Hose—pair..... 29c
50 Excellent Panatella Cigars—for..... $1
$2.25 Roller Skates—at..... 95c
Men's and Women's $7.50 Gold-Filled Watches—guaranteed for 10 years; at..... $5

Charming Parasols—$2.50 to $6 values; at $1.49, $2 and $2.95
A $9 Silver Tea Service, for..... $6.75
Player-Piano Music Rolls—all the big hits; 88-note size; to-day's prices about one-half less than usual.
All the Sheet Music Hits at Sensational Prices.
The 9 biggest bargains of the Season in READY-TO-WEAR MILLINERY FOR WOMEN AND MISSES.
Great Sale of Misses' and Juniors' Suits and Dresses—at..... $5
Boys' Suits and Reefers—at, $2.95, $3.95 and $5
Boys' and Girls' Hats—values to $2; at..... 39c
Women's $5 to $10.75 Blouses—at $3.98, $5 and $6.95

—GREENHUT BUILDING—

30c Opaque Window Shades—at..... 17c
$7 Enamel Bedstead Outfit—(fine for your Bungalow); at..... $4.95
32-piece English Porcelain Breakfast Set, for..... $1.95

Crex Grass Remnants

Made Up in "Odd" Sizes into Rugs

Regularly	Sale Price.
$1.75	$1.15
2.50	1.65
3.00	2.25
Regularly.	**Sale Price.**
$3.75	$2.95
6.75	5.35
10.50	7.25

(No mail or telephone orders filled.

SALES LIKE THOSE WE PRINT ABOVE ARE REASONS WHY *"EVERYBODY IS GOING TO THE BIG STORE."*

The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter.

The Saunterer

FOR twenty eventful years we've been making *Regal Shoes*. Each year has piled experience upon experience and capped improvement with improvement. No better shoes *are* made, because shoes *can't* be made better. "Regal Quality" *stands for a standard*—the utmost in leather-stability and wear-ability.

Into Regal Shoes go the *highest-grade, finest-grained* leathers that hands can tan. Into Regal Shoes go the best "findings,"—the best linings, silk and linen thread, inside "stays," everything. Into Regal Shoes goes the *super-skilled workmanship* of craftsmen whose adeptness is their boast and birthright.

"Regal Quality" is "*tailored*" into Regal Shoes just as quality is tailored into a fine suit—patiently and painstakingly—nothing slurred or blurred—*doing it right* or *doing it over*.

Best of all—"Regal Quality" which *ought* to command the highest prices—$6, $7, $8 and more—costs you *only* $4 to $5.

Exclusive Custom Styles
$4 to $5

REGAL SHOE SHOPS

MANHATTAN

175 Broadway	Broadway at 17th
Broadway at Duane	Nassau at Ann
Broadway at Spring	6th Ave. at 21st
Broadway at 10th	14th St. at 3rd Ave.
Broadway at 27th	125th St. at 7th Ave.

BROOKLYN

301 Broadway	357 Fulton St.
1049 Broadway	512 Fulton St.
1575 Broadway	466 Fifth Ave.

NEWARK, N. J. 825 Broad St.
JERSEY CITY 108 Newark Ave.

REDUCED FARES
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES
over
Decoration Day

Niagara Falls
$10 via West Shore R. R.
$11.25 via New York Central
Tickets on sale May 28, 29 and morning trains of May 30. Returning to June 1.

Catskill Mountains
One way fare for round trip via West Shore R. R. Tickets on sale May 29 and 30, good returning until June 2.

West Shore R. R.
One way fare for round trip to all points between New York and Albany. Good going May 30, good returning until June 2; also Sunday, May 25, and every Sunday and Holiday during this summer.

Adirondack and Green Mts. 1000 Islands
One way fare plus $2.00 for round trip. Tickets on sale May 29 to June 14, good returning within 30 days.

Harlem Division
Summer Home Seekers' tickets are on sale at one way fare for round trip to Pleasantville and points north on May 30. Returning to May 31.

Special Fare Bulletins
giving full particulars of Holiday Excursions, may be obtained of New York Central ticket agents, or address: Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, New York.
New York 'Phone, 6310 Madison
Brooklyn 'Phone, 167 Main

POPULAR NOVELS, 50c.
Everyman's Bookstore
Books "EVERY CHILD SHOULD KNOW"
22 volumes, published at prices ranging from 90c. to $1.20.
Our price 50c. each
31 West 23rd Street

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

ASK US Anything You Want to Know. Millions of old and up-to-date clippings, articles, notes, records, books and pictures. All topics from all sources. Classified for quick reference. The Search-Light Information Library, 454 4th Av. (The White House, cor. 31 St.) Tel. 5023 Mad.

AUTHOR OF SIX SUCCESSFUL BOOKS will assist other writers having books in MS. to secure publication; small fee. Cochrane, 116 East 28th St., N. Y.

FOR THE BEST HIGHBALL
Schweppes DRY Imported GingerAle

NEGRO STABS WOMAN AS SHE TENDS GRAVE

Steals Upon Miss Earle and Mrs. Sniffen in Calvary Cemetery.

THEIR SCREAMS BRING AID

Attendants Catch Assailant Hiding Behind a Tomb—Just Out of Jail for Similar Offense.

The suspicious actions of a heavily-built negro attracted the attention of Miss Anne Earle of 122 East 109th Street and Mrs. Clarke Sniffen of 798 Elsmere Place, the Bronx, while they were putting flowers on the grave of Miss Earle's brother in Old Calvary Cemetery in Long Island City yesterday afternoon. The negro was trying to approach the women unobserved by dodging behind tombstones. They saw there was no one near to protect them and as the negro advanced, they fled.

Miss Earle tripped over a grave and fell. The negro jumped toward her and when she fought him off, he stabbed her with a pair of scissors, inflicting a deep wound over her left eye and another in her cheek. The screams of the two women were heard by two men who were driving in the road outside the cemetery. A high iron fence with sharp palings which guards the grounds prevented the men from getting to the women, but their shouts frightened the negro who desisted from his attack.

Section Foreman Peter Haggerty and his assistants, Michael Geis, Joseph Sorgie, and William H. Fortcher, heard the women's cries for help and ran to their aid. They assisted Miss Earle and Mrs. Sniffen to an automobile which stopped outside the cemetery, and then departed to hunt for the negro. The automobile took the women to Toner's Hotel where an ambulance was summoned from St. John's Hospital and the surgeon treated Miss Earle.

Haggerty and his men found a negro hiding behind a tomb and took him to the cemetery office where he said he was Charles Watson, and that he lived in a Bowery lodging house in Manhattan. Word was sent to the Hunter's Point Police Station and Capt. Herbert Graham went to Toner's Hotel with Detectives James Kennedy, Thomas Teeven, and Anthony Caputo. News of the attack had spread throughout the neighborhood and a crowd assembled outside the hotel when Watson was brought there. Miss Earle and Mrs. Sniffen identified him as the man who had attacked them.

As the police departed from the hotel with their prisoner, the crowd surrounded them and threats were made to lynch the negro. Capt. Graham and the detectives forced their way to the automobile in which the women had arrived at the hotel and escaped from the angry throng.

The police say Watson was released from Blackwell's Island not long ago where he served a term for attacking a woman in the Subway.

AIDS IN BILLBOARD FIGHT.

Mayor Gaynor in Letter Gives Advice to Fritzi Scheff.

Fritzi Scheff, the actress, wrote to Mayor Gaynor the other day that she was interested in a plan to make the city beautiful and that she was getting up an association to be known as the City Beautiful Association, with the object of trying to effect reforms in billboard advertising in certain parts of the city. The Mayor replied to the actress, in part, as follows:

Your letter is at hand. I am glad you are organizing a "City Beautiful Association" with the main object of doing away with the disgusting billboards which confront us all over the city. But you must remember that in order to carry out your purpose of censoring and regulating them we must get legislation. If the next Legislature be in the humor to give you such legislation be ready with a bill all prepared for them before they are got out of it. You know the old Spanish proverb, "When presented with a heifer be ready with a rope." I am willing to help you draw the bill.

Do not indulge in the hope that the proprietors of these billboards will voluntarily permit you to censor or regulate their use. One of the biggest and nastiest of them all is owned by a newspaper proprietor of this city who professes to teach ethics and morals to us all. He is so good that he spends much time chastising me, especially when I happen to do something good—for he has a singular hate for good in any one except himself. No week passes that I do not receive a letter of complaint about the character of the advertisements on his great big, nasty billboard. It is in a fine residential district and is disgusting to the whole neighborhood. Of course this newspaper proprietor, with his usual craft, has the land on which the billboard is erected in the name of a dummy owner. I will try to help you and your association as much as I can while I remain in office.

Fritzi Scheff did not tell the Mayor just how she expected to carry out her plans.

BLOW KILLS SILK FOREMAN.

Hoboken Police Suspect a Striker Attacked Guyslin.

Jacob Guyslin, who was a non-union foreman in the Schwarzenbach & Huber Silk Mills at West Hoboken, N. J., died last night at his home, 408 Shippen Street, West Hoboken, from wounds he suffered late on Thursday night in an encounter with a strange man whom he found in his home. The police of Hoboken think that Guyslin's death may have some connection with the silk strike which has caused so much trouble in New Jersey in the last few weeks.

Guyslin worked for a long time in the silk mills. Some two or three weeks ago a strike vote was taken in the Schwarzenbach & Huber plant, and the workers refused to strike. Then organizers from the Industrial Workers of the World succeeded in bringing about a sympathetic strike to strengthen the strike in Paterson. The workers, among them Guyslin, went to their homes. Some of them took part in strike demonstrations, but Guyslin did not.

At 11:15 o'clock on Thursday night, as he was about to retire, Guyslin heard screams coming from his wife's bedroom. He ran to her aid and was knocked down by a man who was armed with a blunt instrument. His wife, too, was knocked down. The man, whom neither Guyslin nor his wife had ever seen before, escaped through a window. He had been hiding under the bed, Mrs. Guyslin told the police, and had apparently been waiting for her husband to appear.

The suspicion of the police was directed last night to a man who was said to live within two blocks of the Guyslin home. It was said that he was a striker.

$1,329 AT CARLETON SALE.

$26 Paid for Riley MS. at Auction of Poet's Library.

The sale by the Merwin Company of the library of the late Will Carleton, poet, came to an end yesterday, with a total of $1,329. Dodd & Livingston paid $26 for a manuscript poem in the handwriting of James Whitcomb Riley. It consists of three stanzas of four lines each and is signed in full by the author.

H. Mischke gave $13 for a copy of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," autographed by Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe and her son, Charles E. Stowe. The library of Congress obtained for $10.25 an early and rare Texas item. It was published in New York in 1836, and bears this title: "An interesting account of the life and adventures of one of those unfortunate men who was shot at Tampico with twenty-seven of his companions, Dec. 14, 1835, with a list of all their names, together with the letters which were written by the sufferers." The New York Bar Association gave $14 for the "Journal of the Reconstruction Convention, which met at Austin, Texas, Dec. 7, 1868, Second Session.

James F. Drake paid $26 for a first edition of John G. Whittier's "At Sundawn," Cambridge, privately printed, 1890. It contains the following autograph presentation inscription by the author to Will Carleton: "It gives me great pleasure to send thee this little token of my esteem and admiration for thy writings." The autograph signature, "From John G. Whittier," is inserted in the volume.

$837,600 FOR TEACHING.

New Appropriations Announced by the General Education Board.

The General Education Board announced appropriations of $837,600 yesterday at the close of its May meeting, held at 17 Battery Place. The appropriations were apportioned as follows:

CONDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS.

John B. Stetson University, Deland, Fla.	$50,000
Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill.	100,000
Pomona College, Claremont, Cal.	150,000
Union College, Schenectady, N. Y.	75,000
Williams College, Williamstown, Mass.	100,000

APPROPRIATIONS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES

For demonstration work in agriculture in the Southern States, which include the Boys' Corn Club work	180,050
For the promotion of Girls' Canning and Poultry Clubs throughout the South	75,000
For agricultural demonstration work in five counties of Maine	14,500
For the beginning of agricultural demonstration work in New Hampshire	7,800
For Professors of Secondary Education in the several State universities of the Southern States	30,550
For State Supervisors of negro schools in several Southern States	20,000

The Board also appropriated $35,000 for three schools for negro students in the South.

AUTO SMASH ON THE BRIDGE

Bridge Department Car Hits Auto, with Family Party, Broadside.

Accompanied by his wife, four-year-old son George, and the lad's nurse, Miss Margaret Parkinson, Nathaniel G. Pendleton, a retired lawyer, living at 30 Garden Place, Brooklyn, was returning home last night about 8:30 o'clock in his touring car, by way of the Manhattan Bridge, when another machine, running at a brisk speed, came from the opposite direction. Patrick O'Neil of 175 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, chauffeur of the Pendleton car, expecting the other machine to turn to one side, drove on.

When O'Neil was satisfied that the approaching automobile was not going to change its course he steered out, and as he did so the approaching machine struck the Pendleton car broadside. Miss Parkinson was thrown from the car, and was cut about the head. Mr. Pendleton was cut by flying glass. His wife and little son were unhurt.

The other automobile was one of the Bridge Department machines, driven by Albert O'Leary. The Pendleton car was wrecked and after Miss Parkinson had been removed to the Brooklyn Hospital, where she was treated, the family went home in a taxicab.

Albert O'Leary, chauffeur of the Bridge Department machine, was arrested by Policeman Milner of the Bridge Police on the charges of intoxication, running an automobile without a license, and assault.

TWO TO FOUR YEARS ANHUT'S SENTENCE

Justice Tells His Counsel That Thaw's Testimony Was Corroborated.

HELPED BACK TO THE TOMBS

Lawyer Almost Collapses on Leaving Courtroom—Applies for Certificate of Reasonable Doubt.

John Nicholson Anhut, the lawyer convicted of offering a $20,000 bribe to Dr. John W. Russell of the State Asylum for Criminal Insane at Matteawan, was sentenced yesterday to not less than two or more than four years in the State Prison by Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Anhut appeared on the verge of a nervous breakdown. His face was drawn, his cheeks were sunken and had an unhealthy pallor, and his eyes were red from lack of sleep. However, when he heard the Justice deny his counsel's motion for a new trial he smiled. He heard the sentence imposed upon him without a change of expression, but when being led back to the Tombs he staggered before reaching the Bridge of Sighs, and had to be supported by a Deputy Sheriff.

In asking Justice Seabury to allow his client a new trial Arthur C. Palmer, Anhut's counsel, said that the testimony given by Harry K. Thaw, in whose behalf the bribe was offered, was without value, owing to "the crazed condition" of Thaw. Justice Seabury replied that the evidence of both Thaw and Dr. Russell had been corroborated by additional testimony, and told Mr. Palmer that if such corroboration had been lacking he would have directed the discharge of the prisoner.

Anhut is 29 years old, and was born in Detroit, Mich. He was elected to the Senate in that State in 1908, and became interested in promoting the Anhut Motor Car Company. This company went into the hands of a receiver, and the defendant was arrested on a capias, but went to Chicago, where he stayed six months before going to White Plains, where he first met Dr. Russell and gained admittance to the New York bar.

During his trial his fiancée, Miss Oliva Fishmuth of Oak Villa, Atlantic City, sat in court with him. When she heard the verdict she had to be assisted from the courtroom. Miss Fishmuth and Anhut were to be married this month. He refused yesterday to say whether the engagement had been broken.

Later in the day Mr. Palmer appeared before Justice Pendleton in the Supreme Court and asked for a certificate of reasonable doubt for his client. Justice Pendleton signed an order directing District Attorney Whitman to show cause why such a certificate should not be granted. The order is returnable before Supreme Court Justice Gerard next Tuesday. If Anhut gets a certificate of reasonable doubt he will be released on bail pending the decision on his appeal.

AMPUTATES HIS OWN FOOT.

Aged Man First Cut Off Toe with His Pocket Knife.

Special to The New York Times.

PENN YAN, N. Y., May 23.—Fearing that he would die from gangrene, which developed in his great toe, Isaac Bassett of Yates County amputated the diseased member last week with his pocket-knife without, however, checking the mortification. So to-day he took a more drastic measure by removing his foot with the same implement.

Mr. Bassett is 76 years old and noted for his iron nerves. He lives in the extreme western part of the county, many miles from a physician.

CRAZED BY SUICIDE STORY.

Union Pacific Auditor Kills Himself After Reading of Another's Suicide.

Special to The New York Times.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 23.—Laying aside the paper in which he had read of a local suicide, Zephaniah B. Berlin, traveling auditor of the Union Pacific, went to the bed beside his wife last night. A few minutes later she heard him arise and go into an adjoining room.

Suddenly he cried out and she leaped from the bed and ran to him. Berlin stood in the centre of the room slashing at his throat with a razor. Mrs. Berlin threw herself upon him and struggled for possession of the weapon. She was cut repeatedly about the hands and arms but finally wrested the razor from him.

Berlin then walked to a table and picked up a dull penknife. Again his wife disarmed him, but he seized a pair of shears and jabbed them into his throat. The wife still struggled with him, but he continued his effort at suicide until he collapsed from loss of blood. He was rushed to a hospital where he died an hour later.

Physicians consider Berlin's case undeniably one of mental suggestion.

END PRESBYTERIAN MEET.

Commissioners, Differences Forgotten, Join in Singing 'Coronation.'

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, May 23.—Singing "Coronation," the Presbyterian Assembly came to a close this afternoon in the Baptist Tabernacle. Old wounds were healed, enmities caused during the sessions were forgotten, and the Commissioners, standing with arms linked together, sang verse after verse, while tears dimmed the eyes of many.

In the morning a vain attempt was made to abolish the position of assistant clerk, on the recommendation of State Clerk Roberts, who said that it would be in the interests of economy.

The question of proposed consolidation of the Board of Education and the College Board, and the questin of creating a single Treasurer for all boards, were left for decision until the 1914 Assembly, which will meet in Chicago.

An ineffective fight on the part of certain members of the Board of Home Missions was suppressed in the beginning by the Moderator.

The Committee on Narrative, through its Chairman, the Rev. Frederick Sander, gave a report on the religious tendencies of the times. Topics treated were the alarming decline of family worship, the distressing loss of church members in many synods, the fact that over 4,000 churches in the past ecclesiastical year failed to bring a single soul to Christ, and the appalling growth of the white slave traffic, extending even into Sabbath schools and Christian Endeavor societies.

USED COBWEBS AS CURTAINS

Miss Penfield, 61, Smoked Cigarettes, Says Witness.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 23.—Justice Keogh, in the Supreme Court at White Plains, heard testimony to-day as to the alleged incompetency of Miss Susan A. Penfield, a sixty-one-year-old spinster, of Mount Vernon, to manage herself or her property, worth close to $80,000. George J. Penfield, father of Miss Penfield, was one of the wealthiest residents of Wakefield, in the Bronx. Thomas D. Penfield of Pleasant Valley, N. Y., brings the proceedings, alleging that his sister is insane. He is backed up by his brother, ex-Judge W. W. Penfield of the Bronx. James T. Penfield, the other brother, is fighting, however, to prove that their sister is sane. Mrs. Mabel Penfield, wife of the petitioner, testified that Miss Penfield resided at her home for three years, and during that time she saw the spinster smoke cigarettes and drink whisky almost incessantly.

"She told me," said the witness, "that she wanted the cobwebs left in her room, so she could use them for lace curtains."

Mrs. Dora Acker of 119 West 117th Street, Manhattan, said that she was with Miss Penfield at a Croton Lake Hotel for two weeks, and during that time Miss Penfield never removed her clothing when she retired.

FELLOW-COMMUTERS GIVE UP THEIR SKIN

Surrender 140 Square Inches Required to Make Young Son of Daily Traveler Whole.

ONE OPERATION SUCCESSFUL

Burned Child Needed 32 Inches Under His Arm, and a Swimmer Gave It All—28 Contributors.

Special to The New York Times.

NUTLEY, N. J., May 23.—Twenty-five friends of Benjamin Coldwell of Vreeland Avenue, most of them fellow-commuters on the Erie, have responded to Mr. Coldwell's plea to sacrifice sections of their skin totaling 140 square inches for an operation to be performed on Sunday on his seven-year-old son, William. The child was badly burned two months ago.

In answer to an advertisement in The Paterson Chronicle of May 4, Charles Kaplow, who said he was a swimming instructor, offered to supply thirty-two square inches of skin for a section under the child's left arm, which was most severely burned. The father gave up four inches and a Brooklyn man four inches. The boy still lacks 140 square inches of a whole skin, however, and it is this that Mr. Coldwell's fellow-commuters have offered to supply.

The first operation, which was performed by Dr. Whelan of 231 Franklin Avenue, Nutley, was very successful, but it was found necessary to graft new skin on the other burned sections immediately. Yesterday Clarence B. Iliffe, who lives on High Street, and who goes down to New York every morning with Mr. Coldwell, told the father that he had had twenty-five volunteers, and that if Dr. Whelan agreed they would come on Sunday for the grafting.

This second operation is not as serious as the first one, when it was found necessary to graft thirty-two square inches of flesh, right down to the fat. The child has recovered remarkably from this and there is every reason to expect that, although he will carry through life skin from twenty-eight different men, in six months he will be quite whole again.

Charles Kaplow, whose identity and motives have caused such mystery in Nutley, left yesterday for New York, less than two weeks after he had given up thirty-two inches of his cuticle.

POLICEMEN IN FIST FIGHT.

Patrolman Boye Charged with Assault on John Hoffman.

For indulging in a fist fight in front of the desk in the Glendale, Queens, Police Station, Patrolman Charles G. C. Boye of the Fifty-second Precinct, Manhattan, was arraigned yesterday in the Flushing Police Court. Patrolman John Hoffman made two charges against him, one of assault and another of disorderly conduct.

Boye lives at 1,502 Hewes Street, Glendale, and yesterday morning he discovered that some street pavers had taken up a crosswalk near his home.

"I'm a policeman and I want these men arrested," Boye is quoted as telling Hoffman.

"If you're a policeman, why don't you arrest them yourself?" retorted Hoffman.

A dispute started and Hoffman arrested Boye on a charge of disorderly conduct. In the station they quarreled again, and Hoffman says Boye attacked him. Boye was held in $200 bail on the assault charge.

SOLDIER KILLS HIMSELF.

Daniel Lange Despondant Over the Illness of His Sister.

Soon after the officers and men at Fort Wood on Liberty Island had left their quarters at the sound of mess call yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, the Sergeant of the Guard heard a revolver shot. He hurried into the squad room of Company G, and found Private Daniel Lange, 35 years old, lying across a bunk, having shot himself in the head. The bullet had entered just above the left temple and had come out above the left eye. The private was removed to the post hospital where he died at 8 o'clock.

From Lange's fellow soldiers it was learned that he had threatened several times to shoot himself, but his comrades did not regard his threats seriously. Letters left by Lange showed that he had been despondent over the prolonged illness of a sister, who lives in Jersey City. Lange was re-enlisted on May 1, having previously served three years in the Coast Artillery and three years in the Ordnance Corps. His nearest relative whose address is known to the authorities at Fort Wood, is a sister, Mrs. Tilley Roach of 40 Englewood Avenue, Bridgeport, Conn.

MEAT FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

With Duty Removed, Australia Also Will Ship Here, Says Sanderson.

Lloyd B. Sanderson, general American agent of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, is sailing to-day for England on the White Star liner Olympic to consult with his Directors in London on the developments that will take place in the West Indies and South American trade to New York after the opening of the Panama Canal.

Mr. Sanderson said yesterday that if the duty was taken off beef and mutton meat would be imported direct from the Argentine to New York, and probably mutton from the Falkland Islands. It was also likely that mutton would come from Australia and Canterbury lamb from New Zealand.

"When I return on June 23," Mr. Sanderson added, "I hope to have some definite news to give out regarding the new steamships which are being constructed for the Pacific and Atlantic Coast service via the Panama Canal."

PLAN NEW PLAYGROUND.

Rositer Estate Executors Give Use of Big Lot in Flushing.

Executors of the estate of E. V. W. Rossiter, formerly Vice President of the New York Central Railroad, have given to the Flushing Playground Association the use of the large tract of land adjoining the Rossiter mansion on Jamaica Avenue.

The property is in the centre of the best residence district in Flushing, but the Committee of Philanthropists who have charge of the arrangements, do not contemplate any complaints from people living nearby.

Swings and horizontal bars will be built on the grounds. During his lifetime Mr. Rossiter was a liberal contributor to any movement to add to the enjoyment of the children.

AUTO KILLS AN ITALIAN.

Victim of Skidding Car in First Avenue Is Unidentified.

As he was going north in upper First Avenue in an automobile soon after 12 o'clock last evening, Irving Goldsnuff, chauffeur for Seton Javons, a retired lawyer of Huntington, L. I., struck and almost instantly killed an unidentified Italian as the latter was crossing the street at One Hundred and Sixteenth Street. In the machine with Goldsnuff were his wife, a brother-in-law, Irving Kern of 1,073 Keller Avenue, the Bronx, and the latter's mother. To the police of the East 125th Street Station, Goldsnuff said he applied the brakes as he came upon the man, but the heavy machine skidded on the slippery pavement.

The Italian, who was about 30 years old, died on the operating table at Suydenham Hospital. According to the police the accident was unavoidable and Goldsnuff was not arrested. The Italian wore a new dark flannel sweater-coat, with dark trousers. He was clean-shaven.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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in admiring the dresses and frocks, the dainty new blouses and the beautiful millinery that Bloomingdales' are showing.

You, too, will find much to admire and wonder at in Bloomingdales' remarkably clever collections of everything the woman or miss wears—for town or country, seashore or mountain.

You will do well to place Bloomingdales' on your regular shopping list.

FREE. Corsage of 4 Killarney Roses. Present this adv. at our cut flower shop, main floor. T 24.

BLOOMINGDALES
Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

B. Altman & Co.

have prepared for this day (Saturday)

An Extraordinary Sale of Women's and Misses' Summer Riding Habits

(for cross- or side-saddle riding), of Natural, Jasper or White Linen, Black-and-white Check or Khaki, heretofore marked at $15.00 & $18.00, at $10.00

B. Altman & Co.

have ready for the Outing season, at moderate prices, an interesting assortment of Cameras and Photographic Supplies.

Motoring Outfits for Summer

include Motor Garments for Men, Women and Children; Fitted Hampers, Suit Cases, Dressing Cases and Traveling Bags, and a large selection of Leather Articles for the Motorist's use.

Children's Play Shoes

in suitable leathers, made on comfortable, well-fitting lasts, are a special feature in the section of the Shoe Department reserved for footwear for the younger set.

Furs, Rugs, Draperies and Lace Curtains received for Storage.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

FOUNDED 1827 — Arnold Constable & Co. — FOUNDED 1827

Prices Are Special for To-Day

Special Saturday Sales

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

100 Men's Raincoats

Newest Top Coats (Priestley's Cravenette), homespuns of the newest Scotch mixtures, including Oxford and Cambridge greys. Belted back or plain models; set in sleeves and convertible collar. Just the coat for street wear, rain or shine. Exceptionally good for the auto, steamer or cool summer evenings. All Priestley's Cravenette, rainproof but contains no rubber. Regularly $22.50 and $25.00 — 15.00

100 Women's Raincoats

Made of Priestley's Celebrated English Waterproof "Roseberry." An absolutely odorless rainproof fabric, containing no rubber; is exquisitely soft and silky, fast dye, light in weight, packs into a very small compass. Two smart new spring models—Raglan or set in sleeve and convertible collar. Tan, blue and black; sizes for Women and Misses 14 to 44. Regular Price $12.50 — 8.75

Misses' and Children's Apparel

MISSES' SUITS—A number of suits from the regular stock; various materials and models. Values $30 to $35; to close — 19.50

MISSES' DRESSES of imported ratine; three choice models; most attractively trimmed. Value $22.50 — 15.00

MISSES' COATS of navy and black serge, handsome moire shawl collar. Value $16.50 — 10.50

MISSES' LINGERIE DRESSES—Attractively trimmed with lace and embroidery. Value $10.00 — 4.50

CHILDREN'S COATS—Navy, serge and shepherd check; sizes 4 to 12 years. Value $18.00 — 13.50

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Anderson's ginghams, also of white repp; plaited model, leather belt and silk tie. Values $3.75 and $4.50 — 3.00, 3.50

Kid Gloves

For Women and Misses at Special Prices.

GLACE—16 button length, white only. Value $3.00 pair — 2.15

GLACE—1 clasp, pique, superior quality. All white; also white with black stitching. Value $1.50 pair — 95c

DOESKIN—8 button length, "Biarritz"; white only. Value $2.25 pair — 1.75

DOESKIN—1 clasp; white only. Value $1.25 pair — 95c

Women's Coats

The New Smart Cut Coats of Excellent Materials and Workmanship at Special Prices.

SATIN COATS—Three-quarter length, two choice models, lined or unlined. Values $24.50 and $28.50 — 16.50, 19.00

"SPORT" or "SHORE" COATS—Of imported poplins, in blue, taupe and rose; also in shepherd check; all handsomely lined. Value $30.00 — 23.50

DONEGAL TWEED CAPES—Rainproofed by Priestley's cravenette process; our own exclusive model; an ideal garment for the auto, mountain or steamer wear. Value $18.50 — 12.75

Lace and Chiffon Veils

WHITE LACE VEILS—Nove designs. Regularly $1.75 each — 95c

CHIFFON VEILS—Self colors; also raven black and crystal white. Regularly $2.25 each — 1.35

OMBRE VEILS—New color combinations, in both single and double chiffon. Regularly $2.95 each — 1.95

Folding Umbrellas and Parasols

FOLDING UMBRELLAS—Dress suit case sizes. All silk and excellent handles. For men and women. Regularly $3.95 — 2.95

FOLDING PARASOLS—Blue, green, red and black, of pure silk. Carved handles. Suit case sizes. Reg. $3.95 — 2.95

Waists and Blouses

at 95c each

Values $1.50 and $2.00.

Seven new and distinctive styles.

BATISTE WAISTS—Embroidered and lace inserts.
BATISTE BLOUSES—Tucked and lace collar.
BATISTE WAIST—Open front, long sleeves.
VOILE BLOUSES—Princess trimming.
VOILE WAISTS—Embroidered, lace trimmed.
VOILE BLOUSES—Embroidered, lace collar.
BALKAN BLOUSES of white galatea.
Values $1.50 and $2.00 — 95c

High Grade Waists and Blouses

At Saturday Special Prices.

FRENCH BLOUSES AND WAISTS—Hand made and embroidered, lace trimmed. Regularly $19.75 — 14.50
BLACK CREPE DE CHINE WAISTS (mourning), trimmed with crepe and hemstitched. Regularly $12.75 — 8.75
CREAM NET BLOUSES, accordion plaited, trimmed with shadow lace and black maline. Regularly $12.50 — 8.50
WHITE CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES, in two new models, hemstitched and trimmed with narrow frills. Regularly $6.75 — 5.00

Broadway & 19th Street

MORTGAGE QUALITY

This Company—the oldest and strongest of the Mortgage Guarantee Companies—owes its success primarily to conservative lending.

It has always selected for guarantee only the choicest mortgages on New York City real estate.

Its growth has been steady, but at the same time wholesome. It is to-day the largest company in this line of business.

You can invest even so small an amount as $10 a month with the protection of our guaranty.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital & Surplus, $2,000,000

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Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

MEN'S $4.00 HEAVY TUB SILK SHIRTS $2.69

White grounds with stripes of blue, heliotrope or gray. Some in fine stripes of black and white.

These Shirts are made in popular coat model and have soft turn-back cuffs. The buttons are of the finest grade ocean pearl.

All sizes, 14 to 18.

All sleeve lengths, 33 to 36.

Main Fl., B'way, 35th St.

Going Away?

Don't forget to take a few bottles of

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Its daily use will insure perfect Mouth Health and keep your teeth in fine condition.

Price 50 Cents. All Druggists.

There is Nothing "Just as Good."

GEO. BORGFELDT & CO.

NEW YORK CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO

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Opens for Season

Sunday, May 25th

Steamers sail from foot of W. 42d St. and Cedar St.

On above date, Spring Schedules of New Jersey Central Seashore Lines to North Jersey Coast Resorts take effect.

All Rail Lines from foot of W. 23d St. and Liberty St. See time tables.

A Springfield Portable Garage

is a permanent economy. It is a money saver, a time saver and a car saver. No more trying walks to get your car from the garage; no excessive charges for storage and oil; no "unaccountable" breakages and attendant repair bills. They combine architectural beauty and stateliness of construction, putting luxury in your yard at little cost. Write for catalogue.

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Let us give you a miniature cake!

Try at our expense what this delightful soap will do for your complexion and hair. Dept. 15-F, Resinol, Baltimore.

ORIENTAL RUGS, FINE CARPETS RESTORED to original colors without injury.

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CARPET CLEANSING

RUGS AND ALL FLOOR COVERINGS

At lowest expenditure.

B'way, cor. 49th St., N. Y. Phone 3660 Bryant. Eric. cor. 9th St., Jersey City. Phone 5460

PATERSON STRIKERS TIRE OF IDLENESS

2,000 Weavers Discuss Plan to Return to Work — Employers Give Terms.

BAR ABSOLUTELY THE I.W.W.

Haywood Says the Talk of Surrender Is "All Bosh"—Grand Jury Is Active.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., May 23.—Following the adjournment of the Grand Jury this afternoon it was said that presentments had been returned against the owners of the halls which have been used by the Industrial Workers of the World during the silk mill strike, and also that the Mayor of Haledon had been brought before the jury and told that he would be held accountable if in the future meetings were held in Haledon at which agitators denounced the authorities of Passaic County.

That Haywood, Tresca, Quinlan, and Elizabeth Gurley Flynn are fighting a losing fight and that the strikers are tiring of the leadership that has kept them idle for more than three months is shown in various ways. It became known to-day that over 2,000 silk weavers have been discussing the advisability of going back to work and then seeking an adjustment of their grievances with their employers, independent of Haywood and his lieutenants.

These employes represent the working forces of six of the principal broad silk mills in this city. The belief was general to-night that these weavers would report for work on Monday morning. If they do, the police say that the backbone of the strike will be broken and within a week all the mills in Paterson will be in operation.

The mills which it is said will reopen next week are those of Doherty & Wadsworth, Nigel & Blum, Katterman & Mitchell, Dexter & Lambert, Westerhoff Brothers, and the Napier Companies.

The heads of these concerns have been in communication with their striking employes, and it is said have promised that they will talk over any differences existing between themselves and their employes, on the one condition that the Industrial Workers of the World are not in the remotest way connected with the negotiations. The striking employes of these mills soon will meet again, and will decide then definitely what action to take in the matter. The opinion is quite general that the decision will be against the I. W. W.

Haywood, Tresca, and Quinlan spent the day here, and worked with all their might to keep the strikers in line. Quinlan said to-night that the talk of any settlement that did not meet the demands of the Industrial Workers of the World was "all bosh."

The silk mill strikers of West Hoboken met in Liberty Hall last night. Miss Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, the I. W. W. agitator, was the principal speaker. She assailed Mayor Wittpenn of Jersey City, saying:

"Mayor Wittpenn is just now extra zealous, as he is a candidate for Governor. He is playing politics. We didn't want him or his police here to settle this strike, and the sooner he finds that out the better it will be for the Mayor and his police. He had better stay at home, where he belongs, and mind his own business and permit us to do the same."

SADLER GOES TO WHARTON.

Adjutant General Will Tell Governor if Troops Are Needed.

NEWARK, N. J., May 23.—Adjt. Gen. Sadler went to Wharton to-day to determine whether it will be necessary for the Governor to call out troops to protect the Mount Hope Mineral Railroad, when that company resumes on Monday morning the work of repairing the dynamited tracks. Col. John M. Rogers of the Adjutant General's office also went to Wharton from Trenton. He will assist the Adjutant General in the investigation, which was ordered by Gov. Fielder. Chief of Police McDonald said to-day that the presence of troops was not necessary. Gov. Fielder will decide when he hears from Adjt. Gen. Sadler.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 23.—The Grand Jury returned to-day nine indictments, involving thirteen men, and announced that four more would be indicted. The jury has been giving its attention to the troubles at Mount Hope and Wharton, and it is believed that most of those men took part in the recent riots. Two more of the five men in the county jail arrested for participation in the Wharton riots have been admitted to bail in the amount of $3,000 each.

MAY END BARBERS' STRIKE.

Bosses Expected to Confer with the Journeymen To-day.

At a meeting of boss barbers and journeymen barbers last night at Webster Hall, Third Avenue near Eleventh Street, committees from both sides were appointed to meet to-day with a view of settling the strike. Frank Cancilleri, one of the strike leaders, said he believed that the two committees would be able to reach an agreement satisfactory to both sides.

Joseph J. Ettor of the Industrial Workers of the World at the meeting in the afternoon said that he had called the men together to inform them that no agreement had been made so far with any of the long-hour bosses. He said that after the meeting the strikers should go to the shops not yet affected by the strike and get as many of the journeymen to join in the strike as possible.

Others spoke to the same effect in Italian, Yiddish, and German. Ettor said that a meeting would be held in the same hall later by the boss barbers. The hall was engaged for the purpose, he said, by the representatives of the striking I. W. W. barbers. It was expected, he said, that the boss barbers would appoint a committee to meet a committee of the strikers to-day with the object of bringing about a settlement of the trouble.

ERIE TELEGRAPHERS TO QUIT

About Ready to Notify Company of Intended Strike.

Delegates from the biennial convention of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers who arrived yesterday from Baltimore, where the convention was held, said action following the strike vote of the Erie Railroad telegraphers, was delayed until the convention adjourned. The Erie men have made demands for a wage increase of 20 per cent. It is said that of the Erie telegraphers belonging to the order 90 per cent. have voted for a strike.

It is likely that the telegraphers will notify the company now that they are going to strike. It is said that if this action is taken, it will involve most of the station agents and tower men. Meantime, the railroad is employing telegraphers to put on duty in case the strike is declared. Reasonable notice is to be given by the telegraphers before they quit work.

ASSAIL GIRLS' 8-HOUR LAW.

Illinois Employers Say It Will Rob Many Women of Work.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Representatives of large interests, such as the Borden Condensed Milk Company and the Case & Martin Pie Company, told the State Labor Committee to-day that an eight-hour law for working women would cause irreparable injury to the State of Illinois. They also said these concerns would be forced to employ boys instead of girls in their factories if the eight-hour bill went into effect.

Joseph Weisenbach, representing a group of merchants, told the committee the proposed law was unjust to both employer and worker, and that the only real demand for its enactment was in the minds of agitators, who were not informed of the attitude of the woman workers of the State toward the measure.

B. F. Palmer, a cloak manufacturer of Chicago, said that he was unable to compete with New York firms which were not bound by laws affecting the hours of work.

J. C. Roth, President of the Hotel Association of Illinois, said that women employed in the Chicago hotels worked ten hours a day for seven days a week, but that servants got $10 to $20 a month, with a room and board, and clerical help from $35 to $125. He said the eight-hour law would force women out of the hotels.

"The girl in a hotel doesn't work half as hard as the second maid or cook in a private family," said Mr. Roth. "Why not regulate their hours?"

STRIKE RIOTERS STONE CARS

Say State Foundryman's Friends, Waylaying Workers, Fight Police.

MILFORD, Mass., May 23.—Trolley cars on all lines out of Milford, carrying workmen from the Draper machine shops at Hopedale, where foundrymen are on strike, were stoned by crowds of strike sympathizers in the suburbs to-night. Many windows in the cars were broken, but the passengers escaped serious injury. A fight took place between 300 rioters and the police when a trolley car from Hopedale for Milford Centre was attacked.

Strike sympathizers surrounded the car as it stopped at a street corner, and E. McKenna of Milford was knocked down and pummeled severely as he alighted from it. He is not an employe of the Draper Company, and is supposed to have been a victim of mistaken identity. A squad of State police and special officers went through the crowd, using their clubs freely when they encountered a volley of stones. One of the State police, Maurice Nelligan of Amherst, received a painful wound in the head from a stone. Three arrests were made.

SAY HE PLANNED ASSAULT.

H. A. Jaeger Arrested in Connection with Newark Teamsters' Strike.

Henry A. Jaeger, a truckman, was arrested yesterday in Elizabeth, N. J., on the charge that he had offered on May 12 to pay $50 to have George A. Colby, secretary of the Newark organization of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, attacked and beaten. The Teamsters' Union is on strike in Newark and Colby is in charge.

According to the complaint Jaeger offered the money to William Austin of this city and William G. Kunz of Newark, members of the Cosgrove Detective Agency. Both men made confessions. They said that Jaeger had told them he wanted Colby "beaten up," and suggested that they import a thug if they didn't want to do the job themselves. Jaeger was released on bail to await a hearing.

Prevents Sale of Bank Building.

One of the two factions that have been in controversy over the management of the Babylon National Bank of Babylon, L. I., procured an injunction yesterday that prevented a transfer of the bank building. The two groups are known as the Foster and Robbins factions. It was J. C. Robbins who got the injunction.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Colored Men's Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, 252 West Fifty-third Street, will celebrate its twelfth year to-morrow afternoon, at the Mount Olivet Baptist Church, 101 West Fifty-third Street. The anniversary address will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. C. T. Walker.

A testimonial luncheon was given yesterday at the Hotel Breslin to Max Kurzrok of the firm of Kurzrok Brothers, waist manufacturers of 18 East Twenty-sixth Street, by twenty-five lace salesmen. William Hoffman was toastmaster.

The Seamen's Church Institute, South Street and Coenties Slip, will be formally opened next Wednesday afternoon, when members of Lafayette Post, G. A. R., will present a United States flag which will be hoisted and the great structure declared ready for business.

President Clark of the United Society, just back from a tour of Northern Europe, will be the principal speaker at the anniversary of the New York Christian Endeavor Union, to be held at the West End Presbyterian Church, Amsterdam Avenue and One Hundred and Fifth Street, this afternoon and evening.

POLITICS ENMESHES A MURDER MYSTERY

Atlanta Police Under Fire as Grand Jury Sifts Killing of a Young Girl.

LEADING LAWYER ACCUSED

Georgia City Torn by Factional War as Result of the Tragic Death of Mary Phagan.

ATLANTA, May 23.—While the Fulton County Grand Jury to-day was considering evidence of the murder of 14-year-old Mary Phagan, disclosures showed that the case had become entangled in a local political fight involving the war that has been waged against Chief of Police Beavers.

It is alleged the political opponents of Beavers have endeavored to make the investigation of the Phagan case a factor in the fight against him. On the other hand it is charged that police have resented efforts to bring outside detectives to the city to solve the murder mystery.

It also contended that an effort has been made to entrap Col. Thomas B. Felder, a prominent attorney, who raised a fund to bring a detective of international reputation to Atlanta to investigate the murder of the Phagan girl.

An afternoon newspaper printed to-day what purports to be a stenographic record of a conversation between Col. Felder and G. C. Fahrney, secreary o N. A. Lanford, local chief of detectives, with a third person present.

A record of the conversation is alleged to have been obtained by means of a dictagraph installed in a hotel room at the direction of local detectives. The device is the one which Col. Felder employed against Gov. Cole Blease of South Carolina during a controversy with that Executive. The stenographic record in the local case was made by George H. Gentry. The newspaper also printed a series of affidavits from local detectives and city employes, which assert that Col. Feder offered to pay $1,000 if they would place in his hands certain papers in the Phagan case which, he said, would "drive Beavers and Lanford from office."

The detectives say the papers which Col. Felder wanted were in the safe of the Chief of Detectives. They arrest that they told Felder they might be prosecuted if they stole the papers and that he assured them that they could not be put in the penitentiary so long as "his friend Hugh Dorsey was Solicitor General." They also say that Felder said he could control the Criminal Court Judge and Mayor Woodward. One of the affidavits asserts Felder said he could induce Gov. Brown or Gov.-Elect Slaton to release any of the men involved if an attempt were made to put them in jail.

In denying this charge to-night Col. Felder said:

"I will later make a complete reply to these affidavits, and in addition to this I will undertake to show a condition which exists in respect to the so-called department that will be appalling."

The Grand Jury adjourned until to-morrow for further consideration of the case against Leo M. Frank, Superintendent of the pencil factory where Mary Phagan worked, and Newt Lee, a negro watchman there.

GO OVER GILLEN'S HEAD.

Excise Arrests Made from Headquarters in Old Tenderloin.

Direct activity from Deputy Commissioner Newburger's office in the shape of four arrests last night for alleged violation of the liquor-tax law in the old Tenderloin surprised the men attached to Inspector Gillen's staff who had been handling such cases. Two detectives attached to the Deputy Commissioner's staff made the arrests last night on John Doe warrants issued by Magistrate Levy, sitting in the Jefferson Market Court last Monday, alleging violation of the law on Sunday. They were served on four waiters and bartenders in four saloons in the district.

The men were immediately bailed out by their employers and will be arraigned in the Jefferson Market Court this morning.

AUSTIN DAM CASE UP SOON.

Trial of Owners on Manslaughter Charges Set for June 2.

CORNING, N. Y., May 23.—The criminal charges of involuntary manslaughter growing out of the breaking of the dam at Austin, Penn., on Sept. 30, 1911, which resulted in a loss of eighty lives and practically obliterated Austin, a village of 3,000 persons, will be moved for trial against George C. Bayless, President, and Frederick M. Hamlin, Superintendent, of the Bayless Pulp & Paper Company, owners of the dam, at Wellsboro, Penn., on June 3.

Upon the representations of the defendants that a fair trial could not be obtained in Potter County, Penn., where the catastrophe occurred, a change of venue was granted to Tioga County a year ago. The trial of the cases has been postponed several times, but District Attorney Harry Nelson states that he will insist upon the trials being expedited without further delay.

Roosevelt to Address Primary Rally.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 23.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to speak at a direct primary rally here under the auspices of the Progressive Party on Monday evening, June 2.

CAUGHT AFTER 3 YEARS.

Tona Made an Error in Thinking Police Had Forgotten Him.

Almost three years ago Joseph Levati of 286 Elizabeth Street reported to the Mulberry Street Station that one of his drivers, Philip Tona, had gone away with a horse and wagon and merchandise to the value of $490. He gave a good description of the youth to Detective Guarinie of the Central Office, at that time attached to the Mulberry Street Station. Since then Detective Guarinie had been looking for Tona, the search extending to Philadelphia and other cities.

Last night Guarinie, who has been transferred to other stations, but who came back recently to the Mulberry Street Station to help in the search for the slayer of Rizzo and Policemen Tears and Heaney, was standing at the corner of Elizabeth and Houston Streets when a young man passed him. Guarinie looked closely, and was convinced that he was Tona. Coincidence played a part when Joseph Levati came along only a few feet behind the other man. Guarinie called Levati and the two overtook the young man, who proved to be the long-wanted driver.

"You policemen never let up," he said as he owned up to being Tona. "I have been away from New York for three years, and I thought I would be forgotten by this time."

He was taken to the Mulberry Street Station and charged with grand larceny. He will be arraigned in the Tombs Court this morning.

START McCOMBS BOOM.

National Committee Chairman Talked of as Mayoralty Candidate.

With William F. McCombs, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, on the ocean bound for Europe, his name is being brought to the front in centres where prominent Democrats in this city gather as a very acceptable candidate for Mayor. Public Service Commissioner J. Sergeant Cram, who is regarded as close enought to Tammany leader Charles F. Murphy to reflect his opinion, said yesterday that he thought Mr. McCombs would be a strong candidate for the nomination.

"He is a real Democrat and a real man, and I believe that his nomination would be pleasing to the majority of the organization Democrats in this city. His nomination, in my opinion, would bring about harmony where there now is seeming discord, and prove the solution of the difficult problem now confronting the Democrats here."

BABY DIES UNDER TUB.

Little Boy Overturned It and Edge Fractured Skull.

Blanche Seabury, the eight-year-old daughter of George L. Seabury, a public accountant, living at 58 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, was playing with her two-year-old brother Spencer, in the rear yard of their home yesterday afternoon, when the little girl was called into the basement of the house.

On returning a few minutes later she missed her baby brother. Searching frantically, she finally found the child's head protruding from an overturned washtub near the fence. The little boy's eyes were closed and his face was purple.

The girl, screaming with fright, tried to life the heavy tub, but could not move it. The mother, attracted by the cries of the girl, ran into the yard and removed the tub. The little boy was dead. The child apparently had tried to climb upon the tub, and had overturned it, the edge striking the base of his skull and fracturing it.

Singer Disbarred in Federal Courts.

William B. Singer, who was disbarred recently from the State courts for filing false affidavits in applying for admission to the bar, was disbarred yesterday in the Federal courts by Judge Hand, sitting in the Federal District Court. Charged with the misappropriation of money belonging to the bankrupt estate of Harry H. Marmelstein, a jeweler, he pleaded not guilty. Assistant United States District Attorney Thompson asked that he be held in $5,000 bail on the ground that he was informed that further peculations might be charged. Judge Hand fixed the bail at $3,000.

Auto Hits Truck, Horses Killed.

John Meyer a baker of 1,880 Troutman Street, in the Borough of Queens, was driving an automobile yesterday morning when at Manhattan Avenue and Broadway, Williamsburg, it collided with a four-horse truck belonging to the Borden Milk Company. The wheel horses were so badly injured that they were killed. In the car with Meyer was Miss Dorothy Blarle of 709 Stanhope Street, Williamsburg. Both Meyer and the woman were injured by the broken glass from the wind shield of the auto.

THE SECRET

A lively story of love and villany, stratagem and heroism, written by

Frank Savile

and fittingly illustrated by

Cyrus Cuneo

will run for several weeks in the

Saturday Magazine

Section of

The Evening Post.

New York

BEGINNING TO-DAY

For Sale by All Dealers

RAID SEVEN STUSS GAMES.

Police of the First District, However, Get Only One Prisoner.

Inspector Thomas Meyers of the First District, with Lieut. Ross and Sergt. Ahearn, started out in automobiles last night with a dozen of their men, and before the evening was over had raided seven small gambling places on John Doe warrants issued by Chief Magistrate McAdoo earlier in the day. The places were the familiar east side "stuss" houses operated generally in small rooms behind cigar stores in the precinct of the Fifth Street Station. The raids netted one prisoner, who gave his name as Harry Friedman of 50 Stuyvesant Street. He was arrested at 141 Second Avenue. In all of the other places raided the men whom the Inspector wanted were not found. Considerable furniture and many decks of cards were confiscated by the police, who left a man on guard before each door for twenty-four hours.

12,000 at Church Week Meetings.

Bishop Greer will go to the Bronx Church House on Wednesday evening to receive reports of the Church Social Week in the Bronx. An official statement described the programme as the first of its kind in America. Some 12,000 persons attended meetings.

The Best Cabaret Show in the City—Restaurant, 8th Floor.

34 Years Leaders of Fashion

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE., 19TH TO 20TH STREET.

IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

Today Will Be Our Banner

Clothing Event

In Which We Place on Sale

Men's $18, $20 and $25 Suits at $12

Suits of character, tailored of correct fabrics, in styles designed to meet the approval of the conservative as well as the extremist, with an unrestricted choice to-day, at $12.

LIMITED SPACE will not allow us to go into elaborate details of these suits. All we want is that you COME AND LOOK AT THEM. You'll quickly recognize that we've struck a dominant bargain chord that'll sound good to your much abused pocketbook. We've every size, for short men, for tall, for stout or slender—also Men's and Youths'.

$18 to $20 Norfolk Suits
$18 to $25 Blue Serge Suits
$18 to $25 Silk Lined Suits
$18 to $20 2-Button Sack Suits
$18 to $25 Patch Pocket Suits
$18 to $25 3-Button Sack Suits
$25 Tuxedo Suits
$25 Full Dress Coats and Trousers

$12.

☞ Simpson Crawford Co., Second Floor. On Sale Today.

Men's Sennit Straw Hats

These Hats were made in Italy, and intended to have retailed at $2.50 and $3.00; today, at.... $1.50

☞ Second Floor.

Men's Genuine Panama Hats

$5.00 and $6.00 Values

Today at $2.98

They are genuine, and that's what makes this sale such a wonderful event—They're blocked in 10 different shapes. Suitable for men in all walks of life. Every size from 6⅝ to 7½.

Men's Imported Sennit Straw Hats—Regular $2.00 and $3.00 values; at $1.50

☞ Simpson Crawford Co., Second Floor. On Sale Today.

$8.98 Couch Hammocks

$5.98

Made with the National spring, fitted with the six-inch mattress; sides and wind shield made of heavy-weight duck, reinforced chains, extending from the spring to the top of hammock. Two extra chains for hanging.

☞ Third Floor.

Die Stamped Initial Correspondence Cards

This offering includes box of 24 cards, with handsome gilt initial and 24 envelopes. "Initial correspondence" cards, as you know, are the latest fad. Prepaid mail or-ders filled.

19c

☞ Third Floor.

Remarkable Shirt News

$1.50 and $1.75 Soft Cuff Shirts at . . 95c

95¢

Haberdashers about town are asking $1.75 for the same shirt, but we class them as the best $1.50 shirt ever offered. They must be seen to appreciated. You could choose any shirt in the lot and not pick an undesirable one. All clean, fresh, and seasonable goods, just taken from their boxes.

The Materials are of "Nero Cilk" and an everlasting assortment of mercerized fabrics.

The Styles are all coat models, French cuffs, linen lined neck bands, and white ocean pearl buttons.

The Colors are all desirable, the lot including every color and size and stripe imaginable.

The Sizes from 14 to 17.

☞ Simpson Crawford Co., Main Floor. On Sale Today.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE, 19TH TO 20TH STREET.

Upside Down or Downside Up Filled With Ink

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

The Safety Type

The Pen You Can Carry in ANY Position

Screw on the cap and toss it in your trunk or bag. A splendid pen for summer and travel. Usual guarantee.

From the Best Local Dealers

L. E. Waterman Company, 173 Broadway, New York.

In Small Force Sizes for Women and Larger Sizes for Men

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

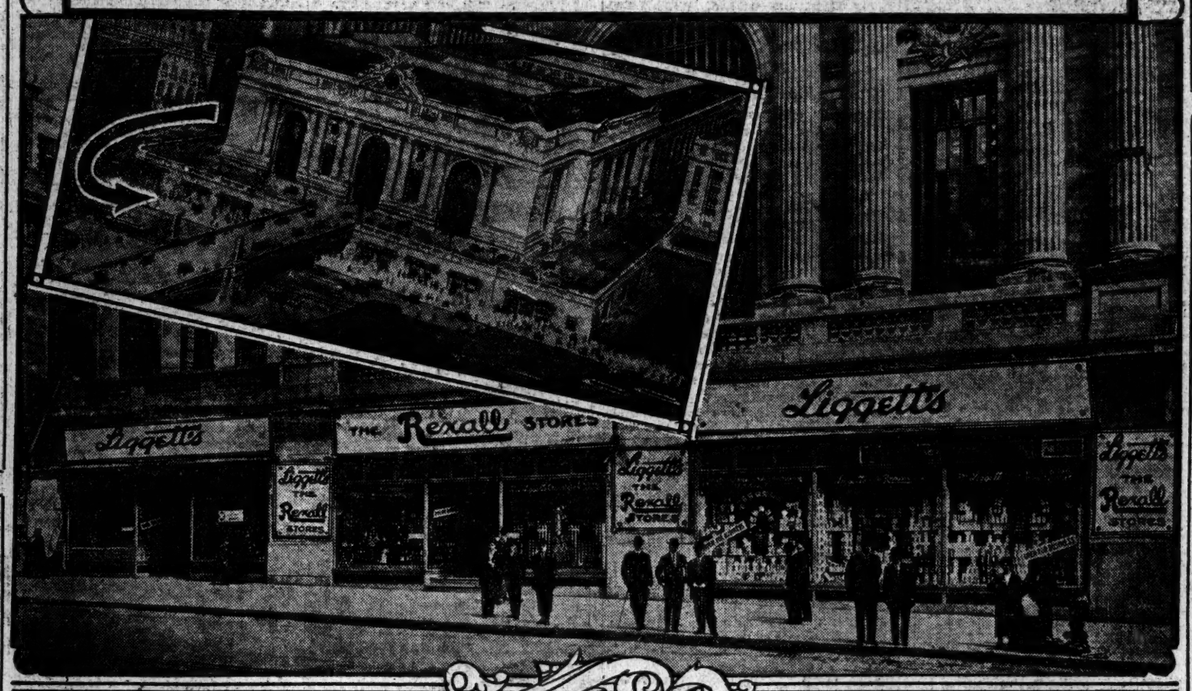
You've observed — that in front of the finest homes Ford cars are numerous. We are selling an ever increasingly greater part of our gigantic output to experienced automobile owners who have tired of the exorbitant expense of big car up-keep.

More than a quarter of million Fords now in service—convincing evidence of their wonderful merit. Runabout, $525; Touring Car, $600; Town Car, $800—f. o. b. Detroit, with all equipment. Get interesting "Ford Times" from Dept. F, Detroit; Ford Motor Company, 1,923 Broadway, New York; also Jackson Avenue and Honeywell Street, Long Island City.

TODAY THE GRAND OPENING OF THE NEW

Liggett's Drug Store
The Rexall Store

The 58th of America's Greatest Drug Stores
The Largest in the World



Liggett's Today formally present to the people of New York the largest and finest drug store in the world.

It occupies one-half the entire 42d Street front of the New Grand Central Station. There are 7,500 square feet of selling space on the main floor, and a soda fountain on the lower station level.

It is the 58th of America's Greatest Drug Stores to be opened—and the second Liggett Store in New York City. It is the newest and greatest of the 5,500 Rexall Stores that dot the map of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Come and see New York's newest wonder today. Help us celebrate and get your share of the good things.

Free Souvenirs | In Every Department of the New Grand Central Store Today!
Special Cut Prices

The merchandise features will be found also at Liggett's, Broadway and 34th Street—but the special souvenirs will be given only at the new store.

Liggett's new store is located in the Grand Central Station at 42d Street and Vanderbilt Avenue.

This Week's New Fashions

The New Liggett's Grand Central Store is Headquarters for the Ladies' Home Journal Pattern Service!

BEGINNING today a new, weekly service in connection with Ladies' Home Journal Patterns is inaugurated. The Home Pattern Company has very materially reduced the time which heretofore elapsed between the appearance of new Parisian modes and the production of such models, or their adaptations, in Paper Patterns.

Our Pattern Section will be of special service to suburbanites, who can get their patterns and style books right at Grand Central Station.

PURE FRESH DRUGS HIGHEST QUALITY

Take Advantage of These Special Prices

8c. Epsom Salts, pound box	5c	90c. Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, quart bottles	69c
40c. Camphorated Oil, ½ pint bottle	29c	25c. Bot. Cascara-Sagrada Tablets, 100, 5-gr.	14c
25c. Sugar Milk 5 pounds for	98c	25c. Essence Peppermint, 4 oz. bottle	19c
45c. Glycerine, pint bottles	36c	15c. Powdered Borax, lb. box	10c
25c. Spirits Camphor, 4 ounce bottle	19c	40c. Rose Water and Glycerine, bottle	25c
25c. Bot. Quinine Pills, 100, 2-grain 2 for	25c	10c. Flaxseed Meal, lb. box	7c
90c. Imported Virgin Olive Oil, quart bottle	79c	10c. Family Ammonia, pt. bottle	7c
		50c. Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture, 4 oz. bottle	25c
		25c. Blaud's Iron Pills, bot. 100, 5-gr. 2 for	25c
		50c. Fluid Extract Cascara, 4 oz. bottle	29c
		25c. Tr. Iodine, including Camel's Hair Brush	19c
		40c. Rochelle Salts, lb. box	29c

FREE!
ONE OF THESE 25c SILVER PLATED
Liggett's
Patent
Dose Measuring Medicine Spoon
With a 25c or Over Purchase at Drug Dept. of the New Store.

FREE!—40c ½-lb. box Liggett's Chocolates at the New Store
(With Each Dollar Purchase.)

PATENT MEDICINES

Note the Saving These Prices Mean to You

15c Allcock's Plasters	9c	50c Omega Oil	39c
75c Antiphlogistine	54c	25c Orangeine	15c
50c Angier's Emulsion	37c	$1.00 Peptomangan	73c
25c Atwood's Bitters	16c	$1.00 Peruna	68c
25c Beecham's Pills	15c	$1.00 Pierce's Remedies	69c
75c Bell's Papayans	53c	$1.00 Pinkham's Comp.	66c
$1.00 Bovinine	75c	50c Poslam	39c
$1.00 Bromo Seltzer	59c	50c Platt's Chlorides	34c
50c Cal. Syr. Figs	31c	$1.00 Russell's Emulsion	69c
25c Carter's Pills	11c	$1.00 Sal Hepatica	75c
50c Cascarets	37c	$1.00 Scott's Emulsion	65c
50c Cuticura Ointment	38c	50c Sloan's Liniment	37c
50c Diapepsin	34c	$1.00 Kilmer's Swamp Root	63c
50c Doane's Kidney Pills	35c	$1.00 Wampole's C. L. Oil	67c
75c Eskay's Food	58c	60c William's Pills	33c
$1.00 Father John's	66c	60c Bromo Seltzer	33c
$1.50 Fellow's Syrup	94c	25c Cascarets	18c
$1.00 Gray's Glycerine Ton	72c	35c Fletcher's Castoria	18c
25c Cascara Quinine	16c	50c Glyco. Thymoline	37c
$1.00 Horlick's M. Milk	73c	$1.00 Westphal's Auxiliator	43c
$1.00 Hyomei Complete	73c	50c Birt's Head Wash	33c
$1.00 Maltine Preps	73c	$1.00 Listerine	67c
75c Mellin's Food	54c	$1.00 Danderine	65c
50c Phillip's Milk, Magn.	35c	$1.00 Herpicide	65c
$1.00 D. D. D. Remedy	75c	25c Lax. Bromo Quinine	16c

Don't Forget the Free Box of Chocolates at the New Store
(With Each Dollar Purchase)

PURE FOOD SPECIAL

50c Combination bottle Queen Olives stuffed with Red Peppers..... **33c**

(Grand Central Station Store)

Liggett's New Store, Occupying One Half the Entire 42nd St. Front of the Grand Central Station

FREE!!
A 35c. Empress Ivory Pocket Manicure Set, containing Mirror, Powder Puff, Nail Polisher and File. This will be given free with any 50c. purchase of toilet goods at the new store.

(Grand Central Store Only.)

MEN'S SPECIAL
$1.00 Gillette Shaving Brush
25c Mark Cross Safety Razor
Both for
59c
(Both Stores.)

FREE!
A 10c. PATENT
TEA BREWER
with each 30c. half pound package of
Liggett's Opeko Tea
purchased today. You pour the boiling water in the pot. This brewer will do the rest.
(Both Stores.)

FREE!
(At Stationery Department.)
A 25c COLLEGE POSTER
By Fidler, with every 25c. or over box of Writing Paper purchased today.
(New Store Only.)

FREE!
A 25c. Can Violet Dulce
TALCUM POWDER
This will be given free with each purchase of a 75 cent bottle Violet Dulce Toilet Water.
(Both Stores.)

Opening Day Sale of Toilet Goods

Extra Special! A $9 Empress Ivory Toilet Set
(without case), consisting of 1 heavy Dressing Comb, 1 15-row Hair Brush and 1 Handled Mirror. Each article engraved to order with your two or three initial monogram. Sale price, complete.....
(Both Stores)
4.95

720 Leather Traveling Cases
Containing 1 Face Cloth, 1 Nail File, 1 Tooth Brush, 1 cake Soap, 1 small size bot. Toilet Water, 1 small size box Talcum Powder, 1 small size bottle Perfume. Complete, today, at.....
(Both Stores)
49c

10c. Heavy Turkish Face Cloths	4 for 25c	25c. Euthymol Tooth Paste	2 for 25c
$1.25 Imported No. 225 Hair Brushes	87c	$1.50 Bath Brushes, guaranteed	1.19
35c. Rubberset Tooth Brushes	23c	25c. French Imported Tooth Brushes	14c
40c. Hand and Nail Scrub Brushes	25c	50c. English Imported Tooth Brushes	36c
10c. Real Orangewood Sticks	5c	75c. Imported Hair Brushes	49c
5c. "Aer-Cel," Face Cloths	7 for 25c	50c. Silk Rubber Lined Sponge Bags	39c
50c. Manicure Scissors	39c	75c. Tourists' Cases, rubber lined	49c
25c. Manicure Files	16c		
25c. Wool Puffs, in glass cases	14c		
59c. Pebeco Tooth Paste	39c.		
25c. Calox Tooth Powder	12c.		
25c. Lyon's Tooth Powder	12c.		
25c. Kolynos Tooth Paste	15c.		
25c. Sozodont Liquid	15c		
25c. Pearl Tooth Powder	17c.		

FREE! A Good 15c TOOTH BRUSH with each 20c Tube of Rexall Tooth Paste *purchased today*

Extra Special!
One Ounce of
HOUBIGANT'S IDEAL EXTRACT
Put up in a glass stoppered bottle. Sale price (both stores)
$1.60

Thermos Special Extraordinary
$2.50 Thermos Bottle, 65c Thermos Carrying Case, Both **2.69**
$3.15 value
Ever buy these for so little money?
(Both Stores) (Rubber Dept.)

Special Combination!
ONE 98c. SIX INCH RENEWABLE
Manicure Buffer and one 25c. box
Liggett's Nail Enamel
Total $1.23 value;
Sale price today..... **69c**

A 50c Pack CONGRESS PLAYING CARDS and a 25c Leather Case, Total 75c value, Sale Price,
39c
(Both Stores)

FREE A 25c Hard Rubber COMB with each HAIR BRUSH purchased today selling at $1.00 or over.
(Both Stores)

Regular $1.50 EMPRESS IVORY DESK CLOCKS
Sale Price.... **1.00**
(Both Stores)

FREE! A 10c Face Chamois with each purchase of Face Powder, all makes of which we carry and sell at lowest prices.

25c. Sheffield Paste	12c.
25c. Rubifoam	17c.
25c. Colgate's Dental Cream	20c.
25c. Sanitol Tooth Powder	15c.
15c. Palmolive Soap	7c.
25c. Packer's Tar Soap	16c.
25c. Cuticura Soap	18c.
15c. Munyon's W. H. Soap	9c.
25c. Pears' (scented)	13c.
15c. Pears' (unscented)	10c.
25c. Household Labeled Drug Bottles, 4 oz. size	19c
75c. Bottles "New England" Toilet Water	50c
50c. Bath Towels, extra fine value	39c
$2.00 Bath Mats, extra fine quality	1.49

Headquarters For the Famous "Rexall Remedies"

Of which there is one tested remedy for each of the ordinary human ailments. We recommend Rexall Remedies with the firm conviction that you cannot find more reliable remedies.

We guarantee every Rexall preparation absolutely. So great is our confidence that these prescriptions will benefit you, we will gladly refund every cent if you decide any article has not proven beneficial or has not given complete satisfaction. Ask for one of our instructive booklets, entitled "It Means Health for You."

Rexall Liver Salts	25c size, 19c; 50c size, 35c
Rexall "93" Hair Tonic	50c and $1.00
Rexall Orderlies (the ideal laxative)	10c and 25c
Rexall Mucu-Tone for catarrh	$1.00

(Both Stores)

STATIONERY— EVERY-DAY NEEDS AT BIG SAVINGS

40c. Initial Correspondence Cards, box	25c	10c. Writing Tablets	7c
40c. Boxes Initial Stationery	25c.	25c. Combination Papeteries	19c
5c. Carter's Ink 2 for	5c.	40c. Boxes Bokhara Fabric	25c
10c. Moore's Push Pins	7c.	$1.50 Rexall Fountain Pens	97c

FREE! A 10c. pkg. of "L-B" ENVELOPES with each 25c. pound pkg. "Lord Baltimore" Writing Paper.

Free! One of These Dainty 35c Celluloid—Ivory Fans with each 50c box of
"Symphony Lawn" Stationery purchased at the Grand Central Station Store.
We are showing all the latest styles and tints of this fashionable writing paper and offer you a large selection.

(Merchandise at Both Stores.)

RUBBER GOODS

CUT PRICES		CUT PRICES	
$2.50 Maroon Hot Water Bottles, 2 qt. Guaranteed for 2 years.	$1.98	$1.00 "Monogram" Face Bottles	79c
50c Paper Vests, all sizes	39c	1 Yards Red Cross Gauze	38c
35c Sanitary Napkins, ½ doz. in package	19c	$1.50 White Enamel Ware Douche Pans	1.17
75c Household Rubber Gloves	49c	$3.00 Fountain Syringes	1.90
40c Absorbent Cotton, 1lb. package Long fibre, sterilized, finest quality.	29c	No. 9 Rapid Flow Fountain Syringes	1.57
50c Doz. Nipples, standard brands, per dozen	39c	$2.00 White Enamel Ware Bed Pans	1.57
$2.00 Para Rubber Chin Reducers	1.49	50c Stork Pants, for Infants	39c
$1.00 Atomisers, for Nose and Throat	75c	$1.00 Sanitary Enamel Irrigators, 2 qt. size	57c
		$1.50 Hot Water Bottles, 2 qt. size	98c

Guaranteed for 1 year. (Both Stores.)

FREE! A Full Size 40c Half-Pound Box
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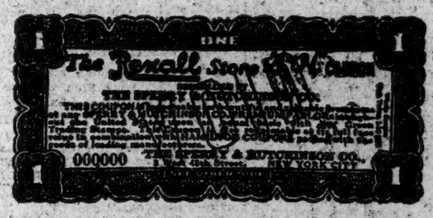
This 40c box of chocolates will be given free with any $1 purchase in any one department of the new store, except the departments of cigars and candy. Only one souvenir with any one purchase.
(This souvenir new Grand Central Store only.)

At Both Stores **FREE!** At Both Stores

25 Rexall Store Z.N. Coupons

These Coupons are only good for redemption when presented with a sufficient number of Rexall Store Z.N. Coupons.



Z.N. Store Coupons Are Given With Each Purchase of 5 Cents or More

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FREE! A 25-Cent Rubberset SHAVING BRUSH
This will be given free with each pint of Liggett's genuine West India Bay Rum at
50c
(Both Stores)

FREE! At the Toilet Goods Counter—Both Stores A 75c Nickel Plated Atomizer
With each purchase of a bottle of Georgia Rose Perfume at $1.
(Both Stores)

FREE! A REXALL WATCH
With Empress Ivory Cover
This will be given free with any purchase of $5 or over at any Department.
(Grand Central Store Only)

FREE

THESE BEAUTIFUL
Gold Lined, Silver Plated
BON BON DISHES
We shall today give FREE one of these elegant Bon Bon Dishes with each 60c. pound box of delicious
Fenway
CHOCOLATES
(New Store Only)

CANDY SPECIALS
Pure, Wholesome and Delicious

60c ALMOND ARABIAN CARAMELS
Each one wrapped—our price today, per lb..... 39c

DELICIOUS MARASCHINO CHERRIES
Packed in 8½-pound crated box, made to sell at 75c a lb., very special today, 3½-pound crate, special..... $1

60c MILK CHOCOLATE NOUGATINES
Delicious coffee flavored, covered with rich chocolate—special today, per pound..... 39c

FAMOUS WEST POINT CHOCOLATES
Special pound box..... 39c
(New Store Only.)

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(These can be had at the Cigar Counter of both our stores)

Every day in the year Liggett's carry the finest lines of imported and domestic cigars to be found in New York—the business being specially in charge of one of the best tobacco experts in the United States.

FREE—A Metal Match Case.
This will be given free with any 25c. or over purchase of cigars at either store.

FREE—A Spun Brass Ash Tray.
This will be given free with any purchase of $1 or over at either cigar stand.

FREE—A Hahway Pocket Lighter.
This will be given free with each cigar purchase of $1.25 or more.
(Cigar Souvenirs at both our stores—But no candy souvenirs with cigars.)

Your Shopping Trip
is never complete without enjoying a glass of LIGGETT'S
Perfect Soda
Made right and served right. Worth walking blocks for.
Strawberry Sundae..... 10c.
Perfect Chocolate Soda..... 5c.

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America's Greatest Drug Stores

Liggett's AMERICA'S GREATEST DRUG STORES
Grand Central Station and Broadway and 34th Street

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Kodaks, Brownie Cameras, Films, Plates, Papers, Chemicals, Developing and Printing, Enlarging, etc.
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Liggett's AMERICA'S GREATEST DRUG STORES
Grand Central Station and Broadway and 34th Street

HARPERS BOOKS

The Judgment House

By Sir Gilbert Parker.

Here is room for a few voices in the chorus of praise: "An intense story, in which the characters seem living persons rather than creatures of the author's imagination." — Pittsburgh Post. "Stands out like a lighthouse amid a flood of mediocre novels."—Detroit Free Press. "A masterful and majestic tale, which holds a reader gripped with the course of the story from the first page to the last." — Columbus Journal. "'The Judgment House' easily ranks as one of the best of his brilliant novels, and as one of the greatest that has appeared in many months."—San Jose Mercury.

The Turning of Griggsby

By Irving Bacheller.

Full of the same genial satire and humor as "Keeping Up With Lizzie" and "Charge It," and the most delightful love story Mr. Bacheller has written. Griggsby, twenty years after Daniel Webster's death, was still living up to the Websterian tradition. "The scarlet blossom an' the silver tongue went hand in hand." Then a young girl took things in hand, with interesting results.

Desert Gold

By Zane Grey.

"Like Zane Grey's other stories, this book is not one that a person cares to lay aside until he has learned the conclusion of the thrilling events."—Boston Globe. "—As our English cousin would say, this stirring romance of the Arizona desert by Zane Grey is simply 'ripping'—even better than 'Riders of the Purple Sage.'" — Philadelphia Dispatch. "As a story this is one of the best of the season."—San Francisco Chronicle.

The Opening Door

By Justus Miles Forman.

A brilliant story of New York today, with a sparkle and dash which makes this by far his most interesting novel. "Exceptionally brilliant and well written, full of vital questions interesting to both sexes and will be found worth while reading." —Philadelphia Sunday Dispatch. "Mr. Forman evidently considers suffrage one of the big questions of the day, and treats it accordingly." —Richmond Times-Dispatch. "It is an excellent story, revealing thought and study of life."—James L. Ford, N. Y. Herald.

Our Own Weather

By Edwin C. Martin.

This tells how the weather as we experience it day by day comes about; of its peculiar forms and constant movements from one part of the country to another. Here are the scientific explanations of cyclones, hot waves, fogs, floods, droughts, etc. There is no more general topic than the weather, and no subject which can be more delightfully discussed. While the work has, of course, a scientific basis, it is meant primarily for the lay reader.

COUNTY IS SCOURED FOR GIBSON JURORS

Twelfth Obtained in the Day's Third Session of the Newburg Court.

TEN OF THE MEN FARMERS

District Attorney Presents Case at Night to Expedite the Szabo Murder Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, May 23.—To find twelve men in this city and its environs who had not made up their minds that Burton W. Gibson caused the death of Rosa Menschik Szabo in Greenwood Lake last July proved to-day to be a task that severely taxed the jury lists of Orange County. When Gibson was taken before Justice Arthur S. Tompkins of the Supreme Court at the opening of his second trial on the charge of having murdered Mrs. Szabo there were in the courtroom 150 talesmen, who had been drawn especially for this case. Seven hours later the last of the talesmen had been examined and the jury still was incomplete.

A second panel, called for hurriedly by Justice Tompkins, arrived from the farms and factories at 7 P. M., most of its members having been drenched in a heavy rain. Those who responded to the second call received their notices from court officers who sped through the county on horseback and in automobiles. A man, 82 years old, entered the court. He was told he was too old to serve, but that his son would do. He was sent out to fetch his son, and he said he would bring the boy back if he could catch him. While he was absent, the court waited, as no other talesman was on hand.

Several Talesmen Deaf.

Among the talesmen arriving in the night session were men who were not citizens and others who were stone deaf. In an unending stream talesmen passed into and out of the examining chair throughout the day's three court sessions. One after another repeated the familiar story: "I have formed an opinion about this case which it would take very strong evidence to make me change."

That statement was repeated so often that District Attorney Jonathan Wilson, Jr., who examined the talesmen for the prosecution, and Henry Kohl, representing the defense, omitted all preliminary questions and asked as to each talesman's state of mind when he still had his hand up, taking an oath to tell the truth. A waiting line was formed at the examining chair, and talesmen were jammed along in rapid-fire order.

The twelfth juror, George W. Crisp, was chosen after two hours' examination of talesmen in the night session.

Justice Tompkins, to promote his plan for a speedy trial, insisted that the jurors hear the opening of the prosecution's case before adjournment. District Attorney Wilson told them he would be able to produce witnesses who saw Gibson throw Mrs. Szabo out of the boat when he was rowing with her on Greenwood Lake and then saw him tip the boat over when her body had gone to the bottom.

The District Attorney asserted the testimony would show that Gibson told a banker from whom he sought to obtain Mrs. Szabo's money that she died of Bright's disease, whereas he told others she had gone to Chicago to be married. He said he would prove that Gibson had a woman swear she was Mrs. Szabo's mother and the beneficiary under the will which Gibson had caused Mrs. Szabo to draw, when, as a matter of fact, Mrs. Szabo's mother had been dead for two years.

The taking of testimony will be begun to-morrow morning.

Humor in Examinations.

Sometimes in the dreary work of trying to get jurors flashes of humor enlivened the cortroom, and drew laughter even from the defendant and the Justice.

"Have you talked over the Gibson case with any one?" asked District Attorney Wilson of Andrew Rea, who was Talesman 108.

"Yes, I have," said the potential juror. "I have talked it over with my wife. She told me what her conviction about it was."

"And what effect did it have upon you to learn your wife's opinion?"

"None whatever, Sir, none at all."

"You are sure your wife's opinion did not affect you?"

"Absolutely, Sir. I do not even remember what it was."

From the forests of the Orange Lake section came a talesman, Ebenezer Bull, a sturdy farmer, with a flowing beard of the style made famous by Senator "Jim Ham" Lewis of Illinois.

"Do you believe in the enforcement of the laws?" queried the District Attorney.

"No, Sir," said the talesman.

"Do you believe in punishing murderers?"

"No, Sir."

"Anarchist?" said some one softly.

"No," smiled the talesman; "Quaker."

The search for jurors lapsed into a waiting game in the evening, in which any rain-drenched talesman who arrived was examined between intervales of waiting for more as the court officers sent them in.

The plan of the defense, it became apparent from the first, was to star Mrs. Gibson as the managing director. She sat beside her husband and Mr. Kohl, while Robert H. Elder, the Brooklyn lawyer, who conducted the defense at the first trial, played a less prominent rôle.

When waiting for the Szabo case to open, Gibson and his wife heard Justice Tompkins pass a sentence of death on Dominick Gerdvine, convicted on Tuesday last. The faces of the Gibsons blanched as Justice Tompkins condemned Gerdvine to die in the electric chair in the week of June 23.

Mrs. Gibson Moves Back.

The Justice, after a whispered talk with the District Attorney, requested Sheriff Sayer to have Mrs. Gibson take a chair in the rear of the room, outside the inclosure reserved for the defendant and his counsel. Mrs. Gibson obeyed, but from her new position she continued to nod approval to her husband as certain jurors appeared and to shake her head in disapproval of others. Once her affirmative nods were so vehement that Gibson's lawyer recalled a talesman and accepted him after having challenged him for cause. That, however, led the prosecution to challenge.

Mr. Kohl, in response to many questions as to whether he would put Gibson on the stand and thus open the way for the defendant's examination as to his record as a lawyer, announced that his present plan was to keep Gibson from testifying. Only the production of important evidence materially different from that introduced at the first trial could induce him to have Gibson testify, he said.

Two sessions of the trial are scheduled for to-morrow, with three sessions each day next week until the case goes to the jury.

The jurors are:

William Wilkin, farmer, of Crawford; William D. Canfield, farmer, of Wawayanda; B. Terry Hill, farmer, of State Hill; David Young, farmer, of Montgomery; Samuel S. Bull, farmer, of Monroe; John Emenecker, farmer, of Newburg; Stephen A. McLean, painter, of Cornwall; Thomas Hennessy, farmer, of Wallkill; Leonard Williams, farmer, of Newburg; James Kenney, carpenter, of Cornwall; Charles A. Reynolds, farmer, of Wallkill, and George W. Crisp, farmer, of Campbell Hall.

BEAR, SEA LION'S COUSIN.

Scientist Also Finds the Guinea Hen Is Related to the Ostrich.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Prof. Edward T. Reichert of the University of Pennsylvania, who for several years has been trying to discover a method of producing life artificially, has completed his first report on the underlying methods of the formation of protoplasm.

These experiments have led him to believe that he has discovered a logical basis for the reclassification of animals according to the forms of cell life. By a study of the different blood cells Prof. Reichert has found that it is impossible to mistake the blood crystals of one animal from those of another just as it would be impossible to mistake the animals themselves.

Dr. Reichert best describes his discovery by enumerating some of the animals that he has reclassified. In the old method of classification the bear was placed in the same family as the dog, the wolf and the fox. By the new method of comparing the blood crystals of these animals Prof. Reichert says he has found that the bear is closely related to the sea lion and the seal, and is not related to the dog, the wolf, or the fox.

In the bird world, exactly the same thing has been shown. Hitherto the guinea fowl has been classed as belonging to the same family as the domestic fowl. Dr. Reichert, however, has proved to his satisfaction that the guinea fowl is related to the ostrich.

CHECKS TO ATTEAUX BEAR WOOD'S NAME

State Produces Woolen Company's Strike Expense Vouchers at Dynamite Trial.

IDENTIFIED BY TREASURER

W. H. Dwelley Testifies That Wood Ordered Him to Pay $2,100 to Atteaux as Final Settlement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 23.—Checks, vouchers, and other documents showing that the American Woolen Company made two payments—one of $505 and another of $2,100—to Frederick L. Atteaux during the Lawrence strike were produced at the trial of William M. Wood, Daniel J. Collins, and Atteaux to-day.

W. H. Dwelley, Secretary and Treasurer of the American Woolen Company, was the chief witness at to-day's session of the trial involving the alleged "planting" of dynamite in the homes of strikers, and identified the papers, which bore the approval of Wood, the President of the company.

In admitting the checks and vouchers as evidence, Judge John C. Crosby ruled that they would not be competent unless other evidence should be introduced later connecting the documents directly with the alleged conspiracy.

These papers contributed the most important evidence so far introduced at the trial, and marked the fourth stage in the State's endeavor to show that the three defendants conspired with John J. Breen, a Lawrence undertaker, and Ernest W. Pitman, a contractor, to place the explosive so as to prejudice the cause of the strikers.

Collins and Breen have testified that they "planted" the dynamite; Breen has said that Atteaux paid for the work, and that Pitman furnished the dynamite, and William H. Rice, a quarry owner, has corroborated Breen's story of Pitman's connection with the alleged plot.

Dwelley, who was called as a State witness, said that Atteaux had offered his services to Wood to help arrange a settlement of the strike.

Dwelley told of being called into Wood's office one day, when Wood told him that he had made a full settlement with Atteaux. At Wood's direction, Dwelley said, he made out a check for $2,100, payable to Atteaux, and it was indorsed "in full for all claims to date." The voucher for the $505 bore the statement, "for expenses incurred in the Lawrence strike."

Dwelley said he had known Atteaux for twenty years, and often had seen him at the office of the American Woolen Company, both before and during the strike. The District Attorney endeavored to learn from the witness whether he saw Atteaux in the office about the time the dynamite was found at Lawrence—Jan. 20, 1912. Dwelley could not recall the dates of Atteaux's calls, and said that Atteaux might have called at the office at that time. He said that he thought Atteaux was there on or about Jan. 25, when several persons had gathered to discuss strike conditions.

The witness was questioned regarding the payment of unitemized accounts. Legal bills and expenses incurred by office employes were paid without itemization, he said.

"And you also make payments to candidates for public office?" asked Mr. Pelletier, the District Attorney.

"No, Sir," answered the witness, "I never pay politicians."

Except for the purchase of merchandise, Dwelley said, it was the company's rule not to require an itemized account for expenses incurred by any officer or any regular or special employe of the company.

Edward B. Lynch, Paying Teller of the Federal Trust Company of this city, where Atteaux had funds on deposit, took the stand and identified Atteaux's signature on four of five papers, which the District Attorney, J. C. Pelletier, offered as exhibits.

Leonard E. Bennick, a dry goods merchant of Lawrence, who was a member of the Citizens' Committee appointed during the strike, said that he attended a meeting of the committee at a hotel in Boston. Several Lawrence mill men, including Mr. Wood, were present. In the course of the meeting, Bennick said, he was called to the telephone. When he again joined the others, he said:

"Gentlemen, something terrible has happened in Lawrence. I have just received a message from the Mayor saying that dynamite has been found in different parts of the city."

"What did Mr. Wood say?" asked Mr. Pelletier.

"Nothing," answered Mr. Bennick.

The witness said that at a later time he and two others of the Citizens' Committee went to Wood's house, at Andover, to talk over the strike situation. Wood was ill in bed, and Atteaux was present, he said.

Government Needs Isle Off Boston.

BOSTON, May 23.—The deeding to the United States of Outer Brewster, an island at the entrance to Boston Harbor, for the purposes of National defense, is requested by the Federal Government in a letter received by Gov. Foss to-day and immediately transmitted by him to the Legislature. Outer Brewster is a mass of rocks about four acres in extent, and is suitable for small batteries or range finders.

Vermonter Is Yale's Prize Poet.

NEW HAVEN, May 23.—Announcement was made in Yale to-day of the award of the Cook prize in poetry, of the value of $50, to Edward F. Smith, 1915, of St. Albans, Vt.

ROBERT EDESON IS BETTER.

Actor's Improvement Aided by Encouraging News from Wife.

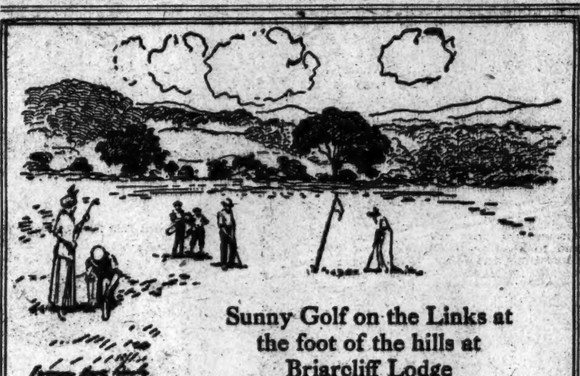
Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, May 23.—Robert Edeson, whose illness as the result of an accident caused the abandoning of last night's performance of "Fine Feathers" in the Mason, still is in a critical condition, but late to-day he showed improvement, according to Dr. J. W. Pollard, the attending physician, in a report from the Clara Barton Hospital. Aid to the actor's recovery came in a dispatch to-day from New York in which it was stated that Mrs. Edeson was not in a dangerous condition.

Mr. Edeson's temperature was 101 this afternoon, a material decrease from last night, when it reached 103.4. The accident occurred Tuesday evening when he made his fall in the third act of the play. The injury he suffered, it was said by the doctors, resulted in blood poisoning.

Boston Absconder Dies in Chile.

BOSTON, May 23.—The death at Valparaiso of Frederick T. Moore, former assistant receiving teller of the National Bank of Commerce of this city, who absconded with $53,000 of the bank's funds, was reported here to-day. Moore fled from Boston in 1898 when irregularities were found in his books. He was arrested in Valparaiso and a lower court granted extradition, but the Supreme Court overruled the decision, and in 1900 he was released. Later he became a leading photographer of Valparaiso.



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Mrs. Red Pepper, by L. S. Richmond.	1.25	1.12
Within the Law, by J. W. McConaughy	1.25	1.12
The Penalty, by Gouverneur Morris	1.35	1.22
The Mischief-Maker, by E. Phillips Oppenheim	1.25	1.12
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Land of Joy, by Ralph Henry Barbour.
To Love and to Cherish, by Eliza Calvert Hall.
Paula, by Victoria Cross.
My Friend Prespero, by Henry Harland.
The Weight of a Crown, by Fred M. White.
Like Another Helen, by George Horton.
Fates of a Fiddler, by Edwin George Pinkham.
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Original publishers' binding. All new stock.

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Mrs. Maxon Protests, by Hope.
Abe and Mawruss, by Glass.
House of Chance, by James.
At the Age of Eve, by Sharber.
Ebb and Flow, by Smart.
Drones of the White Veil, by Brown.
Dividing Waters, by Wylie.
The Borderland, by Halifax.
Her Roman Lover, by Frothingham.
A Prince of Romance, by Chalmers.
Big Horse to Ride, by Dewing.
Safety Match, by C. Hay.
Tales of the Town, by Davis.
Mrs. Drummond's Vacation, by Ryce.
The Arch Satirist, by Fenwick.
Out of Drowning Valley, by Jones.
Glamourie, by Johnson.

Street Floor, Livingston St., East Bldg.

The Successful Man Wears Good Clothes

THERE ARE SOME "BIG" MEN in the commercial world who wear slouchy clothing, but, as a rule, the successful business man is a well-dressed man. He is careful about his clothes as about everything else. He measures the business value of a good appearance.

The Loeser Store supplies Clothing for a great many men—and aim to sell nothing but GOOD Clothing to any man.

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The Loeser Suit fits properly and has such skillful and thorough tailoring that it will keep its shapeliness and good style until it is finally discarded.

Many of our customers find Saturday the most convenient time in which to make selection from our ample and new stocks. There will be new patterns here for the first today—and good service and full value for every man who depends on us.

Serge Suits in new models at $10 to $25.
Summer Suits of fancy fabrics, $12.50 to $35.
Light weight cutaway Suits at $25 to $35.
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The Well Dressed Man Wants His Straw Hat Now

Wherever successful men gather tomorrow you will see the new Straw Hats—such Straw Hats as are waiting for you here.

The new shapes and straws seem fresher and more attractive than ever and it is a mistake not to get the pleasure of wearing a straw during the first weeks of the season.

Prices from $1.50 to $10.

Men's $4.50 Oxfords at $3.40

Men who want a new pair of low Shoes for wear over the holiday will find this a good chance to economize.

These Oxfords are the product of a good maker who wanted a share of Loeser business and as an introduction sold us these Shoes for less than the regular price.

They are of black and tan calfskin in a smart London model, whose straight lines are attractive. Full round styles with low heels. A $4.50 value for $3.40.

Other new summer Oxfords at $3.50, $5 and $6.

New Belts for Men

are now ready in full variety. Our Belts are specially made for us and have unusual care in selecting leathers and in the workmanship. One man showed us a Loeser $1.50 Belt the other day that he had worn steadily, summer and winter, for two years, and that he considered good for another season.

Loeser Belts are 50c., $1, $1.50, $2, $3 and $4. Those at $4 are of black or tan calfskin, made tubular and finished with sterling silver buckles that can of course be transferred to other Belts.

Elastic leather Belts are a novelty just introduced by this Store. Ask to see them. Price is $1.

Percale Pajamas at $1.50

Made of a percale so soft it feels like lawn or nainsook, yet is very durable. All white grounds with neat hairline or cluster stripes in black or blue. We have a limited quantity to sell at $1.50.

Summer Shirts

New silk Neckwear in a variety that we consider particularly 98c., $1.50, $2, $2.50 and up to $6 each.

New Shirts with stiff cuffs in almost equally broad variety at 98c., $1.50 and up to $3.50 each.

Summer Neckwear

A great variety of washable summer Scarfs at 2 for 25c., 25c. each and 50c. each.

New silk Neckwear in a variety that we consider particularly well chosen at 50c., $1 and $1.50 each.

New all silk knitted Neckwear at 50c., $1, $1.50 and $2.

Main Floor, Elm Place.

Summer Underwear and Hosiery

Among the complete Loeser stocks men will find

Balbriggan Underwear at 50c. to $1.
Lisle thread Underwear at $1 to $2.
Silk Underwear at $3.50.
Sea Island cotton Underwear at 50c. to $1.
Gauze cotton Underwear at 50c. to $1.50.
Linen Underwear at $2.75.

50c. Underwear at Three Garments for $1.

Balbriggan, Sea Island cotton and white gauze cotton Underwear in regular shapes; subject to slight mill hurts.

$1 "Porosknit" Combination Suits at 69c.

White cotton mesh Combination Suits in various shapes; subject to slight mill hurts.

$1.50 Silk Socks at $1.19.

Ingrain pure thread silk Socks in black and colors.

65c. Silk Socks at 59c.

Black pure thread silk and a wide range of the best plain shades.

50c. Silk Socks at 3 Pairs for $1.

Black fine quality thread silk Socks; also a variety of plain colors.

Main Floor.

Summer Fiction at 10c, 25c and 35c

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ATTACKS JOHNSON FOR BARRING WOMEN

Miss Arden Says She Will Sue Fire Commissioner for Passing Her Over on Eligible List.

SEEKS JOB AS INSPECTOR

Commissioner, After Promising to Choose Her, Picks Men Only, Social Worker Tells Suffragettes.

The hard lot of women who are forced to compete with men after they have passed the civil service examinations and have been put on the eligible list was discussed yesterday afternoon at the New York Suffrage Association, 180 Madison Avenue. Miss Juliette Arden, a settlement worker, was the chief speaker, and in her address she criticised Fire Commissioner Johnson severely. She charged that Commissioner Johnson had discriminated against women in selecting inspectors for the new Fire Prevention Bureau, and that this discrimination was leveled at her particularly. She was now arranging to bring suit against the Commissioner, she said, on behalf of the ten or more women who had claims for salary due them ranging from $1,200 to $1,800.

"The object of these legal proceedings," said Miss Arden, "will be to establish the position of woman in cases where the law stipulates that applicants of both sexes are eligible to take civil service examinations. I am convinced that the exclusion of women among the Inspectors of the new Bureau of Fire Prevention, as authorized by the Sullivan-Hoey act, is nothing but a Tammany Hall scheme. Of course, it isn't desirable to have as Inspectors in the Fire Department women who are known to be engaged in social service."

The law establishing the Fire Prevention Bureau was passed late in 1911, and last Spring candidates for Inspectorships were called for. More than 6,000 men and 556 women registered for the examinations. Before the examinations Fire Commissioner Johnson appointed some eighty temporary Inspectors. Three of these were women, and they were assigned to the inspection of factories.

"Several months before the examinations were held," said Miss Arden yesterday, "I heard from an authoritative source that Fire Commissioner Johnson had already determined that he would never appoint a woman Inspector. So I asked him about it. He asked me whether I was going to apply. I had never thought of applying up to that minute, but I decided then and there that I would, and I told him so. Then he said: 'You may rest assured that you will be appointed if you come out on top.'"

Miss Arden said that she took the examinations, and showed the civil service list as proof of the fact that she "came out on top." She headed the list of women applicants with a percentage of 81.1, and was subsequently put on the accredited list, with five other women. These were Miss Deborah V. Sabsovich, another social worker on the Public Safety Committee; Miss Charlote I. Stollberg, Mrs. Olive F. Shepherd, Miss Ida B. Schwartsberg, and Miss Alice H. Hinschliff.

"When Commissioner Johnson made the appointments, on April 30," Miss Arden said, "he selected sixty-eight men for the positions. He did not even consider the six women on the accredited list, which included my name. He selected men whose percentages were away below the percentages of these women. There was a list of 181 to select from, of which twenty-seven were women. None of the three factory Inspectors who had been temporary appointees was among the first six on the women's list."

When a committee of the disappointed women applicants called on the Commissioner on May 2, Miss Arden asserted, Mr. Johnson told them that their place was "in the home," and that, anyway, a new law had been passed giving supervision of such factory inspections as women had been employed for to the State Department of Labor.

"That is where he erred," asserted Miss Arden. "Such a law never passed. The law which was passed specifically denied the State Department of Labor supervision over factories in New York City. Only one exception was made, and that pertained to the inspection of factory exits. Inspectors of roofs, sprinkling systems, smoking, automatic fire alarms, and windows were specifically left with the Fire Department. Those inspections could all be performed by women as well as by men, and the fact that twenty-seven women passed the examination covering such inspections is proof sufficient of that assertion.

"I wrote to Commissioner Johnson on May 2 and May 9 calling his attention to his promise that he would surely make me an Inspector if I came out on top. He replied to both of my letters after Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch and others had called his attention to his oversight of the women on the accredited list."

This is Fire Commissioner Johnson's replay to her letters, which Miss Arden read at the meeting:

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT,
New York, May 12, 1913.

Miss Juliette Arden, 4 West Ninety-first Street.

Dear Madam: I have received your several letters, including that of May 2, referred to in yours of May 9. For the particular work at hand it is my judgment that it is best for me to appoint only from the men's list. I have explained my views fully to your committee and they understand the situation. This I regard as for the best interest of the Board of Fire Prevention, and is not to be taken as a discrimination against your sex as such.

There were only three temporary Inspectors and the work which they did is never to be undertaken, under new laws, by a newly organized department of the State Government. This decision you may regard as final. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH JOHNSON, Fire Commissioner.

A committee of women wrote to Mayor Gaynor, Miss Arden said, putting the matter before him, but the Mayor had not answered their letter, she asserted. Miss Arden said that she had gone to the Mayor's office three times in the last week, and that she had failed to obtain an audience each time.

"It cost the 27 women applicants more than $5,000 for instruction in civil service coaching schools," said Miss Arden. "Some $3,500 was spent in literature, and $250 in notary fees. Three of the successful applicants lost their positions because of the investigations made by the Civil Service Commission. Is that fair?"

When Commissioner Johnson was told yesterday that Miss Arden intended to bring a suit for damages against him he did not seem very much worried. He denied that he had made any promises to Miss Arden, and explained that the appointments were wholly within the discretion of the Commissioner.

CONSULATE OFFICIAL FINED.

Camino Convicted of Assaulting Chauffeur Who Defended a Woman.

Angel Perez de Camino, Secretary of the Cuban Consulate, who lives at 257 West 143d Street, was fined $25 by the Justices in Special Sessions yesterday following his conviction for assaulting E. C. Nagle, a taxicab chauffeur, who attempted to defend a young woman, whom Camino was beating.

The fight, which resulted in Camino's arrest, took place on Central Park West, between Eighty-first and Eighty-second Streets. Nagle had taken the defendant and Mme. Maria Zamacona Vins de Vigil, widow of a Spanish opera singer, for a drive. Camino ordered the cab to stop, and as soon as Nagle stopped it, Camino threw the young woman to the street and began to kick her. Nagle interfered and was knocked down by Camino, who was arrested. Mme. de Vigil refused to appear against Camino, but Nagle insisted on having the young Cuban tried.

Camino said that he had been attacked with a fit while in the cab. He also said that when Nagle interfered he supposed that the chauffeur was trying to steal some of Mme. de Vigil's diamonds. Her husband was killed during the revolution in Mexico City in March.

ROOSEVELT'S LIBEL CASE BEGINS MONDAY

Colonel Going to Michigan to Press His $10,000 Action Against an Editor.

MANY WITNESSES CALLED

Publisher Will Contend That Editorial Was Privileged and Will Try to Prove It Was True.

MARQUETTE, Mich., May 23.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt is coming here on Monday to press his $10,000 libel suit against George A. Newett of Ishpeming, editor of The Iron Ore, for publishing the statement: "Roosevelt gets drunk, and that not infrequently, and all his intimates know it."

The case is set for Monday and the trial will probably last two weeks. Col. Roosevelt will be the guest of his friend, George Shiras, who is famous as a photographer of wild animals in their native jungles. The Colonel's attorneys are James H. Pound of Detroit and W. S. Hill of Marquette. Mr. Newett will be represented by William P. Belden of Ishpeming and Horace Andrews of Cleveland. The pending trial is the sole topic of conversation in this section of the country.

A large number of depositions have been taken on each side, and there will be a goodly array of witnesses. Local lawyers believe that a jury can be obtained in four days, owing to the fact that the case has not been "tried in the newspapers."

When the suit was filed, Judge Flannigan induced both parties to the action to pledge themselves to refrain from discussing the case with newspaper men and to keep secret the contents of the depositions and names of witnesses. The pledges have been kept, and to-day no outsider in this region knows the name of a defense witness except that of an Ohio newspaper man whose paper published his deposition.

Mr. Newett is a Republican and supported Mr. Taft in the Presidential fight. The publication of the Roosevelt editorial was an incident of that struggle. He will assert that the article was privileged as comment on a public character running for public office, and as a secondary line of resistance he will attempt to prove that the editorial was true.

The defendant is a man of middle age, with iron-gray hair, a cropped mustache, and a "fighting" face. He is comfortably situated financially.

NO UNION, SAYS ROOSEVELT.

Talk of Progressive Fusion with Old Parties Is Idle, He Writes.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., May 23.—Col. Roosevelt, in a letter to Dr. A. H. Austin, Chairman of the Banquet Committee of the Greenwich Progressive Party, replying to an invitation to attend last night's banquet, reasserted his opposition to any union of the Progressive Party with the Democrats or Republicans.

"The Progressive Party stands today precisely where the Republican Party stood in the days of Lincoln, when it was the Progressive Party of the nation," he wrote. "It is as idle to talk of our amalgamation with either of the old party machines as it would have been to talk of the Lincoln Republicans amalgamating with either the Bourbon Democrats or the Cotton Whigs of their day.

"We stand absolutely for our platform. We believe in applying the principles of the platform to party management as well as to government. There is no place in our ranks for the boss, for the man who represents the alliance between privilege in business and privilege in politics.

"I firmly believe that there are literally millions of Progressives among the rank and file of the Republican and Democratic Parties, and that these men will sooner or later realize that they can do nothing where they are, and the only way they can efficiently fight for social and industrial justice, for political and economical freedom, for equality of opportunity, is by joining the Progressive Party. They shall have exact equality of treatment with us, without regard to whether they are ex-Democrats or ex-Republicans. We welcome all honest men to our ranks."

CONFESSES GUILT AFTER ACQUITTAL

Milo, Discharged by Court, Takes Stand and Admits Assault to Clear Another.

THEN BOTH MEN GO FREE

Fifth Amendment to United States Constitution Forbids Milo's Being Tried Again.

No writer of fiction in desperate straits for a happy ending ever called in the long arm of coincidence to supply a more amazing turn of fortune than sober fact and the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States provided for an Italian on trial for assault before Judge Malone in General Sessions yesterday.

During the recent garment workers' strike, Israel Frank, a tailor, of 237 East Tenth Street, was beaten over the head with a club by two men. The police arrested Maure Milo of 205 First Avenue, and Peter Fasanella of 215 Ninth Avenue, charging them with the assault. Their trial was on yesterday.

After the trial had begun Assistant District Attorney Rubin asked Judge Malone to direct the jury to acquit Milo on the ground that there was not sufficient evidence to convict.

This was done, and Milo was informed that the law had no further claim on him. Then the trial of his alleged confederate, Fasanella, proceeded.

Milo was called to the stand as a witness for the accused. He promptly testified that Fasanella could not possibly have committed the assault as he had done it himself.

The jury was out just three minutes and returned with a verdict that Fasanella was not guilty. Thereupon the Fifth Amendment steps in and says: "Nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb," and Milo, the confessed offender, was also allowed to walk out of court a free man.

It all happened so quickly as to take away the breath of even the oldest court attendant.

DEMOCRACY AT HARVARD.

Dr. Lowell Says the Dormitories Have a Leveling Influence.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Dr. Abbott Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard, told 300 members of the Associated Harvard Clubs to-day that the university was becoming more democratic.

"The democratic spirit which we have all wanted to see more prevalent at Harvard and the lack of which has been a cause of criticism is growing into an actual fact," he said.

"This development has been aided by the erection of four or five dormitories on the campus for the special use of freshmen, who are thus brought into closer contact with one another, to the end that there shall be no distinction of Northerner, Southerner, Easterner or Westerner."

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The story shows far better workmanship than "The Broad Highway."—*New York Sun.*

Marks an advance in the writer's art. . . . Packed with adventure and with sentiment, with a style of rare charm and distinction.—*New York Times.*

If there is a real genius at work writing to-day he is the author of "The Broad Highway" and "The Amateur Gentleman."—*Book News Monthly, Philadelphia.*

Combines and excels the virtues of his previous books.—*London Morning Post.*

Shows an advance of power on the writer's earlier work.—*London Quarterly Review.*

His ink pot appears to be the fountain of perpetual youth, and his pen the staff of life.—*London Evening Standard.*

In fifty and a hundred years' time it will be read just as interestingly as are now the works of Scott and Thackeray after the lapse of so many decades. . . . If he never writes another book, Mr. Farnol has won himself an enduring place in literature.—*Western Mail.*

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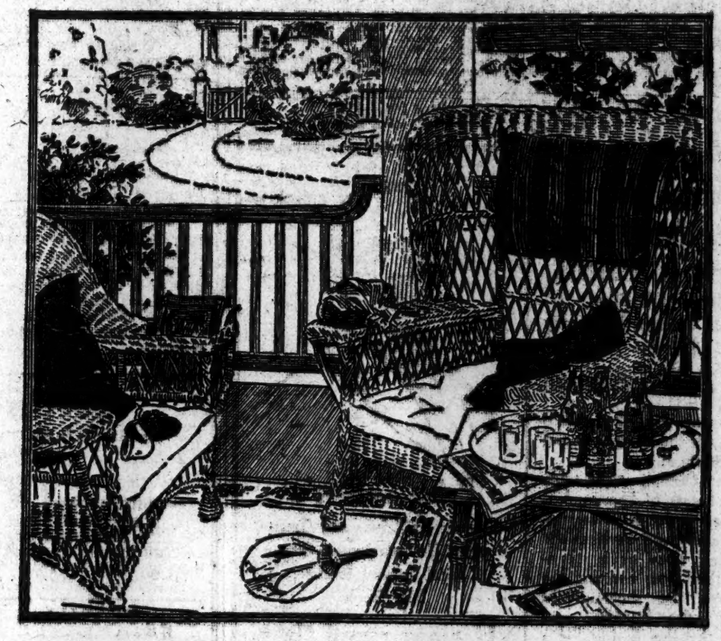

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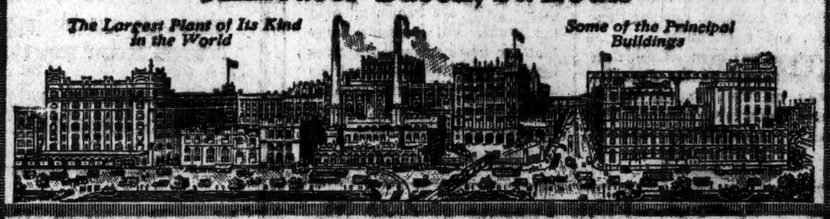

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BOSTON YACHTSMEN MAY BUILD DEFENDER

America's Cup Race Arouses Keen Interest in New England.

BOSTON, May 23.—A Boston cup defender, designed by a syndicate of Boston naval architects and backed by local yachtsmen or by popular subscription, was the proposition laid before members of the Eastern, Corinthian, and Boston Yacht Clubs to-day by Rear Commodore Charles H. W. Foster of the Eastern Yacht Club.

The suggestion will be seriously entertained, and the construction of a defender of the America's Cup, which will represent the combined genius of the leading Boston designers, George Owen, Bowdoin B. Crowninshield, Edwin A. Boardman, W. Starling Burgess, John G. Alden, and Fred Lawley, is regarded in yachting circles as reasonably certain.

Boston's first bid for cup defending honors was in 1885, when the Puritan, designed by Edward Burgess, was built by a syndicate and successfully defended the cup against the Genesta. Two other Boston boats, the Mayflower and the Volunteer, were chosen as cup defenders in the following years, and fulfilled all requirements, but in 1893 the Jubilee, one of the last Burgess boats, was defeated in the trials by the Vigilant.

The next Boston cup boat was the ill-fated Independence, which, after being practically wrecked while rounding Cape Cod, was defeated in her only six races by both the Constitution and Columbia.

Since then Boston yachtsmen have been loath to hazard half a million dollars in backing the product of one designer that was destined to be worth only scrap value at the end of the season.

But the proposition for a seventy-five-foot waterline boat or a seventy-five rater appeals to local yachtsmen, especially in view of the fact that such a craft would show no more deterioration in value than did the Puritan, Mayflower, or Volunteer, which raced or cruised for many years.

The idea of syndicating the Boston corps of yacht designers, however, is a new one, and while Commodore Foster admits that it has some difficulties, he believes that these experts would eventually be found willing to sink their professional differences in the one object of obtaining the best that the city can produce.

It is believed here that there will be no cup defender produced at the Herreshoff works, for the reason that Nathaniel G. Herreshoff feels that, after the records of the Vigilant, Columbia, and Reliance, he would have everything to lose and nothing to gain. Furthermore, it is understood that Mr. Herreshoff does not feel sufficiently able physically to design, construct, and help get into racing trim any large-sized craft. Cup defenders are therefore looked for from designs by William Gardner and Henry Gielow of New York and by the Boston syndicate

EASTERN YACHT CLUB CRUISE

Will Omit Visit to Northeast Harbor This Year.

BOSTON, May 23.—The Eastern Yacht Club fleet in its annual cruise along the Maine coast this summer will plough practically the same waters as last year, with the exception of the visit to Northeast Harbor, which will be omitted.

The fleet will start from Marblehead on July 3, and put in at Portland, Boothbay, Camden, North Haven, Billing Cove and Swan's Island, reaching Bar Harbor on July 10, where the annual wind-up dinner will be held at the Reading Room.

There are three preliminary and one supplementary events of the cruise; the ocean race for the Clark gold cup, which starts from Newport on June 28; an open regatta on the same day off Marblehead for yachts not over 46 feet rating; the annual regatta on July 1, for which the Puritan Cup will be given, and the race for the Norman Cups from Bar Harbor to Marblehead on the day after the end of the cruise. There will be plenty of incentive for racing during the cruise, for in addition to cups offered by the three flag officers, the fleet captain and Francis M. Whitehouse, all of which will be awarded on a point system, there will be a special race in the West Penobscot for cups contributed by Morton F. Plant for sloops and Harry I Maxwell for schooners.

QUAKER CITY CREWS TO ROW ON HARLEM

Philadelphians to Compete in Seven Events in Memorial Day Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—All arrangements by local oarsmen who will take part in the Harlem River Regatta in New York on Memorial Day have been completed. The Philadelphia clubs will be represented in six and probably seven of the races. The Vesper Club has the greatest number of entries. They will be represented in association senior single sculls, senior double sculls, and senior four-oared shells. Carl Graef will row in the singles, Capt. Kelley in the senior doubles with Walter Smith for his bow man, and the four-oared shell crew is composed of Muller, bow; Lehm, 2; W. C. Smith, 3; Kelley, stroke.

Capt. Kelley has arranged to borrow boats from the New York clubs, as he will have crews in the American Regatta the following day on the Schuylkill and could not afford to take the chances of the boats being delayed in transit.

A four-oared gig crew will be sent by the Fairmount Rowing Club. This crew will enter the junior event and be one of the lightest crews the club has ever produced. Capt. McBride has a great deal of faith in this crew, which is composed of Campbell, bow; Staggers, 2; Haws, 3; Witte, stroke; C. Rose, coxswain. The Fairmounts will not have any crews in the American Regatta.

The Malta Club will have Granville Malone as their lone entry for the Harlem Regatta. He will row in the intermediate singles.

George Allison will be the only entrant from the West Philadelphia Club. He has been entered in senior singles and the senior quarter-mile dash, which races he won in the Harlem Regatta last year.

Entries Invited for Harlem Regatta.

The Harlem Regatta Association will receive entries for the intermediate and senior quadruple, junior, and intermediate eight races until Sunday night. Fifty-five entries in the different events have been made to date for the association's annual Decoration Day regatta.

NO SPINS FOR CREWS.

Harvard and Cornell Oarsmen Unable to Row in Rainstorm.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 23.—Weather conditions to-night were decidedly unfavorable for the Spring day events and Harvard-Cornell races to-morrow. The indications were continued rain for to-morrow, with clearing toward night. The managers fear that wind will follow the rain, which will make racing hazardous on Cayuga Lake.

Rain prevented the Harvard and Cornell crews from going over the course to-day. The Crimson oarsmen were on the lake twice in front of their hotel practicing starts, but made no attempt at rowing. The Cornell crews went out to-night for a short trip in the rain. The 'Varsity and Freshmen eights of both colleges are in the pink of condition, the coaches say.

The average weight of the Cornell 'Varsity is 170, while the freshmen will average 175, the heaviest Cornell has ever turned out.

CRANE TO REFEREE POLO.

Dedham Clubman Again Selected for International Matches.

BOSTON, Mass., May 22.—Joshua Crane of the Dedham Polo Club, who refereed the international polo match two years ago, will act in a similar capacity in the struggle at Westbury next month, it was announced to-day.

BRITONS' POLO HIGH-CLASS.

Piping Rock Team Defeated by a Margin of 10½ Goals to ½.

Fine form was shown yesterday by the British polo ists in practice here for the matches in June against the American holders of the international trophy. They won a decisive victory against the strongest American team they have met so far, scoring 10½ goals to ½ goal for their opponents on the Piping Rock Field at Locust Valley, Long Island.

On the English team were Capts. Cheape, Ritson, Edwards, and Lockett; playing in the order named, against John S. Phipps, C. C. Rumsey, F. M. Freake, (England,) and L. E. Steddard for Long Island. With the exception of Mr. Freake the polo ists on the latter team have been playing against the first Meadow Brook four who will defend the international cup at Meadow Brook on June 10 and 14 against the British team.

The British team scored 11 goals and lost a half goal for penalties, making a total of 10½ goals. The Meadow Brook players placed only one tally to their credit, and lost half of this score for a cross play by C. C. Rumsey.

The high degree of skill displayed all along by the British players with their polo mallets and their superb horsemanship, coupled with their decisive victory yesterday, has apparently convinced the experts that the American team composed of H. P. Whitney, J. M. Waterbury, Lawrence Waterbury, and Devereux Milburn will experience difficulty in retaining the cup in this country.

Capt. E. D. Miller, who is representing the Duke of Westminster, refereed the game. Rain prevented play at the Meadow Brook Field.

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A table has been set aside on the main floor of the store for books on the Panama Canal. There are several excellent new ones.

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TRAVERS DEFEATS KIRKBY AT GOLF

The National Champion Leads Throughout in Match with New Jersey Champion.

Jerome D. Travers, holder of the national and metropolitan amateur titles, will play A. F. Kammer of Fox Hills, Staten Island champion and runner up in the Fox Hills invitation tournament last Summer, in the final round of the Metropolitan amateur championship tournament over the Fox Hills links today.

Travers earned his place in the final bracket by defeating Oswald Kirkby of Englewood 2 up, while Kammer came through at the expense of E. M. Wild of Cranford, the margin being 4 and 3.

The Travers-Kirkby tilt proved a treat for followers of the game. From the moment Travers won the first hole in four, due to a long putt, he was always up, and although Kirkby was ever the "under dog" he hung on with commendable tenacity.

Travers never gave his opponent an opening until the first named pulled a tee shot to the trap at the short fifth hole. Kirkby, however, took three putts and Travers got a halve in four. He stood 2 up and increased the advantage to 3 up with a beautiful 4 at the long sixth. His approach there left him a putt of above five feet. They alternated in wins then, Travers reaching the turn 2 up, having gone out in 36 to 38 for the new Jersey champion.

When Travers won the eleventh in 4, and supplemented this by sinking a twenty-five foot pull for a 2 at the pond hole, thereby becoming 4 up, the gallery thought it was all over. Kirkby then got two holes back, Travers topping his second shot at the thirteenth and failing to get a 4 at the fourteenth. They halved the next two, but the match would have ended at the seventeenth had Kirkby not laid his opponent a stymie.

That left Travers dormie. To the home hole both got beautiful balls, but Kirkby's approach was weak, whereas Travers chipped to within six feet of the pin. After Kirkby overran on his long try Travers holed his putt for a 5, which gave him the match by 2 up. Travers got a 72, the card reading as follows:

Travers, out	4	4	3	5	4	4	4	3	5—36
Kirkby, out	5	5	3	5	4	5	3	4	4—38
Travers, in	4	5	3	5	4	4	5	3	5—36—72
Kirkby, in	4	5	3	5	4	3	4	4	3—36—74

Kammer took a good lead over Wild by winning the first two holes, and was 4 up by the time the fifth was reached. He reached the turn 3 up. After that Wild was able to win only one hole, that being the seventh, with a fine four. The card follows:

Kammer, out	4	5	4	5	3	6	4	3	4—38
Wild, out	5	5	4	6	4	5	3	4	4—41
Kammer, in	4	5	3	5	5	4	4	4	4—38—76
Wild, in	4	6	3	6	4	4	3	4	4—38—79

The side attraction yesterday was a four-ball contest, in which W. W. Travis and R. C. Mundy of Ardsley tied with W. M. Michael and W. G. Pfeil of Yountakah with a best ball of 73. The deadlock will be decided next week. The summary:

Championship Division.—Third Round—E. M. Wild, Cranford, beat Howard F. Whitney, Nassau, 7 and 6; A. F. Kammer, Fox Hills, beat James R. Hyde, South Shore, 1 up, (20 holes); Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, beat Chisholm Beach, Fox Hills, 7 and 5; Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, beat L. P. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 3 and 2.

Semi-Final Round—Kammer beat Wild, 4 and 3; Travers beat Kirkby, 2 up.

Championship Division, Beaten Sixteen.—Second Round—M. P. Lewis, Flushing, beat John M. Ward, Garden City, 1 up; E. Barnes, Englewood, beat Frederick H. Thomas, Morris County, 7 and 1; Fred Herreshoff, Garden City, beat T. Y. Birmingham, Wykagyl, 3 and 1; Max R. Marston, Baltusrol, beat H. V. Gaines, Wykagyl, 6 and 4.

Semi-Final Round—Barnes beat Lewis, 1 up; Marston beat Herreshoff, 2 and 1.

Third Sixteen—Semi-Final Round—Gilman P. Tiffany, Powelton, beat A. D. Swords, Morris County, 3 and 2; Lord, Brooklyn Forest Park, beat P. H. Jennings, Richmond County, 1 up.

Fourth Sixteen.—Semi-Final Round—M. E. Sprague, Inwood, beat E. M. Posey, Fox Hills, 3 and 2; A. H. Harrison, New York Golf Club, beat H. L. Pratt, Nassau, 3 and 2.

MRS. BARLOW'S TITLE.

Defends Philadelphia Golf Championship Against Miss Noblit.

Special to The New York Times.

NOBLE, Penn., May 23.—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of the Merion Cricket Club retained her title as women's individual golf championship of Philadelphia by winning the final match played to-day in the tournament, defeating Miss Edith Noblit of the Wilmington Country Club by 5 up and 3 to play. The match was played on the links of the Huntington Valley Country Club. As the result of Mrs. Barlow's victory the big silver loving cup will go back to the trophy room of the Merion Club.

The last time Mrs. Barlow and Miss Noblit met in championship play was in 1909, when Miss Noblit won in an uphill game that ended only at the nineteenth hole. To-day Mrs. Barlow played well, while Miss Noblit appeared to be a trifle off in her stroke.

Princeton and Pawling in Golf Tie.

Pawling School golfers visited Princeton yesterday and succeeded in halving a team match with the collegians, 3 to 3. Opposed to Philip Carter, former interscholastic champion, was John N. Stearns 3d, runner-up for the intercollegiate title last year. They finished all square. The summary:

PAWLING.		PRINCETON.	
Philip Carter	0	J. N. Stearns 3d	0
F. L. Robeson	3	E. M. Washburn	0
John Lummis	0	L. Douglas	3
E. P. Grier	0	S. Roberts	0
Total	3	Total	3

Middle Atlantic Golf in Rain.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—In a driving rain on the Columbia Country Club's muddy links the players in the Middle Atlantic States golf tournament went to the semi-finals to-day in all of the five divisions. B. Warren Corkran of Baltimore, who took a grueling nineteen-hole match from Allan Lard of the Chevy Chase Club; Walcott Tuckerman, also of the Chevy Chase Club; C. G. Comstock, Jr., and W. C. Ballantyne, both of Columbia, were the survivors in the first division. Semi-finals and finals in all of the classes and a medal play handicap will be played to-morrow.

Freight Traffic Golf Winners.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., May 23.—The finals in the annual Spring tournament of the National Freight Traffic Golf Association were played here to-day. As in the qualifying round on Wednesday and in match play yesterday the players made the round of the course under umbrellas in a hard rain. The summaries:

First Flight.—C. B. Buxton, Philadelphia, beat J. E. Doughty.

Second Flight.—R. C. Moore, Baltimore, beat Charles Barsam.

Handicap.—Class A—Won by E. B. Fisher, Roanoke. Class B—Won by A. H. Orr, Pittsburgh.

Tom Morris Cup Golf June 16.

CHICAGO, May 23.—With the conditions practically unchanged from last year, the Western Golf Association has announced the programme for the Tom Morris Memorial Cup competition, which will be held simultaneously against par over all the courses belonging to the organization on June 16. Fifty-two clubs turned in scores in last year's event, which was won by the Los Angeles Country Club.

Red Sox Defeat Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 23.—The Boston Americans defeated the Buffalo Club of the International League here today, by a score of 9 to 4 in a twelve inning game.

College and School Baseball.

At Fordham—Notre Dame, 6; Fordham, 3

Michigan at Lehigh—Rain.

Williams at Amherst—Rain. Game to be played June 19.

Massachusetts Aggies at Holy Cross—Postponed, rain.

At Ada, Ohio—Ohio Northern University, 8; Michigan Aggies, 2

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Boston. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
(Wet Grounds.)
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Wet Grounds.)
Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at Washington—Rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Toronto, 10; Providence, 5.
Montreal, 4; Baltimore, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	20	7	.741
Brooklyn	19	12	.613
New York	15	14	.517
St. Louis	16	15	.516
Chicago	17	16	.515
Pittsburgh	15	18	.455
Boston	11	17	.393
Cincinnati	9	23	.281

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	20	9	.690
Cleveland	22	12	.647
Washington	18	12	.600
Chicago	21	14	.600
St. Louis	16	21	.432
Boston	14	19	.424
Détroit	12	22	.353
New York	9	23	.281

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Buffalo	18	11	.621
Newark	18	14	.562
Providence	14	14	.500
Baltimore	15	15	.500
Rochester	15	16	.484
Toronto	13	15	.464
Montreal	12	14	.462
Jersey City	11	17	.393

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Cincinnati
(Two Games.)
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Chicago.
Detroit at St. Louis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Buffalo.
Jersey City at Rochester.
Providence at Toronto.
(Two Games.)
Baltimore at Montreal.
(Two Games.)

REDS ESCAPE SHUTOUT.

Philadelphia Wins Final Game of Present Home Series by 4 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Philadelphia won the third straight game from Cincinnati here to-day, the score being 4 to 1. The visitors escaped a shut out through a home run drive into the bleachers by Almeida. Three double plays were made by the home team. Only thirty batsmen faced Brennan. Bescher, who made a pair of doubles, was the only man, in addition to Almeida, to get as far as second base. Both times Bescher was left at second, he being the only visiting player to be stranded on the circuit.

Philadelphia tied the score in the fifth inning on Cravath's double, an error by Tinker, and a double play. In the seventh, Cravath drew a pass, took third on Brown's wild throw to catch him napping, and scored with Luderus on the latter's home run drive over the right field fence. Suggs took Brown's place in the eighth inning and Knabe scored on his single and Magee's double.

To-day's game wound up Philadelphia's stay at home, during which the team won fifteen contests and lost three. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf.	3	0	1	4	0
Knabe, 2b.	3	1	1	2	4
Lob't, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1
Magee, lf.	4	0	2	4	1
C'rath, rf.	3	2	1	3	0
Lud's, 1b.	3	1	1	8	1
D'lan, ss.	3	0	0	3	2
K'lifer, c.	3	0	1	2	0
Br'nan, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	29	4	7	27	11

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, lf.	4	0	3	#0	0
Bates, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
T'ker, ss.	4	0	2	2	5
T'ker, cf.	3	0	1	4	0
M'sans, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
Alm'a, 3b.	3	1	1	2	4
B'gh'r, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2
Clark, c.	3	0	0	4	0
Brown, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Suggs, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Kling	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	7	24	13

*Batted for Brown in the eighth inning.

Errors—Tinker, Brown.

Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	.	—4

Two-base hits—Bescher, (2.) Cravath, Magee. Home runs—Almeida, Luderus. Hits—Off Brown, 5 in seven innings; off Suggs, 2 in one inning. Sacrifice hit—Knabe. Double plays—Tinker, Berghammer, and Marsans; Luderus and Knabe; Lobert, Knabe, and Luderus; Knabe, Doolan, and Luderus. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 4. First base on balls—Off Brown, 2; off Brennan, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Brown, 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Eastern Association.

All games postponed; wet grounds.

New England League.

At New Bedford—New Bedford, 1; Worcester, 0.

Other games postponed; wet grounds.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 8; Columbus, 5.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 9; Indianapolis, 2.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 7; Toledo, 1.
At Kansas City—Louisville, 9; Kansas City, 6.

Tri-State League.

All games postponed; wet grounds.

New York State League.

All games postponed; rain.

Southern Association.

At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 1; New Orleans, 0. New Orleans, 6; Chattanooga, 3.
At Birmingham—Memphis, 2; Birmingham, 1. Memphis, 6; Birmingham, 0.
At Atlanta—Mobile, 6; Atlanta, 0.
At Nashville—Nashville, 5; Montgomery, 4.

Federal League.

At St. Louis—Cleveland, 1; St. Louis, 0.
At Chicago—Pittsburgh, 7; Chicago, 1.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 8; Covington, 4.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—Oakland, 7; Los Angeles, 4.
At Los Angeles—Venice, 2; Portland, 1.
At Sacramento—Sacramento, 6; San Francisco, 5.

Virginia League.

At Petersburg—Petersburg, 12; Portsmouth, 9.
At Richmond—Richmond 8; Newport News, 5.
Norfolk at Roanoke—Rain.

Spitball Pitching Hurts Walsh.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Excessive use of the moist ball has affected Ed Walsh's digestion and has thus retarded his pitching, so that he has not yet reached his best form this year, according to Dr. James H. Blair, club physician of the Chicago Americans, in a report made to-day on the pitcher's condition. Walsh is quoted as saying his "arm is far from right," and attributes his success in the game with New York last Sunday to his "head work." According to the doctor, saliva needed for Walsh's digestion has been used on the ball, but with care the pitcher may be in his old-time form in a month.

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FLYNN WINS BOUT WITH JIM COFFEY

Pueblo Fireman, Near a Knockout, Rallies and Defeats Dublin Giant at the Garden.

Jim Flynn, the Pueblo Fireman, after an inglorious start when a knockout seemed inevitable, outfought Jim Coffey, the Dublin Giant, in the star ten-round bout at Madison Square Garden last night. It was a battle that teemed with exciting moments, and there was hardly a second when one or the other was not showing more action than is usually brought forth in a bout between lightweights. In the early rounds it appeared as if Flynn did not have a remote chance of standing up ten rounds under the energetic assault of his youthful opponent. But just at the stage when the crowd was bending to see the grizzled veteran go to the floor, Flynn would cut loose with an attack that simply swept the youngster off his feet.

The ringside weights were 193¾ pounds for Coffey and 191 pounds for Flynn. This was several pounds more than the Fighting Fireman has carried into the ring in his previous engagements, and there was a groan through the crowd at the announcement of the unexpected weight. Coffey, taller and many years younger, seemed to be in perfect physical trim, as contrasted with the extra avoirdupois which bulged over Flynn's belt line. The latter looked the veteran that he is, and in the first few rounds gave every indication that his vitality would have to give way to the superior strength of Coffey.

Up to the fourth round Flynn furnished occasional bursts of speed in answer to a series of uppercuts by Coffey, but he ran second to the Dublin boy in those early rounds. After Coffey tired from driving his two hands to the Fireman's face, Flynn would cut loose with his terrific swings from either side, carrying much more force than Coffey's blows, but landing less frequently. Coffey was entitled to the honors in those three chapters.

From the third round it was a different kind of battle. Coffey appeared to lose heart when Flynn came out in the fourth round with a rally that had Jim in distress, and from that time to the finish Coffey assumed the defensive most of the time. Flynn followed him around the ring, cornering him at times and on other occasions failing because of Coffey's fleetness of foot. But there was no denying that Flynn did the forcing after the fourth chapter.

At times Jim tired, as might be expected from a boxer in his thirty-fourth year and under such a pace as he had been cutting out. On these occasions Coffey jabbed and uppercut Flynn time and again without getting a return, but these rallies on Coffey's part were for the most part of short duration. Flynn was simply tiring himself over, and he always came back with the rushing and aggressive attack that forced Coffey to hold on in order to save himself from punishment.

In the ten-round semi-final George Rodel gained the honors over Soldier Kearns of Brooklyn. In the second round a combination punch and push sent the Boer to the canvas, and the count of nine. In the sixth he went to his knees from a glancing blow on the chin, but did not take the count. Rodel had the advantage in height and reach and Kearns had trouble reaching him. Rodel weighed 186 pounds and Kearns 202½ pounds. Kearns's left eye was closed from the third round.

RITCHIE AND RIVERS

To Fight for Lightweight Championship at San Francisco July 4.

LOS ANGELES, May 23.—A battle for the lightweight championship between Willie Ritchie, the title holder, and Joe Rivers of this city, to be held in San Francisco, July 4, was announced today by announcement of Rivers's manager.

There has been dispute as to who would box Ritchie, who came to terms with a San Francisco promoter some time ago. Rivers was the first choice, but he was under agreement for the date with a local club. A struggle for the battle followed between the promoters. Ritchie's manager said last night his man would fight in San Francisco only and this left the question of the champion's opponent in the air until to-day's announcement.

McCarty and Pelky Close Training.

CALGARY, Alberta, May 23.—Quiet reigned to-day in the rival camps here of Luther McCarty and Arthur Pelky, the men having closed active training last night for their heavyweight bout here to-morrow. The fight will start at 11:30 A. M., Mountain time.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Joe Kucera and Walter Brooks will figure in the feature bout of to-night's show at the Fairmont A. C., 137th Street near Third Avenue, the Bronx. For the past six months both boys have been going through the featherweight ranks at a pace that brought them up among the top-notchers and many of the leading featherweights in the East are included in the victory column of each boxer. Brooks has a large following in the Bronx, where he has scored most of his victories. Kucera made quite a reputation in the navy before taking up boxing as a profession. The ten-round semi-final, bringing together Dave Cronin and Carl Phelan, is attracting much attention as the main bout, as these lightweights are going to the front very rapidly. Cronin is one of the most popular boxers who has yet appeared at the Bronx club house. Frankie Young and Danny Foy will mix in a six-round bout, and there will be seven four-round events.

The programme for to-night's boxing show at the St. Nicholas A. C. calls for sixty-two rounds of boxing, with Johnny Harvey and Harvey Kelly, both of Harlem, in the ten-round feature bout. In the ten-round semi-final the contestants will be Young Marino and Young Mulroy. The remainder of the card will be made up of six and four round bouts.

Patsy Callahan, the Brooklyn featherweight, and "Special Delivery" Hirsch of Chicago will be the headliners of to-night's show at the Irving A. C. of Brooklyn.

Jimmy Mitchen of Brooklyn and Johnny Howard will do the honors in the star bout to-night at the Atlantic Garden A. C.

At the Olympic A. C. of Harlem on Monday night Eddie Kelly of Harlem will oppose Fighting Fitzpatrick of Brooklyn in the main event. In the other ten-round bout Walter Hennessey of New Orleans will box Jimmy Paul of Harlem. The usual number of preliminaries will precede the long bouts.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—5	11	2
Toronto	0	3	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	..—10	12	0

Batteries—Lafitte, Wheatley, and Kocher; Hearn, Goullat, and Graham.

AT MONTREAL.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	—3	9	2
Montreal	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	.	.—4	11	2

Batteries—Danforth and Egan; Mattern and Burns.

Other clubs not scheduled.

Pitcher Pape Quits Baseball.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 23.—Larry Pape, ex-member of the champion Boston American League team, and since Jan. 1 on the Buffalo International League pitching staff, has quit baseball and will return to his home in Pittsburgh, where he will take up his former occupation as an electrician. Pape's decision was announced when President Stein informed him that he was to be farmed out to a Canadian League club. Pape refused to sign with any league lower than the International, and when his demand for an unconditional release was refused he announced that he was through with the game.

Reds Purchase Pitcher Nelson.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 23.—Manager Tinker of the Cincinnati National League baseball team has purchased Pitcher Nelson from the Philadelphia National League team for $1,500, his waiver price. Nelson will don a Cincinnati uniform to-day.

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NOTRE DAME, 6; FORDHAM, 3.

Western Collegians Rally in Ninth, Break Tie and Win.

A ninth inning rally yielded Notre Dame a 6 to 3 victory over the Fordham nine yesterday afternoon at Fordham Field. Capt. Kelwe of Fordham, who was playing his first game after a month's lay off because of a fractured ankle, had tied the score in the eighth inning with a clean triple over first base, tallying Carroll. The Maroon's prospects looked bright and the largest crowd of the season, including a number of Notre Dame alumni cheered the players lustily. McErlearn was sent in to run for Kehoe, but Elliffe's pop fly to Farrell killed Fordham's chances.

Three hits and fumbles by Leach and McErlearn in the ninth inning gave the visitors three runs and the game. In Fordham's half southpaw Kelly retired the Maroon batsmen in order on pop flies. The Western collegians played a fast game and hit Pitcher Keelen hard.

Fordham was the first to score. In the third Flanigan singled, went to second on Keelen's sacrifice and scored on McGovern's double to right field. Carroll hit to Newning, who muffed the ball, and McGovern tallied, netting Fordham two runs. Kelly tightened up and the Maroon failed to score until Capt. Kehoe's triple net[ted] another run in the eighth. O'Conn[ell] starred for Notre Dame. The score.

NOTRE DAME.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'C'n'l, as.	5	0	3	1	0
Regan, lf.	5	0	0	1	0
F'rell, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0
Mills, rf.	4	1	1	2	0
G'f'ld, 3b.	4	1	2	0	1
Dugan, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
N'ning, 2b.	4	1	2	2	2
Kenny, c.	4	1	1	8	0
Kelly, p.	4	1	0	1	3
Total	37	6	10	27	6

FORDHAM	AB	R	H	PO	A
McG'n, cf.	4	1	1	3	1
C'roll, 3b.	4	1	1	2	0
Sh'key, 2b.	4	0	1	6	3
Leach, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Kehoe, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Elliffe, c.	4	0	0	4	3
McE'n, ss.	4	0	0	1	3
F'gan, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0
Keelen, p.	1	0	1	0	1
*Dooling	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	3	7	27	11

*Batted for Keelen in the ninth inning.

Errors—Newning, (2,) McErlearn, (2,) Flanigan, Leach, McGovern.

Notre Dame	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	—6
Fordham	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—McGovern, Granfield. Three-base hit—Kehoe. Sacrifice hit—Keelen. Stolen bases—Kelly, Dugan. First base on errors—Notre Dame, 4; Fordham, 1. Left on bases—Notre Dame, 5; Fordham, 6. Struck out—By Kelly, 6; by Keelen, 8. Bases on balls—Off Kelly, 1; off Keelen, 1. Passed ball—Elliffe. Hits—Off Kelly, 7 in 9 innings, (at bat 34;) off Keelen, 10 in 9 innings, (at bat 37.) Umpire—Mr. Oldis. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

Mercersburg Routs Lawrenceville.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCEVILLE, N. J., May 23.—On a wet and soggy field Mercersburg Academy overwhelmed Lawrenceville Academy here this afternoon by the score of 10 to 1. Lawrenceville seemed to have suffered a slump, for their playing was not up to the usual standard. Franzheim weakened in the third inning and five runs were scored. Schoew pitched a masterly game and struck out eleven men. The Mercersburg nine hit well, and this fact alone brought the overwhelming victory. Lawrenceville made a beautiful double play in the fourth inning, when Neuhaus stopped a swift grounder, which resulted in a double play. White and Carroll played the ball for the visitors, while Easton and Eastman did well for the home team. The score:

MERCERSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
White, ss.	4	2	2	1	0
C'roll, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0
Oberle, 1b.	4	1	2	5	0
Eetting, c.	4	1	1	12	1
L'gdon, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Schoew, p.	4	1	1	0	6
Mellen, lf.	4	1	0	0	0
Austin, 3b.	2	0	0	3	0
C'bett, cf.	4	2	0	0	0
Total	34	10	9	27	4

LAWRENCEVILLE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Easton, 2b.	4	0	1	2	4
Rogers, 2b.	4	0	2	4	1
Arndt, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Carter, c.	3	0	0	1	0
N'haus, ss.	3	0	0	2	3
E'man, cf.	3	0	0	0	1
R's'm'n, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Math's, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0
F'sh'm, p.	3	0	0	1	1
Smith, p.	2	0	0	0	1
B'l't'e, 1b.	0	0	0	1	0
Total	33	1	4	27	8

Errors—White, Oberle, Etting, Rogers.

Mercersburg	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	—10
Lawrenceville	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Struck out—By Franzheim, 8; by Smith, 1; by Schoew, 11. Bases on balls—Off Franzheim, 6; off Smith, 1; off Schoew, 2. Three-base hit—Caroll. Double play—Neuhaus, Rogers, and Mathews.

Montclair H. S. Champion.

Montclair High School yesterday afternoon won the New Jersey Interscholastic League baseball championship when it defeated the East Orange High nine in the deciding game by the score of 4 to 2 at Ashland Field, East Orange. Hill, a colored lad, pitched for the winners and checked East Orange whenever they threatened. He became wild in the fourth inning, and hit two batsmen. Hungerford then hurled the ball to left field in trying to get Taylor stealing third and East Orange's two runs came in. Montclair tied the score in the sixth and scored the winning tallies in the eighth on a single, an error, an infield hit and a fielder's choice. Hill fanned thirteen of the East Orange batters. Francke of East Orange starred at the bat, getting three hits out of four times at bat. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Montclair	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	—4	6	1
East Orange	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2	6	1

Batteries—Hill and Hungerford; Roper Babbage, and Francke.

Umpire—Harry Cole.

OPPOSES SUNDAY BASEBALL

Gov. Sulzer Will Enforce the Law if Local Authorities Do Not.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 23.—Mayor McEwan was asked to-day to stop Sunday baseball games between State League teams at Chadwick Park, in the town of Colonie, Albany County, by Powell Crichton, attorney for the New York Sabbath Committee. Sunday games at the park have been conducted on the club plan, patrons purchasing tickets making them members of the Chadwick Athletic Club.

Mr. Crichton claims these games are in violation of Section 2. 145 of the penal law, which, he says, prohibits "Sunday games which are advertised and to which the public is invited, and an admission fee charged directly or indirectly through some device or subterfuge."

Mayor McEwan turned the letter over to Sheriff Peasley for action.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., May 23.—Attorney Hitchcock, attorney for the Anti-Sunday Baseball Committee, returned to-day from a consultation with the Governor, stating "the result was satisfactory," and it is claimed that the Governor gave every assurance of his desire to enforce the law against Sunday baseball; also, that he said "the case is up to your local authorities. If they do not enforce the law, I will. The law is the law and must be enforced."

The State C. E. Union has received a letter from Gov. Sulzer, said to be of the same nature as this statement. Accordingly, the playing of games at Johnson Field, Westchester, is now going into the courts, and the C. E. Union is planning to carry the fight into every county in the State where Sunday baseball is played among the various leagues.

NEW RECORD IN NEW ENGLAND'S GAMES

H. P. Bailey of Maine Throws Hammer 153 Feet 8 Inches in the Stadium.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 23.—The general strength of Dartmouth's team and the breaking of the meet record for throwing a 16-pound hammer were the features of the preliminary events of the New England Intercollegiate Athletic Association's twenty-seventh annual championship games held in the Harvard Stadium to-day.

It was H. P. Bailey of the University of Maine who made the only new mark. He tossed the hammer 153 feet 8 inches. This displaces the performance of H. E. Marden of Dartmouth last year, 148 feet 8½ inches. Bailey will have a chance to better his mark in the finals to-morrow.

A drizzling rain which fell while the events were being contested made the track soggy. As a result the times in the running events were generally slow, and one field event, the discus throw, was postponed until to-morrow.

Norman E. Taber, the Brown captain, made the only fast run of the day in winning his heat in the half mile. Experts concede that Taber has the record within his grasp and that he should make a new mark to-morrow. He will run also in the mile. The Olympic star was only three-fifths of a second short of the record to-day, covering the half mile in 1 minute 58 1-5 seconds.

Dartmouth men claimed to-night that the Green's thirteenth victory in the New England championships to-morrow was assured by their successes to-day. Men from Hanover won places in each of the ten events in which there was trial competition, and Coach Harry Hillman has entries in each of the other four events. The only reverse suffered by Dartmouth was the failure of Engelhorn to qualify in the hammer throw. Three foul throws eliminated him from further competition.

Dartmouth qualified twenty-one athletes, more than twice as many as any other college, and nearly one-third of all the men placed. Massachusetts Institute of Technology has nine men eligible to compete to-morrow in the events which began to-day. Colby has six and Bates and Holy Cross five each. Qualifications by other colleges were: University of Maine, 4; Williams, 4; Trinity, 3; Brown, 2; Tufts, 2; Wesleyan, 2; Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 2, and Amherst, Bowdoin and Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1 each. University of Vermont was the only college which did not place a man.

Those who qualified, with the best performances in each event, were:

220-Yard Dash.—H. R. Nevers, Bates; C. O. Olson and L. C. Martin, Dartmouth; L. Bringardner, Holy Cross; D. M. Ashton, Maine; L. A. Wilson, Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Best time, 0:22 1-5, by Olson.

440-Yard Run.—I. W. Merril, Colby; C. W. F. O'Connor, and S. D. Rose, Dartmouth; B. Lee, Holy Cross; T. H. Guething and A. F. Peet, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; C. Mansfield, Tufts; F. R. Rising, Williams. Best time, 0:50 2-5, by Rose.

880-Yard Run.—N. S. Taber, Brown; J. M. Dolan, W. R. Granger, and L. E. Bacon, Dartmouth, J. Higgins, Holy Cross; R. W. Bell, Maine; E. B. Germain, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; R. L. Keith, Worcester Polytechnic Institute. Best time, 1:58 1-5, by Taber.

120-Yard Hurdles.—K. S. Royal and W. A. Meanix, Colby; G. A. Braun, Dartmouth; R. Mooney, Holy Cross; A. B. Cross, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; E. H. Hall, Trinity; J. Wendell, Wesleyan; J. C. Dewey, Williams. Best time, 0:16, by Wendell.

220-Yard Hurdles.—H. A. Woodman, Bates; W. A. Meanix, Colby; G. A. Braun and C. S. Riley, Dartmouth; T. H. Huff and B. S. Munch, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; J. Wendell, Wesleyan; E. M. Hay, Williams. Best time, 0:24 4-5, by Meanix.

High Jump.—P. R. Bassett, Amherst; W. R. Kempton, Bates; R. L. Enwright, D. R. Mason, and H. L. Smith, Dartmouth; H. A. Sage, Trinity. All tied at 5 feet 6¼ inches.

Broad Jump.—P. S. Smith, Bowdoin; F. D. Nardini, Colby; G. A. Read and J. D. Warren, Dartmouth; W. Colleary, Holy Cross; C. E. Fox, Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Best Jump—21 feet 4¼ inches, by

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES. TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex, 42d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Boston Av.
Staten Island.6 Richmond Tce., St. George
Jersey City.....538 Jersey Avenue
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DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Issued Quarterly—Paper Cover, per Copy, $1.50; per Year, $6.00; Full Cloth, per Copy, $2.00; per Year, $8.00.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them to any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers, directly to the Publication Office, or telephone Bryant 1000.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1913.

DUTY OF THE PRESIDENT.

The President of the United States is naturally the guardian of the rights of the Executive Department of the Government and is bound to preserve its integrity and proper independence from all attack, whether open or indirect. It is the duty of the Executive to see that all laws are enforced faithfully and impartially, and any effort of another branch of the Government to hamper him in this duty is an evil thing which he is bound to resist. For such purposes he is explicitly armed by the Constitution with the veto power. He cannot absolutely prevent the passage of a coercive measure, but he can compel the Congress to pass it by a two-thirds vote or not at all.

In the Sundry Civil bill the Congress is undertaking to coerce the President. It has tacked on that bill a provision that no part of a certain appropriation for the Department of Justice shall be used in prosecuting certain offenders against the anti-trust law. The Congress does not repeal the anti-trust law as to these offenders. It does not amend the law. It simply seeks to cripple the Executive in this direction. A more flagrant violation of the broad principle of equality before the law, a grosser attempt at favoritism and discrimination, has never been proposed. It is not likely that a separate measure containing this provision could have passed Congress. It is, we assume, beyond question that if the President was asked to pass on such a separate measure he would unhesitatingly veto it. Therefore the advocates of the bit of favoritism have shrewdly attached it to a great appropriation bill, so that the President must accept it or put the Government to enormous inconvenience. This cowardly and underhanded mode of accomplishing their object only makes that object the plainer, and calls for more definite and complete resistance.

Mr. WILSON is challenged in a perfidious manner, but we think that his duty is plain. It relates to two things. First, to the independence and integrity of the high office he holds. That is of immense importance. It is a fundamental principle of the Constitution. It is equally an essential principle of sound administration. There can be no efficient government on a large scale where there is not a clear and firmly maintained responsibility in the various branches of the Government. When one branch is allowed to force the hand of another branch, neither of them can be held to proper account. Mr. WILSON saw this plainly when he condemned the practice of attempting legislation by means of riders to appropriation bills. He now faces, or will soon face, an extraordinary example of this pernicious practice.

The second thing which it is his duty to consider is, as we have already pointed out, the embodiment in a statute of the United States of the vicious notion of class privilege. It may well be argued that trades unions and farmers' unions ought to be exempted from the anti-trust law. It cannot for a moment be argued that, while they are not exempt, the Department of Justice shall not use its money to prosecute them. That is so utterly inconsistent with the spirit and letter of our Constitution that the President, at all costs, should stop it.

THE ANTI-VIVISECTIONISTS.

The eight anti-vivisection societies of the Eastern States have met in convention and solemnly resolved to concentrate their efforts on Albany. Their leaders yield, outwardly, to the public sentiment which long ago gave its assent to the valuable work done by medical scientists in discovering the causes of disease and its methods of treatment by means of experimentation upon animals. FREDERICK H. BELLAMY of the Brooklyn Society wishes "merely to investigate" the practices of vivisection, and "not necessarily" to bring about their abolition. Mr. JEFFERSON BELLAMY premises the aid of Gov. SULZER and of the new State Health Commissioners, Dr. BIGGS and Dr. HOMER FOLKS, in the work of investigating the doctors.

That is a large undertaking. The Legislature has for several years past rejected the plea of the anti-vivisectionists on the ground that they have not made out a case for investigation. Dr. SIMON FLEXNER said recently that, during years of close observation of the anti-vivisectionists, not one case of cruelty to animals in the medical institutions of this State had been adduced to warrant their contention. When neighbor Jones seeks of the Magistrate a warrant of arrest against Smith for beating his wife, the first question asked is, "Have you seen 'Smith beat his wife, or have you heard blows and screams?" Without affirmative testimony to that effect no warrant is issued, there can be no investigation. It would be an insult to Smith and to Smith's family to issue a warrant on an unsupported complaint.

The standing in the community of the authorities of medical institutions is at least as high as that of their anti-vivisectionist accusers. It would be an insult to an entire profession to send inquisitorial bodies into their laboratories with the intent of "regulating" their necessary experiments, without a shred of evidence that there is any abuse in their present procedure.

LABOR AND AMBASSADOR PAGE.

What with "outlaw organizations" and a considerable amount of red tape in connection with trades union operations, it is not easy to determine just who among the labor leaders are trying to get President WILSON to recall Ambassador PAGE because his firm maintains an open shop. We venture to think, however, that Typographical Union No. 6 is not engaged in this silly business, or, if it appears to be, that it is being misrepresented. The members of that union are as a rule men of sense and self-respect, with entire capability to form their own opinions and to stick to their own affairs. They are not likely to approve any action committing them to extravagant and impertinent demands on the President.

If they had had objections to Mr. PAGE they would have made them known when the office was unfilled, or immediately on the announcement of the selection. They would not have waited until the Ambassador was in London and could be recalled only with ridiculous consequences to the Government and to the people of the United States. And we do not for a moment believe that they would at any time have insisted on such objections as are now brought forward. They know, for one thing, that it would be folly to ask that an Ambassador be chosen to suit a minority of the people, much more a minority of one class of the people which the trades unions share. In any case, if the leaders are contemplating action committing the members of "Big Six" to a demand for Mr. PAGE's recall, they would do well to take a referendum on the matter. Then, we are confident, it would be dropped.

PARK REFRESHMENT PLACES.

If the difference of opinion in the Bronx between Park Commissioner HIGGINS and some of the taxpayers concerning the lease of one of the public houses in Pelham Bay Park stimulates a general discussion of such leases it will be well. Of Mr. HIGGINS it must be said that he has served the people well and both preserved and improved the parks under his care. It is understood that he desires to select the lessee of the Pelham Bay Park hotel, while some of his neighbors insist that there should be a public competition and the lease awarded to the competitor willing to pay the highest rent. As to the merits of this particular case we have no special information, but, speaking generally, a change in the character and management of the refreshment places in the parks is sadly needed.

Probably no refreshment place what-ever is needed in Central Park now that there are plenty of restaurants in its neighborhood. In Van Cortlandt and Pelham Bay Parks, however, places where wholesome and palatable food is sold, though in no great variety, at moderate prices, are required. We believe that a majority of the frequenters of these parks would favor the prohibition of the sale of all intoxicants in these parks. The multitude of golfers in both could get along very well without beer or stronger drink, if they could get non-intoxicant drinks of a good quality and other light refreshments decently served. Establishments of the old-fashioned "roadhouse" kind should be barred from all our parks. Women and children predominate among the park visitors, and their comfort should be considered first of all. There is no call for elaborate lunches, and the bills of fare should be of the simplest description.

Doubtless the lessees of such places could not afford to pay high rents, but there is no reason why they should not be conducted profitably and with no chance of loss to the city. This is a matter which demands serious consideration. The number of visitors to the parks situated in the northern and northeastern parts of the city increases yearly, but no very serious attempt has been made properly to minister to their comfort.

THE ALASKA AND PANAMA RAILWAYS.

Delegate WICKERSHAM of Alaska has just given the Senate Committee on Territories his view regarding construction of Government railways there. He testifies that the Government would effect great economies in the transportation of its supplies if the railways now under the control of the monopolists were extended under control of the Government. The Delegate neglected to say how Alaska suffers under a monopoly which is controlled by Government quite as securely as any railway could be. It is not to be supposed, nor allowed, that the Government should operate its railways differently from other railways under the control of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which was established for the control of all railways. Neither did the Delegate say what might be the limit of the Government's loss on its Government railway over and above any economies which it might make in the transportation of its supplies. If the Government should keep any balance sheet—in defiance of time-honored neglect to do so—it could be balanced by a suitable entry to the credit of experience gained.

The people are also balancing their books of account with another Government railway, that at Panama. In contrast with the glowing promises of what might be accomplished for the relief of Alaska by a Government railway may be set over the accomplishment at Panama. Nobody has done this better than FRANK TRUMBULL, who has just returned from an inspection of the canal and the railway, and who has the experience to make his observations trustworthy and instructive. He says:

> The average capitalization of United States railroads is about $60,000 a mile. We paid to the French nearly $200,000 a mile, and we are spending about $200,000 a mile more to relocate and rebuild most of it. The gross earnings of the Panama Railroad are about $92,000 a mile per annum—as against $11,000 a mile average in the United States. The first-class passenger rate is 5 cents a mile, and its average rate per ton mile 4 cents, as against an average of three-fourths of 1 cent per ton mile in the United States; and when the railway was threatened with congestion the company simply notified prospective patrons that it would not take any additional business.

Mr. TRUMBULL might have added that the Government railway is still doing business with its transcontinental competitors in the same bad old way. Altogether Alaska might well consider whether it would not fare better under privately owned and publicly regulated monopoly than under Government monopoly, which is as like the other sort as another pea from the same pod, distinguished only by a somewhat less regard for the regulations which it establishes for others, and which at any time are liable to be imposed upon itself. Assuming that the appropriation of $35,000,000 now pending should be authorized, it is plain that all of it would be marked off the net value to the Government of its coal lands, now so thoroughly conserved as to be worth nothing to anybody. That amount of money might construct half as much mileage as would be built by those looking to profits for their reward. And if Panama offers any precedent, the rates on the Government railway would be above those on the privately owned and publicly regulated roads. It would seem as though the entry to experience in the people's balance sheet is about as large as the account would stand.

LONDON'S THEATRICAL ROW.

If there was any intention on the part of either of the theatrical managers who quarreled over the production of a new play by a member of the Rothschild family at the Garrick Theatre in London to turn the quarrel to advertising advantage he has had his trouble for his pains. The cable dispatches announce that the play, so far from making the sensational hit confidently expected for it, impressed the spectators so unfavorably that some of them called for the raising of the lights before the end, so that they could find their way out. Observers of theatrical incidents know that such is the result of overadvertising a play in nine cases out of ten. We can recall scarcely a single play, excepting "The Two Orphans" in New York, the chances of which were not injured rather than helped by a sensational quarrel of managers over its ownership beforehand. But "The Two Orphans" had already had prodigious success in Paris in its original French form. A. M. PALMER knew the value of the property the elder THORNE, innocently enough, tried to appropriate.

The recent Garrick Theatre row, however, could not have been deliberately devised for advertising purposes, as it was too real, and the under dog in the fight, Mr. SALTER HANSEN, said to be an American impresario, even went so far as to appeal to the American Embassy for assistance. The wonder of it is that theatrical folks will go through so much for so little. Mr. ARTHUR BOURCHIER is an actor and manager of ripe experience. He ought to know whether a play is worth fighting for. Obviously he does not, and it is equally true that the ablest expert in theatricals cannot tell, from reading the manuscript and watching the rehearsals, whether or not a play possesses vitality. In the commercial sense no play can be weighed and measured beforehand. It may be well written and well constructed and its characterization may be true to nature, yet it may fall dismally. It is a long-established theatrical belief which Mr. HANSEN and Mr. BOURCHIER have gone to such great length to verify.

A CITY ICE PLANT.

Mr. MCANENY's authority is so great that his suggestion of a city owned and operated ice plant as a corrective of the excessive price of ice in Summer must be considered on its merits, apart from prejudice regarding municipal ownership. The lack of ice through inability to pay for it promotes disease, and therefore it is said to be a city purpose to provide ice as a health measure, an incident of preventive relief work. Nobody loves the iceman. The brandishing of a big stick before his eyes can do no harm and may do much good. It may prevent the rise of ice this year, and in 1914 it may be unnecessary to build the city plant for which Mr. MCANENY merely provides preparatory studies. And yet the idea challenges criticism. If cheap ice in Summer, why not cheap coal in Winter and cheap meat all the year around? Exactly where should the line be drawn, and at what point will the courts intervene along the lines indicated by the telegram quoted below:

> Detroit, May 22.—The Circuit Court has granted a petition for a writ of mandamus requiring the Common Council to convene and strike out of the city budget the appropriation of $250,000 to build a city-owned car line. It was held that money raised by taxation could not be spent by the city to build the line.

New York already knew that special legislation was necessary for the city's entering the dual subway proposition, but it seems that excellent authority approves similar undertakings leading along a path which must have an end. Who shall say just where, and who can doubt that it is better not to go too far before retracing unfortunate missteps?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Blow at Enterprise.

Murder and highway robbery in combination as a New York industry or profession met with a most discouraging setback on Thursday. Trade along these lines opened with some promise when exploitation first started of the possibilities that lie in the well-filled money bags of messengers who make regular trips on ascertainable days between banks and places with large payrolls. It is little wonder, therefore, that some of our more enterprising and progressive citizens—or perhaps it is safer to call them merely residents—promptly decided that the problem of acquiring wealth quickly and easily had for them been solved.

Success, however, depended on a proper playing of the subordinate rôles that had been assigned to the detectives, the policemen on patrol, and especially to the attractively burdened messengers, and it seems that the confidence placed in them by the ambitious dramatists was undeserved. When the bearers of the money justified expectation by allowing themselves to be knocked senseless, the detectives, utterly unappreciative of a well-planned and well-executed plot, promptly recovered the magnificent booty, captured all the conspirators, and supplied the evidence that sent them all to jail. That was the first blow. Now an even worse one has fallen, for in the Thursday episode the messenger not only refused to let himself be either overcome or intimidated, but he drew a particularly voluble and confusing pistol of his own and began firing at his assailants so rapidly that they abandoned their attempt and fled for their lives. Then policemen, large, swift, and incautious, appeared on the scene, violating all established convention by doing it at once, and within a few minutes had shot one of the bandits and terrified another into surrender. Nobody seems to have been afraid except the innocent bystander—who had the best of excuses for fear in the lessons of experience—and the baffled robbers.

Hence the discouragement to which reference has been made. If bank messengers and policemen are going to act this way there is evidently less than nothing in the well-intentioned effort to revive here and now the glories of DICK TURPIN and the other knights of the road who made the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries so attractive—to the writers of romantic fiction.

A Dilemma Really Embarrassing.

Counsel of the I. W. W. leaders indicted for inciting violence over in Paterson seem to be both proud and glad that they have won for their clients the privilege of being tried by a jury drawn from a county that has had less experience with this organization than has the one where the silk mills are. The gladness of the defending lawyers is comprehensible enough, since it possibly gives their clients a chance to escape conviction which they would otherwise have lacked, but the pride they express in this achievement is decidedly mysterious.

It is mysterious because the very fact that the I. W. W. lawyers demanded a "foreign" jury was a confession on their part that, in spite of the many and great advantages over the prosecution which the defense always has under our system of criminal procedure, they despaired of finding in all Paterson twelve men without opinions of the Industrial Workers of the World so settled and so antagonistic that they could give the prisoners a fair trial. They may, indeed, and doubtless will, say that Paterson has been misinformed and prejudiced by representatives of capitalism in office and in journalism, but that explanation loses plausibility when one remembers what a large and powerful majority of Paterson's population is naturally disposed to sympathize with labor rather than with capital, and to give full weight to every excuse that working people have for attempting to coerce their employers into granting better pay and shorter hours.

At least in appearance, the I. W. W. is distrustful of the feeling with which it is regarded by the very people whose interests it professes to advance, and it does not care to put its fate, as bound up with that of its leaders, in the hands of those whom, if anybody, it has helped and is still trying to help.

The dilemma thus created is unreal only on the theory that the whole machinery of law in Paterson is controlled in the interests of the mill owners. That is a large contention, and for American citizens to make it brings more of humiliation upon themselves than of condemnation upon their supposed enemies. In Lawrence, where the grievances of the mill workers were unquestionable, and where the vilest of plots against their liberty and reputation were concocted and executed, jurymen were easily found to acquit accused members of the I. W. W. Paterson is much the same sort of a city, and there is no obvious reason why innocence would not be as safe there as in Massachusetts.

A Change in the Pistol Law.

That the concealed weapon law has not worked as well as was expected, or at any rate hoped, by those of us who commended it in principle, if not in all its details, is a fact too obvious for denial.

Criminals are as well armed as ever, in spite of the sternness with which the law has been applied to a few of them; while there has been a rather general impression among honest men, mistaken but none the less real, that they were wrongly deprived, if not of the means, at least of the right to have the means, for defending themselves and their property. And if the dealers in firearms are keeping the required record of their sales—which seems doubtful—we are not hearing of the promised good effects, and perhaps the worst consequence of the law is that many good citizens, as well as all bad ones, have defied or ignored it without suffering much from their consciences.

And yet the Sullivan law was in many respects excellent, and closely similar statutes have long been enforced in other countries to the satisfaction of everybody except criminals. One serious trouble has been that the requisite licenses cost too much, when secured from the police, and the Magistrates didn't like either the trouble or the responsibility of issuing them. An amendment just signed by the Governor may help to some extent, for it places this important duty squarely on the Magistrates, and it brings the cost to or near to nothing.

This is as it should be, for the rightness of having or carrying a pistol is not at all a matter of money, but wholly one of character and avowable need. Something very much like a natural instinct tells the honest householder that to make him ask anybody's permission to have a revolver in his bureau drawer, or even under his pillow, is a hardship, tinged with absurdity. A weapons law, to be enforceable, must be as considerate as possible of this feeling, and it was a grave weakness of the Sullivan law that it didn't do it.

SPRINKLING THE STREETS.

Cleaning Department Charged with Neglecting Its Duty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With the advent of the warm weather the question of street sprinkling, a vexatious problem of many years' standing, looms up large again. Our streets, crowded with vehicles in ever-increasing numbers, are dusty. The prevailing winds gather up this dust in clouds and blow it in the faces and lungs of the passengers. The brooms of the street-sweepers contribute to this disagreeable condition, and the wheels of the moving vehicles add to it to a large degree. Our principal streets become not only unpleasant but even unhealthy, on account of these dust clouds.

Merchants and property owners on Fifth Avenue, as well as in other parts of the city, pay a large amount of money to a private concern engaged in the business of sprinkling the streets. How badly this work is done is apparent to everybody who uses his eyes; our streets are alternately dry and dusty or so wet that automobile wheels skid and horses slip, to the increased danger of pedestrians as well as occupants of vehicles.

This is fundamentally wrong. The proper sprinkling, as well as the washing and sweeping, of the streets is the function of the Street Cleaning Department. Why should the taxpayers be compelled to pay tribute to a private concern for work done in a haphazard and faulty way when a city department is maintained to do this work well?

SAMUEL FRIEDMAN.

New York, May 22, 1913.

Deafness Not a Hardship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From time to time I see in the columns of your worthy paper some complaint about the noisy streets of the city. We poor human beings are living in an atmosphere of sounds which no earthly remedy or device can remove. If we were a race of deaf mutes we would still be in many ways disturbed by some of the noises made in the streets because we feel many sounds almost as distinctly as hearing people hear them. It appears that if we were all deaf such a defect would not hurt us much. Human progress would go on as usual. Though it may be a consequence of disease, deafness is not a disease. It is simply an absence of the sense of hearing. It has no effect on the individual. I have been totally deaf for nearly forty years and in all that time have lived a life of happiness. STANLEY ROBINSON.

Wappinger's Falls, N. Y., May 21, 1913.

Tardy Health Inspections.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If you will permit, I would like to protest through your columns against the inefficiency and general tardiness of the Board of Health in looking up cases of contagious disease. Recently a case of measles was reported. Eleven days later, when the patient was fully recovered, his brother was debarred from attendance at college, and is still unable to procure a "clearance slip" from the board, although the house was fumigated four days ago. Let the board investigate reported cases promptly, (within twenty-four hours;) eradicate some of the "graft," employ more men if necessary, but let us have more sane and efficient service.

HAROLD L. COSTELLO.

New York, May 22, 1913.

Park Squirrels Killed by Cats.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Stover may be correct or he may not be in his contention that the diversified diet administered to the park squirrels is injurious, but he should not worry.

The cats in the neighborhood will attend to the matter for him. Such squirrels as are agile and alert enough to escape the predatory felines constantly to be observed prowling in the parks day and night, especially in Morningside, won't be harmed by a mixed diet and will be educated sufficiently to provide a Winter store as well. The cats genuinely find the squirrel meat quite satisfactory, with the result that there are at present not enough of the little creatures to make a fuss about.

WALT McDOUGALL.

New York, May 22, 1913.

Trinity Corporation's Property.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would be a very becoming thing for the Corporation of Trinity Church to waive its rights to compensation for merely technical injury to certain unproductive property which, because it is unproductive, is untaxed. The Bureau of Municipal Research does well to emphasize the moral aspect of the problem, for the erring seed of our day is a higher, loftier morality in dealings between the State and its citizens—but to tell the truth, for the bureau to lay stress on the half-million tax exemption is not entirely sensible, since unproductive property should not be taxed and so either is exempt. E. F. G.

New York, May 23, 1913.

THE IMPORTER'S HARDSHIPS

Ex-Consul Urges Revision of Defective Customs Rules.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The impartial view expressed in THE TIMES, with regard to the administering of the tariff is the best thing that has been written regarding the methods of assessing and collecting duties in a long time. As a recent American Consular official in Germany, I had a splendid opportunity of observing the methods referred to and their consequences, in so far as they apply to the importer.

Why a firm importing goods should be compelled to pay duty upon paper cartons, cases, or other containers was always a mystery to me. Or why an article made, for instance, of cotton, upon which the rate of duty is 45 per cent., should pay a rate of duty of 60 per cent. just because a portion of the article happens to be made of silk (which rate is 60 per cent.) is another feature which could well stand an explanation.

As to the question of undervaluation much is left to be said. Under the present condition an importer is liable to be accused of undervaluation without the slightest intention or knowledge of fraud. For instance, an importer receives a shipment of goods from Europe, the items of which are charged to him by the foreign exporter at a certain price, which may, on account of some favorably peculiar circumstance, have enabled him to purchase them at a somewhat lower price than the actual market price. This in itself can constitute, under the present system, "an undervaluation case," and this may cause the importer all sorts of annoyances, delays, and be the means of having his statement regarding the purchase price of the goods viewed with suspicion and, in short, cause a very embarrassing situation. All because he was in a position to offer some inducement to the seller, such as cash payment, or secure a "job purchase," which every fair-minded business man will realize he is justly entitled to take advantage of. Yet such cases have been the cause of hundreds of shipments being held up, entailing no end of trouble and suspense to the importer.

The hardship inflicted upon the importer by the working of intricate technicalities of the present customs regulations has made the life of the importer, to say the least, a troublesome one, and set the foreign exporter thinking critically and suspiciously of our customs laws.

Surely the business that has developed to be one of so much importance, both for the country itself and the individual consumer, is entitled to fair play and logical treatment. The general public, unfortunately, knows but little of the intricacies and the annoyance of the import business, and now that the subject has been made one of general interest and will mean so much to the consumer himself, perhaps influence can be brought about to improve conditions which will no doubt make itself felt upon the purse of the buying public.

SIDNEY RICH.

New York, May 14, 1913.

PROTECTION OF WILD FLOWERS

Three Societies Are Working to Prevent Their Extermination.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The peril threatening our wild flowers is, unfortunately, not a new one; their destruction began so long ago that there are at least three societies for their preservation in the country, the eldest in Nantucket, Mass., a larger and more active one in Boston, and one in Washington. The Boston society issues leaflets from time to time for free distribution, hoping to check what your correspondent, "W. J. L.," rightly calls "our well-known wasteful extravagance." They will be furnished gladly to applicants by Miss M. E. Allen, 13 Marlborough Street, Boston, Mass.

It is not only the botanists who seem bent on the total extermination of our native flora, but about all who see a handsome wild flower pick all in sight. And what becomes of the lovely blossoms so thoughtlessly plucked? In many cases they are so wilted when the gatherer has reached home that they are immediately thrown away; in any case two or three flowers would be more artistic and decorative in the house than a large crowded bunch. This and much more for the protection of the helpless flowers these leaflets try to induce people to consider.

M. L. O.

Plandome, L. I., May 21, 1913.

ST. JOHN'S CHAPEL

Should Be Preserved and Used as a Civic Centre.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not shortsighted to sacrifice so fine a monument as St. John's Chapel to a fancied necessity? The wider Varick Street could easily embrace it in a long ellipse, as the old churches in the Strand, London, are embraced. Its beauty would be enhanced by such a treatment, and the fact would be asserted that New York is not altogether given over to a blind commercialism.

As a civic centre for that neighborhood the chapel would be most useful. Meetings could be held there where the duties and privileges of democracy could be taught. Noonday popular concerts, or picture exhibitions, or talks on questions of the day, would reach many people. The object lesson the old church gives of the city's past would be a stimulus to citizenship. Trinity Vestry, which has profited so by the city's growth, might be glad and proud to do this thing by way of testifying gratitude, and faith in the city's future, in so making perpetual such a temple of civic virtue.

ANNIE W. GOULD.

New York, May 22, 1913.

What Causes Baldness?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Noting in Thursday's TIMES that "J. W. H." says baldness is due to heavy whiskers, which take the strength away from the upper part of the head to the lower—attraction of gravity rather than capillary attraction, I suppose—and also that "X. X." says it is due to cutting the hair so often that it loses strength trying to make good the loss by the scissors, I wish to say that while I am not exactly bald—a bald man by my definition being one whose hair is so scant at the back that his baldness may be detected with his hat on—I am bald enough to be noticeable with my hat off, and I neither have heavy whiskers nor do I have my hair cut oftener than once in six months, and not always that. And it isn't my neatest, either, for if there were a quarter's worth grew I would gladly let the barber have it for that amount. Baldness is due to a lack of hair and that is about as correct an answer as anybody can give, because that answer cannot be questioned.

W. J. L.

New York, May 22, 1913.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you allow me a word on the discussion on baldness? I thought it was a well-known fact that men who wear stiff hats that prevent circulation of the blood to the roots of the hair become bald, even if some do not in spite of the stiff hat. Those men who wear soft hats have a good crop of hair, like Mark Twain, Col. Cody and others.

R. M. C. W.

New York, May 22, 1913.

New York's High Taxes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Controller is right in declaring that the citizens are demanding too much from the city as a return for their kindness in condescending to live here. Of course, it is really not "the people," but certain elements of them, skillfully led by designing persons, who, with specious arguments, delude them into the belief that the easiest way is the best way to get any and everything. Hence the taxpayers' rebellion.

Our Board of Estimate, including his Honor the Controller, should take a lesson from history. Columbus wanted the responsible officials of Spain to grant public funds, of which they were merely caretakers and trustees, in aid of his proposed expedition in quest of a new world. When they very properly denied him private generosity was not found lacking, and best of all, it was done for $70,000. If the public funds had been held to would have been saved more or much just as it costs $8 or $10 a week to keep a child in the parental school run by the city and $2.50 a week in the private charitable Homes which contrast with the city in care for its wards.

ROBERT P. GRIMM.

New York, May 22, 1913.

MUNICIPAL ICE.

Mr. McAneny's Plan Stirs Up Comment From the Icemen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The apparently authentic announcement that Borough President McAneny is sponsor for a plan for the city to build ice manufacturing plants is astonishing to those familiar with his conservative course in regard to the recent subway contracts, and to all who have any knowledge of the ice industry of New York City. As no concrete plan for a municipal ice business has been presented this is not the time to discuss the comparative cost of manufacture and delivery of ice under city control with those costs under private ownership, or the advisability of manufacturing ice rather than harvesting natural ice. But with so much uninformed discussion of the merits of the entire proposition it may be interesting to place before your readers a few facts.

Apparently the proposition is to have the city take up the ice business because of talk about high prices for ice which prevail or many prevail this year. And yet there has been no increase in the price of ice to families in this city. Why, then, should Mr. Average New Yorker complain about prices? He is not affected at all. In fact, investigation will show he is getting his ice as cheap this year as last.

It has been declared that the family price is higher than it used to be. Let us see. A comparison of ice prices to families from 1870 to date, by ten-year periods, (to save your space, for we have them at hand year by year,) reveals the following averages: 1870-79, inclusive, 60 cents per hundred; 1880-89, 46 cents; 1890-99, 44 cents; 1900-09, 41 cents; 1910, 50 cents; 1911, 40 cents; 1912, 40 cents. The general average price for 42 years is 47 cents. This is the first year of scarcity when the price to families has not advanced materially. In 1870, 1874, and 1890, years of short crops on the Hudson, the family price was $1 per hundred, a cent a pound. Compare that with 40 cents this year. Note the steadily decreasing average price from 60 cents to 40 cents from 1870 to date. With this record of price diminution why should there be any dissatisfaction with ice dealers? How many other necessities of life have so steadily declined in price?

The investigations of the high cost of living revealed increased prices for nearly every item of food in general use, many of them of 50 to 100 per cent. during the last quarter of a century. In the face of higher cost of every commodity from labor to hay and horses to insurance entering into the cost of the retail delivery of ice, the New York ice dealers have kept reducing the price of their goods to families, on ten-year averages covering four decades. New Yorkers have on the average paid less for ice steadily since 1870, year by year. But this apparently wins the ice dealers no public favor or consideration.

If it be not the price, what then is the basis of any demand for municipal ice? It cannot be the service, for the ice dealer does more delivery work, competently meets a more exacting demand from the public, than any other retailer, for a smaller charge. Year by year he gives more and more service—and for a lessening price.

Is it solely sympathy for the poor? That they need ice and cannot afford it? The poor must be poorer now than ever and growing poor faster than ice drops in price. It cannot be such sympathy alone, because the poor cannot use the ice given to them. The ice dealers of New York gave to the poor through the Mayor a year or so ago several thousand tons of ice more than the Mayor and the charitable societies could give away. Cast aside sentiment a moment and face the facts! The poor never have suffered through lack of ice. No one knows that better than the social workers in tenement districts, unless it be the ice men. The poor require no ice. They have no use for it, no place to put it, and it simply melts and wastes when given to them. They have no ice box, no refrigerator. They buy their food in small quantities for immediate consumption. In these tenements of the poor there is absolutely nothing in which to place ice to preserve it, prevent its immediate melting. Each year there is a lot of loose talk, and print, about the suffering of the poor for ice in Summer. The foreign born poor never heard of using ice in the household. They are utterly unaccustomed to it. The poor do not suffer, never have suffered, for ice. Ice dealers for years have given ice free in cases of illness on a physician's order and through organized charity. Except in such special emergencies, the poor do not need or even desire ice. True, they want to be cool in Summer and they have cool drinks. But they are absolutely without means of preserving ice so it will cool drinks or food, and as for their hot rooms, well, not even the rich cool their homes with ice.

These truths leave still dark the problem of who wants municipal ice and why. Perhaps some of your readers know the answer. We could understand it if ice prices had been ever mounting at the same average rate of all other necessities of life during the last generation or two. In the face of facts exactly contrary, it is not quite so clear.

HAROLD W. GOLDE,
Secretary Natural Ice Association of America.

New York, May 24, 1913.

TAXICAB TROUBLES.

Ho, for the taxicab!
Ho, for the fare!
Oh, for the passengers
Having to bear
The burden of taxes
On taxis to meet
The grafting conditions
To run on the street.
Please look at the list
Of the needy who squeeze
The poor taxi people
About as they please:
City officials
Of dignified gall;
Aldermen, portly
And heavy to haul;
Policemen too tired
And sleepy to walk
Who call up a taxi
And charge it in chalk;
Hungry hotelmen
Making demands,
With no right to do so,
For rights to their stands;
Bell boys, call boys,
'Phone boys, hall boys,
House boys, all boys,
Never a one
But rakes off a plenty
For what he has done;
Never a one,
Be he boy or man,
But lays for the taxi,
And grafts what he can.
Tears for the taxicab,
Help for its ills;
Generous passengers,
Please pay its bills,
For the taxicab owners
Most certainly must,
As a business matter,
Make a profit or bust.
And you, O generous rider,
You should be satisfied
By knowing why, at present,
It costs so much to ride
In a New York taxicab.
Fare, please.
What?

W. J. LAMPTON.

DR. WILLIAMS LAUDS THE TIMES'S INDEX

Will Use It in His Work as the Head of Columbia's School of Journalism.

INVALUABLE AS REFERENCE

Finds It Superior to Anything of the Kind Heretofore Published in This Country.

"THE NEW YORK TIMES is building up an institution which will prove almost invaluable to an unlimited number of interests."

This is the verdict which Dr. Talcott Williams, veteran newspaper editor and head of the Columbia School of Journalism, pronounces after examining a copy of THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, just issued. Dr. Williams's pet hobby is indexing, and his library, containing more than 400,000 newspaper clippings and about 50,000 biographies, is perhaps the most complete of its kind in this country, perhaps in the world.

Dr. Williams sees in THE TIMES INDEX far-reaching benefits, not only for the students of the School of Journalism, where it will be in constant use, but for the students, business men, newspapers, and corporations throughout the entire country.

"Any one who does serious work of any kind will realize the value of an instrument which collects in small compass, and under classification, current happenings," said Dr. Williams. "There are few interests which are not dependent on current history, and to obtain this, continuous and classified, is very difficult.

"The possibilities of a newspaper index are almost unlimited. It opens up an amazing number of fields which would not at first be apparent. The uninitiated will not realize at first perhaps, the universal application of collected newspaper items. I have been working with them, collecting and classifying for some thirty-five years, and I feel as if I had some certain knowledge of their importance.

Its Value in Archaeology.

"For instance, take archaeology. There are probably very few who would at first glance hold that the daily paper would be especially helpful to the archaeologist, whose business is with a subject which deals with the remains of peoples who vanished long years ago, and whose work has been finished these three or four hundred centuries. Yet in The London Times there have been published first reports of expeditions and explorations containing bits of information omitted in the final accounts published. That is where the newspaper has been able to preserve valuable facts. Some of the apparently trifling details furnished by the returned travelers would have been entirely lost had it not been for the newspaper accounts.

"The study of the modern stage is absolutely impracticable without some index of the happenings on the stage, not fifty or a hundred years ago alone, but from year to year now, from month to month. In preparing my bibliography of 'The Taming of the Shrew' it was only by means of an index compiled from the newspapers which contain the only continuous account available, that I was able to give an actual history of the performance of the play, and a far fuller one, of course, than had appeared anywhere else.

As a Record of the Stage.

"The difficulty of keeping an individual index of newspaper clippings has kept many people from realizing the value of such an index. As an illustration, I can cite the case of the man whom I consider our leading Shakespearean critic of to-day, who expressed great surprise at the idea that the newspapers could furnish anything valuable for a stage history of the Shakespearean plays. And yet the newspapers furnish a detailed history of Shakespearean productions, absolutely unbroken for three-quarters of the nineteenth century.

"'But while the collection of current events is of value to the leisurely scholar, its essential importance will lie in the opportunity it affords for instantaneous reference. The immediacy of THE TIMES NEW YORK TIMES INDEX information is going to be of inestimable value to the newspapers of the country, and it is bound to make for a greater accuracy than ever before.

"The explanatory 'shirt-tail' and the 'write-up'—terms well known to every newspaper man—have greatly increased in number, and the need for immediate information on every possible variety of subject has become more and more pressing. Every journalist knows that in the last few hours before the paper goes to press, when every instant counts, it is necessary to set in proper relation a collection of fragments of news almost unintelligible to the average reader. The newspaper index such as THE TIMES is publishing is the only thing which will give instantly and in compact form—not so much the facts as the dates, which to the experienced newspaper man are all that he needs to recall the current of events on which his 'story' rests."

Will Use It in School Work.

Dr. Williams is enthusiastic over the use which he will be able to make of THE TIMES INDEX for the students of the School of Journalism.

"THE TIMES INDEX is going to be one of the essential helps toward the end for which the School of Journalism is working. The purpose of the reference library which the school has been able to collect from the very best which the university had to offer, was solely to create in the graduates of the school the two prime assets of the successful newspaper man—habits of reference and knowledge of sources and the ability to obtain immediate and above all accurate information. I know of no better tool than such an index as that

STATUE OF VICTORIA FOR WASHINGTON

American Committee Decides Also to Send a Statue of Lincoln to England.

PLAN TO GIVE COSTUME BALL

English Delegate to Conference on Peace Celebration Says Success of Project Is Assured.

One of the results of the international conference held in this country between delegates selected to arrange a celebration next year of the century of peace which has existed between English-speaking races has been the development of a plan to erect a statue of Queen Victoria in Washington and one of Abraham Lincoln in England.

The plan to erect these memorials, which will be carried out under the auspices of the American Committee, is entirely independent of the other features arranged for the international celebration. It was decided upon at a meeting of the Sub-Executive Committee of the International Peace Celebration Committee, held in the Lawyers' Club at 115 Broadway yesterday. Among those who attended this meeting were John A. Stewart, Chairman; Joseph H. Choate, Alton B. Parker, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles D. Hilles, William Curtis Demorest, Dr. E. R. L. Gould, George William Burleigh, William B. Howland, William Church Osborn, H. S. Perris, B. H. Warner, Andrew H. Humphrey, and George T. Wilson.

The erection of the statue of Queen Victoria will be under the direction of a committee of women, whose names will be announced later. The movement to present a statue of Lincoln to England was inspired by the admiration expressed by British delegates to the international conference for a statue of Lincoln which they saw in Chicago. The proposed memorial will be of heroic size and will be executed by one of the foremost sculptors in this country.

Another feature of the peace celebration will be a historical costume ball to be held next Winter. It will be under the auspices of leaders of society in New York. The costumes and decorations will be designed to illustrate epochs and events in the hundred years of peace.

H. S. Perris, one of the English delegates to the conference, who sails for home to-day, said concerning his visit to this country:

"The conference in New York and the subsequent round of visits to important American cities have effected the main object we all had in view, namely, to place the project of the celebration on one hundred years of peace prominently before the great masses of the American public. Whatever suspicions and fears of the object of the celebration may at one time have existed, we have heard scarcely a word of them during the course of our tour, and we have taken every opportunity to make it clear that all nations of the world were invited to join sympathetically in the celebration and that the spirit in which we approached the celebration was that of Lincoln's commendable words, 'With malice toward none, with charity toward all.'

"The immediate work that now lies before us is to give effect in our respective countries to the decisions of the recent conference in New York with regard to the great memorials which are to be erected, and the educational and other schemes which are to form part of the commemoration. I have found a spirit of confidence among the prominent men of the various delegations that our project will now be carried through to a triumphant issue, and that the necessary sums of money will be quickly forthcoming. It will be a matter of great satisfaction to me to report to my committee in London that the last subject I heard discussed by the American Committee was the erection in Washington of a statue of Queen Victoria."

"Our British Committee is pledged to approach the Home Government with a request for a grant to aid toward the great monument which we propose to erect in the streets of London, and simultaneously the American and Canadian Governments will be asked to contribute grants for similar monuments in Washington and Ottawa. In addition, we propose to place commemorative tablets at various points along the Canadian-American frontier, and in church and university buildings in the various countries where the story of one hundred years of achievement of peaceful progress will speak to succeeding generations. Our British delegates have left your shores full of satisfaction at the great success of the conference and the subsequent tour, and more deeply impressed than ever with the close bonds, not only of blood relationship, but of friendly sympathy, born of common ideals and traditions, which bind our two great peoples together."

While no official figures were given as to the cost of the celebration in this country, an idea of it was obtained from the announcement of John A. Stewart that Chicago has decided to obtain $100,000 for its part in the celebration. There will be similar celebrations in Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, Washington, Detroit, Buffalo and other cities. Alton B. Hedges resigned yesterday as Chairman of the Auditing Committee of the celebration because he will leave soon on a European trip. Robert C. Morris was elected in his place, and Perley Morse was elected a member of the Auditing Committee. Other elections were: Bayard Henry of Philadelphia, to the Sub-Executive Committee, and Cunliffe Owen and Lawrence L. Gillespie to the Executive Committee.

FETE FOR PELHAM HOME.

Two Large Estates Thrown Open for the Attractions.

Mrs. Robert C. Black and John Hanway have given the use of their adjoining property in Pelham Manor for the lawn fete, which is to be held to-day for the benefit of the Pelham Summer home. The two estates comprise about twelve acres, and on Mr. Hanway's property there will be an exhibition of Old Masters and Cubist productions.

An Indian dance and several flower dances are to be given by the children, and there will also be a country store from which the pantry can be stocked at reasonable prices, and a Virginia cook will make hot bread and biscuits to order. Fortune-telling and many forms of entertainment are to be held in numerous booths. A cabaret dinner is to be given by the Manor Club at 6:30 o'clock.

Motor parties can reach the grounds by going out Pelham Parkway as far as the New York Athletic Club, then up Pelhamdale Avenue for several blocks.

Sunbeam Club to Give a Play.

A performance of "Patty's Midsummer Night's Dream" will be given at the Hotel Majestic, Seventy-second Street and Central Park West, to-day by the Sunbeam Club, in association with the National Sunshine Society. The afternoon performance will begin at 3 o'clock and the evening one at 8 o'clock.

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DINE TALCOTT WILLIAMS.

Students Play Hosts to Head of School of Journalism.

Students of Columbia's School of Journalism gave a dinner at the Café Boulevard last night in honor of the school's director, Dr. Talcott Williams, to mark the end of their first year's work at the school. President Butler of Columbia, Dr. Williams, and Prof. John W. Cunliffe, associate director, gave the stamp of approval to the school, and declared its work, after this critical year of trial, a great success. John L. Heaton, an editorial writer of The World, added an outside stamp of approval to the work of the school.

About fifty members of the student body of the school were present, including eleven girl students now taking courses at Barnard. There were present also these members of the faculty of the School of Journalism, in addition to Dr. Williams and Prof. Cunliffe: Prof. Robert E. MacAlarney, Prof. Franklin Matthews, Prof. Walter P. Pitkin, Prof. E. E. Slosson, Prof. Henry Crampton, Assistant Prof. E. E. Salt, B. B. Kendrick, and Dr. G. R. Lomer. Leo Fraser of the graduating class of 1913 was toastmaster.

President Butler told the students that the success of the School of Journalism was already attested by the fact that newspaper editors and proprietors throughout the country, who only a year ago spoke of the school with scoffing, were now telling him in dead earnest that they expected the School of Journalism "to show them how to do things."

Mr. Heaton told of the changes already brought about in newspaper offices since the days of thirty years ago, the disappearance of sinister patronage of newspaper workers, and the increase of college men in the profession until now they were the rule rather than the exception.

Dr. Williams was the last speaker. He congratulated the students on the development of a new professional journalistic spirit which he said had already manifested itself in them, and reminded them that the success of the School of Journalism would always depend chiefly upon the "stuff" furnished to it by the students themselves. Already, he said, the various schools of journalism throughout the country had some 1,400 graduates alone being able to furnish the greater part of the 2,000 or 2,500 new men demanded annually in the newspaper profession, which had from 40,000 to 50,000 workers in this country to-day.

TO HEAR NOTED PREACHERS

Famous Clergymen Obtained for the Summer by Churches Here.

The Summer plans for New York churches will bring many noted preachers to this city to fill the pulpits of pastors who are on vacation. The Rev. Dr. John H. Jowett of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, will go abroad soon, and his church will have special preachers for months. It will be closed in September to install new organs. The clergymen who will take his place include the Rev. Dr. John Thomas of Liverpool, the Rev. Dr. Daniel Jones of Bournesmouth, and the Rev. Drs. G. Campbell Morgan and Len G. Broughton of London.

At the Brick Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, Dr. Robert E. Speer will preach in July, and on the four Sundays in August the preachers will be Prof. Evans of Andover, President of Bowdoin, Prof. Ross of Union, and President Fitch of Andover. Special preachers will be heard all Summer also at the West End Presbyterian Church in Amsterdam Avenue.

The Central Baptist Church, Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-second Street, has granted its pastor, the Rev. Dr. F. M. Goodchild, a nine months' leave, that he may go on the Judson tour to visit missions in Burma. Special preachers will be heard until September, when the church will be torn down to make way for a structure to cost $500,000. The Fifth Avenue Baptist Church will be closed on the last Sunday in July.

The Broadway Tabernacle, at Fifty-sixth Street, will have the Rev. Dr. Hugh Black of Union as its preached in July and a part of August. In Harlem there will be union Summer services as in former years. The churches uniting include the Mount Mcrris Baptist, Puritan, and Harlem Presbyterian, St. James Methodist, and Pilgrim Congregational.

Grace Church will maintain outdoor services on Wednesday and Friday noons throughout the Summer. At Trinity Chapel and all downtown Episcopal Churches services will be maintained. At St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, where Summer services are always well attended, the preacher in July will be Bishop Gailor of Tennessee, and in August the Rev. J. Stuart Holden of St. Paul's Church, Portman Square, London.

SUFFRAGISTS HEAR RECTOR.

Dr. Mellish Speaks at Meeting in Brooklyn Academy of Music.

Suffragists met last night in the lecture room of the Academy of Music in Brooklyn to hear the "cause" discussed by speakers under the auspices of the Wednesday Morning Club. Mrs. H. Edward Dreier of Brooklyn, one of the suffrage leaders there, presided, and other speakers included the Rev. John H. Mellish, rector of Holy Trinity Church, Montague and Clinton Streets, Brooklyn, and Mrs. Beatrice Forbes-Robertson Hale.

"Women have done more and sacrificed more than men in the development of democracy in this country, and are entitled to equal rights in suffrage," said the Rev. Dr. Mellish. "The American men are ready to give women suffrage, I believe, providing they are convinced that the majority of women want the ballot."

Mrs. Hale contended that the enemies of woman suffrage were the ultra-conservatives of both sexes, and that while 250 women in Manhattan were "anti's" and opponents of the ballot for women, there were more than 65,000 women of all classes who wanted to vote there.

SEE BERNHARDT AT PLAY.

Private View Given of Pictures Taken at Belle Isle.

At the close of the regular performance at the Palace Theatre last night a few personal friends of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt witnessed an exhibition of moving pictures showing the actress in her home in Belle Isle, Brittany. The film is the private property of Mme. Bernhardt, and had never been shown until last night.

The first pictures showed Mme. Bernhardt arriving home from Paris with her son Maurice. She was then shown at work and at play on her 1,000-acre estate. Some views showed her prawning, at drag net parties, and at shooting picnics; in others she was writing articles for the press or working at sculpture. Her friends, her pets, her house, and garden were all thrown on the screen in pictures which were very distinct.

ZETA PSI MEMBERS DINE.

Former Heads of the Society Guests of New York Association.

Three hundred members of the Zeta Psi fraternity attended a dinner given by the New York association to twenty of the former Presidents of the organization at the Hotel Astor last night. These included Dr. Charles Phelps, Brown, '55, and the Rev. John H. Raven, Rutgers, '93.

The dinner was held in the main ballroom of the hotel. A delegation from the New England Association came from Boston in a special car, and undergraduates from Columbia, New York University, Yale, and Rutgers were present. The chapters in the universities of Pennsylvania, Syracuse, and Brown were also represented.

Aborns Outline Opera Plans.

The Board of Directors of the Century Opera Company met at the Midday Club yesterday as the guests of Otto H. Kahn. Milton and Sargent Aborn, who have been appointed managers of the forthcoming season of opera at popular prices, outlined their plans to the Directors. They submitted a repertoire of thirty weeks, commencing in September. The Aborns also said that they were now engaged in hearing and making contracts with artists, and that most of the American singers to be engaged would be signed before Milton Aborn sailed for Europe on June 11. They reported plans for the coming season well advanced, as they had been making tentative arrangements since last March.

HOLDS A RECEPTION ON 99TH BIRTHDAY

Mrs. Ann Westervelt Expects to Live to be 100 Without Woman Suffrage.

HAS HAD ONE AUTO RIDE

Hackensack's Oldest Resident Has Never Seen an Aeroplane, and Says Plain Living Is Best.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., May 23.—Mrs. Ann Westervelt has never seen an airship, an aeroplane, or the New York Subway, and she has no interest in woman suffrage. She celebrated to-day her 99th birthday anniversary, and says she is bent on rounding out a full hundred years.

Mrs. Westervelt received callers this afternoon from 3 until 6 o'clock. She sat in the sitting room in the home of her daughter, Mrs. William E. Harper, and shook hands with all who came. Mrs. Westervelt is very deaf, and her eyesight is not good, but she has a remarkable appetite.

"I don't believe there is a man in Hackensack who relishes a dish of ham and eggs more than mother does," said Mrs. Harper. "Once in a while she eats more than is really good for her. She goes up and down stairs unassisted, but I notice that she is slowly growing weaker. This morning, when I told her a lot of friends would be here to see her, she said she would brace up and see everybody.

"She has never seen an aeroplane, and has not been in New York in a great many years. She has had a ride in an auto, but only one. That was on Feb. 14, when she went to Teaneck to take a last look at her dead son, Jasper, who was 76 years old, but I don't think she paid much attention to the horseless conveyance."

Mrs. Westervelt is the widow of Peter C. Westervelt. She was born at Teaneck, two miles from Hackensack, and after her marriage lived on the Westervelt homestead until 1870, when the family moved to Hackensack. Her husband died on Oct. 30, 1884. Of three children, Mrs. Harper is the only one living.

Mrs. Westervelt has a great-grandchild, the son of Rev. Theodore Romeyn Westervelt, a missionary, in South Africa, and she has one great-great-grandchild, Howard Bryant, 4 years old, living in Bangor, Me.

The aged lady is a member of the First Reformed Church in Hackensack, in which her son was an officer many years, and from which her grandson was sent as a missionary to South Africa. Mrs. Westervelt proudly attributes her longevity to her plain manner of living.

The many bouquets of flowers given her this afternoon will decorate the pulpit in her church on Sunday, and the pastor, Rev. Albert Von Schleider, will speak about the church's oldest member.

MISS HAMMOND ENTERTAINS.

Dinner and Dance for Member of Wedding Party.

Miss Claire N. Hamond entertained with a dinner, followed by dancing, last night at the town house of her father and mother, Dr. Graeme M. Hammond and Mrs. Hammond, 60 West Fifty-fifth Street.

There were twelve at the table, the guests including her fiancé, Leonard Bullock Kendall, one of the attendants at their wedding on Wednesday next and several additional friends. The wedding attendants included Miss Isabel Foote, daughter of Mrs. Charles B. Foote, who is to be the bride's only attendant; Mr. Kendall's brother, Kenneth Kendall, who will be his best man, and the ushers, Douglas Schouler and Marshall W. Tagart; Mr. and Mrs. William B. Symmes, Jr., the Misses Pauline Wells, Hilaire Sooysmith, Dorothy Smith, and Francis N. Bangs. The dinner table was decorated with white roses and ferns.

After the dinner there was music and dancing, with no additional guests except the Misses Helen and Dorothea Hammond and the bride-to-be's parents.

SELLS FOR INDIAN OFFICE.

Wilson Selects Texas Judge as New Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—After long and careful search for the proper man for Commissioner of Indian Affairs, President Wilson selected Judge Cato Sells of Cloburne, Texas, this afternoon. It was reported at the White House that the President would probably send Judge Sells's nomination to the Senate on Monday.

The choice of Judge Sells is gratifying to Senators and Representatives in Congress.

So anxious was Secretary Lane of the Interior, that no mistake be made in the selection of a head for the Indian Office that he had the careers of the men under consideration investigated and on the records obtained the President and the Cabinet all once decided upon the selection of Judge Sells.

Judge Sells was formerly Democratic National Committeeman from Iowa, where he lived many years. He is now National Committeeman from Texas. He was not a candidate for Indian Commissioner. He is at present in Washington in connection with the work of the Democratic National Committee.

MILITARY MEN TO CHURCH.

Spanish War Veterans at St. Patrick's and 8th Artillery at St. John's

Both Catholic and Protestant cathedrals of New York will have military services to-morrow. The Spanish War Veterans will hold their annual memorial service in St. Patrick's Cathedral at 4 o'clock, marching from the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. The sermon will be preached by the Rev. Dr. John P. Chidwick, President of Dunwoodie Seminary.

The Eighth Artillery of the Washington Greys, National Guard, will hold its memorial service in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine at 4 o'clock. The preacher will be the Chaplain, the Rev. Dr. De W. L. Pelton of St. James's, Bronx. The march will be made from Broadway to the Cathedral.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Joseph Brooks and William H. Crane, with their wives, sail on the Olympic this morning. She motor for a visit to Bad Kissingen and Mr. Brooks for a few weeks in England, France, and Germany.

Janet Beecher, who will appear in Winthrop Ames's production of Arnold Bennett's "Buried Alive," will sail shortly with her sister, Olive Wyndham, to see the London production of the play.

George M. Cohan concludes his season to-night in Chicago, where he has been playing "Broadway Jones," reopening in Boston in September with the same play for which he declares will be his last season on the stage.

Bayard Veiller's "Within the Law" will be performed at the Eltinge Theatre to-night for the three hundredth time. After next week Jane Cowl leaves the cast for a short time, being replaced during her vacation by Helen Ware.

Ethel Amorita Kelley, dancer, has been engaged for appearance in the 1913 series of the "Ziegfeld Follies."

Emma Trentini and George Blumenthal, general manager for Arthur Hammerstein, sail on the Olympic to-day. The prima donna returns in September to be the opening attraction at the new Cort Theatre in the Bronx.

During the week of June 2 there will be special days at the Park Theatre set aside for various organizations upholding the woman suffrage cause.

The annual concert of the Von Ende School of Music will be given on the evening of May 26 in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf.

Marianne Flahaut, formerly contralto with the Metropolitan Opera Company, sails on the Rotterdam on May 27. She returns early next season for concert engagements.

BELASCO AT AUCTION.

He Buys Napoleonana at Sale of Items of Merchant of Old New York.

David Belasco was one of the bidders at the sale by the Anderson Company yesterday of the autographs, prints, newspapers, and medals of "A Merchant of Old New York." Among the items Mr. Belasco obtained was a statuette of Napoleon Bonaparte in ivory with removable hat. The statuette's height is four inches. The price paid was $20. Mr. Belasco also paid $17 for a miniature of Napoleon, painted on glass and in a gilt frame

Ex-Mayor James H. Manning of Albany gave $35 for the Orderly Book of the British General, Sir Roger Hall Sheaffe, kept during the war of 1812. A Brevet of Honor for François Guillemot, dated Paris, 1802, and signed by Napoleon, went to W. H. Hoffman for $28. Another Napoleon document, Paris, 1803, was bought by the same bidder for $36. Charles Scribner's Sons gave $35 for another document, Paris, March 29, 1812, signed "Nap."

A letter of Eugene de Beauharnais, son of Josephine and favorite of Napoleon, dated Dec. 24, 1813, was bought on order for $18. Mr. Hoffman paid $11 for a letter of P. F. C. Augureau, Duc de Castiglione, dated Bayonne, 1804. A letter to Marshal Davoust, June 25, 1804, brought $16, and a cut signature of Marshal Desaix, who was killed at Marengo, sold for $25, which is a big price for a signature. Mr. Hoffman gave $22 for a letter of Marshal Massena, Nov. 13, 1797. A letter signed but not written by Marshal Ney and dated Montreuil, 30 Floral, An. 13, (May 20, 1805,) brought $20. A fine letter of Marshal Victor, April 19, 1807, sold for $13.50.

The correspondence of M. Buille, on Comte de Rochambeau's staff, with Gen. Villemaury, 1781-82, went to Mr. Arnold for $20.25. A holograph letter of Barry St. Leger, who was with Gen. Wolfe at Louisbourg and with Gen. Burgoyne in New York in 1777, was bought on order for $10. It is dated Sept. 22, (1782,) and addressed to Gen. Riedisel. It refers to the evacuation of foreign troops in America after the peace negotiations.

IS HOPPER MARRIED AGAIN?

Actor Refuses to Answer Rumor—Last Divorce in April.

It was reported about Broadway and in actors' clubs last night that De Wolf Hopper had married again. The young woman mentioned by the gossips was at one time a member of the Gilbert and Sullivan Company in which Hopper is now playing.

The actor was asked about the rumor as he was leaving the Casino last night but, he refused to confirm or deny the report.

"I will not talk about my personal affairs," he said. "The rumor may be so or it may not."

Mrs. Nella Bergan Hopper, who married the actor in 1899 and was his fourth wife, obtained a final divorce from him on April 21.

PATIENTS RECOVERING.

Mrs. Strouse and Mrs. F. C. Jones Said to be Improving.

Mrs. Alfred N. Strouse of 79 West Fiftieth Street, who underwent an operation last week at Mount Sinai Hospital, is rapidly recovering. She hopes to accompany Dr. Strouse to their country place about June 10.

Mrs. F. Cazenove Jones, Jr., who was Miss Gladys Kemp, was operated on for appendicitis on Thursday at the New York Hospital, and was said yesterday to be progressing nicely. She was taken ill last January while attending a costume ball, and appendicitis developed last week.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Rowland D. Allen of 14 East Sixtieth Street will entertain at luncheon to-day for Mrs. Lindley M. Garrison, wife of the Secretary of War, and Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh of Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Andrew C. Dulles of Philadelphia, accompanied by the Count and Countess E. R. Fontana, arrived here yesterday, and are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis C. Tetard and family of 306 West Ninety-ninth Street are at their country home, Iron Crest, Bowyston, Conn., for the Summer.

Mrs. Henry Sanford of Ridgefield, Conn., is at the St. Regis. Count Borgia Mandoline of Italy gave a small dinner at the hotel last evening.

Miss Dorothy Thayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Thayer, and Floyd C. Noble will be married this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the country home of the bride's parents at New Canaan, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Shepherd and their daughter, Miss Maude Shepherd, are sailing on the Olympic to-day to remain abroad all Summer. William E. Shepherd, Jr., is already in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Proctor are giving a bal masque to-night at their home at Great Neck, L. I.

Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, who was operated on on Thursday ago at the Presbyterian-Graduate Hospital, returned yesterday to her home, 152 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. Heth Lorton will give a bridge party this afternoon at Matoa, her Garden City cottage, for her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Randolph Selden of Richmond. A reception for young people will follow.

The wedding of Miss Dolorita O'Gorman, daughter of United States Senator O'Gorman and Mrs. O'Gorman, and John A. Maher will take place this morning at 11:30 in the Chapel of the Loyola School. The two families only have been invited to the ceremony. A large reception will be given at the O'Gorman home, 318 West 108th Street, from 4 to 7 o'clock.

Miss Gladys Coates and Clayton Hamilton are to be married to-day at the home of the bride's mother, 300 West Eighty-first Street, by the Rev. Dr. John McCurdy. They are booked to sail on Wednesday to spend the Summer in European travel.

The German Ambassador, Count von Bernstorff, and his son are sailing from Europe for New York on May 27 on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. Mr. and Mrs. William Douglas Sloane and Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor are returning on that steamer after spending a short time abroad.

Noted Horticulturist Dead.

Jean Rudolph Trumpy, known in two continents as a horticulturist, died late on Wednesday night at the Flushing Hospital, in his eighty-third year. His death was hastened by an accident in the bathroom of his home five weeks ago, when he fell and broke his right hip. He was born in Glarus, Switzerland, on March 16, 1830, and came to America at the age of 26. He assisted in the introduction of hydrangeas in America, as well as rare evergreens and Japanese maples. His knowledge of horticulture was gained in nearly every country in Europe. He was once employed in the gardens of the King of Bavaria.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD SHEAN, formerly an officer of the British Army, and later a foreman of the Royal Engineers at King's Yard, died on Thursday from cancer at his home, 24 Pellington Place, Brooklyn.

ABRAHAM VAN SICLEN LOTT, 84 years old, for seventy-five years a resident of Newton, L. I., is dead at his home on North Hempstead Turnpike.

ANDREW BRICE, an importer of linens, died on Thursday at his home, 156 East Eightieth Street, in his seventy-third year. He was President of the firm of Andrew Brice & Co.

FRANK E. BEACH, for fourteen years associate editor of The Bridgeport Standard, died of pneumonia at his home there yesterday, aged 64 years.

Dr. ELMER E. BROWN, President of the National Sashweight Manufacturers' Association, Vice President of Temple University, and an official in several foundry companies, died last night at his home in Philadelphia.

JAMES WILSON, an artist, died yesterday at his home, 240 Midland Avenue, East Orange, after a stroke of apoplexy. He was 86 years old and a descendant of Alexander Wilson, a famous soldier of the Revolution.

Commodore BEN WARD HODGES, U. S. N., retired, died suddenly in Washington yesterday, aged 57 years. In the Spanish war, in the rank of Lieutenant, he commanded the supply ship Nanshan.

SAMUEL D. WILLARD, widely known as a nurseryman and fruit grower, died yesterday at Geneva, N. Y., aged 78 years.

MAURICE C. BERINGER, only son of the late Marx H. Beringer, a leading real estate man in the city prior to his death in 1907, died yesterday in his home, 421 Riverside Drive. Mr. Beringer succeeded his father as senior member of the firm of M. H. Beringer & Co.

HILL TAKES BONDS IN AID OF ST. PAUL

Children First, His Policy, So He Buys Whole Playground Issue.

TO SELL $10 CERTIFICATES

Empire Builder Forms Public-Spirited Syndicate to Purchase City's Improvement Securities.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, May 23.—A great plan to finance St. Paul public improvements has been outlined by James J. Hill, and will be put into effect at once, according to an announcement made in the Northwestern Trust Company's office this evening. The various bond issues of the city will be bought by Mr. Hill and his associates. The bonds will be placed in the hands of a Board of Trustees, and certificates will be issued by the trust company. The Board of Trustees will be composed of James J. Hill, Louis W. Hill, and W. B. Dean.

All certificates will be of $10 denominations and will be sold over the counter of the Northwestern Trust Company. The certificates will pay a high rate of interest, the rate being that which the city pays, and they will be protected by the bonds, which will be guaranteed by the Trustees.

Mr. Hill, at a conference this afternoon with Mayor Keller, Controller Handy, and Ambrose Tighe, bought the first lot of bonds. He took the $25,000 playground issue.

When Mr. Hill approved the plan, which was worked out by L. W. Hill, James J. Elliott, and Ira C. Oehler of the Northwestern, he said:

"Buy the playgrounds bonds first. Give the children the advantage of the first venture. These bonds have remained unsold for a long time, and we will do the most good that way.

"I long have thought of this," continued Mr. Hill, "and I am sanguine that it will be successful."

To make the investment an ideal one for small investors, the trust company will refund all money on demand.

The sale will be opened to-morrow morning in the Northwestern's office. Receipts will be given until the city prints the bonds. The bonds will be dated May 31, and will be delivered June 2 to all purchasers.

Carmi Thompson, formerly Treasurer of the United States, bought the first $100 worth of certificates. James J. Elliott got the second, and James Armstrong the third.

To give the plan an absolute test, not more than $100 worth of the certificates will be sold on any one person. The certificates will bring 4½ per cent. interest net to the investor. Mr. Hill says that not a single penny should be made off the bonds and that the full interest would be allowed to investors.

As soon as the certificates are sold, the next batch of city bonds will be bought, and so on until the entire amount the city has to sell is taken up. The plan will be extended to every city bond the city has to offer, which, in the judgment of the company's officers, pays the proper rate of interest and is issued legally.

All of the details were settled this evening except getting the consent of Mr. Dean to act as a trustee. James J. Hill said he personally would ask Mr. Dean to accept the important position. There is said to be no doubt Mr. Dean will do so.

WAGING WAR OVER CATS.

Hitherto Peaceful Jamesburg Divided Into Two Hostile Camps.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, May 23.—Jamesburg, a town about six miles from here, is torn with dissension. There are two classes of citizens in Jamesburg, those who like cats and those who raise Spring broilers. Jamesburg has discovered that the two cannot live side by side in harmony. That is why two parties have arisen, the anti-cats and the catsavers.

Ex-Mayor Frank Jennings is the leader of the anti-cats. When he appears the neighbors tie up their Persian pussies in the cellar. The Rev. C. Knight is the latest recruit to his side. The pastor found some of his pdize chicks had disappeared by the cat route, and came over to the anti-cats at the precise moment that four tabbies went into permanent catalepsy. Meantime the battle rages between the catsavers and the anti-cats. The anti-cats have adopted as their battle flag a banner of Catawba-colored silk which displays a catamount rampant over six meows. They have voted the pussy willow their favorite flower. The town undertaker is thinking of putting his hearse into the scrapheap and ordering a catafalque.

SAILING FOR EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Ships Leaving Port To-day.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

OLYMPIC, (Southampton) — Miss M. Crocker, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Allen, Gen. Avery D. Andrews, and Mrs. D. H. Bacon, C. H. Berry, Miss Julia Berwind, H. K. Bloodgood, J. B. Bodie, Mr. and Mrs. C. Bond, Mrs. Z. K. Booth, Mr. and Mrs. Drayton Burrell, Miss E. Louise Cady, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Miss Carnegie, Mrs. Herbert Comins, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Coster, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Dent, Mrs. W. Dinsmore, E. W. Dixon, Miss Dorothy Donnelly, A. de Navano, Maurice Farkoa, W. S. Finlay, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Francis, W. H. Goadby, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Haddin, J. W. H. Hamilton, Miss Marion, Col. E. H. Haskell, Miss Haroldine Humphreys, C. R. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, Miss Elsie Janis, Mr. and Mrs. E. Kempner, D. C. Leech, Dr. and Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. J. J. McCook, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Macomble, A. R. Macgruder, Secretary of United States Legation at Copenhagen; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Manning, Miss Helen M. Mc-, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore, F. S. Potter, Mrs. S. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Purdy, Dr. J. M. Rainey, Mrs. C. H. Sabin, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd B. Sanderson, Miss Maud S. Shepherd, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Tait, A. J. C. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. E. Terry, A. S. White, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Wise.

TAGUS, (Southampton, via West Indies)—E. R. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. J. Perry, David C. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Caballero, J. T. Sheridan.

FINLAND, (Antwerp)—Mrs. O. P. Ashley, Judge D. R. Austin, G. A. Bell, Miss Winthrop Bushnell, Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Elliott, Miss Lucy A. Fitch, W. J. Keens, E. Lyman, Mrs. M. A. Raynor, Baron von Buswitz, Mrs. L. N. Vanstone, Mrs. R. Whitman, R. Wilkinson.

COLUMBIA, (Glasgow)—Miss M. D. Buckman, Mr. and Mrs. James Bertram, W. H. Barrow, Miss Mary Clarke, Mrs. Douglas Mrs. J. H. Devereux, J. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Marguis, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Sawyer, W. A. Tait, Mrs. G. B. Wallace.

MINNEHAHA, (London)—Mr. and Mrs. Alban Booth, Miss Agnes Booth, Mrs. C. C. Byrne, Miss Mary Crocker, Mrs. L. H. Doret, A. J. Eddy, Hubert Farman, Miss A. Green, Gen. and Mrs. S. Grimes, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Irwin, Mrs. W. L. Maxwell, F. S. Peer, Miss L. H. Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Smith, Arthur Taylor, Miss Louise Thomas, A. H. Underhill, Miss M. Walford, Mrs. J. E. Wilkinson.

IVERNIA (Naples)—Miss N. W. Annis, Miss F. Appleton, Miss J. P. Ash, Miss M. Bandes, E. J. Bates, W. E. Bates, Miss A. E. Biddell, Miss B. B. Briggs, Mrs. F. C. Clay, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Denman, Mrs. F. M. Dow, J. B. Freeman, Mrs. G. Gillett, A. L. Hackett, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hewett, Mrs. J. W. Jordan, Miss A. T. Lang, S. Long, Miss M. Macy, Miss J. B. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rives, Mrs. C. P. Robinson, Miss Hazel Russell, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Seaman, H. S. Sanford, Miss C. J. Stephens, and Miss M. L. Treiton.

PRINZESS IRENE (Naples)—Louis Baldwin, T. Becket, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Brown, R. G. Brownell, Miss Jean Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Cowperthait, Chamberlin Dodds, Mrs. Laura C. Dodge, H. C. Dodge, Hall, Mrs. C. K. Holliday, J. J. Lyons, the Rev. H. J. Meigs, Dr. and Mrs. D. R. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Purser, Mrs. Fanny Rowell, Mrs. J. J. Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Weaver.

CANADA (Marseilles)—Mr. and Mrs. Justin Baird, R. Holbrook Barbour, Mrs. H. D. Bond, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Calkins, and Mrs. J. M. Doyle, Miss K. F. Pond, Bert C. Seeley, Mrs. L. J. Shannon, W. C. Smallwood, Winfield J. Taylor, Mrs. F. S. Upton, and Col. and Mrs. W. T. Wood.

DIPPEL TO PRODUCE OPERA.

Expects to Form a Company to Play in New York.

Andreas Dippel, who sails this morning on the Olympic, announced last night his intention of forming a company to produce light opera in America.

"My plan is to form a high-class company to give light opera in a way superior to present-day productions, paying strict attention to musical value," said Mr. Dippel. "For a year at least, until the company becomes firmly established, the opera would have to be confined to New York, but later it could be taken to other cities.

"While the operas will be of the class which appeals to popular taste, they will be of refined character and superior music. I have options on a number of operas which have been very successful abroad, and I am now going to Europe with the intention of purchasing the producing rights of a number of European successes."

Mr. Dippel said that it was true he had agreed to retire from the grand opera field for three years, and not compete with the Chicago Board of Directors during that period, but he did not interpret his agreement as a surrender of his interest in American opera. With his five years' experience here, he said, he thought he could make his scheme a success.

DRAMA LEAGUE OFFICERS.

Wm. H. Bliss to Act as Chairman of New York Centre.

The New York Centre of the Drama League of America has now been organized, with William H. Bliss as Chairman, George Wood Bacon as Treasurer, and Miss Laura V. Day as Secretary. The other members of the board are Mrs. John W. Alexander, C. S. Baldwin, William A. Bohn, Alfred Brown, Mrs. Abraham Flexner, the Rev. Percy S. Grant, Mrs. Ben Ali Haggin, Elwood Hendrick, the Rev. St. Clair Hester, Roland Holt, Mrs. Lewis M. Isaacs, William Chauncey Langdon, Miss Ethelyn McKinney, Miss Kate Oglebay, Miss Majorie Prentiss, Ogden M. Reid, John Harsen Rhoades, the Rev. Henry Townsend Scudder, and Miss Mary Shea.

Members of the delegation were guests at a reception given at the University Club to-night by the Faculty of the extension division of the university.

Mrs. Blankenburg will talk on woman's suffrage at a reception for young people by Mrs. Charles R. Van Hise to-morrow morning.

Miss Nelly Keyser Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. William Swift Keyser of Pensacola, Fla., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nelly Atkin Keyser, to William Morris Meredith of New York, formerly of Philadelphia. Mr. Meredith is a graduate of Princeton. The wedding is to take place early next Fall at Norwalk, Conn., the Summer home of the bride's parents.

Window Venetian Piazza Venetian
Wilson's Outside Venetians
For Windows and Piazzas
A very artistic, practical and substantial combination of Blind and Awning for town and country houses; shuts open end close to sash, yet admits sun rays; provides maximum summer comfort. Unique and serviceable. Pulls up out of sight.
Send for "Venetian Catalogue 4-L"
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Also Inside Venetians, Rolling Partitions, Rolling Steel Shutters, etc.

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"Hartford Saxony"
NAME WOVEN IN THE BACK
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and Public Place

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
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715-717-719 BROADWAY,
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Paris, 4 Cité Paradis. Dresden, 13 Burgerstrasse.

EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESMAN, covering Western territory, on cloaks and suits; good references required; line ready. S. & D., 140 West 22d St.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS,
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE, No. 58 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, May 28th, 1913,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
200 shs. United States Envelope Co. Pref.
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
1,500 shs. B. & H. Corporation common.
50 shs. The Grieve Grate Co. common.
100 shs. National Reserve Bank.
$5,000 Studebaker Corporation 6% Notes due Sept., 1916.
40 shs. National City Bank of New Rochelle.
1 share New York Law Institute.
25 shs. Childs Company common.
$2,000 Consumers Albany Brewing Co. 5% Mtge Gold Bonds.
200 shs. Frisbie & Stansfield Knitting Co. Pref'd.
50 shs. Lawyers Mortgage Co.

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF Article 4 of the personal property law, the undersigned will cause the following described property to be sold at public auction at No. 536 West 49th St., Manhattan, New York City, on the 24th day of May, 1913, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon:
Three Speedwell Model Z trucks, each of capacity of four tons and numbered 538, 606, and 635, respectively, together with the tools and parts appurtenant thereto.
THE SPEEDWELL MOTOR CAR COMPANY.
By STOVER & HALL, Attorneys, 60 Wall St., Manhattan, New York City.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Bacon, Chappell Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; C. E. Chappell, dry goods; 515 4th Av.
Syracuse Dry Goods Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss N. M. Stack, manufacturing department, waists, dresses, petticoats; 320 Broadway.
Kaufmann Department Store, Pittsburgh, Penn.; E. Albright, jewelry; 200 5th Av.
Graves, J. A., & Son, Cuero, Texas; J. A. Graves, Jr., general merchandise; St. Denis.
Hart & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; S. W. Schultz, hats; 13 West 32d.
Edson, Moore & Co., Detroit, Mich.; E. McLeish, furnishing goods, underwear; 51 Leonard.
Goldberg, H. S., Los Angeles, Cal., cloaks, suits; 15 East 26th.
Schrier & Son, Norfolk, Va.; A. Schrier, neckwear, millinery, ribbons; 33 West 34th.
Ellis & Eckman, Binghamton, N. Y.; S. W. Eckman, clothing; Murray Hill.
Chicago Clothing Co., Chicago, Ill.; M. Dulsky, clothing; Grand.
Lazarus, F. & R., Co., Columbus, Ohio; Miss A. K. Smith, women's coats, skirts, waists; 45 East 17th.
Decker & Cohn, Chicago, Ill.; A. Cohn, clothing; 200 5th Av.
Lorch, Grumbach Mfg. Co., Dallas, Texas; A. Lorch, Fall cloaks, suits; 95 Madison Av.
Williams, Richardson Co.; R. G. Tebo, domestics; 51 Leonard.
Friend, H., Chicago, Ill.; J. Schnadig, coats, suits; 1,231 Broadway.
Federman, M. J., Zanesville, Ohio, "jobs," wash goods, skirts; 15 East 26th.
Stafman, A., Oakland, Cal.; B. F. Levis, "jobs," wash dresses, linen and serge coats; 15 East 26th.
National Hat Co., Nashville, Tenn.; A. Eskind, hats; Albert.
Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; W. S. Gardner, shoes; 320 Church; Victoria.
Union Clothing Co., Troy, N. Y.; S. Levis, clothing, hats, millinery; Albert.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—These companies were incorporated to-day:
Couch Park Corporation of Cedarhurst, realty, $120,000; Lewis B. Sharp, John L. McPherson, Frank A. Finlay, Rockville Centre.
The Home Acre Realty Company, Inc., of Buffalo, $100,000; Roman Deges, Fred H. Smith, Thomas H. Healy, 130 Pearl Street, New York.
Peerless Ink Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $75,000; John Hock, Thomas O'Brien, Benjamin Fuchs, 102 Waverley Place, New York.
Joseph Petley & Co., Inc., of Manhattan, cultivation of teas, coffees, and dealing in groceries, $50,000; William J. Wright, William Tetley Jones, John G. Wright, 385 Fort Washington Avenue, New York.
Universal Equipment Company, Inc., of Manhattan, internal combustion engines and motors, $50,000; George Gray, Theodore W. Hatfield, Isaac E. Gwnes, 617 West 145d Street, New York.
S. Briskman & Solomon, Inc., of Manhattan, dry goods, $40,000; Samuel Briskman, Ferdinand L. Solomon, Joseph F. Fox, 1,411 Strah Avenue, Brooklyn.
Ardmore Realty Corporation of Manhattan, realty and construction, $50,000; Jay A. Gilman, Isaac Josephson, Harry A. Bloomberg, 6 Beekman Street, New York.
Garden Homes Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty, $50,000; Carl H. Pierce, George H. Mallory, Brinton C. Bell, Bayside.
Government Land Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; William S. Goelet, James T. Smith, Max Germansky, 1,295 Fulton Avenue, New York.
Henry Fuchs & Co., Inc., of Manhattan, paper and twine, $10,000; Henry Fuchs, Samuel Fuchs, Hirsh Salwen, 1,328 Forty-fifth Street, New York.
The Photo News Advertising Company, Inc., of Manhattan, general advertising, $10,000; Charles A. Walker, John H. Lubs, William J. Davis, 217 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.
Norbert Manufacturing Company, Inc., of Manhattan, mercantile, $20,000; David J. McKenna, John J. Griffin, George C. Kalle, 80 Broad Street, New York.
George H. Waters Company, Inc., of Richmond, shipbuilding, $10,000; George H. Waters, Vernie Waters, Fred Klein, 76 Montgomery Street, Jersey City.
The Barber Auto Service Company, Inc., of Brooklyn, $10,000; William Barber, A. S. Barber, Mae F. Barber, all of 168 State Street, Brooklyn.
Allen, Brock & Smith, Inc., of Manhattan, mercantile, $20,000; D. J. Allen, Timothy W. Brock, John J. Marnell, Weehawken, N. J.
Compound Rotary Fan Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $15,000; Walter Rosenthal, Henry Goldey, Jacob Hamburger, all of 78 Nassau Street, New York.
Alling Lockwood Company, Inc., of Binghamton, rubber, $10,000; Clarence E. Alling, Arthur E. Alling, Frederick F. Lockwood, Binghamton.
Guernsey Company, Inc., of Manhattan, admittance tickets to amusement places, as agent or commission agent, $75,000; Henry W. Guernsey, Percy C. Wilcox, John F. Russell, Jr., 43 Cedar Street, New York.
Ontario Development Company, Inc., of Buffalo, realty, $15,000; Edward C. Schlenker, Lyn S. Beneiy, E. L. Marshall, all of Buffalo.
The Raymond Laundry, Inc., of Syracuse, $10,000; Elizabeth A. Raymond, Frederick Raymond, Herbert W. Greenland, 2,332 South Salina Street, Syracuse.
Foreign corporations authorized to do business in this state:
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company of Jersey City, $36,850,200; Joseph C. Wildmer, 98 Seventh Avenue, New York.
The Standard Scale and Supply Company of Camden, N. J., $600,000; C. H. Loomis, 136 West Broadway, New York.
Harrison Brothers Company of Boston, general farm products, $15,000; John D. Cullen, 8 North Pearl Street, Albany.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

Consul Charles Norman at Turks Island, W. I., writes that the language of his district is English, and catalogues and other trade literature in Spanish should not be sent there. The language of all countries is given in a monograph published by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, copies of which may be had on application.
There was a gain of $1,616,264 in the value of the declared exports of rubber from Ceylon to the United States during 1912, the records of the Colombo Consulate showing invoices aggregating $5,708,725, against a total of $4,092,538 in 1911.
Recently a traveling representative of a prominent Detroit firm called at the Kingston, Ontario, and complained that he had obtained very few orders, although the goods he handled were in demand in Canada. This young man's failure to get orders was due solely to the fact that he did not carry samples. He had a catalogue and price list, which he believed would bring in the necessary business for his firm from Canadian houses.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Denison's Plan Being Studied.

Local importers and merchants are carefully studying the plan proposed by Assistant United States Attorney General Denison to insert in the new Tariff bill a clause giving the Secretary of the Treasury the right to determine merchandise values for customs purposes. The amendment would largely convert the proposed ad valorem rates into specific, a thing that is desired in business circles because of the inability of the appraisers in many cases to determine the correct value of goods at the time of landing. In one or two instances, this valuation has already been set by the Secretary, as proposed, but there is said to be no legal authority for it now. A lessening of litigation and undervaluation would probably result from the acceptance of the proposal.

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To Give Longer Holiday.

Following the announcement of Bliss, Fabyan & Co., Lawrence & Co., and other prominent commission houses in the Worth Street district that they would close their stores the day after Decoration Day, and thereby give their employes a vacation from Thursday night to Monday morning, these silk houses announced yesterday that they also would close: Pierles, Buhler & Co., L. F. Dommerich & Co., Cheney Brothers, Fleitmann & Co., the Phoenix Silk Manufacturing Company, the Raw Silk Trading Company, Salembier & Whlate, Valentine & Bentley, William Iselin & Co., Duplan Silk Company, Klots Throwing Company, Susquehanna Silk Mills, Post & Sheldon, the Holzmann Silk Manufacturing Company, L. Bristein & Brother, and H. A. Caesar & Co.

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Levys to Build New Mill.

The report was confirmed yesterday at the local offices of E. & H. Levy, manufacturers of ribbons, that that firm would shortly purchase a site in Hanover, Penn., for the erection of a new mill. The building will cover a ground space 120 by 360 feet, and will be four stories high. About 120 looms will be installed and 250 operatives employed. Both plain and fancy ribbons will be made. It is expected that the mill will be ready for occupancy by Sept. 1.

***

Valorization Sale Was Legitimate.

Commenting on a report that the valorized coffee sold a short time ago had neither been sold nor delivered, and that the valorization syndicate was deceiving the Department of Justice and still victimizing the American public, E. J. Gillies of Edwin J. Gillies & Co. said yesterday that he believed that the sale was legitimate and that most of the coffee sold had been delivered to the purchasers. Mr. Gillies said, however, that the syndicate now had 3,000,000 bags of the valorization coffee in Europe, but that none was in this country. He considers the report of a crop shortage in the near future, as well as a price advance, improbable. "If there should be an advance," he said, "it would only be a slight one."

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Retail Clothiers Won't Revoke.

William Goldman of Cohen, Goldman & Co., referring to a statement made recently that clothing retailers would look for lower prices as soon as the date when the new tariff would become operative was known, said yesterday that it would so operate in some buyers' minds. His own opinion, however, was that the volume of business booked for Fall was sufficiently large to make buyers realize that they must stand by their purchases. "The effect of having the tariff operative at once," he said, "might cause excessive caution and bring about cancellations even though merchandise were required and not available elsewhere for less money."

***

Salesmen Don't Need Urging.

Surprise was expressed yesterday in the local clothing trade over a report from a prominent retail house that the commission form of payment, with a specified drawing account, was failing to put the necessary ginger in salesmen. It was pointed out that the system made the interests of the store and the salesmen identical, and that the salesmen's pay was limited only by their own efforts. Commenting on the statement, the manager of one of New York's largest clothing houses said that the men employed by the more reputable stores were efficient, old in the business, and that they needed little jacking up.

CROPS BRACE DRY GOODS.

Current Shipments Ahead—Gain in Fall Orders for Dress Goods.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 23.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:
"The dry goods trade has responded during the week to the excellent agricultural conditions prevailing in all sections of the country. Current shipments have run ahead of the corresponding week a year ago. Merchants are meeting their obligations in a way that indicates a seasonable turning of stocks on a profitable basis.
"Future sales by our representatives on the road are the most encouraging feature of our business at the present time. Orders booked on both cotton and wool dress goods for Fall total a large gain over those taken through the same period last year.
"Demand for rugs and carpets continues strong, and it is very difficult to procure sufficient quantities of certain brands and sizes. It is quite probable that prices will not hold long on the present basis with the continuance of the heavy selling anticipated during the next few weeks."

100,000 LBS. OF TEA TO GO.

Government May Burn It if It Is Not Exported by Owners.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Secretary McAdoo has instructed Collector Loeb in New York to give Carter Macy & Co. five days in which to export about 100,000 pounds of tea which the Treasury Department has ordered out of the country, as soon as the mandate of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals denying the company's application for an injunction reaches the District Court.
If the tea is not exported and if no further court proceeding intervenes, Treasury officials say it probably will be burned by the Government. Collector Loeb informed the Secretary today that he had received advices the company might make another move in the courts.
The department has debarred the tea from the country on the ground that it did not comply with the standard samples adopted by the Government.

265 Business Failures This Week.

Bradstreet's reports 265 business failures in the United States during the week, against 239 for the previous week, and 218, 228, 266, and 205 for the corresponding weeks of 1912 to 1909. The Middle States had 80; New England, 27; Southern, 37; Western, 69; North-Western, 15, and Far Western, 27. Canada had 35, against 33 for the preceding week. About 85 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 10 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Duluth-Buffalo Grain Rates Fixed.

DULUTH, May 23.—The grain rate from Duluth-Superior Harbor to Buffalo to-day was settled at 2 cents, and the indication is that boats, now on the market for early loading, will have to accept this figure. The demand for tonnage is not active, and ore men are well loaded up for the rest of the week. The ore is going forward in good shape.

YEAR OF COTTON TRADING.

Exchange Reports Handling of 551,000 Bales—Members Cautioned.

The annual report of the New York Cotton Exchange, issued yesterday, showed that total income amounted to $167,725, of which $56,250 came from dues of the 450 members and $20,000 from entrance fees. Salaries of employes required $32,500, and, in addition to other expenses amounting to $30,000, there was set aside for the depreciation fund $30,000 more, bringing the total cost of maintaining the Exchange up to $99,725.
President Neville informed the members in his annual statement that 551,000 bales of cotton were handled in the year. He said that recently some of the members had expressed opinions in their market letters of a nature to incite criticism as to their methods of soliciting business, and referred them to a law of the Exchange covering such proceedings.
During the year thirty-five memberships were transferred and thirty-three new members were elected to the board.

Boston & Albany to Issue Bonds.

ALBANY, May 23.—For the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds amounting to $3,637,000, which mature Oct. 1, the Boston & Albany Railroad Company has been authorized by the Public Service Commission to issue fifty-year refunding bonds to an amount of $3,637,000, par value. The New York Central is authorized by the commission to guarantee the payment of principal and interest of those bonds.

World's Visible Cotton Supply.

NEW ORLEANS, May 23.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a total of 4,835,382 bales, against 4,462,654 last week, 4,332,989 last year, and 3,117,579 bales the year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 2,797,382 bales, against 2,963,654 last week, and 3,104,989 bales last year.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, care of the Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:
10,978. CORRUGATED GALVANIZED IRON SHEETS.—An American Consul reports that a business firm in his district desires terms, prices C. I. F., and other particulars on corrugated galvanized iron sheets of the following specifications: Gauge, 30, 6 by 2 feet, 300 sheets per ton; 7 by 2 feet, 280 sheets per ton; 8 by 2 feet, 250 sheets per ton; they should be packed in boxes containing 10 hundredweight. Gauge 26, 6 by 2 feet 3 inches, 200 sheets per ton; 7 by 2 feet 3 inches, 160 sheets per ton; 8 by 2 feet 3 inches, 140 sheets per ton; should be packed in bundles of two hundredweight each. Gauge 24, 6 by 2 feet 3 inches, 160 sheets per ton; 7 by 2 feet 3 inches, 140 sheets per ton; 8 by 2 feet 3 inches 120 sheets per ton. Packing should be same as for Gauge 26. This firm is also using about 5,000 tons of corrugated sheets per annum.
10,974. MOTOR FIRE ENGINE.—The American Consul at Leeds, England, reports that the Town Council of Pudsey, Yorkshire, England, has appointed a committee to investigate conditions of fire protection. A motor fire engine is among the equipment the committee expects to procure. Correspondence should be addressed to the Town Clerk, Pudsey, Yorkshire, England, for use of the special committee referred to.
10,975. VIRGINIA LEAF TOBACCO.—A business firm in India informs an American Consular officer that it wished to communicate with American exporters of Virginia leaf tobacco in regard to terms and prices C. I. F., port of destination.
10,976. RAILWAY SUPPLIES.—A report from an American Consular officer in a European country states that a local firm, with a capital of $1,554,000, is now in the market and asks proposals for the sale and delivery of American railway supplies, probably 120 10-ton steel box trucks and various other smaller supplies, as per schedules and drawings which may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
10,977. WATER SUPPLY AND POWER TENDER.—The American Consulate General at Cape Town, South Africa, reports that a scheme for the supply of water and power to the various municipal bodies of the Cape Peninsula, has been submitted to the municipal authorities and is looked upon favorably by most of them. Copies of the tenders for this work accompanied the report and may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
10,978.—STEEL BEAMS.—A business man in Italy informs an American Consular officer that he desires to receive quotations on steel I beams from 8 to 40 centimeters (3.1496 to 15.748 inches) high and up to 12 meters (39.37 feet) in length. Prices free on board New York or place of origin, immediate delivery, in lots of several hundred tons.
10,979. PERFUMED TOILET SOAP.—An American Consul in India has been requested to put a large importing house in communication with American manufacturers of low-priced perfumed toilet soap. The firm requires a soap that will cost approximately $10.70 per gross, free warehouse at the foreign port, including a duty of 7 per cent. ad valorem. A sample cake of the soap now selling in large quantities has been forwarded and may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce when received.
10,980. CALCIUM CARBONATE.—A business firm in Portugal informs an American Consular officer that it desires to import calcium carbonate from the United States.
10,989. ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.—In response to an inquiry from the United States, an American Consul in the United Kingdom has forwarded catalogues and pamphlets showing the various styles of electrical supplies sold in his district. Several dealers in electrical specialties who were interviewed stated that the usual procedure is to purchase their stocks from large wholesale traders or representatives of manufacturers in London and other cities who call and solicit orders, but that practice would not deter them from purchasing direct from American manufacturers if the advantages could be shown to them.
10,990. IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTS, COPPER, BRASS, PAPER, &c.—An American Consular officer in Turkey reports that a local company whose bank ratings may be had on applications is desirous of representing American manufacturers of the following articles who may be interested in bidding for supplies which will be put to adjudication during the course of the present year by a railroad company in that country: Rivets, steel tubes, iron pipes, copper pipes, steel and wooden screws, steel tubes for worm-out axles, steel, bronze bars, copper bars, copper in ingots, sheet iron, iron wire, brass wire, anti-friction metal, copper, tin, lead, steel, copper plates, rubber hose, copper wire, iron sheets, aniantlius, graphite, emory paper, parchment paper, belting, (leather, camel's hair, and balata,) pine, files and scrapers, and pig iron in pieces. Large quantities of these supplies will be purchased.
10,991. BRICK AND TILE MAKING MACHINERY.—A report from an American Consul in Canada states that a community in his district is about to take up brick and tile making. It is already, or will be very shortly, in the market for machinery for a moderate-sized brick and tile plant.
10,992. SHIRT WAISTS, CORSETS, AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR.—A well-known manufacturers' agent in a South African city informs an American Consular officer that he desires to represent American manufacturers of shirt waists, corsets, and ladies' underwear. All correspondence should be in English.
10,993. MOTOR TRUCKS.—A motor traction company is being formed in a foreign city to handle and transport cotton, coal, iron, machinery, and other heavy merchandise which forms an important part of the trade of the port, as it is thought the use of motor trucks will greatly assist the supplies of the mills and the delivery of finished goods at the docks. It is proposed to commence with twenty-five motor trucks, ranging in carrying capacity from three to ten tons. A number of the cars will be of automatic discharge and others will be equipped with self-contained winches for loading purposes. It is thought that most of the cars will be purchased in the United States.
10,994. CEMENT BRIQUETTING MACHINES.—An American Consul reports that one of the largest stone and marble dealers in a European city wishes to purchase direct from the United States a number of machines for the manufacture of cement briquets. A print of the machine which is desired accompanied the report.
10,995. COINAGE OF SILVER AND NICKEL MONEY.—The American Minister at Bucharest, Rumania, reports that the Bulgarian Ministry of Finance has called for bids for the coinage of silver and nickel money of various denominations and amounts. The contemplated coinage may be an indication of the commercial awakening which is anticipated.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Shadow laces have been unusually popular with the cutting-up trades this season, probably because of the vogue for light materials that has made itself so widely felt here. Waists, dresses, and undergarments all show shadow laces in the trimming.
Notwithstanding the fear of tariff revision, staple men's wear fabrics have been duplicated to no small degree this year. Black habits and kerseys are the most active goods of the moment.
Regardless of the talk of shortage that has been heard in the silk field for some time, rumor has it that exceptin crepes de chine and charmeuse plenty of these goods are still to be had when wanted.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CHARLES A. MOORE, JR.—A meeting of creditors of Charles A. Moore, Jr., formerly of 35 Liberty Street, one of the Carnegie Trust Company Directors, was held yesterday at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Woolworth Building, to prove claims and elect a trustee. Mr. Moore is still in Europe with his sick father, and his attorney said that he would return to New York in July to appear for examination by the creditors. Alfred G. Coxe, Jr., was unanimously elected trustee, and his bond was fixed at $5,000. The schedules showed nominal liabilities of $10,530,283 and assets of unknown value, but it was said they are very small. Only $1,787 is in sight. There were attorneys present representing about fifteen creditors, but only a few claims were filed. Among them were the Central Trust Company, $572,125; John M. Bromley, $75,000; Charles E. McMahon, $70,000, and Herbert Hatfield, $9,887.
PATRICK REDDY.—A meeting of creditors of Patrick Reddy, contractor, of 78 West 129th Street, was held yesterday at the office of Macgrane Coxe, and David C. Myers was elected Trustee under a bond of $20,000. A verbal offer of composition was made at 25 cents on the dollar, payable in notes at six, twelve, and eighteen months, but no action will be taken on it until it is put in writing and signed by a majority of the creditors. The liabilities are $131,285 and nominal assets $126,000.
CARL ACKERMAN.—A petition has been filed against Carl Ackerman, dealer in dry goods at 502 Brook Avenue, by twelve creditors, whose claims aggregate $571. Among them are A. Kommel & Son, $84; Gordon Brothers, $54, and Cohen & Eriteson, $88. The liabilities are $1,500 and probable assets $1,000. Judge Holt appointed Nathan A. Kommel receiver. He is to serve without pay.
LOUIS ZEISLER.—A petition has been filed against Louis Zeisler, who did business as the Excelsior Tire Company, 1,777 Broadway, by these creditors: McGraw Tire and Rubber Company, $3,079; Motor Vehicle Publishing Company, $270, and Russell & Hobron, $37. The liabilities are about $6,000 and assets $1,500. Judge Holt appointed Albert C. Travis receiver; bond $750.
PREYERS & COURSEN.—Charles Preyers and William L. Coursen, who compose the firm of Preyers & Coursen, liquor dealers, 231 Canal Street, have filed a petition with liabilities $6,013 and no assets. There are only two creditors, George Ehret, $3,513, and the John G. Myrat estate, $2,500. Mr. Preyers has individual debts of $2,000 and Mr. Coursen has $1,500 individual debts.
BEDFORD H. MARSHALL, meat market, Newburg, has filed a petition with liabilities $7,801 and assets $1,200. Among the creditors are the National Bank of Newburg, $2,800; Quassaic National Bank, $1,600, and Henry W. Marshall, $1,800.
CHARLES LACEY PLUMB, INC.—Judge Holt has dismissed the petition filed on May 13 against Charles Lacey Plumb, Inc., wholesale flour dealer, Produce Exchange Building, on consent of creditors.
HERMAN F. ROESCH.—Judge Holt has appointed Walter L. Bryant receiver for Herman F. Roesch, grocer, 120 Greenwich Avenue; bond $500. Mr. Roesch consented to the appointment of the receiver.
MAGALIFF & GLUSBAND.—Judge Holt has confirmed a composition of Magaliff & Glusband, manufacturing jewelers, 36 Eldridge Street, at 50 cents on the dollar, payable in notes in monthly installments. The liabilities were $24,580.
ADOLPH RATNER.—Schedules of Adolph Ratner, grocer of 1,754 Madison Avenue, show liabilities $6,106 and assets $785.
BUCK & GASSETT.—Schedules of Buck & Gassett, grocers, Hudson, N. Y., show liabilities $5,245 and assets $913.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:
Anderson, Frederick W.—S. Husston, $124.
Bion, C. Loyall, N. Y., $967.
Alt, William—City of New York, $1,754.
Black, Catherine—City of New York, costs, $107.
Bodtker, Albert J.—H. Govern, Jr., $547.
Braunstein, Julius—Smyth Donegan Company, $146.
Bernier, Louis L.—C. A. Griscom, Jr., and others, $117.
Bernhaschaff, Joseph—C. Kulovaney, $1,434.
Byrne, Daniel J.—Henry B. Page & Co., $108.
Brown, William M.—Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Company, $1,705.
Butler, E. Morris—Jamaica Paragon Plaster Co., $542.
Same—Same, $534.
Berrick, William M.—R. Knox, $1,050.
Boyce, Myron J.—F. W. McGurk, $1,209.
Cooper, Rose—P. Kohn, $2,042.
Cahalane, John J.—W. S. Van Clief, $349.
Dilmaye, John Anthony and Frank—Federal Sign System Electric, $162.
Durres, Florence—A. M. Germunder and others, $161.
Despirino, Antonio—H. Ressler, $185.
Engels, Emil—L. Deutsch, $22,804.
Feinberg, Jacob—M. Kirschenbaum, $257.
Feifer, Abraham, Joseph Rosenblum, Jacob Lackowitz and Julius Duchin—L. Goldstein, $344.
Goldstein, Mabel and Abraham—B. Livingston, $138.
Greenberg, Marcus and Lizzie—Gude Brothers and Kiefer Company, $114.
Greenblatt, Nathan, Morris Savastta and N. Greenblatt Company—A. Riccardi and others, $225.
Hopper, Thomas T.—Batavia (N. Y.) Woodworking Company, $125.
Hosman, Johanna C.—E. H. Sayre and others, $231.
Halpin, William—C. M. Hamilton, $215.
Hartwell, H. Edgar—T. McVicar, $249.
Kearney, John W.—Ivy Court Realty Co., $187.
Knowles, George A.—D. H. M. Gillespie, $200.
Lavelle, Louis V.—O. Norwood, $250.
Levine, Benjamin A.—K. W. Hunt and others, $115.
Lasker, Herman B., and Ida Block—J. Lesser, $207.
Levine Meyer—S. Kaufman and others, $141.
Llewellyn, William D.—Bank of Farmingdale, $2,024.
Lipshitz, Benjamin—J. L. Marks, $247.
Lane, Wolcott G., and Lorillard Spencer, executors—S. Kohn, $10,341.
Landberg, Samuel—City of New York, costs, $108.
Maschas, Thomas—People, &c., $200.
McCreary, Samuel W.—W. W. McLaughlin, $339.
Mahoney, Robert J.—O. C. Hene, $7,101.
Ornstein, David—A. Silverman, $205.
O'Rorke, Lizzie M.—J. J. Wiffler, $128.
Pellegrino, Vincenzo—A. D'Angelo, costs, $107.
Paolillo, Angelo—People, &c., $200.
Pinkowitz, Ephraim—J. Epstein, $519.
Riley, Florence A.—J. Seegler, $154.
Rouss, Bertram H.—Evening Post Job Printing Office, $205.
Schmitt, Charles J.—J. J. Wiffler, $112.
Smith, John A.—M. Henehaw and others, $131.
Seelig, Fred J.—Jefferson Bank, $421.
Same—Same, $421.
Same—Same, $400.
Spreckels, Claus A.—M. I. Schamberg, $580.
Snead, Mary F.—T. H. Lohsen and others, $248.
Shields, Louis G., Paul V., and Theresa—Hudson Trust Co., $1,000.
Stewart, Antoinette—Home Life Insurance Co., costs, $154.
Scolaro, Frank—J. B. Owens, $218.
Tarwilliger, Frank G., or Fred G.—A. Loewenberg, $262.
Tobney, Max—F. Sternberg, costs, $102.
Will, Anna—J. Rheinfrank Co., $112.
Weiss, Leo F.—M. Rosenbaum, $215.
Walters, Raymond—Compagnie Internationale des Wagons, Ltd., Et Des Grands Europeans, $5,186.
Cambridge Construction Co., Adolf Hirshfeld, Sam and Emanuel M. Krulewitz—D. P. Canavan and others, $476.
Decker Bait Co.—Federal Sign System Electric, $150.
Harlem Brass Bed Mfg. Co.—John Duer & Sons, $202.
Marbolith Stone Co.—P. C. F. Toole, $314.
New Haven and New York Realty Corporation—E. Isaacs, $184.
Hoffron & Co.—T. L. Gellis, $119.
Bowman Butler Pub. Co., Inc., and Wade W. Bowman—W. H. Le Forge, $663.
Yorktan Realty Co. and George C. Kienglen—C. Muller, $468.
Larkin Co.—Terminal Warehouse Co., costs, $131.
Bankers' and Merchants' Electric Protection Co.—Mail and Express Co., $123.
Empire Cornice Works—Heisler Roofing Co., Inc., $162.
Annex Homes of New York City—V. Palmieri, $324.
Fred E. & B. Jones Co.—B. E. Cartwright, $15,107.
Metropolitan Holding Co.—J. Aspinwall et al., $962.
Kitchen Improvement Co.—Gorsmann & Lozner Co., Inc., $340.
Olson, John E., Construction Co., William E. Olson and Muriel V. Spencer, or Muriel V. Stadler—A. Newell, $117.
Stanley Co.—William Fischman, Inc., $1,134.
Same—Fischman Nathanson, Inc., $881.
Donoghue Silk Co.—L. H. Rothschild et al., $171.
Illinois Surety Co.—M. O'Beirne, $1,401.
N. Greenblatt Co., Morris Skyetta and Nathan Greenblatt—A. Riccardi et al., $228.
Halley Land and Improvement Co.—W. F. Palmer, $1,832.
Salconmen's Protective Union No. 1—E. Collins, $108.
Eriacson Realty Co.—J. McMartin, $140,018.
Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co.—H. Saundry, $4,511.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:
Anchor Bolt & Nut Co.—Biddle Purchasing Co., March 3, 1913, $3,538.
Brulatour, Jules E.—J. L. Smith, May 31, 1913, $4,500.
Bonnemai Rust Proofing Co.—W. S. Rockwell Co., Dec. 4, 1912, $668.
Fred S. Schumann, Inc.—Frank E. Brand, Inc., April 15, 1913, $202.
Ives, Kenneth—E. G. Toel, March 29, 1911, $340.
Same—Same, March 29, 1911, $514.
Noble, Oscar—A. H. Sievers, April 2, 1912, $108.
Manhattan Lighterage Co.—G. Conterno, May 20, 1913, $108.
Same—Same, Dec. 12, 1912, $5,620.
Polack, Isaac—Union National Bank of Troy, March 20, 1913, $371.
Prescott, Royal C.—W. & K. Sloane, Sept. 26, 1908, $15,785.
Palmer, Solomon—J. H. Iden, Feb. 15, 1911, $356.
Rathbun, H. Fuller—Callahan Estate, March 27, 1890, $110.
Southack, Emily L.—A. E. Brown, Oct. 15, 1909, $202.
John A. McCarthy & Bro.—J. C. Weschler, May 14, 1913, (vacated) $1,850.

PLAN FOR THE B. R. T. UNDER BROADWAY

First to be Prepared for Letting Since the Signing of the Agreements.

PROVIDES FOR A BIG STATION

Plans Submitted for Construction of Brooklyn Elevated Connection from Myrtle Avenue.

The first subway construction contract to be prepared for public letting since the operating contracts were signed with the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit was approved yesterday by the Public Service Commission. It was for the section of the Brooklyn Rapid Trdansit subway under Broadway, from where the present construction stops between Bleecker and Houston Streets and Union Square, and includes half of one of the stations that will be one of the great traffic centres of the city.
This section, which is known as No. 4, will be from midway between Houston and Bleecker Streets to a point about 390 feet north of Fourteenth Street. It will be for a four-track line, and will include a local station at Eighth Street and half of the express station under Union Square. As at present planned, the Eighth Street local station will run south under Broadway to a little below Astor Place, but the only entrance will be at Eighth Street.
Union Square station will lie under the park. It will begin a little north of the southern limits of the square and will extend diagonally across it toward the junction of Broadway and Seventeenth Street, thereby avoiding the curve which the subway will have to take at Fourteenth Street in order to strike the line of the northern extension of Broadway. The entrances are likely to be between Fifteenth and Fourteenth Streets and at Sixteenth Street. A mezzanine will be constructed to give admission to the island express platforms without necessitating going downstairs to get under the local tracks which is such an inconvenience at Ninety-sixth Street.
Close by the new Brooklyn Rapid Transit Broadway station in Union Square is the present Interborough Fourth Avenue subway station. They will be separated by little more than 200 feet, and in addition the Brooklyn Rapid Transit crossdown Fourteenth Street line to Brooklyn will have a station at Broadway and Fourteenth Street. From this aggregation of lines it is probable that a large traffic centre will be built up eventually. The crosstown line will be on the second level, but arrangements will have to be made to enable its passengers to transfer to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Broadway line at this point, and it is likely that some kind of underground connection will be built between the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit main lines.
Fourteenth Street will be the natural point where passengers from the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines either up Broadway or from the Eastern District will transfer to the Interborough in order to reach any point on the Lexington Avenue line north of the Grand Central Station. In the same way it should be the point of transfer for a good many Interborough passengers from uptown bound for Coney Island.
The bids for the section new to be advertised will be opened on June 24 at 12:15 o'clock at the offices of the Public Service Commission. For the first time the contracts prescribe the location of the shafts. They are on public property in Union Square, in Broadway opposite Waverley Place, and just off Broadway in Bond Street. An attempt was made by the Broadway Association to make arrangements with John Wanamaker for the use of a vacant lot belonging to him on the east side of Broadway near Waverley Place for a shaft, but it was found impossible to come to any terms which the commission would accept.
The New York Municipal Railway Corporation, as the B. R. T. corporation to run the dual subway system is called, submitted yesterday to the commission its construction plans and form of contract for the elevated railroad structure connecting the existing Myrtle Avenue and Broadway elevated lines in Brooklyn. These cover the raising and altering of the existing elevated lines in Myrtle Avenue between Broadway and Willoughby Avenue, a reinforced concrete elevated structure over part of the company's private right of way between Broadway and Myrtle Avenue, and changes in the elevated structure in Broadway between Myrtle Avenue and Ditmars Street.
These plans are the first submitted by the company for the approval of the commission under the dual system.
The Interborough is anxious to proceed at the earliest possible moment with the third tracking of the Second, Third, and Ninth Avenue lines in Manhattan and the Bronx, as well as the White Plains Road extension and the connection between the present Ninth Avenue line and the Jerome Avenue elevated, which is to be built in connection with the Lexington Avenue road. So eager is it to get to work that it asked the commission to waive its right to approve of the construction bids and the contract forms prepared by the company.
The commission is, however, not ready to take up at present any elevated plans in Manhattan, as its engineering force is hard put to it to get out the sections, which will take a long time to construct, and with the Lexington Avenue line north of Fifty-third Street already half completed and not a spadeful of earth moved

FAMINE IN POULTRY RESULT OF 'STRIKE'

Market Tied Up by Dispute Between Commission Men and Dealers in Live Fowls.

CARS ARE STILL UNLOADED

Conference To-day Will Seek to Make Peace Treaty—Dealers Say, They Were Undersold.

While no definite step was taken yesterday to settle the dispute between the New York live poultry dealers and the commission men, which has resulted in tying up the poultry market, commission men in the West Washington Market, at Gansevoort and West Streets, said that they thought things would adjust themselves in a few days. There were so many crates full of chickens and ducks at the market that it seemed ridiculous to talk about the possibility of a poultry famine anywhere in New York. A famine there was, nevertheless. Not a wagon load of live poultry had been moved from the market at nightfall, and the crates were shoved back into the warehouses to await the developments of to-day.

Commission men spoke of the tie-up as a "strike." They said that the conditions at the market were not bad, and that Inspectors of the S. P. C. A., who had read sensational stories about the suffering of the fowls, had decided there was no cause for them to act, after they looked things over. The "strike" has now been on for nearly a week, and there is a big accumulation of poultry on hand, but the fact that the men who unload the cars at Hoboken are in sympathy with the dealers and quit work saved the situation. Hundreds of crates which otherwise would have been sent to the commission men are still stored in cars on the other side of the river.

At the last count there were 71,540 fowls at West Washington Market. Supt. Archer of the Humane Society, after an inspection, said last night that the condition of the fowls was as good as could be expected. He made a few recommendations about increasing the size of the crates, for better ventilation.

The commission men scoffed at the charge that the dealers were on strike because the fowls were "gravel-weighted," or, in other words, fed with gravel, sand, lead, or some other substance to give them artificial weight before they were sold.

Adolph Danziger, one of the commission merchants, said yesterday that 300 fowls had died since the strike begun. As to the weighting of the fowls, one of the commission men said that the weighting was done before the fowls were delivered to them by the shippers.

One demand of the dealers is that all of the commission men give up their retail business. They say that some of the firms sell to the dealers at a certain price, say 18 cents a pound, and then turn around and sell to the public for 17 cents a pound. Consumers, of course, flock to stores where the lower price is quoted, and the dealers in some districts say that they are unable to dispose of their poultry at a profit. Competition has forced dealers, especially on the east side, to lower their prices, one said yesterday, until sometimes they sell chickens at cost. The strike, the dealers say, was the result of these conditions. The strike, they hoped, would bring about reforms in the live poultry business.

Representatives of the dealers and commission merchants will hold a conference again this morning and endeavor to straighten out the tangle. The strike now affects the boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx, and Brooklyn. If an agreement is not reached to-day, an effort will be made to come to an agreement by which some of the general dealers of the city can be supplied.

The compromise, however, will not affect dealers supplying districts where the Jewish population is greatest, where the strike has been felt most keenly.

One effect of the boycott by the dealers was that there was no supply of live chickens on hand to meet the Jewish Sabbath demand. As a rule, it takes 125 carloads to supply the east side, and Friday is the big day. To meet the demand, some of the retail men on the east side endeavored to buy from the shippers. The commission men represented this. Isaac Neutermann of 95 East Fourth Street was one who sought the shippers for his supply. A scout car sent out by the commission men, it was said, stopped at his store and one of the agents exchanged blows with Neutermann.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 116.

Transfers—To take effect 8 A. M., May 23: Sergeants Patrick Sheridan, 26th Precinct to 4th Inspection District; Patrick H. Rice, 29th Precinct to 4th Inspection District. Patrolmen J. F. Leonard, 14th Precinct to 4th Inspection District. Precincts indicated to 274th; J. J. McHugh, 22d; E. Walsh, 29th; M. Harvey, 38th; G. A. Lohnhoff, 61st; T. F. Cassidy, 158th; E. A. Fallon, 25th; M. Murphy, 32d; P. F. Lynch, 35th; F. Webber, 150th; G. M. Eckert, 162d.

Assignments (Temporary.)—Sergt. L. Bose, 6th, to C. O. Squad, five days, from 9 A. M. May 23. Patrolman to C. O. Squad from precincts indicated, five days, from 9 A. M. May 23: J. J. Mara, 35th; J. Casey, 42d; M. McConnell, 65th; J. J. Donnelly, 145th; W. J. Fewers, 146th; H. Morton, 182d; F. J. Bourque, 184th; W. Ketteman, 165th; J. J. O'Sullivan, 165th; C. J. Sackett, 274th; C. P. Woolbright, 42d, to C. O. Squad, ten days, from 6 P. M. May 22; J. J. Scott, 275th, to office of chief counsel, Excise Department, one day, from 5 P. M. May 23. Detective Division as indicated: H. Pagano, 10th, five days, from 1 P. M. May 22; F. Benanno, 16th, five days, from 8 A. M. May 23; W. J. Jones, 21st, five days, from 9 A. M. May 23; J. Hudson, 23d, five days, from 4 P. M. May 22, detailed to District Attorney's office; F. J. Kiernan, 145d, two days, from 10 P. M. May 21, to District Attorney's office, Kings County; H. Baden, 280th, five days, from 8 A. M. May 23, to District Attorney's office, Queens County; F. Paone, 18th; R. Koch, 35th; J. P. Barry, 40th, and E. H. Schermeyer, 66d, five days, from 4 P. M. May 22; Matron Adele D. Pretss, 5th, to C. O. Squad, ten days, from 6 P. M. May 22.

Leave of absence with full pay—Capt. Patrick F. Gargan, School for Recruits, one day, from 9 A. M., May 23, to be deducted from vacation.

Relieved from Suspension—Patrolman Moscotti Bonanno, 145th, to take effect at 4 P. M. May 22.

Dismissed from the force, to take effect at 9:45 M., May 22—Patrolman Joseph Meyers, 144th; charges, neglect of duty April 24, improperly patrolling.

Death—Patrolman Michael Neville, 63d, at 12:30 P. M., May 22.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 101.

The following are hereby transferred to Hook and Ladder Company 131, to take effect at 8 A. M., May 24: Lieutenants Benjamin H. Boyle, Engine 264; James W. Trihy, Engine 264. Firemen (first grade,) J. Snyder, Engine 14; G. A. Mallody, Engine 214; C. Veit, Engine 231; C. F. Schleiser, Engine 235; F. F. Deacon, Engine 238; C. A. Kalbfleisch, Jr., Hook and Ladder 14; C. E. Smith, Hook and Ladder 21; C. P. Kilmer, Hook and Ladder 21; C. F. Collins, Hook and Ladder 110; J. Ludlow, Hook and Ladder 119.

Firemen (first grade,) Louis Zeigler, Engine 156. Charges: (1) absence without leave, 2 days' pay; (2) disrespect to superior officer, 10 days' pay. Total 12 days.

Change of Order—Special orders 100, paragraph 1; Substituting Lieut. James R. McAvoy, Hook and Ladder 36, in lieu of Lieut. William Geithaus, Hook and Ladder 80.

Special Leaves of Absence, without pay: Fireman (first grade,) E. J. Tracy, Jr., Hook and Ladder 24, and fireman, (first grade,) F. Strobel, Engine 238, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., May 24; Lieut. J. H. Wells, Engine 93, 48 hours, from 9 P. M., to-day.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:39|Sun sets..7:19|Moon rises..11:45

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:37	10:48	4:27	4:23
Governors Island	11:15	11:19	5:15	5:17
Hell Gate	1:05	1:06	6:55	6:57

Arrived—Friday, May 23.

SS New York City, Las Palmas, May 9.
SS Argentina, Palermo, May 8.
SS Lauristan, Cardenas, May 10.
SS Zaifa, Mayaguez, May 17.
SS Esperanza, Havana, May 20.
SS Vestris, Rio Janeiro, May 7.
SS Christophar, Barbados, May 16.
SS Cristobal, Cristobal, May 16.
SS Zafra, Huelva, May 5.
SS Moldegaard, Sagua, May 15.
SS Star of Scotland, Liverpool, May 10.
SS Ellin, Newport News, May 22.
SS El Siglo, Galveston, May 17.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, May 20.
SS Strathdee, Shields, May 8.
SS San Mateo, San Isabel, May 17.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Ceres	Palermo	May 6
Chicago City	Swansea	May 9
Iroquois	London	May 9
Pyrgo	Leith	May 7
Alberto Treves	Lisbon	May 14
Theodore Wilhe	Rotterdam	May 9
Celtic	Liverpool	May 15
Cape Breton	Cardiff	May 11
Lampasas	Galveston	May 17
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 21
P. R. D. Nederlanden	St. Marc	May 19

DUE TO-MORROW.

Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Southampton	May 16
St. Paul	Southampton	May 17
Cameronia	Glasgow	May 17
Carmania	Liverpool	May 17
Lorraine	Havre	May 17
Colon	Colon	May 19
Eddie	St. Lucia	May 15
Seminole	Turks Island	May 19
El Cid	New Orleans	May 20
Brazos	San Juan	May 21
Mayaro	Port Spain	May 18
City of St. John's	Savannah	May 20
Vigilancia	Havana	May 20
Soperga	Lisbon	May 15

DUE MONDAY.

Lapland	Antwerp	May 17
Rochambeau	Havre	May 17
Minnewaska	London	May 17
Potsdam	Rotterdam	May 17
Iverna, Naples	Palermo	May 14
Prinz Sigismund	Inagua	May 22
Uller	Port of Spain	May 17
Stephano	St. Johns	May 21
Orotava	Bermuda	May 23
El Mundo	Galveston	May 20

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Olympic, Southampton	5:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Princess Irene, Naples	5:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Iverna, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Finland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London		10:30 A.M.
Canada, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Niagara, Havre		3:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow		11:00 A.M.
Taormina, Naples		11:00 A.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Antilla, Tampico		12:00 M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick		3:00 P.M.
Tagus, Jamaica		1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Sol, Galveston		12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Alliance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Gregory, Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Swedish Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Dochfree, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam		10:00 A.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless

SS Lorraine, Havre to New York, was 790 miles E. at 2:20 A. M.; due 25th, 8 A. M. French Line.

SS Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Hamburg to New York, was 612 miles E. at 3:30 A. M.; due late 24th or early 25th. Hamburg-American Line.

SS St. Paul, Southampton to New York, was 840 miles E. at 1:45 A. M.; due 25th, 8 A. M. American Line.

SS Celtic, Liverpool to New York, was 193 miles E. at 2:15 P. M.; due 24th, 8 A. M. White Star Line.

SS Cameronia, Glasgow to New York, was 750 miles E. at noon; due 25th, 11 A. M. Anchor Line.

LIZARD, ENGLAND.

SS Oceanic, New York to Southampton, was 390 miles W. at 11 A. M.; due Plymouth 24th, 3:30 A. M. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Comal, Tampa to New York, passed Rebecca Shoals at 5 P. M.

SS Vestris, Buenos Aires to New York, was 103 miles S. at 9 A. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 145 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, was 166 miles S. at noon.

SS Suriname, Port Barrios to New York, was 285 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 120 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 70 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Cherokee, Georgetown to New York, was 850 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS El Cid, New Orleans to New York, was 200 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Colon, Cristobal to New York, was 380 miles S. at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Volturno, at Rotterdam, May 21.
SS Baltic, at Queenstown, May 23.
SS Martha Washington, at Trieste, May 20.
SS Kursk, at Libau, May 17.
SS Invertay, at Delagoa Bay, May 19.
SS Mississippi, at Havre, May 22.
SS Baron Minto, at Colombo, May 23.
SS Noordam, at Rotterdam, May 23.
SS Damara, at Montevideo, May 23.

Sailed.

SS Cedric, from Queenstown, May 23.
SS Halredale, from Rio Janeiro, May 23.
SS Aidan, from Para, May 22.
SS Monviso, from Leghorn, May 18.
SS Fedora, from Oran, May 20.
SS Santa Theresa, from Barbados, May 20.
SS Indiana, from Naples, May 20.
SS Minnetonka, from London, May 23.

Passed.

SS Indrawadi, New York for Singapore, passed Gibraltar.
SS Etonian, New York for Antwerp, passed Lisard.
SS Laura, New York for Trieste, passed Sagres.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Korea.....May 24
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru.....May 29
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma.....May 29
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan.....May 30
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru.....May 30
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport..May 31
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru.....June 5
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.,)—Niagara.....June 6
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Protesilaus..June 6
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Siberia..June 12
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and Australia (especially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Manuka.....June 20

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, April 27; Auckland, April 28; Melbourne, May 2; Sydney, May 3, and Honolulu, May 16—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sonoma, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. May 12, and mails dated Kobe, May 6, and Yokohama, May 7, which arrived at Seattle per steamer Yokohama Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. May 22, and are due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, May 27.

On Steamship Piers.

Double postage is required except for the Post vessels. Whenever mail vessels of the American, Cunard, French, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, White Star, New York and Cuba Mail, New York and Porto Rico, Panama, and Red D Lines sail between 7 and 8 A. M. and 6 P. M., supplementary mails are opened on the steamship piers one and a half hours before sailing time and close ten minutes before sailing time. There is no pier supplementary mail for the Cunard Wednesday steamers sailing at 1 A. M., but supplementary mail, prepaid double postage, is accepted at the Foreign Station after the close of the regular mail and up to 10:30 P. M. From May 1 to 23 mails for ocean post steamers will close at thirty minutes before sailing time.

For Later Shipping See Page 3.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A trough of low pressure formed Thursday night over the Atlantic States and it will continue, but with an eastward tendency and general and in many places heavy rains occurred throughout the Atlantic States, with the heaviest falls from Maryland and southwestward into the north portions of Georgia and Alabama. There was no rain of consequence in any other portion of the country.

It is decidedly cooler in the Gulf States, Tennessee and the Middle Atlantic States and warmer west of the Mississippi River, except in portions of the extreme Northwest. In the Ohio Valley low temperature continue.

Cloudy weather with showers will continue Saturday in the Atlantic States, followed by generally fair weather Sunday. Over the remainder of the country the weather will be generally fair Saturday and Sunday, with higher temperatures over the Central Valleys.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate and variable becoming Southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest to north, becoming variable Sunday; South Atlantic Coast, moderate southwest to northwest.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate winds mostly northwest with rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Showers Saturday. Sunday fair; moderate winds, mostly west and northwest.

Southern New England—Showers Saturday. Sunday fair; moderate variable winds, becoming west.

New Jersey—Cloudy Saturday, with showers in morning. Sunday fair, warmer; moderate west to northwest winds.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday fair, slightly warmer; light to moderate west winds, becoming variable.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy and cool Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer; moderate winds, mostly northwest.

Northern New England—Showers Saturday. Sunday fair; moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	57	66	4 P. M.	72	68
6 A. M.	53	66	6 P. M.	64	68
9 A. M.	53	66	9 P. M.	60	57
12 M.	61	60	11 P. M.	64	55

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 63, for the corresponding date last year it was 61, average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66, at 8 P. M. it was 60. Maximum temperature 70 degrees at 1:10 P. M., minimum 55 degrees at 10:15 P. M. Humidity 88 per cent. at 8 A. M., 80 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.87 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.76 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.
11:30–15 Rutgers Place; L. Dismond. Slight
P.M.
3:45–216 East 97th St.; V. Terralova. Trifling
6:45–3,804 Park Av.; N. Kaufmann. Trifling
7:45–174 Orchard St.; H. Zimmerman. Trifling
7:45–151 East 85th St.; I. Kerman. Trifling
8:30–347 West 59th; not given. Trifling
8:30–28 Norfolk St.; not given. Trifling
9:25–88 University Place; not given. Trifling
9:35–840 Wendover; P. Hendrix. Trifling

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BEMAN, GEORGE W., (died April 9;) left $3,500 personalty; $500 to the Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian Church of Chateaugay, $1,000 to Frank W. Beman, $1,000 to brother, William H. Beman; $500 to sister, Jessie Beman Campbell.

BUNZL, ERNEST, (died May 13;) left more than $5,000 realty and more than $5,000 personalty in equal shares to Carrie G. Bunzl, wife; Regina S. White, daughter, and Everett E. Bunzl, son.

FRIEDLANDER, ISIDOR, (died May 4;) left more than $100,000 realty and more than $5,000 personalty to widow, Lena Friedlander.

FULLER, CHARLES C., (died May 11;) left more than $100 realty and more than $100 personalty to daughter, Frances Fuller.

KEARNEY, ROSEANNE, (died April 27;) left $2,000; $700 to daughter, Mary Kearney; $300 to Elizabeth Kearney; $175 to son, Frank Kearney; $175 to son, Joseph Kearney; $50 to sister, May King; $10 to Maggie Kelly.

NORMAN, WILLIAM STEVENS, left more than $5,000 realty and more than $5,000 personalty to son, William Thomas Norman.

SCHMID, GEORGE E., (died May 3;) left about $5,000 realty and about $5,000 personalty; one-half estate to widow, Alice; one-quarter estate each to daughters, Amy A. and Alice M. Schmid.

SHURTLEFF, JULIA B., (died May 18;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; $7,000 to sister, Isabel A. Woll; $1,000 to St. James's Methodist Episcopal Church.

SMALL, DAVID, (died Feb. 10, 1911;) left unestimated personalty not above $750 to Floyd S. Leach.

STAATS, PHILIP SCHUYLER, (died May 11;) left $2,000 personalty to widow, Emelle Benner Staats.

VAN BIEMA, HELENA, (died May 11;) left $10,000 personalty to nephew, Isadore Hess.

EDUCATION NOTES.

City Supt. Maxwell has promulgated the following eligible list for teacher of physical training in elementary schools, with the ratings set opposite the names of the successful competitors: E. Jeannette Marks, 485 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, 81; Elsa Bidstrup, 42 Jerome Street, Brooklyn, 78.12; Addie Rabinowitz, 1,415 Franklin Avenue, Bronx, 78.08; Margaret McDonald, 165 East Thirty-ninth Street, 72.25.

The Man Teachers and Principals' Association will hold a meeting at 2:30 P. M. today at Terrace Garden.

There will be a meeting to-day at 11 A. M. at Terrace Garden of male teachers in the high schools whose appointment took effect after Jan. 1, 1912, and who came from a seventh or eighth grade in the elementary schools.

Maria Casey, janitress, has been assigned to the care of the Olinville Avenue building, formerly known as the Bronx Borough Hall, with compensation at the rate of $600 a year.

The Board of Education has decided to provide more extensive facilities for vocational training.

A meeting of the Male High School Teachers' Association will be held on the ninth floor of 100 Washington Square at 4 P. M. on May 28.

The Students' General Organization of the New York Evening High School for Men will give a banquet this evening at the Broadway Central Hotel, Broadway and Bond Street. This organization has been established for the purpose of furthering the interests and bettering the conditions of the students in this school, and is a new feature in evening high school life in this city.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Thomas E. Powers, respondent, vs. Catholic News Publishing Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Thomas E. Powers, respondent, vs. Henry Ridder, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

The City of New York, respondent, vs. Uvalde Asphalt Paving Company and another, appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs on authority of Mack Paving Company vs. City, 142, App. Div., 102. Order filed.

Leon Rothman, appellant, vs. City of New York, respondent.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

China and Japan Trading Company, appellant, vs. J. Spencer Turner Company, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Lillian E. Hoffstatter, respondent, vs. Charles G. Schinkel et al., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Bertha Evans and another, respondents, vs. Charles J. Pelta and another, appellants.—Determination reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs, on 146 App. Div., 745. Settle order on notice.

James P. Campbell, respondent, vs. Eugene K. Campbell and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Josephine O'Keefe, respondent, vs. City of New York, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, and new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event on the ground that the finding of the jury that the defendant was negligent was against the evidence. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Charles A. Morse and another, appellants, vs. Carolyn T. Kelsey et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on the opinion of Page, J. Order filed.

Minnie Anderson, appellant, vs. Nassau Electric Railroad Company, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Aaron Solomon, appellant, vs. Jacob Wallerstein and another, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Union Trust Company of New Jersey, respondent, vs. Eugene Van Schaick, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs on opinion of Hendrick, J. Order filed.

Emma Decker and another, appellants, vs. New York Realty Owners, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on the authority of Cass vs. Realty Securities Company, 148 App. Div., 96; affd. 206 N. Y. 649. (Concurring memo. by Hotchkiss, J.) Order filed.

Lilla M. Baldwin, respondent, vs. American Finance and Securities Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Daniel Daly and another, respondents, vs. City of New York, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed. Arthur S. Beves, respondent, vs. Mary E. Post, as executrix, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, said motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

John Golden, appellant, vs. City of New York, respondent.—Order modified as directed in opinion, and, as modified, affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Northern Bank of New York, respondent, vs. Joseph G. Robin, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Caroline W. Frame, respondent, vs. Frederick P. Forster, appellant.—Order affirmed, with 10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Caroline W. Frame, respondent, vs. Frederick P. Forster, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of The Parkway, &c., in re Woolf.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, on Woolf vs. Woolf, 151 App. Div., 751, and Trowbridge vs. Erich, 191 N. Y., 361. Order filed.

Frederick Currie et al., appellants, vs. George F. Vreeland, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs, on Seligsberg vs. Shepp, 79 App. Div., 626. Order filed.

Ida Wallmer, appellant, vs. George W. Roberts and another, respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. (Scott and Dowling, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

People ex rel. Harry Segal, appellant, vs. James M. Morrow et al., respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Tillie Wacht, respondent, vs. Aaron Goodman, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

William Geisner, respondent, vs. John F. McDonough, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of Contractor's Supply Company, respondent, Hollin Tracy, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Royal Typewriter Company, respondent, vs. R. D. Cortina Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Weng Wung.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Besmischo Escompte Bank vs. Otto C. Heinze.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

George W. Walker vs. Anna Dressler.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Gustave Kowes v. John Catoir and another. —Motion granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

In the matter of George W. Pratt.—Application granted. Order signed.

Daniel Heck vs. Uvalde Asphalt Company; same vs. same.—Application and motion granted. Order signed and filed.

Henry B. Smith vs. William R. Williams.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Philip P. Carlon vs. Anna M. Reilly.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

American Woolen Company vs. Harry Moskowitz.—Application granted. Order signed.

American Credit Indemnity Company vs. Frank Cohen and others.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Alexander L. Ide vs. Henry Rosenstein.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Murray and Hill Company vs. Boreas Realty Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Marshall Clapp vs. Sophia J. Schaus.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Hermann H. Carman et al. vs. Susannah G. Bailey et al.—Motion for leave to appeal to Court of Appeals granted; question certified. Motion for resettlement denied. Order filed.

Leon Kauffman vs. Ada L. Simis.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Mary E. Dickerson and another vs. Frank P. Sheehy et al.—Motion granted; question certified. Order filed.

Abigail H. Bishop vs. James C. Bishop.—Motion granted. Settle order on notice.

The People, &c., vs. Alfred Schulz.—Motion to vacate order dismissing appeal granted on condition that printed papers on appeal are served so that case can go on calendar by June 10. Settle order on notice.

Robert S. Smith vs. Max Rubel.—Motion denied, without costs. Order filed.

Frederick Potter and another vs. The Park Company.—Motion granted to the extent stated in order. Order filed.

Lammert Dekker vs. Richey, Brown & Donald.—Motion granted, without costs. Order filed.

George Skidmore et al. vs. Frederick S. Myers, as executor.—Motion granted as indicated in memorandum per curiam. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Manhattan Bridge 3-Cent Line.—Report confirmed. Order filed.

In the matter of Willard G. Stanton.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

Phillip Callan vs. Pater et al. Mary O'Beirne vs. Same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Pendleton, Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lynch, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. City R E Co v. Raymond—John J. Hynes.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Shapiro v. Raymond Realty Co.—Abraham Rosenthal. Brewster v. Viau—Albert Falck. Same v. Same—Lester Leeds. In re N Y Trust Co. (Inman)—Phoenix Ingraham. Klock v. Heins—Guy Van Amringe. Lowenstein v. Spatz—Abraham H. Rubenstein.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Clara Waterman v. Lister Realty Co.—John J. Mackin. Martin M. Stone v. Joseph Tesoro —Simon H. Goldsmith.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Maddox, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J. Litigated motions. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

NEXT SAILINGS TO LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
FROM NEW YORK
S.S. KAIS'N AUG. VICTORIA, MAY 29, 1P.M.
FROM BOSTON:
S. S. CINCINNATI, JUNE 7, 10 A. M.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 To Poughkeepsie and Return
SUNDAY
All day sail on the Hudson River. Steamers
TROJAN and RENSSELAER
Luxury and Recreation. No Crowding
To Poughkeepsie and return same day.... $1.00
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Steamer leaves foot of Canal St. 8:45 A. M.; W. 129th St. at 9:15 A. M.; Yonkers at 10 A. M.
Returning to Yonkers at 5 P. M.; W. 129th St. at 5:40 P. M.; Canal St. at 6 P. M.
Dining Service a la Carte MUSIC.
Hudson Navigation Co.
Pier 32, N. R. Phone Spring 9400.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Kaiser Wilhelm II.....May 27
Kronprins Wilhelm.....June 3
Kronprinzessin Cecilie....June 10
Fast Mail Sailings.
Grosser Kurfuerst.....May 29
Friedrich der Grosse.....June 5
Barbarossa.....June 12
London—Paris—Bremen
Sailings on SATURDAY for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
Prinzess Irene.....May 24
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June 16, July 5, from Bremen
Through rates from New York to Egypt, India, Far East, and SOUTH AMERICA, via EUROPE. Largest, Newest, Finest Ships in this Service.
AROUND THE WORLD Independent Trips $618
In 1912 the North German Lloyd carried more passengers in all classes, First, Second and Steerage—eastbound and westbound—North Atlantic service, than any other line
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$10.00 Niagara Falls AND RETURN Over Decoration Day
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Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. From Pier 19, E. R., Phone 3700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y. Uptown Ticket Office, Bway and 42d St.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Daily except Sunday. Direct rail communication. Music. Restaurant.
First trip Str. Mary Powell, May 27.
First trip between New York and Albany of new Str. WASHINGTON IRVING Saturday, May 24th. Ideal outing to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on Str. ROBERT FULTON.

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You will enjoy it.
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Iron Steambo

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¶Can my securities be exchanged for others of equal safety and yielding a larger income? If so, what is the reason and how much more would I receive?
¶What securities do you recommend as safe which should increase steadily in value?
¶What is the advantage in purchasing securities which are legal investments for Savings Banks?
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices React in Very Light Trading—Further Absorption of City Bonds.

Investment absorption of the new city bonds continued yesterday on a fairly large scale. The price was maintained at par or above all day, and on the Exchange sales were made on terms equivalent to 100¼ on direct purchases of the bonds. Demand for the new St. Paul bonds also continued on a sufficient scale to maintain them at 99⅞, the highest price at which they have sold. From abroad further details were received regarding the subscriptions to the international Chinese loan which served to emphasize the noteworthy success of that issue. These facts, bearing on the investment demand for securities, may well be regarded as deserving of perhaps more attention than the Street as a whole has been giving to them. It is true that there were further declines in some parts of the bond list, particularly in the railroad group, which has been under severe pressure for some days, but, for reasons well understood, these movements were not regarded as indicative of the investment position.

There has been distinct improvement in the investment market since the days, a little while back, when the hurried liquidation, prompted by the readjustment called for by the terms upon which new issues were being put out, brought the bond dealings prominently to the fore in financial discussion. The manner in which bonds of the new city issue sold by those who had bid for them speculatively have been absorbed and the practical completion of the distribution of the large block of St. Paul bonds which was left in the hands of the issuing bankers when the public subscription lists were closed suggest the manner in which improvement is showing in the market for investment securities. Though perhaps only remotely related to it, this betterment, so far as it has gone, is particularly worthy of note in connection with the firmer undertone which the stock market as a whole has lately shown. This has not gone to the length of steady improvement in stock prices, but it has manifested itself in the greater resistance which the major issues have shown and in the facility with which prices have responded on one or two days recently to reports of a favorable kind. Yesterday trading was again very light. The general level of prices showed a small net decline for the day, but among the less active issues were a number which showed net changes upward of a point. More of these were advances than declines, although there were severe losses in a limited number of issues.

Conditions surrounding the Winter wheat crop have fallen back a little during the past week, according to yesterday's "Modern Miller" summary, but the setback seems to be too slight to be regarded as important, particularly in view of the unusually high condition which Winter wheat had previously attained. The fortnightly statement of the American Railway Association showed an increase of 10,500, or about 26 per cent., in the number of idle freight cars on May 15, compared with May 1. There was still at that date, however, less than half as many idle cars as at the corresponding season last year and less than were idle a month ago. The keynote of general trade advices was continuance of current activity, with clearly defined conservatism regarding future commitments.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 2¾ cent. for six months, and 5@5½ per per cent.

Time money rates were 3¼@4 per cent. for sixty days, 4@4¼ per cent. for ninety days and four months, 4¼@4½ per cent. for five months, 4½@4¾ per cent. for eight months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5½ per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $322,534,717; balances, $26,904,587; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $188,845.

The local banks lost $7,436,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2⅝@3¼ per cent. for short bills and 3⅝@3 11-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 5¾ per cent. Money was 2¾@3 per cent. in London, and 4 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 22c, and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 44½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8685; demand, high, $4.8640; low, $4.8625; last, $4.8640.
Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛; check, 5.18¾ less 1-16.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ less 1-82; check, 95⅛.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅜ less 1-16; check, 5.19⅛ less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.83; 90 days, $4.81⅛.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.82⅝; 90 days, $4.81⅜.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.22½; 90 days, 5.23⅜ less 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94½; 90 days, 93⅝.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 20c premium; St. Louis, 35c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 27⅝, and ⅛ lower in New York, at 59⅞c per ounce.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, int.	100⅝	101⅛	100⅝	101
4½s, Nov., 1957, int.	100½	101¼	100½	101
4½s, May, 1917, int.	100½	101¼	100½	101¼
4½s, Nov., 1917, int.	100½	101¼	100½	101¼
4½s, Mar., 1930-60, int.	96	97¼	96	97¼
4s, Mar., 1962, int.	95⅝	96	95⅝	96¼
4½s, Sep., 1960, int.	95¾	96	95⅝	90¼
4s, May, 1959, int.	91½	92¼	91¾	92¼
4s, Nov., 1958, int.	91¾	92¼	91½	92¼
4s, May, 1967, int.	92	93	92⅛	93
4s, Nov., 1956, reg.	90¼	92	90⅝	92
4s, Nov., 1955, reg.	90¾	92	90⅝	92
4s, Nov., 1936, reg.	92	93½	92	96
4s, 1991-1911, int.	97	100	97	100
3½s, Nov., '54-55, int.	81½	82⅜	81¼	83
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	81½	82⅜	81¼	82
3½s, 1950-1954, reg.	80½	82	80¼	82

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. H. Duden and Joseph J. Green have been elected members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

Lester Leland, formerly Second Vice President, has been made Vice President of the United States Rubber Company, W. G. Parsons treasurer, and E. J. Hawthorne assistant treasurer.

George F. Piper of Minneapolis has been elected a Director of the McCall Corporation.

The Tennessee Copper Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 3 per cent., or 75 cents a share. The company has already paid $1.50 per share this year.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway has sold $4,500,000 5 per cent. ten-year equipment notes to Brown Brothers & Co. and White, Weld & Co. The notes are payable in annual installments.

White, Weld & Co. have also purchased $1,900,000 5 per cent. equipment trust notes from the Missouri, Kansas & Texas. They are secured by new equipment costing $2,850,000, on which 30 per cent. has been paid in cash.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Approaching Maturities.

With only six business days intervening before the date of maturity of the St. Louis & San Francisco two-year notes, the bankers and officials of the company continued silent yesterday regarding the arrangements, if any, which have been made for caring for the $2,250,000 obligations. The news slips said:

"In conservative quarters the opinion was expressed that the present is the dark hour before the dawn in 'Frisco affairs. The belief prevailed that the company would provide for its immediate financial requirements by the sale of a part of its interest in the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, or liquidation of some other kind. Later, with the benefit of the big earnings in prospect, future requirements could be obtained."

The conservative quarters were evidently not backing their belief by purchases. The first preferred stock closed at 31¼, off 6¾, and a new low record; the second preferred at 11⅝, off 1⅝, and the common at 7½, unchanged. The general 5s made a new low, at 65⅜, and the refunding 4s sold at 66⅝. It was reported that the company had not succeeded in effecting arrangements for its needs, but that negotiations were still being carried on with a fair prospect of success.

It is expected that the $10,000,000 loan of the National Railways of Mexico, which also falls due June 1, will be extended by a syndicate, embracing Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., and Speyer & Co.

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Railroad Enterprise.

The Assistant General Passenger Agent of the New York, New Haven & Hartford is popularizing the company's trains by personal letters to the thousands of graduates of New England colleges who live in Greater New York. When an important baseball game is scheduled for Yale, Harvard, Dartmouth, Williams, Amherst, Brown, or any of the many other prominent institutions of learning. The alumni are notified of the best trains to take to the scene of contest, together with the rate of fare, time of game, &c.

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A Curb Broker's Jest.

A little knot of Curb operators, who had moved some distance away from the roped-in inclosure to gape at the new building being erected at 50 Broad Street, attracted the attention of a passerby yesterday, and he asked the reason for the gathering.

"The workmen are being paid off for the week and we have been promised a look at some real money," said a spokesman for the group.

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The Gold Movement.

If the last gold movement to Paris is any criterion, the present movement has come to a close with the last $2,000,000 engaged. Since this movement began, on May 8, gold has been sent on every available steamer up to to-day's boat, which will not carry out any gold. There has now been shipped a total of $12,000,000 to Paris, which is the same amount as was exported on the preceding movement. Bankers who have been shipping the precious metal say that they are in the dark as to the intentions of the Paris banks, and that they have no way of telling the extent of the movement, which New York bankers hope has now come to its end.

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Firm Tone Out of Indecision.

The market yesterday failed to give much encouragement to traders bullishly inclined until shortly before the end of the session. There were, however, plenty of traders to be found in earlier hours who professed a belief in the continued presence of Thursday's firmness, though they reluctantly said that it appeared to be rather deeply submerged. California Petroleum preferred and common, and the 'Frisco issues, which were weak, were the primary influence in depressing sentiment, but outside of the declining tendency of these shares there were shrinkages in other sections of the list which seemed to denote irresolution on the part of buyers.

Subsequent events proved that the market was only waiting for something in the way of good news to bring back the better feeling of the previous day, and this was supplied in the announcement by President Doheny of the California Company that earnings were running sufficiently large to practically insure declarations of the usual dividends in June. The strong upturn of the shares immediately affected other stocks, and the market displayed a firm price tone in the final transactions, although the betterment was relative and not supported by sufficient activity to prevent a spotted appearance in the list.

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Foreign Markets Unsettled.

Apprehension of a renewal of trouble in the Balkans was said by arbitrage brokers yesterday to be the cause of sales exceeding purchases for foreign account. As the balance at the close of the session was not estimated higher than 5,000 shares, it could not be thought that a war scare was in process of generation on the European bourses. The selling of our shares in the New York market by Europe appeared to be nothing more than the reflection of uncertain movements of security prices across the water.

On the London Exchange stocks moved irregularly despite assurances from Berlin that the German portion of the Chinese loan had been oversubscribed more than four times in place of meeting the cold reception reported on Thursday. Whatever good effect there might have been from this news, as indicative of easier money conditions in the German capital, was lost when weighed against stories of threatening labor troubles, and American shares were depressed after moving forward slightly in the first part of the session.

The local market paid small attention to transactions for foreign account, for in these latter days of dullness cable orders have almost ceased to exercise their former functions as incentive for putting out commitments here.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was weak. Tin was a shade lower. Spelter was down 5 points. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper—				
Spot		15.87½		15.87½
May		15.87½		15.87½
June		15.30		15.37½
July		15.25		15.37½
Lead	4.25		4.25	
Spelter	5.30	5.40	5.35	5.45
Tin	48.15	48.75	48.12½	48.50
Zinc	5.30	5.40	5.35	5.45

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin, compared with Thursday, follow:

	Friday. £ s. d.		Thursday. £ s. d.	
Copper, spot	68	12 6	68	15 0
Copper, futures	68	6 3	68	7 6
Pig tin, spot	224	0 0	225	15 0
Pig tin, futures	216	0 0	217	0 0

The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead, £19 10s., up 2s. 6d. Spelter, £24 5s. 6d., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s., up 1s.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Very Dull—Prices Lower—Bonds Quiet and Steady.

Transactions in unlisted securities yesterday were on a much reduced scale. Prices were lower, though changes were small. Braden Copper was actively traded in on the decline to 6⅜. The final sale at 6⅞ was a net loss of ½ point.

***

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Anglo-Am. Oil	19	19	19	19
300	Br.-Am. Tob.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
100	Emer.-Brant.	30	30	30	30
150	Manhat. Tran.	1 9-16	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝
1,100	Marc. of A., n.	5	5	4⅞	4⅞
100	Pueb. S. & R.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
80	Std. Oil., N. J.	365	365	364	364
100	Tob. Prod. pf.	85	85	85	85
200	Un. Cigar Stores Co. of Amer.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼

MINING STOCKS.

100	Alaska G. M.	11	11	11	11
100	Bessie Gold D.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
2,700	*Big Four	60	60	58	58
4,500	Braden Cop.	7⅜	7⅜	6⅞	6⅞
1,800	Can. Gold Silv.	23	23	22	22
200	Con. Ariz. Sm.	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
200	Davis-D. Cop.	2⅜	2 11-16	2⅜	2 11-16
1,200	Giroux Min.	1 13-16	2	1 13-16	2
100	Gr.-Cananea	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
15,000	*Greenwater	5	5½	5	5½
100	Kerr Lake	3 5-16	3 5-16	3 5-16	3 5-16
400	La Rose Con.	2½	2½	2 7-16	2 7-16
100	Ohio Copper	13-16	13-16	13-16	13-16
200	Pac. Smelters	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,000	Stewart	1½	1½	1½	1½
600	Tonopah Min.	5	5¼	4 15-16	5
5,700	*Tonopah Mer.	83	83	82	82
780	West End Con.	1¼	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING CO.'S.

100	*New Ut. Bing.	72	72	72	72
2,800	West End Ex.	7	8	7	8

BONDS.

$10,000	B. R. T. 5% n.	95 7-16	95 7-16	95 7-16	95 7-16
2,000	Chi. El. 5s.	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962.	95 7-16	95 7-16	95 7-16	95 7-16

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

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Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

INDUSTRIALS.

	May 23. Bid.	Asked.	May 22. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper.	1½	2	1½	2
Bay State Gas.	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
Borden's Cond. Milk.	114¾	114¾	114	114⅜
Borden's C. M. pf.	106¼	107¼	106¼	107¼
Brown Shoe	47	53	46	51
Brown Shoe pf.	87	92	87	91
Cluett-Peabody	46	52	45	50
Cluett-Peabody pf.	96	99	96	98
Con. Rubber Tire.	16	20	16	20
Con. Rub. Tire pf.	60	75	60	75
Continental Can	43½	48	46	50
Continental Can pf.	89	90	89	94
Emerson-Brant. pf.	82	90	82	90
Havana Tobacco	2	4	2	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	5	10	5	10
Houston Oil	18	20	18	20
Houston Oil pf.	55	65	55	65
Inter. Rubber t. c.	9	10	9¼	10
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	205	215	205	215
Mays	17	19	17	19
National Sugar	94	96	94	96
New York Trans.	4	5	4	5
Oil Fields of Mexico.	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Otis Elevator	17	20	17	20
Otis Elevator pf.	93	98	95	99
Penn. Textile	17	18	17	18
R. J. Reynolds	250	270	250	270
Tobacco Products	110	120	110	120
U. C. S. Co. of A. pf.	110	115	110	115
U. S. Light & Heat	9	10	9	10
U. S. L. & H. pf.	62	67	62	67
Wills Overland	60	65	60	65
Wills Overland pf.	88	96	80	94

MINING STOCK.

Alaska Copper	5	5⅜	5	5⅛
*Beaver Consolidated	35	37	35	37
Bessie G. Dred. pf.	13½	14	13½	14
British Columbia Cop.	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Buffalo Mines	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Butte-New York	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
C. O. D. Con.	4	5	4	6
*Dia. Black Butte	2	3	2	3
*Dia. Field Daisy	3	5	3	5
First National	1¾	1⅞	1¾	2⅛
Florence	40	42	40	42
Goldfield Midway	3	5	3	5
Halifax Tonopah	⅛	1¼	⅛	1¼
Mason Valley	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Mines of America	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
McKinley-Darragh	1⅛	1 15-16	1⅛	1 15-16
*Nevada Hills	95	100	91	93
Nipissing Mines Co.	8¾	8⅞	8¾	8⅞
*North Butte Devel.	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
South Utah M. & S.	¼	½	¼	½
Tonopah Extension	2¼	2 9-16	2 7-16	2½
Tri-Bullion	3-16	¼	3-16	5-16
Tularosa	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Tuolumne Copper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Union Mines	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
United Copper	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
Union Copper pf.	3	6	3	6
*Weitzufer S. Mine	12	14	12	14
Yukon Gold Mines	2⅜	2¾	2⅜	2⅝

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING CO.'S.

Light. Creek-G. D.	2⅞	3¼	2⅞	3¼
*N. J. Mines Co.	16	17	16	17

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s.	152	158	152	158
Havanna Tobacco 5s.	61	63	61	63
N. Y. C. 6% n. w.	100	100¼	100	100¼
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962.	95¾	96¼	95¾	96
Western Pacific 5s.	81½	82	81½	82

*Sells cent per share. †Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	19½	18½	19½
Atlantic Refining	633	638	633	638
Borne-Scrymser	290	310	290	310
Buckeye Pipe Line	168	170	169	171
Chesebrough Mfg	670	680	670	680
Colonial Oil	120	135	120	135
Continental Oil	1875	1925	1875	1925
Crescent Pipe Line	60	63	60	63
Cumberland Pipe L.	75	80	75	80
Eureka Pipe Line	368	372	368	372
Galena-Signal Oil	200	205	192	199
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines	132	135	132	136
National Transit	43	44	43	44
New York Transit	340	345	341	345
Northern Pipe Line	114	118	114	118
Ohio Oil	132	133	134	136
Prairie Oil & Gas	300	305	302	307
Solar Refining	760	780	760	780
Southern Pipe Line	250	253	250	253
South Penn. Oil	220	230	220	230
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	160	165	160	165
Standard Oil (Cal.)	175½	176½	175½	176½
Standard Oil (Ind.)	325	329	325	330
Standard Oil (Kan)	570	590	570	590
Standard Oil (Ky)	400	420	400	420
Standard Oil (Neb.)	270	290	270	290
Standard Oil (N. J.)	363	367	363	369
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	710	715	715	720
Standard Oil (Ohio)	280	285	280	285
Swan & Finch	200	220	200	220
Union Tank Line	71	73	70	72
Vacuum Oil	177	180	177	180
Washington Oil	30	32	30	32
Waters-Pierce Oil	1475	1525	1475	1525

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 23. Bid.	Asked.	May 22. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	23¼	23⅝	23¼	23½
Conley Tinfoil	270	280	270	290
Johnson Tinfoil & M.	170	180	170	180
J. S. Young	155	170	155	170
MacAndrews	196	206	196	206
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	210	220	210	220
R. J. Reynolds	255	271	255	271
R. J. Reys. pf., w. i.	110	120	110	120
Tobacco Products	110	130	110	130
Tobacco Products pf.	83	85	82½	84
United Cigar Stores	90	90¼	90¼	90⅜
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Light & Traction com.	370	380
Am. Light & Traction pf.	106	108
Adirondack Electric Power com.	15	18
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	57	61
Am. Gas & Electric com.	70	75
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	43	48
Am. Power & Light com.	70	72
Am. Power & Light pf.	90	93
Am. Public Utilities com.	6	9
Am. Public Utilities pf.	69	71
Appalachian Power Co. com.	9	12
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	90	93
Cities Service com.	96	100
Cities Service pf.	82	85
Commonhwealth P. R. & L. com.	64	67
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	86	87
Denver Gas & Electric gen 5s.	94	96
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	70	74
Electric Bond & Share pf.	90	101
Empire District Electric 5s.	86	88
Empire District Electric 8s pf.	70	80
Federal Light & Traction com.	28	30
Federal Light & Traction pf.	76	78
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., com.	80	84
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf.	70	74
Gas & Electric Securities com.	130	135
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	90	94
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	34
Montana Power Co. com.	87	89
Montana Power Co. pf.	96	99
Northern Ontario L. & P. com.	10	14
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	55	60
Northern States Power com.	18	19
Northern States Power pf.	77	79
Ozark Power & Water Co. com.	45	50
Pacific Gas & Electric com.	46½	51
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	57	57
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com.	22	24
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	73	75
Standard Gas & Electric com.	10¾	11
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	30¾	32¾
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & P. Co.	12	13
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & P. Co. pf.	73½	75
Union Ry., Gas & Electric com.	64	67
Union Ry., Gas & Electric pf.	93	97
United Light & Rys. com.	73	75
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	77	79
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	71½	73½
United Utilities Co. pf.	79	80
United Utilities Co. pf.	100	102½
Utah Securities	37	39
Utilities Improvement com.		67
Utilities Improvement pf.	70	73
Western Power com.	15	18
Western Power pf.	40	46

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alabama Co.	7	7	7
5	Balt. Elec. pf.	43¼	43¼	43¼
10	Citizens Bank.	42½	42½	42½
20	Hous. Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	60	60	60
100	Northern Central.	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝
160	Penn. W. & P.	62½	62½	62½
1,465	United Railways.	27¼	27¼	27¾

BONDS.

$1,000	A.C.L. cv. deb. 4s.	93	93	93
2,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961.	94	94	94
1,000	Balt. Trac. 5s.	104	104	104
3,000	Chicago Rys. 5s.	96½	96½	96½
3,000	Con. Coal, cv. 6s.	99	99	99
2,000	Det. United 4½s.	70¼	70¼	70¼
2,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
3,000	Ga. So. & Fla. 5s.	103¼	103¼	103¼
16,000	United Rys. 4s.	83⅝	83¾	83⅝
1,000	Unit. Rys. 4s notes.	106⅛	106⅛	106¼
1,000	Wash., B. & A. 5s.	87	87	87

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.
1,175	Alaska Gold	11	10⅞	11
225	Algomah	60c	50c	50c
15	Aliquez	32½	32½	32½
460	Amalgamated	74⅜	74	74⅜
65	American Zinc	23	23	23
210	Arizona Com.	3⅛	3	3⅛
1,595	Boston & Corbin	1⅛	1	1
375	Butte & Superior	28¼	27¾	27¾
125	Calumet & Arizona	64⅞	64	64⅞
5	Calumet & Hecla	451	451	451
100	Centennial	13	12¾	12¾
200	Chino	41⅛	40	41⅛
20	Copper Range	43	43	43
100	East Butte	11½	11½	11¾
164	Giroux	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
110	Granby	62¾	62¼	62¾
400	Greene-Cananea	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
10	Hancock	18½	18½	18½
85	Indiana	9	9	9
200	Island Creek pf.	82	82	82
300	Isle Royale	23½	23	23
50	Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3¼
10	Lake	12	12	12
15	La Salle	4½	4½	4½
35	Mass. Con.	2¾	2¾	2¾
5	Mayflower	7¼	7¼	7¼
20	Mohawk	50	50	50
145	Nevada Con.	17	16¾	17
60	New Arcadian	2½	2½	2½
15	Nipissing	8¼	8¼	8¼
158	North Butte	29¾	28½	28¾
75	Old Colony	4¾	4¾	4¾
16	Osceola	86	85	86
160	Pond Creek	19	19	19
275	Pond Creek rights	50c	50c	50c
15	Quincy	62	61¾	62
100	Ray Con.	18¼	18¼	18¼
135	Shannon	9	8¾	9
20	Shattuck	24	24	24
585	Sup. & Boston	3	2¾	2¾
20	Superior	28	27¾	28
173	U. S. Smelting	39¾	38	39¾
360	U. S. Smelting pf.	47	46¾	47
160	Utah Apex	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
90	Utah Con.	7¼	7¼	7¼
5	Wolverine	51	51	51

RAILROADS.

11	Boston & Albany	192½	192½	192½
1,147	Boston Elevated	85½	84½	84½
250	Boston & Maine	29	28¾	28¾
14	Fitchburg pf.	102	101¾	101¾
10	Mass. Electric	16	16	16
17	Mass. Electric pf.	73	72	73
192	N. Y., N. H. & H.	106¾	105¾	105¾
5	Old Colony	163½	163½	163¼
6,062	Penn. rights	47c	45c	45c
45	West. E. St. R. R.	71¼	71¼	71¼

TELEPHONE.

873	American	129¼	128¾	129

MISCELLANEOUS.

20	Am. Agr. Chem.	94	93¾	94

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1913.

	Stocks, (shares.)
Total sales May 23, 1913	155,048
Same day last year	307,474
Total year to date	35,196,298
Same period last year	60,543,368
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	70.52 —.12
Same day last year	82.17 +.19

	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	69.45
Same period last year	83.76	75.24

	—Call Money.—			—Sterling Exchange.—		
	High.	Low.	Ren'al.	High.	Low.	Close.
May 23, 1913	3	2½	2¾	$4.8640	$4.8625	$4.8640
Same day last year	3	2¾	2¾	4.8725	4.8720	4.8720
Range year to date	7	2	...	4.8790	4.8570	...
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	...	4.8760	4.8630	...

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
7½	8½	500	A.-C. tr. rcts. 5th pd	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7½	— ⅛
15⅝	17	100	A.-C.pf.tr.rcts.5th pd	16½	16½	16⅜	16⅞	+ ⅜
74⅝	74⅞	5,100	Amalgamated Cop	74½	74⅝	74	74⅝	+ ⅛
29½	30	50	Am. Beet Sugar	30	30	30	30	...
90	95½	100	Am. Brake S. & F	94½	94½	94½	94½	+2½
32⅜	33	600	Am. Can	32⅞	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝	— ¼
92½	93	400	Am. Can pf	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	— ⅛
87¼	90	200	Am. Cities	88	88	87½	87½	+ ⅜
71	75	200	Am. Cities pf	71½	71½	71½	71½	+ ⅜
40¼	41	200	Am. Cotton Oil	40⅝	40⅝	40	40	—1
...	...	1	Am. Exch. Nat. Bk	230	230	230	230	...
24⅝	25	300	Am. Ice Securities	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
26⅞	27	100	Am. Linseed pf	26⅜	26⅜	26½	26½	— ⅜
32⅞	33	200	Am. Locomotive	33	33	33	33	...
102	103	100	Am. Locomotive pf	102	102	102	102	...
49½	52	100	Am. Malt pf	50	50	50	50	...
67	67¼	500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	67⅛	67⅜	67	67	— ⅜
101¾	102	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref.pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	— ⅜
170	175	200	Am. Snuff	177	177	175	175	+10
31	32	100	Am. Steel Foundries	31	31	31	31	...
111	112	400	Am. Sugar Refining	110¼	110¼	110	110¼	— ⅜
128¼	129¼	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	129	129	129	129	...
227	230	20	Am. Tobacco	227	227	227	227	—1
96	97	100	Am. Water W'ks pf	95	96	95	95	—1
17⅝	22½	40	Am. Woolen	20	20	20	20	...
87⅞	88	800	Anaconda Cop	87½	87⅝	87½	87⅝	+ ⅛
99⅝	99¾	1,700	Atch., Top. & S. F	99⅜	99⅝	99½	99⅝	+ ⅛
99	99⅛	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	99⅜	99⅝	99⅜	99⅜	— ⅛
45	49	200	Baldwin Loco	49	49	49	49	—1
98⅜	98⅝	200	Baltimore & Ohio	98½	98⅝	98⅜	98½	...
69¼	70	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	70	70	70	70	+ ⅛
130	132	100	Brook. Union Gas	131	131	131	131	+ ⅛
91⅞	92	2,400	Brook. Rapid Tran	91½	92	91⅜	92	+ ⅜
37	37¼	10,300	California Pet'm	36½	37¼	34⅞	37¼	+ ⅜
63⅝	63¾	700	California Pet. pf	64½	66⅝	64	66⅝	+2⅝
237½	237½	3,000	Canadian Pacific	237½	237½	236⅝	237⅝	...
230¾	232⅝	400	C. P. sub. cfs. 2d pd	231½	231½	230½	231½	+ ⅛
100	102½	100	Case, J. I. & Co. pf	100	100	100	100	+ ½
22¾	23¾	200	Central Leather Co	23	23	22¾	23¼	— ⅛
62	65¼	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	65¼	65¾	64⅞	65	+ ⅛
107⅞	108¼	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	108	108⅞	107⅝	108	— ¼
134⅜	137½	15	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	136½	136½	136½	136½	...
128¾	130	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	130	130⅜	129½	129½	— ⅝
179	182	100	Chi. & Northw. pf	181	181	181	181	—5
41⅜	41⅝	8,100	Chino Copper	40¾	41⅝	40	41⅝	+1⅛
88	95	180	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	90	90	90	90	— ½
31	31¼	300	Col. Fuel & Iron	31½	31¾	31	31	— ½
132¼	133¾	400	Consolidated Gas	132⅛	133¼	132⅛	133¼	+ ⅝
65½	68	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	65	65½	65	65¼	— ⅜
97¼	97¾	200	Deere & Co. pf	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝	+1⅜
155	157	300	Delaware & Hudson	156⅜	156⅞	156⅞	156⅞	...
11¼	14	100	Duluth, S. S. & At.	12½	12½	12½	12½	— ½
28½	28⅝	900	Erie	28⅛	28⅜	28	28¼	— ⅛
126⅞	127¼	500	Great Northern pf	127	127	126⅞	127	— ⅛
33⅝	33⅞	100	G. N. certs.ore prop	33½	33½	33½	33½	— ⅛
114	115½	300	Illinois Central	115	115	115	115	+ ⅝
16⅞	17	300	Inspiration Copper	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
14½	14⅝	600	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
51	51¼	1,300	Inter.-Met. pf	51	51	50½	51	— ⅛
104	104½	300	Int. Harvester	104	104½	104	104½	+1½
103½	104½	100	Int. Harv. Corp	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	+1½
9	9¾	100	Int. Paper	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	...
39	40	100	Int. Paper pf	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
156¼	157	2,400	Lehigh Valley	155⅝	156⅛	155¼	156⅛	+ ⅜
168	170	100	Lorillard (P.) Co	170	170	170	170	+5
31¼	31⅝	100	Loose-W. Biscuit	31⅜	31⅝	31⅜	31½	...
98⅝	99	100	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf	99	99	99	99	...
130	134	800	Louis. & Nash	133⅝	133⅝	132⅜	132⅝	—1½
130	132	100	Manhattan Ele	130⅛	130⅛	130⅛	130⅛	+1½
100	102½	16	May Dep. Stores pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	+ ⅛
64¼	64⅞	2,000	Mexican Petroleum	63½	64⅛	63½	64¼	+ ⅛
23	23½	200	Miami Copper	23	23	23	23	...
15¼	17	100	Minn. & St. L	15½	15⅝	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
131	132	100	M., St. P. & S. M	131½	131½	131½	131½	+ ⅛
23¼	23⅝	800	M., K. & T.	23⅛	23⅜	23⅛	23½	+ ⅛
34⅝	35	525	Missouri Pacific	34⅜	34⅝	34⅜	34⅝	— ⅛
112⅝	115	200	Nat. Bis. Co	114½	114½	113½	113⅝	— ⅞
20½	20⅝	2,110	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	18⅞	20⅜	18½	20¼	+1½
15⅝	16⅛	800	Nev. Consol. Copper	16⅛	16⅞	16⅛	16⅝	...
68	70	20	N. Y. Air Brake	70	70	70	70	...
100⅝	100⅝	500	N. Y. Central	100⅜	100⅝	100⅛	100½	— ⅛
28⅜	29¼	300	N. Y., O. & W.	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
106	106½	450	Norfolk & Western	106	106⅛	106	106⅛	— ⅛
114⅜	115½	600	Northern Pacific	114⅞	115	114⅞	115	— ⅜
108⅜	110	11,600	Penn. Railroad	110	110⅜	109⅜	109⅝	— ⅝
...	...	150	People's Gas, Chi.	...	...	109¼	109¼	— ⅜
81	83	70	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81	81	81	81	...
24½	25	150	Pressed Steel Car	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	+ ⅛
6½	7½	100	Quicksilver pf	...	7	7	7	...
93½	96	100	Ry. Steel Spring pf	93⅜	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝	+ ⅛
18⅜	19	2,000	Ray Consol. Copper	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	+ ⅛
161⅜	161⅝	15,800	Reading	161⅛	161⅝	161	161⅝	...
22½	23	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	22⅝	23	22⅝	23	...
81½	82⅝	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	82½	83¼	82½	83⅛	+ ⅝
17⅝	18	1,500	Rock Island Co	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞	18	— ⅛
31	31½	600	Rock Island Co. pf	30⅝	31¼	30⅝	31¼	+ ⅜
26	28	100	Rumely (M.) Co	27	27	27	27	—2
51	54	200	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	51½	51⅞	51½	51⅞	—2¼
7¾	7⅞	1,700	St. L. & S. F.	7⅞	7⅞	6¾	7¼	—⅝
31	33	800	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	35	35	31¼	31½	—2¾
11¾	12	9,800	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	12⅞	12⅞	11	11⅝	—1¾
30	40	1	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. Ill. new stock ctfs	40	40	40	40	...
166	167½	400	Sears, R'buck & Co	166¼	167¾	166¼	167½	+1
97½	97¾	900	Southern Pacific	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝	+ ⅛
24½	25	750	So. Ry. extended	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	+ ⅛
76⅛	77¼	200	So. Ry. pf. extended	77⅛	77½	76⅝	76⅝	+ ⅛
32⅝	33	100	Standard Milling	32⅜	32⅝	32⅜	32⅝	+ ⅛
57	59	200	Standard Milling pf	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	+ ⅛
26½	27	1000	Studebaker Co	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅛
90	91	200	Studebaker Co. pf	90	90	90	90	+ ⅜
35⅝	36	800	Tennessee Copper	35¼	35⅞	35¼	35⅞	+ ⅛
105	107	100	Texas Co	106	106	106	106	+1
15⅜	17	10	Texas & Pacific	15½	15½	15⅜	15⅜	...
23⅞	24	3,700	Third Avenue	23⅝	24	23⅝	23⅞	— ⅛
151¼	152	22,400	Union Pacific	151⅛	152	151	152	+ ⅝
84½	84⅝	200	Union Pacific pf	84⅞	84⅞	84½	84½	+1
43	47	100	United Cigar Mfrs	45	45	45	45	...
22	24	200	United Rys. Invest	23	23	23	23	...
62¼	62⅝	400	U. S. Rubber	62⅜	63	62½	62½	— ½
60¼	60⅝	16,400	U. S. Steel	60⅝	60⅝	60⅛	60⅛	— ⅜
106	106¼	1,700	U. S. Steel pf	106⅛	106⅝	105⅞	106	— ⅛
50⅜	50⅝	500	Utah Copper	50⅜	50⅞	50⅛	50⅜	— ⅛
27	27¼	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	28	28	28	27¼	— ⅜
14	16½	100	Vulcan Detinning	15	15	15	15	— ⅛
7¼	7⅝	200	Wabash pf	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
35½	40	200	Western Maryland	40	47	35½	35½	— ⅛
65	65½	300	W. U. Telegraph	65	65	65	65	+ ¼
62	62⅝	220	Westingh. E. & M	62¼	62¼	62	62	— ⅛
235	275	100	Weyman Bruton Co	240	240	240	240	...
91	91⅝	100	W'worth (F. W.) Co	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	—1¼

DISPUTES THE STEEL SUBSIDIARY FIGURES

Judge Dickinson Continues His Attack on the Competency of Farrell's Testimony.

FIGURES FROM CONTROLLER

President of Corporation Says He Himself Did Not Actually Compile Statistics Presented in Court.

Judge Dickinson, counsel for the Government, continued yesterday his attack on the competency of James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, to testify to the accuracy of figures he had submitted in the suit for the dissolution of the combination.

These included tables purporting to give the proportion that the output of the American Steel and Wire Company, a subsidiary, bore to the total output of the country for a number of products in 1901 and in 1911, showing that it controlled less of the business now than when the Steel Corporation started, and similar statistics concerning the production of bar steel by subsidiaries of the Steel Corporation, as compared with the total output, showing that the combination controlled less than 50 per cent. of the trade.

Mr. Farrell had said on his direct examination that from his familiarity with the business he knew the figures to be substantially correct. Judge Dickinson questioned him closely yesterday as to how the tables were made up, and Mr. Farrell said the work was done by W. J. Filbert, Controller of the Steel Corporation.

"Then your answer," he said, "was based upon your faith in his work and not upon your knowledge of these figures?"

"Partly on my knowledge," replied Mr. Farrell, "because I am familiar with the Steel Corporation's business and what goes to make up the totals, but I did not actually compile these details myself."

"Could you, out of your own mind, without the information you got through this paper, or without information that you might have got from data in your office, speak as to the correctness of these figures?"

"I could not have done it any more than anybody else."

"Then of your own knowledge, independent of this paper, you could not say these figures are substantially correct?"

"I would consider them so, but I would not say they were, if that is what you are trying to get at."

Judge Dickinson thereupon entered an exception to the admission of the table and to Mr. Farrell's testifying that it was substantially correct.

Mr. Farrell had also given figures of the export trade done by the various companies and the percentage done by the Steel Corporation. Figures as to the output of independents, it developed yesterday, had been taken from a statistical trade publication. Mr. Farrell said that he considered them correct, but could not state positively that they were.

"Where would get these percentages?" he was asked.

"By estimating the ouput of the company and figuring it out."

"And the output of all the other companies?"

"Yes."

"You would have to have them?"

"Yes."

"You would also have to have the amount sold in the domestic trade by these other companies?"

"Yes."

"And the amount sold in foreign trade?"

"Yes."

"Did you have any figures showing that?"

"No."

"Were these estimates that you gave based on figures or just mere guesses?"

"No, they were not guesses. They were based upon an estimate I made myself from a considerable amount of data I collected."

"Did those figures show the amounts sold by each of these companies?"

"No, they showed the estimated capacity."

"Who estimated it?"

"Various people in the business."

"Did you estimate it?"

"No."

Judge Dickinson took exception to these figures of Mr. Farrell's and his testimony relating to them as hearsay evidence. The exceptions will not be ruled on until the entire mass of testimony is certified to the court by Special Examiner Brown, who has no power to pass on them.

Judge Dickinson questioned Mr. Farrell about a cotton tie pool, of which it appeared that the Carnegie Steel Company was a member as late as 1908, two years after the Steel Corporation was formed. He said he knew nothing of this year of an alleged agreement by the Illinois Steel Company, another subsidiary, to pay the Steel Hoop Company $150,000 a year to stay out of the cotton tie business.

Mr. Farrell had said that at the present time the Steel Corporation was left to make all the cotton ties, which are used in baling cotton, because their manufacture was unprofitable, and that if it were not for his company the cotton crop would lie on the ground. He explained yesterday that he didn't mean there was a loss on cotton ties, but that the Steel Corporation would make more by abandoning them for other lines of product.

Mr. Farrell's cross-examination will continue on Monday.

PEER SUES LOAN AGENTS.

Lord Ogilvie and His Wife Seek to Recover Heirlooms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Robert Walter Findlater Ogilvie, a Washington lawyer who claims the Scotch title Lord Ogilvie, and his wife, Lady Irmasule Bledsoe Desha Ogilvie of Kentucky, have instituted injunction proceedings in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to recover family heirlooms in the hands of Washington loan agents.

Lord and Lady Ogilvie have been living quietly in Washington for several years, his Lordship practicing law when his health permitted. This is the second time in a year that he has appeared in the courts of this city. On the first occasion there was a misunderstanding between the Ogilvies and the family with which they had been rooming in regard to rent.

In the present suit the Ogilvies aver that they owed $273 for storage of their family portraits, silver, heirlooms, glassware, and other valuables. They applied to O. M. P. Brown of the Citizens' Loan and Trust Company for an advance of $350 on chattel mortgage with which to pay the storage dues. They were unable to settle the chattel mortgage when it fell due in December. Their goods were taken to Weschler's auction rooms for sale. To prevent that sale, they allege, they paid Weschler $114.

Another loan agent, Charles E. Tribby, they assert, agreed to assume the Brown loan, and as a result of the tangle, after part of their goods was sold, the loan agent is trying to collect $117 from them.

Ogilvie professes to be Lord of Banff and heir to the Earldom of Findlater, Scotland. He holds degrees fro mthe Universities of Virginia, Princeton, and Columbia. Ogilvie married on Jan. 20, 1902, Miss Harman, eldest daughter of Col. Bledsoe Desha Harman, a cavalry commander of the Confederacy. They passed their honeymoon on the family estate in Scotland, then returned to this country.

END SUIT FOR $1,900,000.

Counsel Call for Judgment in Action Over Insurance Stock.

A suit involving two claims, one for $1,200,000 and the other for $700,000, which have been in the Supreme Court of New Jersey for nearly three years, will be brought to an end soon through an application for judgment to be made by McCarter & English, a Newark law firm, which represents the defendants, Miss Anna R. Walker and John G. Walker, brother and sister, of Richmond, Va.

The suit was brought by William B. Ridgely, ex-Controller of the United States, because the defendants failed to sell 1,818 shares of stock in the Life Insurance Company of Virginia at $1,000 the share, under an alleged agreement between Mr. and Miss Walker and Edward S. Mumford, a broker of Washington, D. C.

The application for judgment was the outcome of the refusal of Supreme Court Justice Swayze, after argument in the Hudson Court House in Jersey City last Saturday, to allow the plaintiffs, Ridgely and Mumford, to file a reply at variance with answers put in by them previously. In overruling the application, Judge Swayze said that the case had been in the courts a long time and it was important the defendants should know what they had to meet.

The failure of the deal was due to the fact that the offer to purchase the stock did not include the minority holdings in the insurance concern and the Walkers wished to protect them.

Tax Paid on Schaefer Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—The executors of the will of Dr. Louis Schaefer, who died in New York on Nov. 26, paid $14,000 on account of the State transfer tax on the estate to Controller Schmer to-day.

FOREIGN ENGINEERS SEEK AUTO IDEAS

British Guests of Americans Will Visit Many Factories and Present Views.

To return in a way a visit made by Americans in 1911, a party of British automobile engineers will arrive here on Monday. Most of the visitors are members of the Institution of Automobile Engineers of England. They are coming to attend the semi-annual technical meetings of the Society of Automobile Engineers, under the auspices of which they will also make an inspection tour of motor car manufacturing plants throughout the country. The meeting of the American body will be held on a steamboat on the Great Lakes. The party will leave Detroit on the City of Detroit III. on June 4. The technical discussion will in a measure consider reports from various committees on irons and steels, ball and roller bearings, motor truck elements, starting, lighting and ignition systems, broaching tools, pneuamtic tire rims, fuel, and motor testing.

Several papers are to be read by the visitors, the subjects including petrol and steam buses, the depreciation of commercial vehicles, and the measurement of horse power. Subjects to be discussed by the Americans include malleable iron, steel test pieces, pneumatic tires, lubricating oils, brake position, inspection methods, relation of sales and engineering departments, wire wheels, motor construction, and power variations with atmospheric changes. Other topics on the programme for discussion are the design and treatment of leaf springs, worm gears, efficiency of solid tires, electric motor starters, limitations of electricity in operative motor car functions, desirability of weight reduction of cars, carburetors, and motor fuels.

Arrangements for the entertainment of the visitors have been made in New York, Pittsburgh, Indianapolis, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Providence, Bridgeport, New Haven, and Hartford. The intricacies of American baseball and a beefsteak dinner will be studied here. Motor starters will be discussed by most of the leading experts at a meeting to be held at the Hotel McAlpin on Tuesday night. In Pittsburgh steels and their manufacture will be studied. The 500-mile race will be observed at Indianapolis. In Detroit the factories of the Ford, Cadillac, Packard, Timken, Hudson, Continental Motor and Chalmers companies will be visited; in Cleveland those of the Peerless, White, and Winton Companies, and at Akron the Goodyear tire factory. In Buffalo the visitors will spend a day at the Pierce-Arrow plant, and in Providence they will be the guests of the American Locomotive, Brown & Sharpe and Potter & Johnson factories. The Locomobile plant and the Spring Perch Company will be visited in Bridgeport, the New Haven Carriage Company in New Haven, and the plants of Pratt & Whitney, the Pope Company, and the Hartford Rubber Works at Hartford. Among the European engineers are:

T. B. Browne, President, Institution of Automobile Engineers, London; Basil H. Joy, Secretary, Institution of Automobile Engineers; Thomas Clarkson, member of Society Motor Manufacturers and Traders, London; Carl F. Benson, Coventry; Hans Ruppenthal, Marienfeide, Germany; J. B. Ferguson, Belfast, Ireland; J. Inglis Ker, Glasgow, Scotland; C. Gilbert Moore, Coventry; T. C. Thillinger, Paisley, Scotland; E. Acker, Bristol; Charles Wheeler, J. S. Dunlop, F. S. Bennett, H. Massac Hulst, J. A. Prestwich, B. C. Paskall, London; E. B. Wood, Bristol; L. Pollack, Coventry; C. Brasseton, Cambridge; Tom Norton, Llandrinded Wells; R. W. Smith, Redditch.

The officers of the Society of Automobile Engineers are:

President—Howard Marmon, Indianapolis; Vice Presidents—J. G. Perrin and Russell Huff, Detroit; Treasurer—Hermann F. Cuntz, New York.

The General Committee on Arrangements consists of:

Arthur B. Cumner, Chairman; Robert McA. Lloyd, Alden L. McMurtry, Howard Marmon, ex officio, and Coker F. Clarkson, Secretary.

To the ranks of the automobile companies another has just been added. It is the Vaughan Car Company, which has its factory at Kingston, N. Y. It will build a six-cylinder car to sell at less than $2,500. The officers of the new company are:

A. B. Cordner, President; Orlando Weber, Vice President and general manager; H. W. Jones, Treasurer; Ernest E. Partridge, Secretary and sales manager; Chester Griswold, consulting engineer. Directors (in addition to the men named)—Britton N. Bush, Howard Dickinson, William Swan, George A. Ellis, and H. Walter Webb.

There is also an addition to the tire field, Harry J. De Bear and William T. MacEntee having formed the De Bear Tire Company, to sell in this city both new tires of all makes and "seconds."

ART AUCTION AT SILO'S.

Paintings Bring $5,000, with Important Ones Passed Over.

The third and fourth sessions of the sale of art properties from the estates of Mrs. Eugene Arnheim and John McKeon, and belonging to A. Grisson, Mrs. Lydie Grossler, and others, took place yesterday afternoon and last evening at Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries. The afternoon sale of small art pieces and canvases brought $3,985.

In the evening, owing to the rain, several important paintings were passed. Notwithstanding this, purchasers paid more than $5,000 for a few canvases. The highest price paid was $172.50 for Picault's "Barbizon Landscape." It was purchased by O. B. Thomas. Rudolph Oelsner paid $160 for "Good Day, Signorita," by Rinaldi. The sale will conclude with this afternoon's session.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States.

North Carolina—Showers Saturday, cooler except in extreme west portion. Sunday fair, warmer, moderate northwest to north winds.

South Carolina—Showers and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer, moderate northwest to north winds.

Georgia—Cloudy Saturday, cooler in east portion. Sunday fair, warmer; moderate northwest to north winds.

Florida—Local showers Saturday, except fair in northwest portion; slightly cooler in north portion. Sunday generally fair; moderate variable winds.

Alabama—Fair Saturday, Sunday fair, warmer; light to moderate north and northwest winds.

Mississippi—Fair, warmer Saturday and Sunday; light to moderate north and northwest winds.

Louisiana—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair, light to moderate north to east.

Texas—Fair Saturday, warmer in northeast portion. Sunday fair, moderate north to east winds.

Western Texas—Fair Saturday except probably showers in extreme west portion. Sunday fair.

New Mexico—Showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

Arizona—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday except probably local showers Saturday in southwest portion.

Utah—Local showers Saturday. Sunday fair.

Oklahoma, Iowa, and Missouri—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair.

Arkansas and Kansas—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair.

Tennessee—Fair, warmer in west, cloudy in east portion Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer.

Kentucky—Fair, slightly warmer. Sunday fair, warmer.

Ohio—Cloudy and slightly warmer Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer; moderate northwest winds, becoming variable.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair, warmer Saturday and Sunday; moderate north winds becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly warmer Saturday; light to moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; somewhat cooler Saturday night; moderate winds, becoming northwest.

Wisconsin—Fair Saturday, warmer in south portion. Sunday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday, cooler in north portion. Sunday fair; light to variable winds.

North Dakota—Fair Saturday, cooler in west and south portions. Sunday fair.

South Dakota—Fair Saturday, cooler in east portion. Sunday fair.

Nebraska—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat declined from the day's high figures and closed ⅛ to ⅝c net lower. Corn final prices were ¼ to ⅝c net higher, and oats closed ⅛ to ⅜c net higher. Cotton closed at a net loss of from 6 to 9 points.

WHEAT.

There was a fairly active trade in wheat and a generally higher range of prices until near the close when the market sold off under profit taking and a poor spot demand both domestic and for export account. All previous advance was lost, and the market closed partly ⅝c net lower. Crop news accounted for a good deal of the early firmness. As other quarters of the belt reported favorable conditions, however, the trade was less impressed with the seriousness of Southwest conditions than on Thursday, and the market consequently yielded somewhat readily to profit taking in the final hour. Reports from Minneapolis said there was perfect weather for all crops, with more predicted while it was expected that farmers' deliveries would show an increase after seeding. The Modern Miller report said that while there is hardly any doubt that the Winter wheat crop has gone backward, the deterioration is confined to small areas. Markets abroad showed only moderate changes, Liverpool being ⅛@¼d lower, Paris, ½c higher; Berlin, ½c lower, Budapest unchanged, and Antwerp, ⅜c lower. Argentine shipments aggregated 1,616,000 bushels, compared with 2,450,000 bushels the previous week, and Broomhall estimated world's shipments at 10,400,000 bushels, exclusive of North America, compared with 7,936,000 bushels actual last week. In Minneapolis stocks there was a decrease of 1,025,000 bushels for the week. No. 1 Northern Duluth in the local market was quoted at $1.01, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

New York—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.....	.....	99¼	99½	1.20¾
July	98⅝	98¼	98¼	98	1.14⅝
September	..	..	90⅝	90¾	1.09⅝
Chicago—					
May	92	91	91	91⅝	1.14
July	90⅝	90	90	90	1.10
September	89⅝	89¼	89¼	89⅝	1.04⅝

CORN.

A further strong buying movement advanced corn to new high levels, but after holding firm all day at ¾ to ⅞c net advance the market finally eased off ½c, with other markets closing ¼ to ⅝c net higher. Elevator interests were large buyers, presumed to be covering of shorts, and there was further talk about the crop being late in many sections. Crop accounts from the whole were favorable, particularly from Iowa, where farmers are expected to finish corn planting very rapidly. Country offerings continued liberal, but have not yet made much impression on the movement. Export corn in New York was quoted 68½c, nominal, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Corn—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	58⅝	57¼	58	57⅝	61¼
July	58½	57⅛	57⅝	57¾	76½
September	58⅝	57⅞	58¼	57⅞	74

OATS.

There was a renewal of excited trading in the oats market, and further sharp advances of over a cent per bushel on bullish crop accounts from many parts of the belt and a belief that the Government report will show a low condition figure. Although a little easier in the late afternoon under profit taking, the market closed ¾@¾c higher. Standard white oats in the local market were quoted at 46c; No. 2 white, 46½c; No. 3, 45¼c; No. 4, 44½c; ordinarily clipped white, 45@46½c; fancy clipped white, 46¾c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	41¾	40¾	41¾	40¾	53⅞
July	35⅝	35¼	35⅜	37⅛	50¾
September	35¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	42

PROVISIONS.

The provision market started out easier on the hog situation but rallied and became quite steady in the afternoon on a little support from packers and covering of shorts. The receipts at Chicago were 22,000 hogs; Kansas City had 7,000; Omaha 7,700, and all Western points 61,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	11.00	10.92	11.00	10.95	10.49
September	11.10	10.97	11.10	11.02	10.57½
Ribs—					
July	11.30	11.23	11.30	11.25	10.12½
September	11.12	11.06	11.12	11.07	10.15
Pork—					
July	19.85	19.67	19.82	19.67	15.94½
September	19.80	19.27	19.47	19.35	15.85

COTTON.

The cotton market lost part of Thursday's advance under realising and a renewal of bear pressure during yesterday's trading, with the close steady, but at a net loss of from 6 to 9 points. Indications for more favorable weather in the belt, apparent reasons that European spinners would not follow the advance, and a somewhat bearish view of the week-end figures no doubt contributed to the selling movement. Houses with New Orleans and Memphis connections were heavy buyers here during the morning, while foreign houses bought new crop months, but Liverpool seemed to be a considerable seller of July, and local traders offered cotton rather aggressively in the late trading. It was rumored that part of the early Memphis buying was based on a bullish report from the National Ginners' Association, which was said to make the condition of the crop 79.8 per cent., compared with its report of 79.9 per cent. last year and the official ten-year average June condition of 79.9 per cent. It was also rumored that the report made an increase of 8 per cent. in acreage.

The market opened steady at an advance

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The summer time schedule for season of 1913 will go in effect Sunday, June 22nd.
Ticket agents of West Shore R. R. will sell excursion tickets from New York to all points on Ulster and Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip, account of Decoration Day, and giving an opportunity to select your summer home. These tickets will be good for going trip May 29th and 30th, and good for return trip until June 3rd, inclusive.
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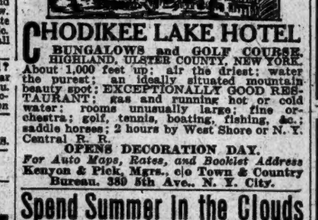
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Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—MARIA JOSEFA ZAYAS y GOBEL, Plaintiff, against MARY HERSHFELD and JOHN WETJEN, Defendants.

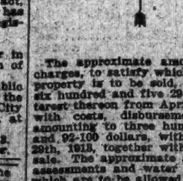
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, made and entered in the above entitled action, which judgment is dated April 29th, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Numbers 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on June 6th, 1913, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Henry Bradley, auctioneer, the premises by said judgment directed to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and which is bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the westerly side of Fifth Avenue distant twenty-four feet and eleven inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of the Fifth Avenue with the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street; running thence southerly, along the westerly side of Fifth Avenue, twenty-five feet; thence westerly, and parallel with One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street and part of the way through a party wall standing partly on the premises herein described and partly on the land adjoining said premises on the south, ninety feet; and thence northerly and again parallel with Fifth Avenue twenty-five feet; thence easterly, and again parallel with One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street and part of the distance through a party wall standing partly on the premises herein described and partly on the land adjoining said premises on the north, ninety feet to the westerly side of Fifth Avenue, the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, May 9th, 1913.
HENRY M. GOLDFOGLE, Referee.
JULIUS HERRMANN and A. J. LYONS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 76 William Street, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 2216 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York:



The approximate amount of the liens or charges, to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is eighteen thousand six hundred and five 29-100 dollars, with interest thereon from April 11th, 1913, together with costs, disbursements and allowances amounting to three hundred and thirty-four and 92-100 dollars, with interest from April 29th, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one thousand two hundred and eighty 20-100 dollars and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to the occupancy of apartments on the second, third, fourth and fifth floors thereof, and also subject to any state of facts shown by a survey thereof.

Dated New York, May 8th, 1913.
HENRY M. GOLDFOGLE, Referee.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Senate No. 2,209, Int. No. 800, Rec. 427, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to amend the Greater New York charter in relation to the regulation and registration of plumbers.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office in the City Hall in the City of New York on Tuesday, May 27, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, May 22, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Book lovers cannot always obtain the latest publications. The New York Times Book Review gives details of books as they are published; news of latest doings in the literary world and essays by eminent writers. If you wish to give pleasure to a friend who delights in these things, present him with a year's subscription. For One Dollar The New York Times Book Review will be sent to any address in the United States fifty-two weeks.—ADV.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN, SOUTHERN DIVISION.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Complainant, against DETROIT, TOLEDO AND IRONTON RAILWAY COMPANY, et al., Defendants; COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Complainant, against DETROIT, TOLEDO AND IRONTON RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendant; WILLIAM J. COURTNEY, et al., Complainants, against DETROIT, TOLEDO AND IRONTON RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendant.—Consolidated Cause in Equity.—No. 3961.

In pursuance and by virtue of several amended decrees of foreclosure and sale in favor of The New York Trust Company, complainant, made and entered by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, and of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, and of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, which several amended decrees were dated on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1913, and entered in said Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, May 12, 1913, in said Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, May 13, 1913, and in said Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, May 16, 1913, in causes pending in said respective courts, and entitled: The New York Trust Company, Complainant, vs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company et al., Defendants; Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, Complainant, vs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company, Defendant; William J. Courtney et al., Complainants, vs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company, Defendant; Consolidated Cause. In Equity); the causes pending in the said Districts of Ohio being ancillary to the cause pending in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division; Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Special Master Commissioner of said courts, will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidders on Saturday, the 28th day of June, A. D. 1913, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, of said day, at the former Delray Station building of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company, on River Street, the same being in the City of Detroit, in the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, being on the property described to be sold, all the properties by the said second amended decrees directed to be sold, to wit:

All the properties by the said decrees declared to be covered by the General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage from the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company to The New York Trust Company, May 2, 1905, and by the said decrees directed to be sold, being

First—All the property which in the said General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage was described as follows—namely:

"All and singular the following described railroads situated in the States of Michigan and Ohio, to wit:

1st—The line of railroad formerly owned by the Detroit Southern Railroad Company and previously owned by the Ohio Southern Railroad Company, The Lima Northern Railway Company and the Detroit and Lima Northern Railway Company, comprising all and singular the line of railroad from the City of Detroit, Wayne County, State of Michigan, through the Counties of Wayne, Monroe and Lenawee in the State of Michigan, and through the Counties of Fulton, Henry, Putnam, Allen, Auglaize, Shelby, Logan, Champagne, Clarke, Madison, Fayette, Highland, Ross, Pike, Jackson, Gallia and Lawrence in the State of Ohio, to the Village of Rockwood in said Lawrence County, and all branches, additions and extensions thereof, including the branch or branches extending from said main line at Jeffersonville, Fayette County, northeastwardly through Fayette and Madison Counties to Sedalia, and from said Jeffersonville, southwestwardly through Fayette, Greene and Clinton Counties to Kingman, all in said State of Ohio.

2nd—Also all that parcel of land in River Rouge, Ecorse Township, Wayne County, Michigan, being a portion of Private Claim 45, described as follows: Beginning at the point where the boundary line between the lands of the Solvay Process Company and those formerly owned by the River Rouge Improvement Company (which line is marked by three monuments, one near the border of the River Rouge, one upon the edge of the right of way of the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, formerly the Detroit Southern Railroad Company, and one near the bank of the Detroit River) is intersected by the southerly line of the property conveyed for railroad purposes to the Detroit and Lima Northern Railway by the Solvay Process Company by deed dated February 20, 1900, recorded in Liber 513 of Deeds, page 449, Wayne County Records; thence northerly along said boundary line 30 feet; thence southwesterly at right angles to said boundary line along the southerly line of the right of way of the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, formerly the Detroit Southern Railroad Company, 405 feet to a point in the Short Cut Canal of the River Rouge Improvement Company, which point is in a line drawn parallel to and 30 feet distant northerly from the dock line as now established on the southerly side of said canal near its easterly end; thence southerly at an angle of 87 degrees 58 minutes to the left or southerly about 2,030 feet to the point where said line intersects the harbor line of the Detroit River as now established by the United States; thence at an angle of 112 degrees 33 minutes to the left or upstream 1,315 feet to a point; thence to the left or northerly at an angle of 67 degrees 27 minutes, 1,015 feet to a point; thence at an angle of 12 degrees to the right or north 884 feet to a point; thence at an angle of about 236 degrees 30 minutes to the right or north about 495 feet to a point in the southerly line of the right of way of said Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, formerly the Detroit Southern Railroad Company, which point is opposite to and 66 feet distant measured along the radius through Station now or formerly 544 of the center line of the track of the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, formerly the Detroit Southern Railroad Company, from the point of compound curve of 3 degrees curve to the left, which last point is in the north line of said right of way; thence along the southeasterly line of said right of way to the place of beginning. Also, so much of the bed beneath the waters of the canal aforesaid as is included by the said lines of the right of way of said Railway Company if extended across said canal, and by the line in said canal which forms the southwesterly boundary of the land aforesaid, containing 51.67 acres, more or less, including all land lying between the right of way and bridge of said canal of said Railroad Company as now located, the harbor line of the Detroit River, the line aforesaid in the Short Cut Canal, and the northeasterly boundary line heretofore described, together with the hereditaments appurtenances and riparian rights thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, subject only to the exceptions, restrictions and conditions contained in the deed of said property, dated February 20, 1902, between the Solvay Process Company of Solvay, New York, and the Detroit Southern Railroad Company, recorded in Liber 587 of Deeds, page 606, of Wayne County, Michigan, said property having been acquired for and become an appurtenance of the railroad and property first above described, and being now used as such.

3rd—Also all and singular the right of way and line of railroad formerly of the Iron Railway Company, extending from the Ohio River, in Upper Township, Lawrence County, Ohio, to the south line of Jackson County, Ohio, including its lines from Ironton to Centre Station, from Ironton to Sarah's Furnace, from Aetna Station to Ellisonville, and the Bartels branches and other spurs, branches and feed tracks appurtenant and belonging to said property, all in said Lawrence County, Ohio, and also the branch of said railway now completed from a point in its main line at or near Lawrence Station, in said Lawrence County, Ohio, said completed branch line extending in said County of Scioto, into and through the County of Jackson to a connection with the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, all in Ohio, using the tracks of the latter in part for such connection the tracks of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company by virtue of a certain lease or agreement with said company, and all other property formerly belonging to said Iron Railway Company or now owned and used in connection therewith, together with all and singular the property of every kind and description now owned and used in connection with said railroad, and all and singular the powers, franchises, rights, privileges and immunities belonging thereto.

4th—All of the following classes of property now owned or held by the Railway Company, or hereafter acquired by it or its successors from the proceeds of sales of cash remaining as hereinbefore recited, and appertaining to any of the said railroads or properties described above in paragraphs first to third inclusive:

All the road bed, rights of way, station grounds, railroad yards, terminal grounds, and all other lands, lands under water, docks, piers, wharves and rights of all tracks, spurs, branches, side tracks, bridges, viaducts, docks, culverts, fences, depots, station houses, elevators, warehouses, engine houses, car houses, coal houses, wood houses, machine shops, and other shops and all other buildings or structures.

All locomotives, tenders, cars and other rolling stock and equipment of every kind.

All tools, implements, machinery, wood, coal, oil, fuel and other supplies.

All the privileges and franchises connected with or relating to any of said railroads, or to the construction, maintenance, use or operation thereof, whether now held by the Railway Company or hereafter acquired by it or its successors as aforesaid; and all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances to the said premises belonging.

Also all the rents, issues, profits, tolls, and other incomes of all the property which shall from time to time be subject to this indenture.

And, also, all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim, possession, and demand whatsoever as well in law as in equity, which the Railway Company may now have or in its successors may hereafter acquire by the means aforesaid in or to or of the same and every part thereof, meaning to include, among other things, all property, rights and interests acquired under the following recited deeds or instruments in which said Railway Company is grantee, all dated May 1st, 1905, the above specifically mentioned deeds and entered on pages 606 of Wayne County, Michigan, said property having been acquired for and become an appurtenance of the railroad and property first above described, and being now used as such.

3rd—Also all and singular the right of way and line of railroad formerly of the Iron Railway Company, extending from the Ohio River, in Upper Township, Lawrence County, Ohio, to the south line of Jackson County, Ohio, including its lines from Ironton to Centre Station, from Ironton to Sarah's Furnace, from Aetna Station to Ellisonville, and the Bartels branches and other spurs, branches and feed tracks appurtenant and belonging to said property, all in said Lawrence County, Ohio, and also the branch of said railway now completed from a point in its main line at or near Lawrence Station, in said Lawrence County, Ohio, said completed branch line extending in said County of Scioto, into and through the County of Jackson to a connection with the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, all in Ohio, using the tracks of the latter in part for such connection the tracks of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company by virtue of a certain lease or agreement with said company, and all other property formerly belonging to said Iron Railway Company or now owned and used in connection therewith, together with all and singular the property of every kind and description now owned and used in connection with said railroad, and all and singular the powers, franchises, rights, privileges and immunities belonging thereto.

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All the road bed, rights of way, station grounds, railroad yards, terminal grounds, and all other lands, lands under water, docks, piers, wharves and rights of all tracks, spurs, branches, side tracks, bridges, viaducts, docks, culverts, fences, depots, station houses, elevators, warehouses, engine houses, car houses, coal houses, wood houses, machine shops, and other shops and all other buildings or structures.

All locomotives, tenders, cars and other rolling stock and equipment of every kind.

All tools, implements, machinery, wood, coal, oil, fuel and other supplies.

All the privileges and franchises connected with or relating to any of said railroads, or to the construction, maintenance, use or operation thereof, whether now held by the Railway Company or hereafter acquired by it or its successors as aforesaid; and all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances to the said premises belonging.

Also all the rents, issues, profits, tolls, and other incomes of all the property which shall from time to time be subject to this indenture.

And, also, all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim, possession, and demand whatsoever as well in law as in equity, which the Railway Company may now have or in its successors may hereafter acquire by the means aforesaid in or to or of the same and every part thereof, meaning to include, among other things, all property, rights and interests acquired under the following recited deeds or instruments in which said Railway Company is grantee, all dated May 1st, 1905, the above specifically mentioned deeds and entered on pages 606 of Wayne County, Michigan, said property having been acquired for and become an appurtenance of the railroad and property first above described, and being now used as such.

3rd—Also all and singular the right of way and line of railroad formerly of the Iron Railway Company, extending from the Ohio River, in Upper Township, Lawrence County, Ohio, to the south line of Jackson County, Ohio, including its lines from Ironton to Centre Station, from Ironton to Sarah's Furnace, from Aetna Station to Ellisonville, and the Bartels branches and other spurs, branches and feed tracks appurtenant and belonging to said property, all in said Lawrence County, Ohio, and also the branch of said railway now completed from a point in its main line at or near Lawrence Station, in said Lawrence County, Ohio, said completed branch line extending in said County of Scioto, into and through the County of Jackson to a connection with the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company, all in Ohio, using the tracks of the latter in part for such connection the tracks of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company by virtue of a certain lease or agreement with said company, and all other property formerly belonging to said Iron Railway Company or now owned and used in connection therewith, together with all and singular the property of every kind and description now owned and used in connection with said railroad, and all and singular the powers, franchises, rights, privileges and immunities belonging thereto.

4th—All of the following classes of property now owned or held by the Railway Company, or hereafter acquired by it or its successors from the proceeds of sales of cash remaining as hereinbefore recited, and appertaining to any of the said railroads or properties described above in paragraphs first to third inclusive:

All the road bed, rights of way, station grounds, railroad yards, terminal grounds, and all other lands, lands under water, docks, piers, wharves and rights of all tracks, spurs, branches, side tracks, bridges, viaducts, docks, culverts, fences, depots, station houses, elevators, warehouses, engine houses, car houses, coal houses, wood houses, machine shops, and other shops and all other buildings or structures.

All locomotives, tenders, cars and other rolling stock and equipment of every kind.

All tools, implements, machinery, wood, coal, oil, fuel and other supplies.

All the privileges and franchises connected with or relating to any of said railroads, or to the construction, maintenance, use or operation thereof, whether now held by the Railway Company or hereafter acquired by it or its successors as aforesaid; and all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances to the said premises belonging.

Also all the rents, issues, profits, tolls, and other incomes of all the property which shall from time to time be subject to this indenture.

And, also, all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim, possession, and demand whatsoever as well in law as in equity, which the Railway Company may now have or in its successors may hereafter acquire by the means aforesaid in or to or of the same and every part thereof, meaning to include, among other things, all property, rights and interests acquired under the following recited deeds or instruments in which said Railway

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST, West 57th St.—Rev. W. B. MATTESON: 11, "Efficient Ministry"; 8, "Foundations of Hope."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 926 and Amsterdam, Dr. Goodchild, Pastor. 11, "Christ Defeated." 8, "The Brave Days of Old." Memorial Day Sermon. Veteran soldiers and patriotic societies in attendance.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 23d St., between 5th and 9th Aves., Dr. Cesar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 WEST 46TH ST.
REV. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., PASTOR.
9:40 A. M., Bible School Session.
Young Women's Class: Mrs. Merrett, Leader.
Young Men's Class: Rev. W. S. Richardson, Leader.
11 A. M. & 8 P. M. PUBLIC WORSHIP. SERMONS BY DR. WOELFKIN.

FORT WASHINGTON BAPTIST CHURCH, 181st St. and St. Nicholas Av., Rev. ENOS J. BOSWORTH.—11 A. M., "PETER WALKING THE WAVES OF GALILEE." 8 P. M., "JOSEPH, THE MAN."

HOPE CHURCH, Broadway, 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—11, "Liberty." 8, "The Soldier's Crown." Grand Army Post attending.

MADISON AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor,
will preach Sunday morning and evening.
11 A. M.—"The Higher Meaning of Memorial Day." 8 P. M.—"Greater Memorials." Baptism Service.
Union Bible Class, 9:45, F. W. Hagar, Leader.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square.—EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach, 11, "Weariness in Christian Endeavor." Gal., vi., 9: And let us not be weary in well-doing, for in due season we shall reap if we faint not. 8, "Certainty of Discipleship." Lu. John, ii., 3: And hereby we do know that we know Him, if we keep His commandments.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., near 126th St.
J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Heavenly Vision."
8 P. M.—Wagner's "Parsifal."
In commemoration Wagner centenary.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST Church, 145th St., Convent Av., Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.—11 A. M., "Without Me, Nothing"; 8 P. M., "Profane Person."

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

First Church, Central Park West and 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park W. and 68th St.
Third Church, 256 W. 71st St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St.
Sixth Church, Park Av. and 61st St.

Church of the New Jerusalem
New York Society of the New Church, (Swedenborgian.)
NEW CHURCH, THIRTY-EIGHTH ST. BETWEEN PARK AND LEXINGTON AVS.
REV. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Rev. J. Paul Dresser, Assistant Pastor.
Service, 11 A. M. The Pastor will preach. Seats free. All are welcome.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M. Dr. Jefferson will preach a sermon to Naval Veterans.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Brooklyn.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St.—Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M.—"Prayer and Scientific Progress." 8 P. M.—"Elements of Leadership."

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
Carnegie Hall: Sunday at 10:30, Confirmation Service.
All are welcome.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL.
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30, sermon by Dr. Enelow, "The Apartness of the Godly." All are welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT. Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 75th.—Dr. REMENSNYDER. Services, 11, 8.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD ST., CORNER MORTON.—Rev. GEORGE W. DOWNS, Pastor, 11 A. M. 8 P. M., Memorial Service, George G. Meade Post, G. A. R. Welcome.

GRACE, 104th, near Col.—CHRISTIAN F. REISNER, D. D., 11, "Catholics and Church Attendance." 7:45, "War Spirit." 300 old soldiers to attend.

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH, Corner 60th Street.
Rev. Wallace Mac Mullen, D. D., Pastor. Preaching morning and evening by the pastor.

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST, 76th St., West of Columbus,
WALLACE HAROLD FINCH, Minister.
11 A. M.—CHILDREN'S DAY.
8 P. M.—Rev. WALLACE H. FINCH.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Avenue and 86th Street, C. L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Sermon by the Pastor.
8 P. M., Memorial address by the Pastor and SPECIAL PATRIOTIC MUSIC.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St., West of Broadway, J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister.—11 A. M., "The Son of God Who Loved Me." 8 P. M., Memorial Day Address.

New Thought.

MARY ETHERIDGE CHAPIN,
Berkeley Theatre, 44th St. and 5th Av.
Sundays, 11 A. M. "On Being Understood."

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH,
32 West 40d St. F. W. Sears speaks 11 A. M.
Finest Pipe Organ in the World.
Organ Recital and Sacred Concert 10:30 A. M.
Free seats. YOU are invited.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St.—Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

N. T. TEMPLE, 2,016 5th Av., S. W. Corner 125th St.—Sundays, 11:15. Leader, Ella'h L. Silverwood. Soloist, S. Homer Eaton.

UNITY SOCIETY MEETINGS, 305 MAD. AV. MRS. SOPHIA VAN MARTER SPEAKS.
Subject, Sunday, 8 P. M.:
"Why did God command Moses not to let any Man or Flocks appear on Mount Sinai?" (Ex., 34, 3.)
Every Monday at 3 P. M.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway.
Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 8.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor. Rev. WENDELL PRIME KEELER of Northampton, Mass., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8:00 P. M.
9:45 A. M.—Young Men's Bible Study Club.
3:15 P. M.—Sabbath School.
Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M.
ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St.
To-morrow
REV. J. H. JOWETT, D. D.,
will preach at 11 o'clock; at 4:30 the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed; midweek service in the Chapel on Wednesday evening at 8:15 will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. P. E. ERICKSON
preaches morning and evening.

LABOR TEMPLE,
14th St. and 2d Av.
JONATHAN C. DAY, D. D., Supt.
Sunday afternoon-evening programme.
Bible School, 4 Pictures; 5, Lecture on "Indian Music" by Miss Florence Maubiel Pratt; 8, Preaching Service.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 24th Street.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The Pastor will preach 11 A. M.
Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"REAL LIFE."
8 P. M.—"GRIT."

Presbyterian.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d St.
Rev. GEO. F. PENTECOST, D. D.
11 A. M.—"A CRISIS QUESTION."
8 P. M.—"THE NEW BIRTH."
Preparatory Service Wednesday Evening.

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY
WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL
Ministers.
Dr. Merrill will preach at 11 and 4 o'clock.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. of 10th St. (One block west from B'way.)
GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.
Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the morning service the Pastor will preach. In the evening a Boy Scout Memorial Service will be held. Service preparatory to the Communion, in the Chapel, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. at 105th St.
Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., the Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Sunday evening, Memorial Day service. Special Sermon. G. A. R. and other military organizations attend in body.

WEST 23D ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Rev. H. G. Mendenhall, at 11. Rev. W. L. Buchanan, at 8.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D.D., } Pastors
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D.D., }
Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

Preaching Services at the
New Church House, 603 W. 178th St.
Rev. FREDERICK N. LINDSAY, Ph. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Brooklyn.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE, Brooklyn, cor. So. Oxford, (three sq. from Atlantic Av. Subway Sta.) Rev. CHARLES CARROLL ALBERTSON, Minister. Services, 10:30 and 7:45.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
Sunday, May 25.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Choral Canon Jones.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. De Witt L. Pelton, P. L. D. Service for Eighth Artillery District, National Guard, N. Y.
4:30 P. M.—Choral Service daily except Monday and Saturday.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Holy Communion, 8, 10:15; Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Rector), 11; Openair service, 7:45. Evening Service, 8.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 9; solemn mass and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Evensong at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, Dr. Grant, Subject: "The Comfort of Religion."
4 P. M.—Rossini's "Stabat Mater."
8 P. M.—Public Forum, Inc., Speaker, Hon. R. R. MacLea, Subject: "The Wilson-Underwood Tariff Bill: the First Blow at the War Tariff."
9 P. M.—Discussion, Parish House, 12 West 11th Street.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 551 5th Av. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector. Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 49th Av. and 20th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Children's Service, (Rev. Mr. Foote.)
11 A. M.—Service, Sermon, (Rev. Mr. Bailey.)
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3:15 P. M.—Portuguese Service, (Rev. Filippo Ghigo.)
8 P. M.—Service, Sermon, (Rev. Mr. Bailey.)

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29. Services, 7, 10:30, REV. DR. BARNES' MASS and SERMON; by Dr. JENCKS, 10:30; and 4.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th Street.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion.....8 A.M.
Morning Prayer: Preacher, the Rector.11 A.M.
Evensong: Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton 8 P.M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 East 21st St. Services religieux le dimanche a 10½ h. et 8h. Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8 and 11 (Rector); (Bishop Greer, Dean Grosvenor, Rev. J. Chalmers); 8. (Rector).

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Avenue, Corner 44th Street.
The Rev. ELTON PURKISS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. William Lawrence Wood.
4 P. M.—Preacher, the Rector.
Special Musical Service.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
IS ON EAST 16TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE AND 71ST STREET.
Holy Communion, 8; Sunday School, 9:45; Morning Service, 11; Afternoon Service, 4.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE, Tenth Street and Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
10:30 A. M., Special Musical Service.
11 A. M., Divine Service with sermon by the Rector.
8 P. M., The "Socialist Pulpit," followed by Forum in St. Mark's Hall. The Rev. Irwin Tucker, Minister.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. Services at 8, 11, and 4.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services:
7:00, 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
10:15 A. M., The Litany.
11:00 A. M., Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion.
3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon.
8:00 P. M., Mission Service and Sermon.
Week-day Services:
7:30, 9 A. M.; 3 P. M.
Short service for business people daily (except Saturday) at 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

Reformed.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryee, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

MADISON AV. REFORMED CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 57th St.
11 A. M.—Rev. Chas. Prosper Fagnani, D. D.
8 P. M.—Cantata, Rossini's "Stabat Mater."

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 123d St., Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister. 11 A. M., Dr. Tilton will preach. 8 P. M., preaching by the Rev. Arthur Boynton.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. & 65th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister.
MANOR CHURCH, 348 West 22th St.
Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D., Minister.
Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning—"The Brothers of the Rich Man."
Evening—"Robbing a Bird's Nest."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. to the graduating class of the Bible Teachers' Training School. At 8 P. M. Musical Service. Selections on new organ.
Quartet, accompanied by Harp and Violin.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At the afternoon service the Baccalaureate Sermon to the graduating class of the Collegiate School.
Choir, assisted by Hans Kronold, 'Cellist.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av. and 55th St. W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY LECTURE.
BERKELEY THEATRE,
44th St., near 5th Av.
Sunday evening, 8:15.
"THE SCIENCE OF THE SOUL."
BY W. W. ROGERS.
Admission Free.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 305 West 72d St.—Public lecture Sunday evening at 8:15. Subject, "The Astral Body." by Edward Hermann.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS' (Unitarian,) 4th Av. & 20th St. Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor.
Rev. EUGENE SHIPPEN, Pastor First Unitarian Church, Detroit, Mich., will preach. Church then closed till (probably) last Sunday in September. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, (Unitarian,) Park Avenue and 34th Street.
JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, Minister.
11 A. M., ANNUAL CHILDREN'S SERVICE. Mr. Holmes will preach. All Welcome.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner 121st St. Services at 11.
Rev. FREDERICK ROBERTSON GRIFFIN, Minister, Church of the Messiah of Montreal, Canada, will deliver the sermon.

Brooklyn.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 2 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. John H. Lathrop. Service at 11.

Universalist.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M., "THE ROMANTIC CAREER OF HENRY WARD BEECHER."

Y. M. C. A.
DR. S. PARKES CADMAN.
"The Next Great Leader."
Mary Dan Matheson will sing.
West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St., near 8th Av., 4 P. M.

REV. A. J. MUSTE.
"THE IMPERATIVE OF DUTY."
23d St. Y. M. C. A. near 7th Av., at 5:15. Social Hour, and Lobby Sing following. Miss Vinnie M. Shirmer, Violinist.

Other Services.

FULTON STREET NOON PRAYER MEETING, 113 Fulton St., N. Y.—Rev. Lewis S. Chafer of Northfield, Mass., will speak each day next week, 12 to 1.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th Street and 8th Avenue. Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, May 25th, 10:30 A. M., Rev. W. T. MacArthur; 8 P. M., Mrs. Follen, missionary from India, will speak.

NEW CIVILIZATION FRATERNITY.—Social Festival, "Academy," 113 W. 79th St., Monday, 8:30. Music. Dancing. All Welcome. Julia Sears, Founder NEW THOUGHT CHURCH will speak.

PRINCETON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY SUMMER SCHOOL for Ministers, Missionaries, Sabbath School, and other Christian Workers, May 26 to June 6. Address Rev. Paul Martin, Princeton, N. J.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH, 24th St. West of Madison Av., 24th St. entrance. Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor. Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

VEDANTA: SWAMI BODHANANDA, 185 West 80th St. 8 P. M., "Unity and Trinity." Monday evening, June 2d, "Status of Women Under Hindu Law," Mrs. Arthur Smith, illustrated by songs, in Oriental costume.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Col. C. D. Cowles, Fifth Infantry, will proceed to his home, preparatory to his retirement.

Major R. Alexander, Infantry, is relieved from observation at the Walter Reed General Hospital, District of Columbia, and will return to his proper station.

First Lieut. F. W. Mordlow, Coast Artillery Corps, having been found by an Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service, on account of disability incident thereto, pursuant to the findings of which he was ordered to be retired from active service, under the provisions of Section 1,251, Revised Statutes, is announced.

Lieut. Col. J. H. Beacom, Inspector General, upon promotion to the grade of Colonel, will remain on duty in the office of his Inspector General, Western Department, until further orders.

Orders 86, War Department, April 14, relating to Quartermaster Sergt. P. A. Hall, Quartermaster Corps, is revoked.

Orders 116, relating to Private J. H. Van Nort, is revoked.

Following officers will proceed to Fort Niagara, N. Y., and report to the commanding officer of that post and to Capt. R. H. Allen, Twenty-ninth Infantry, Captain Infantry Mess; Capt. W. Dabney, Sixth Infantry; Capt. A. J. MacNab, Fourteenth Infantry; First Lieut. H. Hawley, Ninth Infantry; First Lieut. F. P. Ayer, Seventeenth Infantry; First Lieut. A. M. Pardee, Twentieth Infantry; First Lieut. G. W. Ewell, Third Infantry; Second Lieut. C. M. McMurray, Seventeenth Infantry; Second Lieut. P. J. Jacobs, Twenty-ninth Infantry, and Second Lieut. R. Sears, First Infantry.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Medical Corps are ordered: Lieut. Col. E. B. Frick is relieved from duty at the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., as Chief Surgeon, Third Division, and will then assume command of the Letterman General Hospital, the Presidio of San Francisco.

Lieut. Col. W. P. Kendall is relieved from duty at Fort Riley, Kan., and will take effect at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed to San Francisco, Cal., and report to the commanding General, Western Department.

Lieut. Col. H. L. Raymond will proceed to Fort Riley, Kan., and report in person to the commanding officer of that post for duty.

Leaves: Col. C. D. Cowles, Fifth Infantry, twenty-seven days, granted; Major C. Lynch, Medical Corps, four months, granted.

The Navy.

Lieut. W. L. Calhoun, detached from the Maryland; to home, wait orders.

Lieut. C. T. Osburn, detached from the Des Moines; to Navy rifle team.

Marine Corps.

Col. F. L. Denny, Quartermaster, placed on retired list from June 1.

First Lieut. Renato Tittoni, placed on retired list from May 15; detached from Marine Barracks, Navy Yard, Washington, and ordered to his home.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Connecticut, at Tampico; Quiros, at Shanghai.

Sailed—Idaho, from Tampico for Vera Cruz.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Letter from the Superintendent of Buildings, Brooklyn, requesting approval of the assignment of Mary Donohue as stenographer and typewriter, third grade, at a salary of $1,200 a year, pending the result of the promotion examination on March 29.

Letter from the Department of Public Charities, saying that Miss Flora M. Purcell, an examiner of charitable institutions at $1,200 a year, has been assigned as clerk and examiner with a salary at the rate of $1,500 a year, pending the selection of some one from the promotion list for the latter position.

Request of the Controller, as Chairman of the Committee on Standardization of Salaries and Grades of the Board of Estimate, for authority to employ William W. Dixon of 1,926 Avenue C, Brooklyn, as an assistant salary standardization expert.

Request of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity for approval of the assignment of Miss Gertrude Dyett, stenographer and typewriter, whose regular salary is $1,050 a year, to $1,200 a year, pending the result of the promotion examination for third grade stenographer, for which she is a candidate.

Letter from the President of Queens requesting approval of the assignment of Miss Mary A. Carabine, a stenographer and typewriter, whose regular salary is $1,050 a year, to $1,850 a year, pending the promulgation of the list resulting from the examination for promotion to third grade stenographer and typewriter, in which she is a candidate.

Letter from the Board of Estimate requesting that F. H. Whitten be exempted from examination to be employed in connection with the work of the Commission on Heights of Buildings, at a total compensation of $1,000. Approval is also requested of the employment of Mrs. Anita F. Carlos as stenographer and secretary to the commission, with a salary at the rate of $25 a week.

Notification from the Department of Docks of the emergency appointment of Albert Nussbaum of 1,006 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, as stenographer and typewriter, with a salary of $900 a year.

Notification from the Board of Water Supply of the emergency appointment of Cornelius J. Smallen and George P. Hartman as inspectors.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House on June 4 for civician, for men only, on June 4, to fill vacancies in this position as they may occur in different branches of the service.

As a result of this examination it is expected to immediately make certification for filling vacancies in the Isthmian Canal Service at entrance salaries of $1,800 per annum, and a vacancy in the position of acting assistant surgeon in the Public Health Service at Jacksonville, Fla., at a salary of $600 per annum. Appointees to the position of acting assistant surgeon in the Public Health Service are required to devote only part of their time to the Government service.

The commission invites attention to the fact that among the vacancies to be filled it is expected to fill one in the position at $100 a month, for service in the Insane Asylum at Ancon, Canal Zone, for which an unmarried man is desired.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Dudley Olcott Buys Herald Square Hotel for Over $1,000,000—Forty-second Street Sale—Big Acreage Purchase at Tompkinsville—Long Island and New Jersey Deals.

Dudley Olcott purchased the Herald Square Hotel yesterday for a price which was said to be well over the assessed valuation of the property, which is $950,000, including both land and buildings. This is the largest realty transaction that has been made in the Thirty-fourth Street section for some time. Mr. Olcott bought the house for investment, as he believes its situation, just west of Broadway, is one of the best hotel districts of the city. An additional feature of interest connected with the deal is that the former owner has taken back a ten years' lease on the property.

The Herald Square Hotel occupies a plot from 114 to 120 West Thirty-fourth Street, fronting 105 feet on Thirty-fourth Street by 98.9 deep on the south side, and is separated from Broadway by the Savoy Theatre and Saks store. It has been owned by Charles F. Wildey ever since he erected the house about fifteen years ago, and Mr. Wildey and his interests have managed the hotel from that time. No change in management will be made, as his lease for ten years shows.

The greater part of the house is a twelve-story building, but the section at 114, added later, is an eight-story building on a 25-foot lot, but connected with the larger structure.

Joseph P. Day was the broker making the sale.

Mr. Olcott gave in part payment the old Olcott estate of 500 acres known as Round Top, at Bernardsville, N. J., which was owned by his father, the late Frederick P. Olcott. Mr. Wildey has made no definite plans regarding this large acreage, but the suggestion has been made that it would be a favorable site for a fine country hotel.

Deal on West Forty-second Street.

The four-story building at 107 West Forty-second Street has been purchased by the tenants, Gilhuly Brothers, from the William Sperry estate. The structure occupies a lot 20 by 100.5 feet, and was held at about $160,000.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Mrs. J. Newton Perkins has purchased from Mary C. Davis of Paris, France, 61 East Fifty-second Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 18.10 by 100, between Madison and Park Avenues. The buyer owns No. 59 adjoining. The two making a plot 37.8 by 100, which is to be resold. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

Buyers for Tenement Property.

A client of Joseph P. Day's has purchased for investment the two five-story apartment houses 217 and 219 West 135th Street.

The Vespil Realty Company bought for investment from Mrs. Mary T. Donovan the northeast corner of Tenth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, a four-story tenement, with stores, on lot 20.10 by 74. The property was held at $45,000, and was sold through A. Lawton McElhone.

The Plainfield Plumbing Supply Company bought from the Brown-Weiss Realties 331 and 333 West Fifty-third Street, two four-story flats, on a plot 41.11 by 47.6, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues. The buyer gave in exchange 1,344 to 1,350 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J., a three-story apartment, on a plot 61 by 150 feet.

Recent Buyers.

It was announced yesterday that the Lenox Hill Realty Company, of which Samuel Herzog is President, was the purchaser of the plot from 116 to 122 East Sixty-third Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues, bought early in the week through Douglas L. Elliman & Co. It represented an investment of over $225,000. Mr. Herzog, who has been an active apartment house builder, has not decided whether to begin the erection of a new house on the site this season or wait another year.

Abraham Wolf is the buyer of the two flats, 953 and 957 Aldus Street, sold Thursday by the Pew Realty Company.

Big Deal at Tompkinsville.

A tract of 180 lots in Tompkinsville, Staten Island, has just been purchased by Mayer Rosenholz and Henry F. Comtois from the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as trustee of the Willard estate. It includes the territory from a point on Richmond Turnpike, nearly opposite Jersey Street, and running along the turnpike to Cebra Avenue; across Cebra Avenue to Ward Avenue, and along Ward Avenue to a point about opposite the entrance to the home of Lewis Nixon, and thence across the hill to the turnpike.

It is the largest sale of acreage property in the Tompkinsville district for many years, and the transaction was negotiated by Moffatt & Schwab of that place.

The new owners are planning to develop the property in an attractive manner for small home sites, and it will be known as Bay View Park.

Bronx Borough.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for the Annita Realty Company the southeast corner of Belmont and Crescent Avenues, a five-story new law apartment house, with three stores, occupying a lot 77 by irregular.

Ernst & Cahn and J. J. Pittman have sold to George Rosendale a plot 75 by 104 feet on the northeast corner of 230th Street and Heath Avenue. The buyer gave in part payment premises known as 268 West 132d Street, a three-story and basement private dwelling on a lot 16.8 by 100 feet.

The O'Gorman estate sold to Catherine R. Meincke 492 and 494 East 140th Street, two three-story brick dwellings on a plot 33.4 by 100 feet. S. H. Frankenheim was the broker in the sale.

Brooklyn.

John F. Burke sold for the Lanoor Realty Company the four-story sixteen-family apartment now in course of construction on the north side of Forty-second Street, 100 feet west of Fifth Avenue, on a plot 40 by 100 feet. The purchaser is an investor.

The six-story and basement brick factory building, 75 by 100 feet, formerly occupied by the Thomas Shoe Company, and located on the southwest corner of South Fifth and Hewes Streets, has been purchased by I. Rokrach & Sons, Inc. T. A. Safris & Co. negotiated the sale.

M. Solomon & Son, Incorporated, have purchased 398 and 400 South Fifth Street, a plot 50 by 107 feet. Plans have been filed for the erection of a six-story apartment house, to cost $75,000. The same builders are now completing five 4-story apartment houses at the southwest corner of Eastern Parkway and Troy Avenue.

Long Island City.

The Seidel Realty Company has sold for a client a parcel of land comprising about seven lots on the easterly side of Fourteenth Avenue, just north of Broadway. The purchaser, a local investor, will improve the property with four-story modern apartment houses in the near future.

The Cross & Brown Company sold for Ludwig Sidora a plot 50 by 100 on the northeast corner of Paynter Avenue and Boulevard. The buyer, Sophie C. Schwagie, recently purchased through the same brokers the adjoining corner plot of 75 by 101 feet. This transaction completes the sale of the whole block frontage of 175 feet on Paynter Avenue, with 51 feet on Boulevard and 101 feet on Sherman Street. It is understood that the buyer represents a large manufacturing concern now in Manhattan, which contemplates the erection of a factory covering the entire plot.

The Everett Realty & Construction Company has sold three lots on Eleventh Street, between Van Alst Avenue and Eastern Boulevard, and two lots on Eastern Boulevard, between Eleventh and Twelfth Streets, to the Warnbold Realty Company.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY.
Amount of $2,500 to $6,500 for first mortgage on improved Bronx real estate.
Alexander Wilcox, 160 5th Av.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Wales Av, w corner of 151st St, for two five-story brick tenements, 65x94.6 and 60x92.0; Polatschek Realty Co., Harry W. Spencer, 818 East 161st St, President, owners; John C. Watson, 271 West 125th St, architect; cost, $140,000.

King Av, w s, 50 ft s of Bowne St, for a one and one-half story frame dwelling, 22x47.6; Catherine J. Stumpf, 1,209 Rae Av, owner; Toelberg & Son, 1,167 Fox St, architects; cost, $1,200.

Underhill Av, e s, 175 ft n of Lecombe Av, for a one-story frame storage building, 18x25; Angelo Bruno, 237 East 151st St, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost, $100.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

44th St, n s, 125 ft e of 6th Av, to a two-story dwelling; Mrs. A. H. Smith, Geneva, N. Y., owner; F. J. Sterner, 180 East 19th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, MAY 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 106th St, 107.4x100; Hyman Sarner to Johanna Realty Co., 54 Canal St., (mtg $20,000.) May 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 107th St, 107.5x100; Hyman Sarner to Johanna Realty Co., 54 Canal St., (mtg $20,000.) May 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BULKHEAD N. R., begins 250 ft w from e s of West St at s s of Pier 14, (old 28,) N. R., opposite foot of Barclay St, runs n from e s of said pier along bulkhead 197 ft bulkhead, N. R., begins 250 ft w from e s of West St at n s of Pier 13, (old 28,) N. R., opposite foot of Murray St, runs s from n s of said pier along bulkhead 154 ft with all rights to piers and bulkhead, wharfage, crainage, &c; William C. Renwick and others, executors, &c., of Wm. R. Renwick, to Helen S. Dixon, 3,774 Franklin Pl., Flushing, Queens borough of Queens, 251-73000 int.; being 1-30 part of all right, title, and interest. May 17; address, 94 Maple Av, Flushing, L. I.....$1

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 100.6x36, (mtg $64,500,) all liens; 100.8x36, (mtg $64,500,) all liens; King St, n s, 50 ft s of Varick St, 41.9x76, (mtg $50,000,) all liens; West Washington Place, s w, 100.4 ft s of 3d Avenue, 60.2x100.2 w n e s of 4th St, x21.8x91.7, (mtg $14,000,) all liens; Sullivan St, 214 to 218, w s, 80x100, (mtg $96,000;) Eugene Garbereux to Garbereux Co., Inc., 560 South Broadway, March 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

NARGLE AV, centre line, 380 ft s w from centre line of Elwood, runs s e 250, s w 100, N w 250, to Dan O'Keefe to Peter Elwell O'Keefe, 310 West 79th St, 3 years, $1 a year, May 22; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$6,000

WEST 161ST ST, s e corner of 161st St, 21.1x100; Thomas J. McLaughlin's Sons to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, May 21; demand $ p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.

SAME PROPERTY; same to Realty Operating Co., 15 Wall St, prior mtg $900,000; due July 21, 1914, 6 p. c., May 21; attorney same.....$126,000

WEST AV, w

Don't Forget—

Next Saturday will be May 31st

and the Absolute and Unreserved

Auction Sale of Morris Park Race Track.

Go Today and Look at the Property!

You Are Not Buying From Speculators

Who Want to Make a Profit!

This is the Opportunity to Make Money Offered You by the

State of New York Banking Department

Liquidator of Carnegie Trust Co. and Northern Bank of N. Y.

Study the Following:

$500 at 4% interest in 10 years Amounts to **$ 741.06**
$500 " " " " 20 " " " **$1093.30**

$500 invested at the following Auction Sales along the Northerly growth of New York City shows the following results after deducting all carrying charges:

Morton Bliss Sale	May 26, 1891,	$500	invested, produced	$3,850	in 14 yrs.
Ryer Homestead Sale	Oct. 5, 1891,	$500	" "	$4,375	" 13 yrs.
Cammann Estate "	June 6, 1899,	$500	" "	$6,140	" 8 yrs.
Moses De Voe "	Nov. 11, 1903,	$500	" "	$6,000	" 6 yrs.
Century Realty Co.	June 4, 1907,	$500	" "	$1,115	" 3 yrs.
Gouverneur Morris Sale	" 7, 1910,	$500	" "	$1,030	" 1 yr. & 8 mos.

The above sales are selected at random from many showing similar results.

You Have a Better Opportunity at the Auction Sale of the 3019 Separate Lots, 4 Dwellings and the Club House

formerly the

Morris Park Race Track

Bronx Borough, New York City

Sale will be held in the Club House on the Property

Saturday, May 31st, and Succeeding Days

70% can remain on Mortgage Titles insured free by Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.

To Get to Morris Park Race Track, take:

The Subway (West Farms Trains) to 177th Street or 180th Street stations. At 177th Street, take the Morris Park trolley car direct to the property. At 180th Street, go to 180th Street station of the New York, Westchester and Boston Railroad, and thence to the property.

The Second or Third Avenue Elevated Railroads to 129th Street, thence by Boston Railroad or Morris Park Trolley car to the property. New York, Westchester and

All crosstown Bronx cars connect with all Elevated and Subway lines either at 129th, 135th or 145th Streets and transfer to Morris Park cars.

Go and Examine the Property

Send for maps and particulars to

J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. and 3d Ave., New York City
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., New York City

Agents and Auctioneers

Every Lot Must Be Sold No Matter What It Brings

TO=DAY

THE ONLY OPPORTUNITY

To Buy Dual Subway Station Lots

LONG ISLAND CITY

ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE

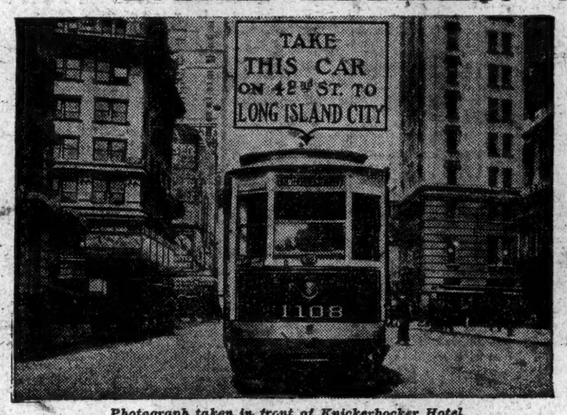
On the Premises at 1:30 P. M., Rain or Shine, in Mammoth Tent

450 DUAL SUBWAY STATION LOTS

On Thomson Ave., New 200 ft. Queens Boulevard, Bliss St. and Adjoining Streets

You Are Not Buying From Speculators Who Want to Make a Profit on You!

TAKE EITHER OF THESE CARS



Photograph taken in front of Knickerbocker Hotel.

From 42d St., Manhattan, 25 minutes from Times Sq. Now.

Take car on 42d St., Manhattan, direct to Long Island City via Third Ave., 59th St. and Queensboro Bridge to Bridge Plaza.

From Manhattan End of Queensboro Bridge
(12 minutes to property now.)

Take Thomson Ave. car from Manhattan end of Queensboro Bridge at 59th St. and 2d Ave. direct to property.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS Sewers, Concrete Sidewalks, Curbs, Gutters, Macadamized Sts., etc., for which there will be **NO ASSESSMENTS**

Free Title Policies from Title Guarantee and Trust Co. **70%** May Remain on Mortgage at 5%. **6%** discount for cash.

TERMS—10% on day of sale, 20% in 30 days. Savings bank books accepted as deposit on lots and 3 or 6 months interest credited.

Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

Bryan L. Kennelly

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.
156 Broadway, New York.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ATLANTIC BEACH
FIRE ISLAND.

A low cost vacation place for nice families. Where you get all the health-giving benefits of the fashionable watering places without needless expense. 4-room bungalow and plot $800; small cash payment, easy terms on balance. Send for particulars. 'Phone Greeley 1282.
ATLANTIC BEACH REALTY CO., 47 West 34th St., New York.

AN IDEAL HOME

In a restricted section within 20 minutes of Penn. station, located on plot 40x100, house 25x40, with piazza 8 ft. wide; living room 20x12; dining room 18x13; kitchen 11x13; large butler's pantry and refrigerator inclosure; 4 master's bedrooms, den and sewing room; tiled vestibule and bathroom; combination electric light and gas fixtures; installation for pneumatic cleaning; laundry and toilet in cellar; servants' quarters on third floor, and space for two additional bedrooms, if needed; birch and whitewood trim throughout, with parquet floors; hot-water heating system; sewer connection; price $7,900; terms $250 cash; balance as rent. For particulars address Secretary, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

FOR SALE
SEASHORE COTTAGE.
A Remarkable Opportunity.

A pretty stucco cottage, all modern improvements, hardwood finish, overlooking a private Ocean Beach in an exclusive Long Island colony, only 40 minutes from New York. Can be reached either by electric train or boat. Beautiful Clubhouse a block away; Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Fishing. This is a BARGAIN for we quick purchaser. Terms to suit. Photograph and floor plans mailed on request. Address OWNER, Box H 83 Times.

Bungalow Near Water

In Freeport's finest water front section. Nine rooms; corner plot, 60x115 feet, near Woodcleft Bay. $4,500; small cash payment, balance easy terms. JOHN J. RANDALL CO., Freeport, L. I.

COUNTRY PROPERTY Rent or Sale.
Long Island, Westchester, Connecticut, &c. Lists of everything worthy of note.

S. Osgood Pell & Co
Tel. Bryant 5610. 542 5th Av., cor. 45th St.

HUNTINGTON BAY.

Fully furnished House; 15 rooms, two bathrooms, electric lights; beach and pier privileges; stable or garage; superb views; two acres. Address D., Halesite, Long Island.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ENTIRE FLOOR
Suitable for a Banker,
2D STORY,
one floor above street level.
Times Building,
Times Square,
New York City.
Inquire of Rental Agent on premises, or Phone Bryant 1000.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED
Brooklyn.

Beautiful Brick Houses FOR RENT
$25.00 and $30.00 in Brooklyn

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights, water, sewer, and gas; located in Park Section of Brooklyn on lines of elevated and new subway; 8 minutes to ocean, 30 minutes to New York; 5-cent fare to New York or ocean. Send for booklets and photos. Special Manager, 604 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone 5528 Cortlandt.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A SACRIFICE.

Beautiful 2-family dwelling 50x100, one block to proposed subway station on Westchester Avenue line; owner compelled to sell; terms to suit. Peters, 2,015 Boston Road, near Tremont Av.

CANADA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BRICK SITE FOR SALE IN CANADA

A Good Chance to Establish a Brick Manufacture in Canada.

We have
200 Acres of Blue Shale
40 to 50 Feet Thick,
facing the NATIONAL BRICK CO. at DELSON JCT., CANADA; four railroad facilities,
16 Miles from Montreal.

For full particulars write
ALDERIC LEFEBVRE,
26 Victoria Square, Montreal, Canada.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

ARE YOU MOVING?

Just think, private, large, light 6-7 room apartments, $33 up, inducements, $35.
65 West 106th St., (Central Park.)
Also 221 West 141st St., (7th Av.)
4-6 room elevator apartments, $32 up; concessions.

The Claire 346-350 West 118th St.
The Louise 250-252 West 112th St.

4-6 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; ALL NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE; ELECTRICITY; RENTS $20-$47.50.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.

5 rooms, $32.00 to $37.50.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.

7 and 8 large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry, 2 elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryers; convenient to all traction lines; $1,000-$1,800. Superintendent on premises.

RICHMOND HILL,
27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH.

Very desirable, modern light Apartments of seven rooms and bath; steam heat, electric light, elevator service all night; rents reasonable.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BROOKLYN.

Select Elevator Apartments.
Largest Rooms in Flatbush
OCEAN AVE.
Corner Woodruff Ave. overlooking Prospect Park.
22 minutes from New York "L" station on corner.
Telephone in every apartment; two boys in attendance day and night
4, 5, 7 and 8 Rooms
RENTS $40 TO $105
WESTWOOD REALTY COMPANY,
Cor. Flatbush Av. and Winthrop St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

BRONX.

THE HUNTS POINT
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
Private park, with tennis courts.
All improvements—best service.
Lowest rates to be had anywhere.
ROOMS 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 ROOMS
RENTS $33 $38 $50 $55 $60 $71 RENTS
A. ARENT COMPANY
CORNER 163D AND SIMPSON STS.
Bronx Subway to Simpson St. Station.

LEAVITT BUILDING
126-132 West 46th St.
80.0 x 100.5
IDEAL LOFTS TO LEASE
Supervisory Sprinkler System
Completely Equipped in Every Particular
Apply Through Your Own Broker or on Premises
Telephone Bryant 5261

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Real estate expert of Rockaway Beach property offers the following bargains to quick buyers.

AT BELLE HARBOR

A three-lot plot 60x100 ft., Ostend Avenue, between Washington and Newport Avenues; very choice location, being near Atlantic Ocean, Jamaica Bay, and trolley, at $725 per lot.

Southeast corner Bayside Drive and Park Avenue, 100x100 feet, for boarding house purposes, having a magnificent view of Jamaica Bay, at $900 per lot.

A three-lot corner for private dwelling on Bayside Drive, 60x100 feet, at $800 per lot.

AT EDGEMERE

A four-lot plot 80x100 feet, south of railroad tracks, at $900 per lot.
Address Sea Shore, 194 Times, Times Square, city.

JAMAICA AND VICINITY
Real Estate.
For sale, rent and exchange.
H. B. PEARSALL, JR.,
876 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished

LAKE PLACID ADIRONDACKS
COTTAGE FOR RENT in Admirably located on Signal Hill, overlooking two beautiful lakes, and surrounded by entrancing views of charming scenery of mountains, forests, and nature beautiful. Cottage new and extra large, all rooms exceptionally large and elegantly furnished; 8 master's rooms, 3 sleeping-out porches, 2 baths, extra toilets, 2 servants' rooms, garage, tennis. Rent $1,500. For photos, address
F. C. GUILD, owner, Lake Placid, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

ENJOY YOURSELF.
IT IS YOUR RIGHT,
WHATEVER THE CONDITION BE.

A comfortable, pretty, and convenient Home in a fine neighborhood, with every possible advantage, and where property values are increasing rapidly, is of first importance.

Philipse Manor
ON-THE-HUDSON.

is not only a fine community in which to live, but in which to buy a building plot or House. A Golden Opportunity there is now within your grasp.

Let us send you the particulars.

Our phone number is Murray Hill 5582.
BRAMWELL DAVIS, 331 Madison Ave., N.Y

BRONXVILLE, LAWRENCE PARK, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE, WHITE PLAINS and other desirable sections of WESTCHESTER COUNTY for sale or rent.
Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and Bronxville.

New Rochelle.

Artistic Bungalow New Rochelle
One of the most attractive places of its size in the vicinity; excellent finish inside and out; large open fireplaces, gas, electricity, hot-water heat; beautiful grounds.
FOR SALE AT $8,700.
C. B. ALLEN, 333 Huguenot St., Tel. 748, New Rochelle, N. Y.

GLEASON New Rochelle Homes For Sale or Rent. 321 Huguenot St., Tel. 104.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

YEAR ROUND COUNTRY HOME 50 minutes from Grand Central Station. Trains daily, at frequent intervals. House of stucco; 11 rooms, 3 baths. Plot large and well shaded; city water, gas, sewerage, electric light. Close to, with unobstructed view of, Sound, and right of way to water. Bathing, boating, fishing, golf, tennis and yachting; shops, stores, churches, public and private schools; 5 minutes to station. Price, $11,500.

BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD
505 Fifth Ave., at 42d St., New York.
Telephone 710—Murray Hill.

FOR RENT OR SALE
At Bronxville

A COTTAGE AT MEADOWDALE,

within 7 minutes' walk of station or Hotel Gramatan. Modern house of 9 rooms, steam heat, bath, and all conveniences. Large plot.
Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and Bronxville.

GREENWICH—Belle Haven.

Handsome five-acre gentleman's estate; extensive views over Sound; situated at Belle Haven; house contains 20 rooms, 4 baths; garage holds 3 cars, has chauffeur's apartments; grounds beautifully laid out; 6% may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession. Photos and floor plans upon request. 'Phone 716 Murray Hill, or call Badgley, Jones & Good, 505 5th Av.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

HAVE LARGEST LIST of Property for Rent.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
Westchester County, at reduced rentals.
WILLIAM E. MORRELL,
15 Court St., White Plains.

Gentleman's Country Home,

Just out of White Plains; 14 rooms, 3 baths, shower bath; every modern convenience; about one acre of land; price now 25 per cent. less than actual cost.
WILLIAM E. MORRELL,
15 Court St., White Plains, N. Y.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

WOODMERE, L. I.

For rent, furnished, for the Summer, modern house; 5 master's, 2 servants' bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, garage, 1 acre in grounds; located between Broadway and the water. Rent $1,500.
JOHN F. SCOTT,
47 West 34th St., N. Y.

The Country Club Grounds

At Westchester, for rent, furnished, house containing 7 master's rooms, 3 baths, modern improvements, electric light, running water, etc. Garage and stable accommodations. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. 'Phone Murray Hill 6200.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GARDEN CITY

Houses to rent, furnished and unfurnished, $50 to $300. For sale, $8,000 up. Terms to suit.
Gage E. Tarbell, 320 Fifth Avenue.

STORES TO LET,
17-19 WEST 31ST STREET
(Life Building), one store, 20x40; other over 3,000 square feet, including mezzanine floor; very desirable neighborhood; rents very low.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held May 8, 1913, the following petition was received:

To the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York:

The Bronx Traction Company, a street surface railroad corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New York, hereby petitions for a franchise to construct, maintain, and operate an extension of its existing railroad in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, with a double track in, upon, along, and over the following described route:

Beginning at and connecting with the existing tracks of the Company in Morris Park Avenue at or near its intersection with the southwesterly side of Bronxdale Avenue, (formerly Bear Swamp Road,) thence northeasterly across said Bronxdale Avenue to the intersection of the northeasterly side thereof with a new road on private property to be known as Morris Park Avenue and to be ceded to the City of New York as a public street, and thence northeasterly upon and along the said new road to its intersection with Williamsbridge Road.

Dated New York, May 5th, 1913.
THE BRONX TRACTION COMPANY.
By EDWARD A. MAHER,
Vice President.
[Corporate Seal.]
Attest: FREDERIC J. FULLER, Secretary.
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

EDWARD A. MAHER, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Vice President of The Bronx Traction Company, the petitioner herein, that he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is true of his own knowledge.
EDWARD A. MAHER.
Sworn to before me this 5th day of May, 1913.
JAS. S. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public 4089,
New York County.
[Seal.]

and the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, The foregoing petition from The Bronx Traction Company, dated May 5, 1913, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held May 8, 1913, and

Resolved, That in pursuance of law this board sets Thursday, the fifth day of June, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least ten (10) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

(The Herald and THE TIMES designated.)
JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.
New York, May 8, 1913.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 17,795.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM COHN, SAMUEL J. HARRIS, and JULIUS WERNER, individually and as copartners trading as COHN, HARRIS & WERNER, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Abraham Cohn, Samuel J. Harris, and Julius Werner, individually and as copartners trading as Cohn, Harris & Werner, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Abraham Cohn, Samuel J. Harris, and Julius Werner, individually and as copartners trading as Cohn, Harris & Werner, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1805, Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
May 23, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of New Jersey.—In the matter of MITCHELL-WATCHUNG SILK MFG. COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Certain assets of the above named bankrupt, consisting of real estate, buildings and two silk mills, complete with machinery and equipment, situated at Plainfield, N. J., are for sale. Bids will be received by Henry W. Runyon, Trustee in bankruptcy, at the office of Henry W. Sykes, his attorney, 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, up to and including June 4th, 1913, at 2 P. M. All bids received will be submitted to the creditors of the above named bankrupt at a meeting to be held before Atwood L. De Coster, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, at his office, 76 Broad Street, Newark, N. J., on June 6th, at 3 P. M. The property is open for inspection and may be inspected at Plainfield, N. J. Further information may be obtained from the attorney for Trustee.

Dated May 22d, 1913.
HENRY W. RUNYON,
Trustee in Bankruptcy.
HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Trustee, 346 Broadway, New York City.

NO. 18,106.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEO MATTIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Leo Mattin of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day of May A. D. 1913, the said Leo Mattin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1913, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
May 23d, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES H. HATHUM, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, May 27, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 12 West 32d Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, piece-goods, ready-made uniforms, trimmings, safe, fixtures, &c.
WALTER COOK, Jr., Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ESTATE OF S. W. STERUP, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, June 24, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 346 Broome St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tools, implements, machinery, presses, furnaces, office furniture, &c.

Inspection May 31st and June 2d, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
TAYLOR MOHR, Receiver.
GEORGE R. SIMPSON, Attorney for Receiver, 32-38 Park Row, New York.

Lost

LOST—May 21, at 12:30 P. M., on Broadway and 19th St., small green purse, containing small change, also wedding ring. Finder please return wedding ring, initials "J. J. M. to W. B. M., 1900"; liberal reward. 66 West 85th St.

LOST.—A gold Howard watch, open face, monogram, "S. H. N.," and gold chain attached to pencil; $35 reward; no questions asked if returned to S. H. Newhouse, Sherman Square Hotel.

LOST—On Thursday, May 15, gold meshbag, between 57th St. and 7th Av. and 68th St. and Madison Av. Reward if returned to Miss K. Miller, 811 Madison Av.

LOST.—Diamond link bracelet, on Friday morning. $300 reward when delivered to W. D. Tusten, Harriman Bank Building, 5th Av. and 44th St., New York City.

LOST—Saturday evening, May 10, lady's silvervanity, marked "M. E. F. 1911"; liberal reward. Henry W. Ives, 24 Broad St., New York City.

LOST—Thin gold open-face watch, enamel monogram; suitable reward paid if returned to Herbert Cockshaw, 29 West 38th St., city. No questions asked.

LOST—Banquet ring, between Plaza Hotel and George Rector's, Wednesday evening; liberal reward, no questions. C. O'D., 316 West 19th St.

LOST—May 21, on Broadway car, southbound, about 107th St., lady's black moire coat; reward $5, no questions asked. J. Shenk, 62 West 107th St.

LOST—Square black purse, containing about $2 and red memorandum book. Return to Hotel Newton, Broadway and 94th St.; reward.

LOST—Three weeks ago, between Reisenweber's and Palais de Dance, diamond bar pin; $400 reward; no questions. M 98 Times.

LOST—Diary book, 1913; suitable reward, no questions asked. Samuel Lewis, 5 Front St., New York City.

REWARD.—Lost, between Saks, Gimbels, or in Gimbels, chamois bag containing bag. M 116 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—About three weeks ago, a black cat; long hair, bushy tail; reward. Return 829 Ocean Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Fox terrier dog from 1,057 Falle St., Bronx; answers to name of "Raffles"; liberal reward.

Business Opportunities.

Do you manufacture one or more general utility articles with consumer advertising possibilities, and do you need an active or silent partner with capital?

One of our clients has retained us to investigate such a business; all correspondence strictly confidential. Send full details to H. Sumner Sternberg Co., Merchandising and Advertising Advisors, 208 5th Avenue, N. Y. C.

$15,000.

We are looking for a man that can invest $15,000 and become a Director and Treasurer of a manufacturing business that has been established for 30 years, and is about to build a new plant; this is a distinctly sound proposition, and an opportunity for the right man. For particulars address X 50 Times.

$10,000 capital wanted for an interest in an old-established business where good returns may be had for capital and business ability; business subject to strictest investigation. X 48 Times.

Wanted—Live hustler, with few hundred dollars, invest in well-paying moving-picture business; address quick. Fred W. Fox, 619 Gaiety Building, 1547 Broadway.

$3,000 required for extension valuable Porto Rican enterprise; full particulars and references exchanged at personal interview. H 89 Times.

Real Estate—Well established and fully equipped office, 11 years in Stuyvesant section, Brooklyn. Address Estate, 333 Times Downtown.

Business man with $5,000 capital wanted for expansion of established business; reference. Address Legitimate, 3,525 Broadway.

Family liquor store, with bar; fine corner; 15 years' lease; stock $2,500; reasonable offer accepted. Box 44, North Side News.

Energetic man, small capital, to interest others in easy, congenial, and highly lucrative business; no canvassing. A 100 Times.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortably furnished rooms; parlor dining; telephone; reasonable.

11TH, 29 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; references; telephone.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with excellent board.

56TH, 134 EAST.—Front parlor; other front rooms; Summer rates; German cooking.

83D ST., 29 EAST.—Second floor suite; private bath; fine table; reasonable.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Single, double rooms; superior table; table guests; Southerners accommodated.

30-22, 33 WEST 16TH ST.—Large and small rooms; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; excellent table; table boarders.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. Phone 6063 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Single, double rooms; large; airy; conveniences; telephone; excellent board.

52D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single and double rooms; first class.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; table board; reference; telephone.

65TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; board; private baths; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; private bathroom; room telephones; hot water supply; references.

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Large room, second floor, southern exposure; reasonable.

74TH ST., 181 WEST.—Eighteenth year; large, small rooms; excellent table; references.

75TH ST., 139 WEST, (Recently 9 East 49th.)—Attractive rooms, with board; table board; references.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norcse Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; telephone in all rooms; out-of-town guests accommodated. Write for booklet.

81ST ST., 161 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; board optional; all conveniences; Summer rates.

82D, 52 WEST, (Central Park.)—Comfortable, airy rooms; private bath; excellent table. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—One large and one small room; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Newly furnished house, large, small room, with board; references.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent board; Southern; reasonable.

102D ST., 216 WEST.
Two large rooms; excellent cuisine. Field.

103D, (West End Av., 879.)—Large corner room; splendid cuisine; Summer rates.

105D ST., 252 WEST.—Superior accommodations; bachelors, couple, Southerners, or transient; convenient location.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, cool front rooms, with board. Telephone Morningside 8136.

115TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; home cooking.

114TH, 526-528 WEST.—Delightful rooms; quiet locality; private baths; exceptional table; convenient to Subway and surface.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Private Parisian family offers room, board refined business gentleman; $10; references.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large room; electricity, private bath; references.

146TH, 540 to 545 WEST, (near Broadway and beautiful Riverside.)—Healthiest section.

"THE AUDUBON,"
bright, pleasant rooms; excellent board; good service; select, quiet surroundings; every comfort; very reasonable rates. Telephone 2787 Audubon.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE WEST, 105, (Apts. 7A, 7B, and 7C.)—James's Court, overlooking Morningside Park; small and medium sized rooms; excellent chef and service; separate tables; moderate Summer rates. Telephone 5516 Morningside.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence, elegant sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Pompkinsville, S. I.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101.—Large, airy, cool, Summer home; overlooks Washington Square; fresh fruits, vegetables.

Motorcycles and Bicycles.

Pope Motor cycles, New York Distributors. Also agent for Indian and Excelsior. Amos Shirkie, 905 8th Av., near 55th St.

Country Board.

New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY—
IN NEW YORK CITY.

It's an ideal spot, 200 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Westchester County.

SMALL FAMILY.—Beautiful home in Chester Hill; all home comforts, to desirable parties; reasonable rates; 25 minutes to Grand Central. 153 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

Long Island.

WEEK-END ACCOMMODATIONS.
On North Shore. Beautiful room, private bath; fine bathing; delightful country; large grounds; shade; garage; refined surroundings. Address, Exclusive. M 47 Times.

New Jersey.

ATTRACTIVE, cool rooms; modern conveniences; free auto Lackawanna station; 45 minutes to New York; 650 feet elevation; 20-mile panorama; room and board, $12 to $14. W. H. Mears, Murray Hill, N. J., adjoining Summit.

Pennsylvania.

QUIET HOME, beautiful location on Susquehanna River, 150 miles from New York; mountain air; boating, bathing, driving; scenery unsurpassed; town 5,000; terms, $6 week. Write Rev. M. E. Frey, 223 Poplar St., Towanda, Penn.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

87TH ST., (Lexington Av., 104.)—Large, small, neatly furnished rooms; board if desired; reasonable.

50TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences; private house.

49TH, 19 EAST.—Newly furnished double, single; private baths; kitchenette; $3, $10.

55TH, 33 EAST.—Private house; large, airy rooms; all conveniences; telephone; references.

67TH, 23-25 EAST.—Handsome suites, double, single rooms; private baths; electricity; telephone; $30, $45, $50 monthly.

60TH ST., 223 EAST.—Fine floor, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for dentist at doctor's residence; good central location; board if desired; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front room; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board optional, Gramercy 1875.

West Side.

9TH ST., 29 WEST.—Room, medium sized; hot, cold water; large closet; single room; telephone.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and medium; private bath, telephone; reasonable.

11TH, 138 WEST.—Large, cool room; southern exposure; board optional; telephone; refrigerating.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; Southern exposure; running water; telephone; reference; no housekeeping.

12TH, 48 WEST.—Handsome large room, private bath; first-class house.

47TH, 68 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Magnificent house, newly furnished; elegant rooms; private bath; elevator.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; select house; telephone.

49TH, 235 WEST.—Comfortable, airy, single, double rooms; running water; $2 up.

63D ST., 62 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also medium and small rooms.

55TH, 341 WEST.—Two beautiful parlors, with piano; all conveniences; Summer rates.

57TH ST., 328 WEST.—Attractive, large, small, cool rooms; modern improvements; Subway, "L."

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, with bay window; dressing room adjoining.

69TH ST., 50 WEST.—Attractive rooms with private bath; suite of two rooms; reduced rates.

69TH, 112 WEST.—Nicely furnished room to rent; convenient Subway; reasonable.

70TH ST., 139 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, room containing piano; bath adjoining; smaller room; scrupulously clean; ideal Summer location.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive large and medium rooms, private bath; telephone; near "L" and Subway; private house; reasonable.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large second-story, cool, well-furnished rooms; private house.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Two delightful, cool, connecting rooms; private bath; singly, en suite; small room; reference; Subway; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Gentlemen; cool, airy rooms; southern exposure; electricity; quiet surroundings; Summer rates; references. Phone 7734 Schuyler.

80TH, 114 WEST.—Elegant back parlor; private house; $7 weekly; breakfast optional.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large rooms; also hall room; all improvements; Summer prices.

82D, 146 WEST.—Large single, clean room; private family. Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

84TH, 126 WEST.—Clean, comfortable, newly furnished rooms; running water; telephone, Watson.

85TH, 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, second-story front room; also smaller; private family; reference.

86TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, two or three gentlemen; references; Riverside, Subway, and L; telephone; private.

86TH ST., 341 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished second floor room, with private bath; unusually desirable; subway, elevated. Riverside.

88TH ST., 100 WEST.—Parlor suite, no other roomers. Phone 8650 Riverside. Downey.

92D ST., 204 WEST.—Attractive room; running water; Subway; telephone. Possons.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; quiet, refined surroundings. Owner. Reference.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Select house; single rooms; breakfast optional; moderate.

95TH ST., 171 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, elevator apartment; business lady. Post.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; room suitable two; breakfast; high-class apartment. Frissman.

99TH ST., 244 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Cool, desirable outside room, elevator apartment. Butters.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Light, nicely furnished room; telephone, electricity, bath; $3. Hubbard.

109TH, 812 WEST.—Fine large or single outside sunny room; lavatory; reasonable.

110TH ST., 200 WEST, (Amsterdam.)—Large, light room; closet; elevator. Apt. 2D.

113TH, 541 WEST, (Apt. 3.)—Two adjoining rooms, suitable one or two gentlemen; private entrance; moderate.

113TH ST., 622 WEST.—Front suite; also cheerful, airy single rooms. Apartment 81.

114TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large, small rooms, running water; private house; Summer prices.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Large front connecting rooms; single suite; breakfast optional. Wolfe.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Attractive room, comfortably furnished; lavatory; desirable neighborhood; references. White.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Block Broadway Subway; light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

119TH ST., 414 WEST.—Rooms that are different; elevator, telephone service; reasonable. Smith.

120TH, 234 WEST.—Bedroom with adjoining parlor, suitable for couple; reasonable. Kennedy.

121ST ST., 501 AND 519 WEST.—Newly, artistically furnished outside rooms, $2.50 to $12 per week; sitting room privilege. M. S. Young. 'Phone 4887 Morningside.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Opposite Teachers' College, Columbia University; beautiful double room, with kitchenette; single room; excellent restaurant. See Mr. Yetman.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Large elegant room; elevator, electricity; kitchen; reasonable. Apt. 3L.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Newly decorated, light, well furnished rooms; select home. Denn.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Suite two rooms, front; $7 week; elevator. Rose.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—American family; elevator, telephone; Broadway Subway. "L"; gentlemen; $3. Apartment 21.

125TH, (2,015 5th Av., Mount Morris Park.)—Large, desirable room; one, two gentlemen; $6; small room; private house.

157TH ST., 611 WEST, (Overlooking Hudson.)—Elegantly furnished rooms, suites; private baths; special Summer rates; restaurant service. The Pierson.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—A small outside room to let in family of two to a young woman seeking a homelike place. Apartment 5D.

ADVERTISER, owning elegantly kept residence West 68th, will rent to high-class, overparticular gentleman, single, double room; private tiled bath; $50-$100 monthly; breakfast optional; occupied 8 years by one gentleman. Address Cleanliness, 2,029 Broadway.

A LADY will let front room in newly furnished corner apartment; electric light; running water; every convenience. Schuyler 5556.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST. (For Bachelors Only.)
Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator; hot and cold running water in every room, tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $5 to $8.50 weekly each.

A REFINED American couple offer charming front room; bath adjoining, southern exposure; elevator, electricity; no other roomers; 110th Subway. Phone 1374 Riverside.

MORNINGSIDE, WEST, 54.—Exceptional room; corner apartment, overlooking park; light housekeeping. Henry.

Long Island.

ARVERNE, L. I., 8 South Carlton Av.—Large, beautifully furnished rooms and apartments for housekeeping for rent for Summer season; close to beach. Mrs. J. Weber.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished.

Business man wants neat and airy room within walking distance of Times Square, in up-to-date apartment; preferably with private family; telephone essential. Address, giving full particulars and price, H 88 Times.

Help Wanted Female.

FINE WOMAN, with or without business experience, but with some executive ability, to engage in an easy, congenial, and profitable business; salary and commission. A 101 Times.

SEVERAL INTELLIGENT LADIES may find profitable and pleasant work in following leads for successful school of oratory; commission basis; references given and required. The Henderson School, 3,790 B'way.

WOMAN wanted, who speaks German, for general housework from 8 to 4; no cooking; $4 per week; references. Apply mornings, 348 West 23d St., third floor.

WANTED—Two teachers to sell Foundation Library; salary guaranteed. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

WANTED—Waitress, colored, $32; board and room. University Settlement, 184 Eldridge St.

WANTED—Nurse for baby; city reference. Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

Instruction

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Reduced Summer rates; stenography, secretarial, English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

CURTAIN HOUSE requires traveling salesmen; state territory and experience. Confidential, 150 Times.

LARGE CHICAGO HAT FACTORY needs competent, experienced miner; best salary for right man; permanent position; splendid opening; state experience and qualifications in first letter; arrange for interview in New York with Mr. Albert Shutz. Address Carrol Hall, Annapolis, Md.

LITHOGRAPHIC SALESMAN

ADVERTISING MAN.
Practically unlimited opportunity for advertising man of much ability, with thorough knowledge of lithography; connection of stability, with lithographic house of national scope assured to right man; he must have a record for producing business; income limited only by his own producing capacity; the larger the better; no limitations; house has exceptional creative staff and large productive facilities for all processes and classes of work; those applications that define past experience will receive first consideration, but all communications will be held in strict confidence; position is a most important one. Address A 863 Times.

SALESMAN.
EXPERIENCED CHANDELIER SALESMAN, COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF SALESROOMS. APPLY, LETTER, STATING EXPERIENCE, THE BROWE COMPANY, NO. 9-11 FRANKLIN ST., NEWARK, N. J.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; earn while you learn; write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 301 C, Candler Bldg., Times Square, New York. Branches everywhere.

WANTED—Man of experience and ability capable of directing branch office and structural plant of about 1,000 tons per month capacity; advise present and past employment, age, salary expected, business and personal references. Address Mosher Structural Steel Works, Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—In the office of a large mercantile house, a young man to make out bills and do general office work; good chance for advancement. M 107 Times.

WANTED—Bright boy for office work; knowledge of typewriting preferred; salary $6. State age and education. H 103 Times.

Agents Wanted.

Agents for hand vacuum cleaners, double suction, latest improvements; territory given. Absorbo Mnfg. Company, 62 Cortlandt St., New York.

Situations Wanted

Female.

COMPANION AND NURSE.—Young woman desires position as companion and attendant to semi-invalid lady; has had some hospital experience; will read, sew, take charge of correspondence; has exceptional education, and is especially well qualified for such position; accustomed to atmosphere of culture and refinement; would be congenial companion; city, country, or travel; highest references. H 94 Times.

DESIRES POSITION in country; is efficient correspondent, stenographer, bookkeeper. M 86 Times.

EXPERIENCED SWEDISH MASSEUSE would like position to care for invalid or crippled child in capacity of nurse, using medical massage if desired; no objection to traveling; unexceptional references furnished. X 36 Times.

GOVERNESS, English, capable, fond of children, seeks position. Address Miss Cross, care Mrs. C. W. Walker, Hempstead, L. I.

REFINED YOUNG LADY desires position in doctor's or dentist's office; business experience; first-class references. E. C., 167 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, (17,) recent graduate business school; two years high school; intelligent, rapid, neat; $8. L 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, thoroughly competent beginner, good clerically, wishes permanent position; salary $7. Miss S., 960 Freeman St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Bright, neat, beginner; excellent record; does rapid, correct work; $6; no agency. L, 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; best references. Schultz, 91 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience with finest lines; excellent references; $15. L 824 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, well informed, pleasing address, to present a high-class proposition to people of affairs. Post Office Box 1,612.

Situations Wanted

Male.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systematized; financial statements prepared; investigations; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., Room 702, 132 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 2780.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, closed, systematized, audited, written up; trial balance; statements showing condition; reasonable. Accountant, 62 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly up; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 378 Broadway. Telephone 4676 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Having just finished first year New York University accountancy course, I would like to be employed in the morning hours by large accounting firm to get practical experience; thorough knowledge Italian, French, English. M 62 Times.

ACCOUNTANT seeks engagement; permanent or temporary. A 80 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 19, high school education, desires position. B 272 Times Downtown.

A YOUNG MAN (30) desires office position; exceptional qualifications and excellent references; possessing initiative and executive ability. R. M., 518 West 28th.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, written up, and closed; monthly audits, $5 and up. Acme Audit, 320 Broadway. Worth 972-973.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager seeks position where ability, integrity and honesty will be appreciated. A 805 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—English; highly recommended; town or country; age 30; thoroughly experienced. S. E., 140 East 32d St., care Mrs. Gunter.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman wishes to place his chauffeur; Frenchman, understands some English; polite, honest; very capable mechanic and driver; industrious, obliging; city or country, latter preferred; good man for family of ladies and children. M 114 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wants situation; city or country; reference first class; 3 years' experience; can drive all cars. W. C. Hammonds, 2,663 8th Av.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, typist, correspondent, linguist, desires secretarial or office work. M 105 Times.

Situations Wanted

Male.

ENGINEER, degree one of leading Eastern universities, 27, five years' experience in various kinds of engineering work, would like position as technical writer with New York house; will submit samples of work. M 100 Times.

ESTIMATOR, excavating, stone work, concrete, marble, and tile work position; has been in one position for ten years; references furnished, if requested. M 41 Times.

POSITION as manager or Superintendent plumbing with firm; have done extensive business of my own for many years; licensed; experienced and economical; excellent references. M 115 Times.

RAINCOAT SALESMAN with long experience through South and Southwest, willing to make change with some reputable concern. M 108 Times.

SALESMAN desires position on ladies' waists and dresses; good established trade for New York State and Pennsylvania. L 845 Times Downtown.

STEWARD or head waiter in country hotel; A1 references; salary moderate. S. R., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, good appearance, personality, education, wishes position with opportunities; manages typewriter; salary secondary. L 829 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position; chance for advancement; German American; 8 years' reference. Charles Sussman, 178 Montrose Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, age 27, wants to learn wholesale business with reliable firm; chance for advancement. Haslach, 165 Montrose Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position as office assistant; three years' experience; best reference. D. S., Times Harlem.

Employment Bureaus.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

A.—COLORED SERVANTS. Phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 208 West 38th St.

ALL HELP, (selected colored,) shortest notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 29 West 134th St. Harlem 6370.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southerners help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 214 West 59th. Phone 9023 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT help, short notice, procurable. Progressive Agency, 34 W. 151st. 5870 Harlem.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, colored; city, country, hotel help. Agency, Morningside 7288.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, 93d. 9627 Riverside.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, willing girl; good home; city; country. Pearson's Agency, 5,049 Harlem.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 123d; 6916 Morningside.

Automobile Exchange

New cars, 50 per cent. off.
New Toredoor bodies, 65 per cent. off.
100 right cars, high grade, $10-$3,000.
New Ford tops, $10; others, all sizes.
Ford and other electric light outfits, $9.
Radiators, steering col. parts, 75 per cent. off.
Top repair, $10-$50 up. Wood rims, 25. Time payments. Trades made. Cars bought. 20th Century Co., 1709 B'way, 3d floor.

1913 6-cylinder Stutz roadster; sacrifice.
1912 6-cylinder Peerless touring.
1912 National toy, like new.
1910 new Herreshoff roadster.
1911 Packard, 30, limousine and touring.
1912 Speedwell, 7-passenger
Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 Broadway.

Bargain—$700, 1907 Mercedes, 35 H. P. demi-limousine, seven passenger; cost $4,000; $1,000 new engine. Alora Packard Roadster has been overhauled and is perfect in every respect; owner, Wm. C. Reynolds. See my chauffeur at private garage, 142 West 67th St.

Pierce-Arrow touring car, five-passenger, four doors; recently overhauled and repainted; guaranteed in perfect condition; electric lights; full equipment; at a sacrifice. Bissell, 149 West 14th St.

BARGAIN—BUICK 1911 TOURING CAR.
$450, cost $2,500; light top, five-passenger; windshield; Presto tank; speedometer, clock; perfect running order. Col. SPRAGUE, private garage, 142 West 87th.

Pullman, 1909, 30 h. p., 5-passenger touring; windshield, speedometer; paint in good order; chance of a lifetime to buy at $400; cost $2,250; act quickly. W. C. Hullick, 651 Elmore Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Automobile for Sale—Quick buyer can secure real bargain. Locomobile, 1911, 6-cylinder, 48 H. P., two bodies, limousine and touring; owner traveling, will sacrifice. Address Quick, Box 50 Times Office.

I will pay cash and also give my property, 100x248, in best part of Long Branch, exchange for used automobile touring car; 5 passenger; in good condition. Address H. L. Room 555 1,328 Broadway.

For Sale—A 5-ton Mack truck and a 3½-ton Saurer truck, both in first-class condition and can be seen in operation; will be sold at a bargain. Apply to Congedi & Co., Holly-wood Av., Crestwood, N. Y.

A BARGAIN FOR SOME ONE.
Hupmobile 32, touring car; slightly used; all conditions fully equipped. F. J. G., 1,893 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone 7593. Prospect.

Gramm three-ton side-racked suite truck, with top over front seat, for sale; it is in first-class order. For further particulars address Room 715, 103 Park Av., New York.

Maxwell car, 30 H. P., 1911 model, 6 months' use. All condition, for sale. Inquire Long Island Road, 180 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, cor. Atlantic, opp. L. I. Terminal.

Buick combination runabout and wagon, bargain; also 5-passenger touring car; Continental motor; fully equipped. Falleck, 92 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

ALL MAKES AND MODELS OF USED CARS
Special model raising sacrifice sale. STORAGE—32 West 63d. (near Broadway.)

Chalmers 30, 1911 toy tonneau, completely equipped; perfect condition. Pasco, 1,392 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. 1546 Prospect.

Will sell my fully equipped 7 passenger Lozier for $650. In perfect condition. A. Hesse, 201 William St.

Buick; remodeled as runabout; hill climber; $250. Hollister, 4 West St., Norwalk, Conn.

Maxwell touring car; fully equipped; five-passenger; $350. R. M. Owen Co. 19 W. 62d.

Reo roadster, torpedo body; centre control, 1912; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000; equipped; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Maxwell runabout, $125; in perfect running order. Dr. Burton, 138 West 37th St.

Reo the Fifth, 1913; centre control; equipped like new; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Cadillac; five-passenger; fully equipped; $450. R. M. Owen Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo touring car, R. 1912; equipped like new; $650. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

NEW PACKARD SEVEN-PASSENGER TOURING CAR FOR RENT BY THE MONTH. PERFECTLY EQUIPPED; CAREFUL DRIVER. TERMS REASONABLE. IOWA, 209 SOUTH BROADWAY, YONKERS, N. Y.

Packard cars for hire, late models, hour, day, or week; ideal tour trips taken, reasonable prices. Long Alora Packard Roadster Co., 235 West 50th St., (O'Connor & Hayes.) Phone 8231 Columbus.

Will rent Packard 7-passenger car by month or year; car is in first-class condition. Apply Mr. Hirsch, Lenox Garage, 112 East 75th. Phone Lenox 8506.

For Hire.—Elegant seven-passenger landaulet and touring car; by the hour, day, or month; very reasonable. Christy. Telephone 9750 Columbus.

PACKARD TOURING CARS FOR HIRE.
Anywhere, any time; reasonable. 'Phone 5754 Riverside. GILLETT-JOHNSON CO.

College student will rent his touring car by the hour, day, week, or month. Phone 4429 Yonkers or 999 M Melrose.

Pierce Arrow touring car; by hour, day, week or month. J. F. Staiver, 731 Seventh Av. Telephone 8192 Bryant.

Brand new 7-passenger Premier touring; expert driver; reasonable rates; private. Telephone 831 Melrose.

For hire, elegant Packard touring, monthly; owner drives. Variangieri, 512 West 122d. 7670 Morningside.

Beautiful seven-passenger Packard touring car by the hour, day, week, or month. Murphy, 6701—Plaza.

For Rent—Five, seven passenger Packard touring cars; hour, day, month. Phone Riverside 1606.

For Rent—Landaulet, aristocratic people, monthly. H. Mc., 760 7th Av. References.

High-powered National, 1912, touring car; Summer months. Alex, 170 West 65th St.

For Hire.—Would rent my Packard car, newly painted, low rates, Summer. 5230 Columbus.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED TO RENT.
Private automobile, for a few months; one with chauffeur preferred; party who contemplates leaving city for the season can arrange to leave car in responsible hands if conditions are suitable. E. E. Shauer, 1,261 Broadway. 'Phone Madison Square—3249.

Wanted—Packard, Pierce, Stearns, (Knight,) equipped with limousine body; must be 1912-1913 model and electric lighted from dynamo; no dealers; give lowest spot cash price. J. B. S., Times, 2 Rector St.

Automobile Storage.

Limousine touring bodies stored, kept clean, $3 monthly. Morre & Co., 647 West 50th.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

30TH St., near Broadway and Subway station, 39x100, vacant; small amount cash to responsible builder; can furnish building loan. CROSS & BROWN CO., 55 Liberty St.

East Side.

106 East 51st St., 120 feet east of Park Av.; 20-foot house; extraordinary bargain. Box M 84 Times.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Ten-room house, bath; Mt. Hope section; $4,000; sacrifice. McGarry, 2,022 Boston Road, (177th Subway.)

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

At Bayside.—Beautiful suburban home; 28 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, New York; house, 12 rooms and bath; gas and electric light; large plot of ground, with garage for two cars; rent by year. Hessels-Dashiell Company, Bayside, N. Y.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

AN ATTRACTIVE EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE; all modern improvements; newly decorated; corner plot; beautiful shade and fruit trees; two minutes from station on Staten Island Box 6, Huguenot Park, Staten Island.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

CEDAR KNOLLS,
at Bronxville, 28 minutes from Grand Central.—Beautiful home sites, with delightful surroundings; every improvement. Gramatan Realty and Construction Co., Gramatan Bank Building, Bronxville, N. Y. Tel. 549. Office open Sundays.

Beautiful stucco residence, 11 rooms, three baths; price, $11,500; large, well-shaded grounds, overlooking Sound; rights to water and private dock; safe boat anchorage; six minutes to station; fifty minutes from Grand Central Depot; excellent surroundings. R. T. Badgley, 505 5th Av.

Choice water front; 180 feet on shore, Long Island Sound; six minutes to depot; 35 minutes Grand Central Station; exclusive residential surroundings; grounds, 180 by 217, with private beach; price, $15,750. Frederick Jones, 506 5th Av.

House, must be sold, in Yonkers, in nicest residential section, consisting of 9 rooms and 2 baths; all latest improvements; easy terms. Inquire H. T. Whelan, 480 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Our property is a wise selection for a Summer resort. Here you find invigorating air and unsurpassed bathing, fishing, boating and shooting. Sanitary bungalows; rent $150 to $400 per season.
OCEAN BEACH-FIRE ISLAND CO.,
884 5th Ave.

A very fine 7-room house; elegant condition; two blocks from the water, Great South Bay; select neighborhood; best of fishing, bathing, and boating; water front rights; willing to lose $1,000, leaving city at once reason for selling; little cash and $80 a month will buy my place. H. D., c., 50 Times.

FREEPORT.—Beautiful Pine St.; home of a distinctive character; seven rooms, tiled bath; parquet floors; hard wood finish; hot water heat; restricted neighborhood; terms to suit. See owner, R. C. Gillies, corner Pine St. and Madison Av., Freeport.

Cannot fulfill my contract on 50 acres of desirable North Shore acreage; fine water views, rich soil, suitable for estate or plotting. Address Rare Opportunity, 137 Times.

SACRIFICE SALE.
Artistic brand new house, 12 rooms; fine location on Remington Av., between ocean and bay, Arverne, L. I. For particulars inquire at all local agents at Arverne, L. I.

At Beautiful Bellerose.—Large, hollow tile stucco house, 10 rooms, tiled baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor; terms. Room 1,148 Marbridge Building, or David Hill, on property.

Will sell or rent, furnished or unfurnished, my new seven-room house; every improvement; newly decorated; 82 minutes out; close to station; excellent neighborhood; just outside city limits. Address A 55 Times.

DANIEL M. GERARD,
220 Broadway, N. Y.
Estates, Shore Fronts, Homes, Summer Cottages, Huntington and Vicinity.

South Shore bungalow, all improvements; very pretty; must be sold; owner going away; $200 needed, $20 monthly. K 328 Times Downtown.

Delightful house, central L. I.; large grounds, bordering lake; nice buildings; bargain; your terms; get description. Roswell Davis, Freeport.

Port Washington.—New year-round bungalow, stucco, tile roof; 8 rooms; bargain, $5,950; easy terms; plan, photo. Frind, 47 W. 34th St.

Real Estate Wanted.

WANTED.—General dairy or fruit farm, within one hour and a half New York City; large house and buildings, stock, &c.; must be in splendid condition; state cash and terms, or rent with option of buying. M 94 Times.

Have responsible clients waiting. Wish to take houses on lease; will give cash, security, and good reference. Send details. Call, Hutter-Weiss, 118 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 3515.

Client has from $5,000 to $10,000 cash to invest in new-law building. Principals only. Send full details of same. Hutter-Weiss, 116 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 3515.

Mortgage Loans.

We offer at liberal discount $5,000 second mortgage on five-story Manhattan flat; principals only. Call or write, Hutter-Weiss, 118 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 3515.

Why not let me loan your New York $ on Western Arkansas real estate? Some people say I am honest. Leon Westmoreland, Hartford, Ark.

ABUNDANCE estates money; Manhattan mortgage loans; only

SUSPENDS SENTENCE IN THE NEWELL CASE

Justice Seabury Grants Plea for Clemency Made for Lawyer by Whitman.

ROBINSON TO GO TO PRISON

Certificate of Reasonable Doubt Refused in Ex-Patrolman's Case—Goes to Sing Sing on Monday.

Edward J. Newell, the former lawyer of George A. Sipp, the informer against the police graft system, who pleaded guilty on March 27 to tampering with a witness wanted in the graft investigation, received a suspended sentence yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Seabury. At the same time the record of his testimony in the conspiracy case against the four former Police Inspectors Sweeney, Murtha, Thompson, and Hussey, was ordered forwarded to the Appellate Division, and Newell, after twenty years' experience before the New York bar, now faces the possibility of disbarment.

The charge against Newell constituted a misdemeanor, and he might have been sentenced to one year in prison and fined $500 in addition. District Attorney Whitman interceded for him.

"Your Honor," said Mr. Whitman, "I ask that the greatest clemency be shown by the court to this defendant. He has pleaded guilty and has saved the county the expense of a trial. Moreover, he has been a most valuable witness for the people in assisting in the indictment and appearing as a witness in the trial of the four Police Inspectors whom your Honor has sent to the penitentiary. I think, if it pleases the court, that the man is entitled to great clemency."

Justice Seabury waited until the crowd in the courtroom had quieted down and then he said:

"Newell, you have heard the remarks of the District Attorney. I shall be governed by his request. Your plea of guilty, no matter what punishment might be meted out to you, naturally results in depriving you of the manner of earning your livelihood in the profession which you have followed for a number of years. In order to give you every benefit you will forward to the Appellate Division in a copy of the minutes of this case, and on your promise to do so I shall suspend sentence."

The lawyer's head dropped as he bowed in submission to the court's terms. Every eye was trained on him when he left the courtroom. The fact was whispered about that still another indictment, charging him with a felony in that he actually aided in spiriting Sipp away to Atlantic City after he had been served with a subpoena, was hanging over Newell's head.

It was pointed out later that the record of the Inspectors' case which Newell must send to the Appellate Division will contain also the testimony of Jacob Rouss, as well as the charge of Justice Seabury that both Newell and Rouss were accomplices with the Inspectors in railroading Sipp out of the State. Rouss was Patrolman Fox's attorney, and it was against Fox that Sipp had been called to testify. Rouss admitted on the stand that he accepted part of the $500 bribery fund from Fox and gave it to Newell, who passed it to Sipp. If Newell is disbarred it is thought probable that Rouss will suffer the same fate.

While Newell received a suspended sentence in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, Justice Pendleton in another branch of the court denied a certificate of reasonable doubt to ex-Patrolman Thomas F. Robinson, who was convicted on April 18 of extortion in connection with the Harlem graft investigation, and subsequently sentenced by Justice Seabury to a term of six to ten years in Sing Sing.

Ex-Assemblyman Harry Kopp, who argued on Robinson's application, emphasized the fact that Justice Seabury, in his charge to the jury in Robinson's trial, had specifically ruled that Robinson could not be convicted if it were shown that the money paid to Robinson by Ludovico Tancredi, the Harlem restaurant man, had merely been payment for police protection. If his client were guilty of anything at all, Mr. Kopp insisted, it would be of bribery and not extortion.

Sheriff Julius Harburger announced yesterday that he would personally conduct Robinson to Sing Sing on Monday. He would be pleased to do it to-day, he said, were it not for the fact that he had to take a "batch of convicts" to Blackwell's Island. Robinson will have his measurements and photograph taken at Police Headquarters en route to prison. The other patrolman who preceded him to Sing Sing as the result of Mr. Whitman's graft prosecution is Patrolman Hartigan. Both were trusted agents of ex-Police Inspector Sweeney, who received only a year's sentence in the penitentiary.

BROTHERS KILLED IN FIGHT.

Four Wounded in Shooting Following a Petty Quarrel.

Special to The New York Times.

MERIGOLD, Miss., May 23.—Following a trivial quarrel between Marion Henry and a man named Law to-day, two men were killed and four wounded severely. A brother killed a brother and a son wounded his father, possibly fatally. With the exception of Law, all the men in the tragedy were well-known residents of this section, being wealthy loggers and farmers.

Will McMullin and Jake McMullin, brothers, were the two who were killed. Those wounded were Marion Henry, Marion Henry, Jr., D. J. Breen, a prominent mill owner, and Law, the stranger.

The real cause, it is said, was a long-standing hatred between the McMullins and the Henrys. Law and young Henry were arguing. When their words became heated, Will McMullin, who was sitting on the porch of a store, attempted to make peace. When Henry saw McMullin come, he struck Law on the head with his rifle, fracturing his skull. McMullin upbraided Henry and Breen interfered.

Quiet having been restored, McMullin disappeared, returning with a rifle. As he neared the group, he opened fire, wounding young Henry. Then general shooting followed.

WALDO CELEBRATES.

Second Anniversary as Police Commissioner a Record.

Police Commissioner Waldo celebrated his second anniversary as head of the New York Police Department yesterday. It was an unusual celebration, for few Police Commissioners within recent years have "lasted" so long as Commissioner Waldo. He himself expressed the opinion some time ago that a modern New York Police Commissioner's tenure of office was expressed in months rather than in years.

The Commissioner's office was a flower garden. There were floral offerings from Inspectors, Captains, Lieutenants, Sergeants, patrolmen, and also from the clerical force at Police Headquarters. One of the floral pieces bore this inscription in roses: "Veni, Vidi, Vici."

A flow of visitors continued throughout the day and the Commissioner indulged in much speechmaking, an unusual thing at Police Headquarters since the attacks on the Police Department began pouring in from all sides about a year and a half ago. In all of his speeches it was said Mr. Waldo agreed with Mayor Gaynor that his administration was responsible for the exposure and conviction of the few grafters that remained on the force.

DOROTHY DALE GUILTY.

Actress Confesses to Theft and Gets a Suspended Sentence.

Dorothy Dale, an actress, arrested on the complaint of Catherine and Charlotte Pollion, who said she had stolen two gold meshbags valued at $350, received a suspended sentence yesterday before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court following her plea of guilty to petty larceny.

Miss Dale was arrested at 142 West Forty-sixth Street last October. Her arrest was brought about by the Pollion sisters, who charged that Miss Dale stole the meshbags from Mrs. Lillian Morrogh of 454 West Fifty-seventh Street in a café at Seventh Avenue and Forty-ninth Street on Jan. 11, 1911.

At first Miss Dale denied the charges made against her, but when brought into court yesterday she asked to be allowed to plead guilty, and after Justice Seabury had accepted her plea Miss Dale fainted. She was carried to the jury room, where two women, who refused to give their names but said they were her friends, revived her. She left the Criminal Court Building in a taxicab which had previously brought the two women to court.

20 YEARS FOR WAGNER.

Possibly Life Sentence for Buttonhole Worker Who Killed Steinberg.

Harry Wagner of 50 Clinton Street, who was convicted of the murder of Abraham Steinberg, Secretary of the Buttonhole Makers' Union, was sentenced yesterday to not less than twenty years or more than life in State Prison by Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

Wagner was a striking buttonhole maker, and after his arrest for shooting Steinberg said he had done so because Steinberg had insulted his wife. Subsequently he said he had been hired to murder Steinberg by a group of labor contractors. Those whom he accused were arrested and discharged. At his trial Wagner said the persons he had said had hired him were innocent, and then he told the jury he had shot Steinberg in self-defense because Steinberg had run at him with a hammer. He was convicted of murder in the second degree.

GEN. HAWKINS SAILS AT 81.

Veteran Going to Germany to Visit an Eye Specialist.

Among the passengers who sailed yesterday for Southampton on the American liner New York was Gen. Rush Hawkins, U. S. A., retired. Gen. Hawkins is going to Wiesbaden, Germany, to have his eyes treated by a specialist.

"My eyes have been in very bad shape recently," Gen. Hawkins said, "and I can't read the newspapers. There is so much going on nowadays that one cannot afford to miss the papers, to say nothing of the books."

Gen. Hawkins is 81 years old. He is a veteran of two wars and many Indian campaigns and is still an active man. He made his first trip across the Atlantic from Boston in 1866 on the Cunard steamship China. The voyage took eleven days. He returned in September of that year by the same vessel in seventeen days.

'JOE' VENDIG TAKES INDICTMENT COOLLY

Arraigned for Perjury in Swearing He Knew Nothing of Taxicab Passes to City Officials.

TEN MEN AGAINST HIM

These Include Officers of the Yellow Taxicab Company, Who Testified Before the Grand Jury.

"Circular Joe" Vendig, former racetrack bookmaker and of recent years "confidential outside man" for the Yellow Taxicab Company, was indicted yesterday by the Supreme Court Grand Jury for perjury in connection with his testimony about free-riding passes said to have been issued by him to city officials. Vendig was arraigned before Justice Seabury and will plead to the indictment next Wednesday. He was held in $1,000 bail, which was furnished by the National Surety Company.

Vendig was represented in court by George W. Whitside, one of the attorneys for the Yellow Taxicab Company, and his partner, Lloyd F. Stryker, both formerly members of District Attorney Whitman's staff. He yielded complacently to his arrest and arraignment, and said that he had nothing to say.

The indictment charges him with having sworn falsely when he testified that the names of either James G. Wallace, Jr., Chief of the Mayor's Bureau of Licenses, or Samuel Martine, head of the complaint department of that bureau, or Police Inspector George F. Titus, or Police Captain William F. Day were on the Yellow Taxicab Company's "free list," and that he swore falsely when he testified that he did not tell the Yellow Taxicab Company officials to place the names of these four persons on the free list.

Although District Attorney Whitman is cognizant of the difficulty of getting a conviction on a perjury charge, the case against Vendig is considered strong enough to overcome all obstacles. The only conviction for perjury in Mr. Whitman's administration was that of Patrolman John J. Hartigan, who was mixed up in the Harlem graft investigation.

The strong feature of the case against Vendig is that no less than ten witnesses are named in the indictment against him. They include Harry R. Swarts, Secretary and Treasurer, and P. J. Holsworth, Vice President and General Manager of the Yellow Taxicab Company, as well as Edwin P. Banta, the discharged employe of the company, whose revelations started the investigation, and Inspector Titus and Capt. Day. The taxicab company officials admitted before the Grand Jury, it was said, that Vendig did recommend the names of the four men for free ride privileges, and the testimony of Titus and Day, it was said, showed that Vendig actually negotiated for the privileges.

The Grand Jury investigation was completed for a while yesterday with the indictment of Vendig. Only one witness, Benedict Holden, a lawyer who handled much money for the Yellow Taxicab Company, was called during the day. Mr. Holden refused to talk after he left the jury room, but his attorney, Francis P. Garvan, denied a report that Holden had made misuse of money intrusted to him by the taxicab company.

It was said that Holden had received $25,000 from the Yellow Taxicab Company during the last few years. Holden voluntarily agreed to bring his check book stubs before the Grand Jury when the jury reconvenes next month. Mr. Garvan asserted that the stubs would speak for themselves and clear everything up satisfactorily.

ROB SHOP IN BROADWAY.

Bright Lights No Bar to Burglars Who Enter Haberdashery.

With a policeman on fixed post one block away, and under the glare of arc lights that burn all night, burglars jimmied the front door of the Van Horn Shop, a haberdashery at Forty-ninth St. and Broadway, some time between 10:30 o'clock Thursday night and 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and stole thirty-two dozen silk shirts worth $9,000. The shop is in the building with Churchill's Restaurant. There is a taxicab stand on the corner.

The police of the West Forty-seventh Street Station are working on the case, and co-operating with them are detectives employed by the Frankfort Insurance Company, with which the owner of the shop carried burglary insurance.

CAUGHT UNDER TROLLEY CAR

Man Knocked Down in Williamsburg Escaped with Slight Injuries.

Bernard Klemmer, a bookkeeper of 175 Sumpter Street, Williamsburg, was struck by a car of the Hamburg Avenue line as it was turning from Marcy Avenue into South Fifth Street in Williamsburg yesterday morning, and though his body was wedged under the forward trucks, and he was carried for some distance in this way before the motorman could stop the car, he escaped with a few cuts and bruises on his face and body.

Klemmer was taken to the Williamsburg Hospital, but he departed for his home in a few hours.

Many Passengers from South America.

The Lamport & Holt liner Vestris arrived in Quarantine last night from Argentine and Brazilian ports with 586 passengers, the largest number ever brought to New York on one ship from South America. Among the first cabin passengers on the Vestris was Regis Oliviria, the Brazilian Minister to Cuba.

WON'T CHANGE SIDE STREETS

Borough President Miller Says That Is Why His Encroachment May Stay

Borough President Cyrus C. Miller of the Bronx said yesterday that when the increase in traffic demanded it, that part of his property which projected over the building line on Andrews Avenue would have to go. The Central Bronx Protective Association called attention in circulars sent out yesterday to the fact that the Borough President's home encroached on the sidewalk. Mr. Miller said in answer to this:

"The street on which I live is a secluded one and few foot passengers use it. My house is an old-fashioned frame house standing back from the building line, and formerly was on the grade of the street. The city cut down the grade, leaving the house on a terrace. The then owner built a retaining wall to prevent this terrace from sliding into the street. This retaining wall is within the stoop line. Other neighbors have the same sort of retaining walls. There are hundreds of such retaining walls and stoops on the side streets of the Borough of the Bronx which are not disturbed.

"When traffic demands the removal of these encroachments they must go. There seems to be no immediate necessity for such a thing in the side streets of the Bronx. In fact, I believe that as old buildings are torn down and new ones erected on the house line the necessity of further removals by the public authorities will not arise. Many business men along Third Avenue, Tremont Avenue, and Washington Avenue have urged me to compel the removal of encroachments, notwithstanding that they must pay the costs, because they think it will be a benefit not only to the whole borough but to the immediate property owners on those avenues."

RUTH GAYNOR HONORED.

Chosen to Lay City's Wreath on Maine Monument at Unveiling.

Miss Ruth Gaynor, youngest daughter of Mayor Gaynor, is to participate in the ceremonies at the unveiling and dedication of the National Maine Monument at the Eighth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street entrance to Central Park on Memorial Day. Miss Gaynor, who is not quite 9 years old, is to lay upon the monument the wreath contributed by the City of New York just before Mayor Gaynor makes his speech of acceptance.

As the guest of the National Maine Monument Committee Miss Gaynor will attend the official luncheon with her parents and will review the great naval and military parade with the party from the balcony of the Hotel Plaza. Later she will accompany the distinguished guests to the grand stand, facing the Maine Monument.

The committee yesterday revised the plans for grouping the various naval and military bodies, which will participate in the parade. The task is about completed and Rear Admiral Winslow, the Grand Marshal, will issue his final orders to-day.

The North Atlantic Fleet, now lying in Narragansett Bay, is being prepared for its visit to New York. The fleet will weigh anchor on Monday night for the run to New York and will congregate off Sandy Hook Wednesday and come up to its anchorage in the North River Thursday morning. Mayor Gaynor has arranged for public inspection of the fleet.

FALLS DEAD IN OFFICE.

Maurice Quinn, Michigan Lumberman, Stricken on Visit Here.

Maurice Quinn, President of the Montmorency Lumber Company of Saginaw, Mich., a firm that supplies pulpwood for paper, died suddenly yesterday afternoon in the office of President Philip T. Dodge of the International Paper Company, 30 Broad Street. Mr. Quinn had just arrived in the city from Canada.

Mr. Quinn was filling a business appointment with President Dodge. It was apparent to Mr. Dodge as well as to his assistant, Chester W. Lyman, that Mr. Quinn was fatigued from his trip, but he showed no signs of being ill. He was discussing matters in a natural way, while standing, when he suddenly collapsed. Dr. Craig of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company was summoned, but when he reached the lumberman's side he was dead. Dr. Craig attributed his death to apoplexy. The body was removed to the Stephen Merritt undertaking parlors, and the family of Mr. Quinn in Saginaw was notified. Mr. Quinn was about 65 years old and is survived by his wife and two sons.

NO REBATE FOR BISHOP.

Appellate Division Decides Alimony Claim in Favor of His Wife.

The Appellate Division handed down a decision yesterday upholding the appeal of Mrs. Abigail Hancock Bishop from an order of the Special Term which denied her right to an order to compel her husband, James Cunningham Bishop, whom she is suing for divorce, to pay her certain money claimed as alimony due her.

Mrs. Bishop first received an award of alimony at the rate of $25,000 a year. This the Appellate Division cut to $10,000 a year. This cut was not made, however, before Mr. Bishop had made his first quarterly payment under the old rate. He then took the position that this first payment for three months should last Mrs. Bishop over the period it would cover at the ten-thousand-dollar rate. She protested that such a ruling would leave her in financial straits, as she had spent the money.

When the lower court held that Mr. Bishop's construction had been the intention of the Appellate Division she appealed to that body itself to pass on the question.

Powers Denies Caricaturing Pope.

The Appellate Division decided two motions yesterday in favor of Thomas E. Powers, the cartoonist, who is the plaintiff in suits against the Catholic News Publishing Company and Henry Ridder, an officer of the company. He based his suits on an article written by Ridder which charged Powers with caricaturing the Pope. Powers, who asserted he was a Roman Catholic layman in good standing, said this publication damaged him exceedingly. The caricature, he pointed out, which The Catholic News criticised did not represent the Pope at all, but the Shah of Persia. The motions decided in Powers's favor yesterday insure a speedy trial of the suits.

Wallach Bros.
3d Ave., Cor. 122d St. and 246-8 W. 125th St. } Open till 11 P. M.
B'way at 29th St. (Open till 7 P. M.)
Many $25, $28, $30 & $35.00 Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits, $19.50, Better Come in today.

VENTILATED STRAWS

$2 20 Degrees Cooler
IF Ventilating Straws took one thing away from my unusual styles, I would hesitate to offer them;—if I had to sacrifice one bit of quality to give them to you, I would also hesitate. But it is an added feature without one mite of detraction and furthermore without an added cost to you. Little windows concealed by a specially woven band make the hat 20 degrees cooler. They're at my stores only. Remember, the hot days are coming. 165 unusual styles, plus $3 quality..... $2
Usual $5 Bangkoks.....$3.75
Usual $7.50 Panamas.....$5.00
(See Them in My Windows.) 13 Greater New York Stores.
Truly Warner Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

All the style, all the smartness, all the quality you can get in any straws, you will find in ours.
35 stores and the biggest hat business in the Country enable us to give you value you can get nowhere else.
The greatest variety of Imported Straws ever landed in this Country.
The Town Is Wild About Our New Straws with "Bow-Back and Buckle"
$5 Bankoks, $3.50 | $7 Panamas, $4.75
Kaufman
Stores Everywhere, 20 Stores in Manhattan

IRVING STRAWS

I Know That My Stores Will be Very Busy To-day
because every man who reads this adv. will help to make them so.
Remember—Irving Straws are real $3 quality and not the usual $1.50 kind. Most smart dressers know this, and that is the reason my stores are always busy. BESIDES—Irving Straws are light weight—natural bleached—and air cooled by concealed ventilation..... $1.50
CAN WE EXPECT YOU TO-DAY?
MANHATTAN: Broadway, at 27th. Nassau, at Maiden Lane. 14th, Opposite Tammany Hall. 23d, Op. Met. Life Building. 125th St., Near 7th Ave. 8th Ave., Cor. 41st. 6th Ave., Cor. 42d. 3rd Ave., Near 124th. Canal, Near Chrystie. Ave. B, at 5th.
BRONX: 3rd Ave., Cor. 149th. Tremont, Near 3rd Ave.
BROOKLYN: Fulton, at Smith. Broadway, at Thornton. Manhattan, at Meserole. 5th Ave., at 12th. Pitkin, Corner Watkins.
JERSEY CITY: 157 Newark Ave.
NEWARK: 98 Market St.
PATTERSON: 363 Main St.

Sammy STRAWS

Qualities that are considered standard with the $3.00 hatters.
Styles that are neither conspicuous or suspicious, but are the kind recognized as the "season's proper" with the $3, $4 and $5 hatters..... $2.
SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR THE REAL HATS OF CLASS
JAPANESE YEDDOS, $2 | SPECIAL $5 PANAMAS, $3.50 | SPECIAL $5 BANGKOKS, $3.50
STORES AT
271 Broadway cor. Chambers St.
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1435 Broadway at 40th St.
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58 East 23d St. at 4th Ave.
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BROOKLYN
463 Fulton St. near Smith St.

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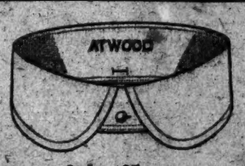

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Atwood: A NEW SUMMER COLLAR, THE FRONT DIP INSURES COMFORT, YET RETAINS THE GOOD APPEARANCE.
EARL & WILSON
MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.
Styles Worth Coming Miles to See
Low Russets High Russets 3.98

On Flat-Soled English Lasts with Low Heel and Worth $6.00
Nettleton's Shoes, $5.00
Chas. Cort's, $7.00
They are Custom Process Hand Sewed
You'll pay a custom shoemaker $8.00 to $10.00 for equal style and workmanship.
Russet Oxfords, $2.60 & $2.85
(400 pairs), Worth $4.00
A Special Purchase Much Under Price.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way, 40 St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day & Wed. 2:30. MISS BILLIE BURKE IN THE AMAZING THE AMAZONS LAST NIGHT, SAT., JUNE 7—Special Night.
KNICKERBOCKER. Broadway & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinees To-day & Wed. 2. JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL. With JOSEPH CAWTHORN
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Holiday Matinee Decoration Day. Robert Hilliard In "THE ARGYLE CASE."
HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. THE POOR LITTLE RICH GIRL Seats now for Decoration Day Mat.
FULTON 46th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees To-day & Wed. 2:20. UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE Richard Bennett & CO-WORKERS present Damaged Goods
HARRIS, W. 42d St. Mats. To-day & Thurs 2:30. Engagement Extended By Demand THE MASTER MIND Special Matinee Decoration Day.
NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. Special Matinee Decoration Day THE WHITNEY OPERA CO. Presents The New Musical My Little Friend Farce. Music by OSCAR STRAUS, Composer of "THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER."
LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. 8:10 sharp. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:10. Special Mat. Next Friday (Memorial Day.) "The Biggest Musical Success of the Season." THE PURPLE ROAD
GLOBE, B'way, 46th St. NEXT MON., 8:15. SEATS NOW. Fritzi Scheff In her great Success MLLE. MODISTE
Winter Garden Evenings at 8. Mat. To-day, 50c-$1.50. 2ND EDITION HONEYMOON EXPRESS Grace La Rue—AL JOLSON—Ina Claire Sunday Night Concert—Best Bill in New York.
CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day at 2:15. Gilbert-Sullivan Company in IOLANTHE Extra Special Matinee Decoration Day.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thes., 39th, bet. B'way & 5th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day 2:30. ROMANCE Extra Special Matinee Decoration Day.
Princess 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day 2:30. 5 ONE-ACT PLAYS THAT MADE THE GRAND GUIGNOL IN PARIS FAMOUS. Extra Special Matinee Decoration Day.
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day 2:15. Star Revival of ARIZONA By AUGUSTUS THOMAS. Extra Special Matinee McIntyre & Heath, "The Ham Tree," Hattie Brown & Rose Dolly, others.
WEST END. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. To-day. David Belasco The Concert with Leo Ditrichstein Presents
MANHATTAN Opera House STOCK CO. Mat. To-day, 10c, 20c, 30c. Alias Jimmy Valentine Next Week—"Get Rich Quick Wallingford."
Palace THEATRE, B'way, 47 st. Ev. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50 Daily Mat. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. MME. SARAH Bernhardt UNE NUIT DE NOEL Today Mat. & Night AND A BIG VAUDEVILLE. NEXT WEEK—MON., TUES. & WED. (Mat. & Night) LAST 4 PERFORMANCES. Mme. Bernhardt in BIG VAUDEVILLE SHOW.
CORT 48th St. E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Laurette Taylor in "Pom o' My Heart."
ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW
ASTOR B'way, 45 St. Every Day, Incl. Sun. 25c & 50c. LAST WORD IN PHOTO-PLAYS "QUO VADIS?"
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PROSPECT Prospect & Westchester Aves. Mat. To-day 2:15. MRS. LESLIE CARTER "To-day 2:15. "The 39 Mrs. Tanqueray." Next Week—"Get Rich Quick Wallingford."
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. Burlesque Mat. To-day BOWERY BURLESQUERS
HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 50c, 75c, $1. Daily Mats., 25c. & 50c. McIntyre & Heath, "The Ham Tree," Hattie Brown & Rose Dolly, others.
PALISADES Amusement PARK OPPOSITE W. 130 St. FERRY NOW OPEN AIRSHIP ASCENSIONS FIREWORKS THURSDAY.
Lyceum, 45 St. B'way TWICE DAILY 2:30 & 8:20, 25c. to $1. "North of 53" MOTION PICTURE MARVEL OF THE AGE.
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